



# असाधारण EXTRAORDINARY

भाग I—बन्द 1 PART I—Section 1

# प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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नई विल्ली, शुक्रवार, अप्रैल 12, 1985/ चैत्र 22, 1907

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# इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती हैं जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके

Separate Paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

वाणिज्य मंत्रालय					
आधात ज्यापार नियंत्रण सार्वेजनिक सूचना मं. 1 आई. टीं सी. (पी. एन.)/85—88 नई दिल्ली, 12 अप्रैल, 1985					
विषय:अप्रैल 1985मार्च 1988 की आयात एवं निर्यात नीति। का. सं. आई. पी. सी./3/17/85इस सार्वजनिक सूचना के अनुबन्ध में आयान एवं निर्यात नीति (खण्ड1), 1985-88 दी गई है। 2. नीति में नीचे दिए गए उपयुक्त स्थानों पर निम्नलिखित शृद्धि कर दी समसी आएगी:					
कम आयात एवं सं. निर्यात नीति 1985-88 (खण 1) की पृष्ट सं.	संदर्भ	मृद्धि			
1 2	3	4			
(1) 122	परिणिष्ट-2 भाग-ख	वर्तमान प्रविष्टि सं. (107) के बाद निम्निलिखन प्रविष्टि शामिल की जाएती "(107-क) कलर टी. वी. पिल्चर ट्यूब्ज उन्हे छोड कर जो परिशिष्ट-6 सूची 8 के भाग-1 में उल्लिखिस			

₹ 1"

1	2	3	4	
(2)	290	परिमाष्ट-19 पैरा-17 ग्यारह्वी पंक्ति	ग्यारहवीं पंक्ति में, "(,+)" के चिह्न को शुद्ध करके "(च)" के रूप में पढ़ा जाएगा	
(3)	325	परिभिष्ट-21 के लिए अनुबन्ध-2 टिप्पणी :(1)	दूसरी पंक्ति में "(ध)" घट्ट की "(5)" के रूप में गुद्ध करके पढ़ा जाएगा ।	

प्रकाश चन्द जैन, मुख्य नियंत्रक, आयात नियति

# MINISTRY OF COMMERCE IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

PUBLIC NOTICE NO. 1—ITC(PN)/85—88
New Delhi, the 12th April. 1985

Subject: Import and Export Policy for April 1985-March 1988

F. No. IPC/3/17/85:—The Import and Export Policy (Volume I), 1985—88 is contained in the Annexure to this Public Notice.

	2. The following errata shall be deemed to have been made
in	the policy at appropriate places indicated below:

7	Sl. Page No. of No. Import and Export Policy 1985—88 (Val. I)		Reference	Errata		
	1	2	3	4		
	(1)	122	Appendix 2 Part B	After the existing entry No. (107) the following entry shall be made:—		
				"(107.A) Colour TV Picture tubes other than those mentioned in Appendix 5 List 8 Part I."		
	(2)	290	Para 17	In the eleventh line, the sign "(+)" shall be corrected to read as "(f)".		
	(3)	325	Annexure II to Appendix 21 Nate (1)	word "(S)" shall be corrected		

P. C. IAIN, Chief Controller of Imports and Exports

# MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

IMPORT & EXPORT POLICY FOR APRIL, 1985-MARCH, 1988

#### CHAPTER I

#### INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITIONS

#### Introduction

- 1(1). The Import and Export Policy for the period April, 1985—March, 1988 is being published in two Volumes. Vol. I contains the Imports and Export Promotion Policy, and Vol. II contains the Policy in respect of items under Export Licensing. The policy in this Book has been brought into effect under the Gazette of India Extraordinary dated the 12th April, 1985.
- (2) The Import and Export Policy is being announced this time for the three years' period from the date of announcement till 31st March, 1988 in consonance with the Government's objective of bringing in continuity and stability of Import and Export Promotion policies. However, the Government reserves the right to make amendments/changes in this policy which may become necessary in public interest from time to time during the above period. Amendments etc., if any, will be notified, as usual, by means of public notices/amendment orders etc. issued by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports from time to time. Provisions of this Policy Book are subject to such amendments or changes as and when notified.
- (3) Instructions and guidelines contained in this Book are applicable subject to such amendments/ changes as may be made from time to time,

- (4) Although this policy is for three years' period, the licensing will continue to be on annual basis and all entitlements worked out accordingly, as hitherto.
- (5) Wherever the word "year" or "licensing year" sppears in this policy, they should be construed to mean "financial year" beginning from 1st April to 31st March.
- 2. The Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88 is a supplement to the Import and Export Policy and contains relevant procedures and other details.
- 3. The Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 empowers the Central Government to prohibit, restrict or otherwise control imports and exports. In exercise of the powers conferred by this Act, the Imports (Control) Order, 1955 has been issued. Schedule I to the said Order contains the list of articles of which imports are controlled. The import of such items is prohibited except (i) under and in accordance with a licence or a customs clearance permit issued under the said Order, or (ii) if they are covered by an Open General Licence (subject to such conditions as may be stipulated), or (iii) if they are covered by the Savings Clause 11 of the Imports (Control) Order. Import of gold, silver, currency and currency notes, bank notes and coins is controlled by the Reserve Bank of India, under the Foreign Exchange Regulations Act.
- 4. The Exports (Control) Order, 1977 regulates export of commodities subject to export licensing. Most of the items are de-controlled and allowed freely. In respect of some items, the export is allowed subject to ceilings having regard to domestic requirements.
- 5. Notwithstanding anything contained in this policy or in the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88, the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports may, by issuing a public notice, evolve any special procedure for the grant of import licences or export licences to any particular category of importers or exporters, or in respect of any particular commodity. In such cases, the provisions of the policy and procedure as may be laid down, shall apply only to the extent laid down in such public notice.
- 6. With a view to facilitating easy reference, as effort has been made to consolidate the various provisions in distinct chapters of this Book which has a co-relation with the corresponding chapters and appendices in the Hand Book. This, however, will not preclude the applicability of other provisions in any other part of the Import and Export Policy 1985-88 and/or the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88.

### **Definitions**

7. For the purposes of this policy, the following

words shall have the meanings attached to them:

(1) "Actual User" means a person, who applies for/secures a licence for the import of any item or an allotment of an imported item required for his own use, and not for business or trade in it. Thus, in the

case of an industrial undertaking, the item concerned shall be utilised for the manufacturing processes or operations conducted within its authorised premises (or made available to jobbing units or other units outside for intermediate processing only as part of such production effort). In the non-industrial category, such as hospitals, research and development units or any other institutions, commercial establishments and individuals, the concerned item shall be utilised for its/his own use, i.e., for the purpose for which the item was sought for import.

- (2) "Actual User Condition" shall be construed accordingly.
- (3) "Actual User (Industrial)" shall mean an industrial undertaking, be it in the large scale, small scale or cottage industries sector, engaged in the manufacture of any goods for which it holds a licence or Registration Certificate from the appropriate Government authority, wherever applicable.
  - (4) "Actual User (Non-industrial)" means-
    - (a) any commercial establishment which has been registered or holds a certificate for atleast 3 years under the local law applicable to Shops and Establishments generally and which carries on any business, trade or profession, whether for the purpose of gain or not, but does not include a shop, factory, residential hotel, restaurant or eating house; or
    - (b) any establishment bolding a licence for at least 3 years under the local law relating to the exhibition of cinematographic films to the public at the authorised premises; or
    - (c) any person who, not being an employee or wage earner, is himself engaged in any profession or calling and has been assessed to income-tax as such; or
    - (d) any laboratory, scientific or research and development institution, university or other educational institution or hospital; or
    - (e) any service industry in existence and holds a licence for the purpose under the local law for at least three years; or
    - (f) public sector (non-industrial) undertaking, not run departmentally; this will not include a residential hotel, restaurant or eating house; or
    - (g) any local authority.
- (5) "Small Scale Industrial Undertaking" means all industrial units with a capital investment of not exceeding Rs. 35 lakhs irrespective of the number of persons employed. Capital investment for the purpose of this definition will be investment in fixed assets in plant and machinery, whether held on owner-

ship term or by lease or by hire purchase. While calculating the value of plant and machinery the original price paid by the owner, irrespective of whether the plant and machinery are new or secondhand will be taken into account. Such a small scale industrial undertaking shall not be a subsidiary of or owned or controlled by another undertaking. Similarly 'Anciliary Industrial Undertakings' having investment in fixed assets in plant and machinery, whether held on ownership term or by lease or by hire purchase not exceeding Rs. 45 lakhs are exempted from the licensing provisions of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, subject to the condition that such an undertaking shall not be a subsidiary of or owned or controlled by any other undertaking. Notification S.O. 202(E) dated March 18, 1985 issued by Ministry of Industry and Company Affairs, Department of Industrial Development, and published in Part II Section 3 Sub-Section (ii) of Gazette of India Extra-ordinary of the same date read with Press Note No. 9 (1985 series) issued on March 19, 1985 by the above Department may be referred to.

- NOTE:—wherever the term "Small Scale Unit" appears in this policy, it will mean "Small Scale Industrial Undertaking" as defined above.
- (6) "Registered Exporter" means a person holding a valid Registration Certificate issued by an Export Promotion Council, Commodity Board or other registering authority designated by Government for the purposes of export promotion.
- (7) "Export House/Trading House" means a Registered Exporter holding a valid Export House/Trading House Certificate issued by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.
- (8) "Capital Goods" means any plant, machinery, equipment or accessories required by an investor for production of goods or for rendering services, including those required for replacement or expansion.
- (9) "Computer systems" means all types of electronic data/information processing equipment, their peripheral equipment, their interface equipment, their data communication equipment, terminals, modems, electronic data collection and data preparation equipment and connected on line control systems; it also covers all system software, application software and firmware to work on existing hardware or that proposed to be imported.
- (10) "Component" means one of the parts or sub-assemblies or assemblies of which a manufactured product is made up and into which it may be resolved and includes an accessory (or attachment).
- (11) "Spare" means a part or sub-assembly or assembly for substitution, i.e. ready to replace an identical similar part or sub-assembly or assembly, if it becomes faulty or worn out, and includes an accessory (or attachment) in the same regard.

- (12) "Consumable" means any item which participates or is required in a manufacturing process; but does not form part of the end-product.
- (13) "Consumer goods" for the purpose of import policy, will mean consumption goods which can directly satisfy human needs without further processing; it would include consumer durables also.
- (14) "Accessory" (or "attachment") means a part, sub-assembly or assembly that contributes to the effectiveness of a piece of equipment without changing its basic functions.
- (15) "Part" means an element of a sub-assembly or assembly, not normally useful by itself and not amenable to further disassembly for maintenance purposes. (It could be a component, spare or accessory—depending upon the nature of its use/requirement).
- (16) A reference to "single item", wherever it appears in this policy shall mean: An item will count as one even if it may be used in various sizes and specification e.g. ball and relier bearings, etc. will be treated as a single item. Secondly, the value limit for a single item, wherever referred to in this policy, would apply to:—
  - (a) a single entry wherever there is no subclassification thereunder;
  - (b) a sub-classified item having its own subentry number;
  - (c) a group of items of the same nature having descriptive heading under the same entry/ sub-entry number; and
  - (d) the totality of electronic items included under entry No. 607 in Appendix 3 Part-A.

#### CHAPTER II

### **GENERAL LICENSING MATTERS**

### Code Numbers for Importers

8. Every person importing goods, whether against a Licence or under O.G.L., shall be required to obtain Code Number from the licensing authority concerned. With effect from 1st July, 1982, it was stipulated that the Customs Authorities shall not allow clearance of goods to an importer who does not possess a valid "Importer Code Number (ICN)". The details of the scheme are given in Chapter II of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

## Licensing Authorities and their Jurisdiction

9. The names and areas of jurisdiction of the various licensing authorities under the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports are given in Appendix II-B of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

## Last date(s) for filing Applications

- 10(1). The last date for receipt of applications, by the concerned sponsoring authorities, from Actual Users (Industrial as well as Non-Industrial), for Supplementary Licences, shall be 15th December of the licensing year to which the application pertains. Further, the last date for receipt of these applications for Supplementary licences, by the concerned licensing authority, duly recommended by the sponsoring authority, shall be 31st January of the licensing year to which the application pertains. However, in the case of new/proposed units, the last date for receipt of applications for Supplementary licences, by the concerned licensing authorny, duly recommended by the respective sponsoring authorities, shall, be the last day of February of the licensing year to which the application pertains.
- (2) There will be no last date, within the licensing period concerned, for submission of applications for:
  (i) Import Replenishment licences including Advance/Special Imprest/Imprest licences/Pass Book under the import policy for Registered Exporters; (ii) import of goods under the Empowered Committee procedure, vide para 40 of this Book; (iii) licences under para 127(15) appearing in Chapter-VII of this Book; (iv) import by individuals of articles meant for their personal use; and (v) Emergency licences for spares.
- (3) The last date for receipt of all other import applications, by the concerned licensing authority, shall be the last day of February of the licensing year to which the application pertains, unless any specific date is indicated to the contrary
- (4) Applications received after the prescribed last date(s) indicated in sub-paras (1) and (3) above, shall be rejected and no refund of fees is permissible in such cases.

# I.V.C. Declaration

- 11(1). Every application for an import licence shall be accompanied by a declaration (in duplicate) regarding the filing of the Income Tax Returns and payment of taxes due by the applicant, in the form given in Appendix II-O of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88. Attention is particularly drawn to the fact that the declaration is in two parts, (A) and (B), and the applicant should ensure that the part not applicable to him is clearly struck off.
- (2) Production of IVC declaration has been exempted in some cases (Please see para 52 of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88).

## Application Fees

12. The scale of fees payable for different types of licences is given in the Schedule III to the Imports (Control) Order, 1955, appearing as Appendix I Part-B of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88. The procedure for deposit of the fee is also given in Appendix Is-C of the Hand Book. Every application for an import licence shall, unless it is so exempted, be accompanied by the Bank Receipt or

Draft, as applicable, for the payment of the prescribed

#### Conditions of Import Licences

13. Every import licence issued under this policy shall be deemed to have been issued subject to the conditions (applicable thereto) as laid down in the Imports (Control) Order, 1955, as amended. These conditions apply to licences in addition to any other conditions imposed on the licence itself.

# Export Obligation

- 14(1). Government may require any industry of an industrial undertaking or other establishment, using imported machinery or inputs to show a given export performance over a period of time. Failure to discharge such obligation will render it liable to penal action under law besides the denial of further licences.
- (2) Where a manufacturer, who is under export obligation, as per sub-para (1) above, exports his products through another exporter, such exports may be taken into account for the discharge of export obligation of the manufacturer concerned, provided the following conditions are satisfied:—
  - (i) There is an acceptable documentary evidence to show that the goods exported had been manufactured by the manufacturer who is under export obligation;
  - (ii) The name of the manufacturer of the goods exported appears in all or any of the export documents;
  - (iii) The manufacturer of the goods exported produces "no objection" certificate (disclaimer) from the other party whose name also appears in all or any of the export documents; and
  - (iv) The other party referred to in (iii) above gives a declaration to the effect that it shall not utilise the same exports to discharge its own export obligation, if any.
- NOTE:—The export obligation, referred to in subpara (1) above, does not relate to export obligation under import licences having export obligation such as Advance licence, Special Imprest licence, Imprest Licence, Import-Export Pass Book, and export obligation in terms of approval for setting up 100% export oriented units

# Import under OGL or exempt from ITC restrictions

15. Certain items can be imported under Open General Licence by eligible categories of importers. Import of certain items is also exempt from the Import Trade Control restriction, in accordance with the Imports (Control) Order, 1955. At the time of effecting the permissible remittance towards payment of goods, for import against a specific licence or

under OGL or under the said exemption provisions, the importer shall fill in Form A.1 appearing in the Appendix III-J of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

#### Modes of Financing

- 16(1). Litences granted under the policy for Registered Exporters will be issued for import against free foreign exchange.
- (2) Import licences for raw materials, components, consumables and spares to small scale industrial units, including cottage industry units will be issued for import against free foreign exchange.
- (3) Import licences for raw materials, components, consumables and spares to large scale industrial units will also be issued for import against free foreign exchange. However, in such cases, at the time of effecting remittances towards payment for the goods, the importer shall fill in Form A.1 appearing in Appendix III-J of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88. The importer will not be separately required again to fill in Form 'A' prescribed in Section IV, para 9 of the Exchange Control Manual issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- (4) Applications for import licences for substantial values of plant and machinery which are required for the setting up of new projects or substantial expansion, will be considered against one or more of the acceptable means of financing. Details are given in Chapter 111 of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

### Validity of Import licences

17. Import licences granted to the Actual Users for raw materials, components, consumables and spares will be valid for 18 months. Similarly, validity of licences issued under the Registered Exporters policy will be 18 months. Import licences for Capital Goods will, however, be valid for 24 months. Import licences for emergency spares will be valid only for one year. The detailed provisions in this regard are given in Chapter II of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

### Compliance with other laws

18. It is implied that every applicant for an import licence has complied with and continues to comply with the provisions of all other laws applicable to himself or any other person on whose behalf he submits an application. The grant of an import licence does not also confer any immunity, exemption or relaxation at any time from an obligation or compliance with any requirements to which the licence holder may be subject to under other laws or regulations. This would apply also to materials allotted directly by the canalising agencies under the policy, as also to the imports made under the Open General Licence, with or without an A.U. condition attached thereto.

# Suggestions for Change in the Item-wise Policy

19. Any suggestions for change in the item-wise import policy should be addressed to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, (Import Policy Cell), Udyog Bhawan, New Delhi, with a copy to the technical authorities concerned, with full justification for the change sought to be made. The information in the proforma given in Appendix II-L of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88 should also be sent therewith.

## Clarification and Interpretation of the Policy

- 20(1). As defined in para 7(15), a "part" could be a component, a spare or an accessory, depending upon the nature of its use/requirement. This word appears accordingly in the connected definitions of components, spares and accessories.
- (2) Components would be required under the Import Policy only by Actual Users (Industrial) manufacturing the relevant end-products. No such stipulation applies to spares and accessories.
- (3) Actual Users (Industrial) would require sparcs for operating and maintaining their production assets, i.e., their 'captive' needs. For fulfilling any aftersales/warranty obligations to their customers, they may require spares for a suitable period after the sales. Relevant provisions have been made to meet these requirements separately.
- (4) In the case of accessories, the requirements of Actual Users (Industrial) would be covered by the supplementary licensing procedure, as components, it these are to be fitted to the products currently under manufacture. But, if (complete) accessories are required for the better utilisation of equipment already sold, the import would have to be made by the user concerned under the relevant procedure/provisions applicable—unless this is covered by after-sales/warranty obligations. However, in appropriate cases, ad hoc licences may be granted to the manufacturer of the main equipment item to which the accessory is intended to be a fitment.
- (5) Items in Appendices 2 Part B and 3 Part-A do not refer to spares as such; but some entries therein relate to components, consumables, sub-assemblies or modules. Where an item does not appear individually (elsewhere) in these Appendices, i.e., in its own name, it could be imported as a spare (under Chapter VI) by the eligible Actual User.
- (6) The definition of "Consumer Goods" has been incorporated in Chapter I, for the purpose of import policy only. This definition is illustrative and not exhaustive. It will be left to the customs authorities to identity the goods, which, in their judgement, could be appropriately classified as "Consumer Goods".
- (7) The definition of "consumables" does not refer to 'parts'. It is difficult to identify all consumables, as their consumption would vary from unit to unit, depending upon the machinery in use, the

- process involved, the raw materials used, production pattern, product specifications, etc.
- (8) Items appearing in appendices refer to finished items; in all such cases, the relevant policy would apply to semi-finished material as well. In a few cases, however, the entry specifically refers to rough or proofmachined material; this would include semi-finished items as well.
- 21. The following principles will apply to the inter-se interpretation of the entries in the various Appendices as well as imports under Open General Licence:—
  - (a) any item in Appendix 2 Part-A will prevail over any item anywhere in this Book;
  - (b) any item in Appendix 5 will prevail over any item in Appendices 2 Part-B and 3;
  - (c) an item with a specific description in Appendix 2 Part-B or 3 Part-A will prevail over an item with a generic description in any of these Appendices;
  - (d) an Item with a generic description in Appendix 2 Part-B will prevail over an item with a generic description in Appendix 3 Part-A;
  - (e) the same principles as in (c) and (d) above will apply to the iron and steel items in Appendices 2 Part B and 3 Part-B;
  - (f) any item in Appendices 2, 3, 5 or 8 with a specific or a generic description, will preclude the eligibility to its import under Open General Licence, except where the policy allows this clearly.
- 22(1). References to pigments and dyestuffs in Appendix 3 Part-A will apply equally to materials having the same colour indices as stated therein to different manufacturers.
- (2) Reference to "industrial yarn", will, wherever appropriate, include "guts" as well.
- (3) In the case of electronic components, the relevant entries in Appendix 3 Part-A set out internationally accepted specifications and would include all such items of different manufacturers.
- (4) In the case of drugs appearing in Appendices 2 Part-B, 3 Part-A and 5, the names mentioned are as they are commonly known, and each entry includes the salts, esters and complexes of the same drug, as well as its active ingredients.
- (5) In the case of Automotive components/ancillaries those having non-automotive application as well, would be covered by the respective entries.
- 23(1). Clarification regarding technical specification/ size etc., of any iron and steel item in Appendices 2 Part B and 3 Part B may be had from the Depart-

ment of Steel, New Delhi as set out in paragraph 103. This would include queries as to whether material required by an A.U. (Industrial) is melting scrap or not.

- (2) The following points are to be carefully noted while interpreting the specifications, terminologies, scope, etc. of iron, steel and ferro alloy items appearing under the Appendices 2 Part-B, 3 Part-B, and 5 Part-A for the purpose of permissibility for import or otherwise of the various items mentioned in these appendices:—
  - (i) The terminology and definition of iron, steel and ferro alloy items are to be considered in accordance with those appearing in the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 amended from time to time except in such of the cases where special interpretations are issued hereunder.
  - (ii) The items appearing in the Appendices 2 Part-B, 3 Part-B and 5 Part-A do not cover bright bars/bars in cold finished conditions like cold drawn, pealed, machined, turned, ground polished, etc., unless specifically mentioned as for example in the case of High Speed Steel Rounds etc. Such items are not under the purview of Department of Steel and policy indicated in other Appendices may be consulted for such items.
  - (iii) The following items are also not under the purview of Deptt. of Steel and hence not covered in Appendices 2 Part-B, 3 Part-B, and 5 Part-A unless otherwise specified, in which case, the policy indicated in other Appendices may be consulted for such items:
    - (a) Cold formed sections from plates/ sheets/strips/coils.
    - (b) Hot extruded/cold extruded sections,
    - (c) Insulated wires,
    - (d) Iron/Steel items with iron content less than 50 per cent by weight.
    - (e) Cladded items where the base iron/ steel constitutes less than 50 per cent by weight of the total composite material.
    - (f) Iron/Steel powders.
  - Note: For the above-mentioned items, the intending importers should get clarifications from DGTD as to the policy applicable to them, before making imports or applying for licences. It is clarified that these items should not be taken as being covered under OGL.

- (iv) The terminology 'Carbon Steel' is used to indicate that it is not an alloy steel for purpose of interpretation of this policy. Very low carbon steels with very low contents of manganese and silicon etc. and marketed under various trade/commercial nomenclatures like 'iron sheets', 'iron wires' etc. are all to be considered as covered under the description 'carbon steel' appearing in the Appendices 2 Part-B, 3 Part-B and 5 Part-A. (This would also include what is known in commercial parlance as mild steel).
- The terminology 'Stainless Steel/Heat Resisting Steel' is used to cover the large field of stainless/heat resisting/corrosion resisting/creep steels etc. Any alloy with iron less than 50% is not treated as iron steel item for the purpose of this Chapter and connected schedules. Any steel containing 12% or more chromium with without other alloying elements, will covered under the description stainless/heat resisting steel. An exception to this is tool/die steel with about 12% chromium and about 2% carbon. This would be covered under the general classification for allov steels.
- (vi) Re-rollable scrap would mean
- (1) All seconds/second grade defectives/cutting of semis/bars/rail/structurals.

with length—1800 mm max., width—600 mm max, thickness 5 mm and above.

- (2) Plate cuttings.(3) Used rails/structurats.
- (vii) Classification as Alloy Steels is flone on the basis of the following:
  - (a) Where the elements are defined by a range or by a minimum value, the minimum value of that range or the minimum specified shall determine whether it is an alloy steel or not.
  - (b) Where the elements are defined only by maximum values 70 per cent of these maximum values shall determine whether it is an alloy steel or not.
- (viii) For the purpose of this import policy, stainless/heat resisting steel melting scrap means such scrap with the following dimensions:—

Length 153 mm max. (6")

Width 102 mm max. (4")

Thickness 6.5 mm max. (4")

Chromium content between 18 to 20%

Nickel Content 10.5% max.

# (ix) Plates/sheets

Plates and sheets, wherever mentioned, would mean in cut lengths only. 'Coils' would cover the plates/sheets (as the case may be) in the coil form also.

## (x) Strips

Strips, wherever mentioned, would mean both cut lengths and colls.

- (xi) All items of iron and steel to be imported under the policy including REP should be of Prime quality only unless specifically mentioned otherwise against any item appearing in the appendices, such as, "scrap" or defectives", and the like are permitted for import against specific entries.
- (xii) For classification as high speed steels, only those compositions listed in IS specification would be considered as high speed steels.
- NOTE: Definitions and classifications furnished above are meant for determining the class to which a particular steel belongs and the clause/sub-clause of a specific entry in a schedule it falls under, for the sole purpose of this import policy.
- (3) In respect of items other than iron and steel, an Actual User i.e., any person desirous of importing an item subject to Actual User condition, may seek clarification from the DGTD (Import and Export Policy Cell), Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi-110011 about:—
  - (i) the scope of any item in Appendices 1, 2, 3 Part-A, 5, 6, 8 and 10;
  - (ii) the technical specification/size etc. covered by any such item;
  - (iii) any doubt whether a particular item required by him is a raw material, component, consumable, spare or capital goods or a consumer item banned for import.
- (4) An Actual User may seek clarification in respect of electronic items from the Department of Electronics, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi.
- (5) Particulars of item, in respect of which clariacation is sought, should be given in the proforma

given in Appendix II-K of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

- Note.—(a) The DGTD will liaise with other Ministries concerned and provide the necessary clarification to the Actual Users.
  - (b) Particulars of the items for which claritication is sought, supplemented by technical interature, it any, may be provided to the D.G.T.D. to assist expeditious clarification being given.
- (6) This Import and Export Policy being for the three years' period April 1985—March 1988, has made it necessary to use terminologies like 'the licensing year'; the 'current licensing year', 'the preceding licensing year' and so on. As already mentioned in Chapter I, the licensing will continue to be on annual basis and that the "year" or "licensing year" should be construed to mean financial year beginning from 1st April to 31st March. Accordingly reference to preceding licensing year, during the licensing year 1985-86, 1986-87 and 1987-88 should be construed to mean 1984-85, 1985-86 and 1986-87 respectively and reference to next or following year should be construed to mean 1986-87, or 1987-88 or 1988-89 as the case may be.
- 24. Actual Users may also seek clarification on any item-wise entry applicable to them, from the regional licensing authorities at Bombay, Madras and Calcutta, who will secure technical advice in the matter.
- 25(1). In all other matters relating to Actual Users', and enquiries emanating from other persons, i.e. Export Houses, selling agents, traders, etc., as well as the interpretation of the policy proper and the procedure, the persons concerned may address the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi for necessary advice. Normally, clarification should be issued within a period of 15 days by the CCI&E, New Delhi and Jt. CCI&E at Bombay, Calcufta and Madras, where no inter-departmental consultation is required. D.G.T.D. and Department of Steel should also issue clarification normally within a period of 15 days. Where complete details are not furnished in the prescribed proforma, request for clarification will be rejected. Any interpretation of the Import Policy given in any other manner or by any other person will not be binding on the CCI&E, or in law. In the case of Actual Users also, if a clarification issued by any other authority is different from that issued by the CCI&E, the latter will prevail.
- (2) Notwithstanding what has been stated in subreara (1) above, any interpretation of Import-Export Policy or procedure given by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi will prevail over any other clarification in the same matter given by any other authority or person.

# Validity of Imports

- 26. Import is valid if it fulfils, among other things, the following conditions:—
  - (i) It is covered by a licence/Open General Licence/Customs Clearance Permit.
  - (ii) The description, value and the quantity of the imported goods are in accordance with the licence/Open General Licence/Customs Clearance Permit.
  - (iii) The shipment/despatch of the goods from the supplying country takes place within the validity period of the licence/Open General Licence/customs clearance permit.
  - (iv) The terms and conditions contained in the licence/Open General Licence/customs clearance permit and the Import-Export Policy and Procedures in regard to the item(s) of the import and all other connected matters are fulfilled.

# Imports not covered by licences

- 27. (1) If any article, requiring a licence (including Customs Clearance Permit), is imported or sought to be cleared without a valid licence, the importer/owner of the goods will be liable to appropriate action under the provisions of the Imports & Exports (Control) Act, 1947 and the Orders issued thereunder without prejudice to any action that may be taken in this behalf under the Customs Act, 1962.
- (2) As in the matters relating to import-export policy and procedures the interpretation given by the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports is final, in case of doubt regarding these matters, the customs authorities should consult the Import Trade Control authorities before clearance of the goods.

## Appeal and Review

28. Provisions relating to Appeal/Review under the Imports & Exports (Control) Act, 1947 or the Import/Export (Control) Order are given in Chapter II of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

### Transitional Arrangements

- 29(1). Applications from actual users for grant of automatic licences, which have not been disposed of by 11-4-85, will be decided as under:—
- (a) Applications for items which were in the Automatic Permissible List in the policy for 1984-85 but shifted to Open General 58 GI/85-2.

- Licence List (Appendix 6) in the current Import & Export Policy will not be considered:
- (b) Applications for items, which were in the Automatic Permissible List in the Import & Export Policy for 1984-85 but shifted to Limited Permissible List (Appendix 3) or Restricted List (Appendix 2 Part B) of the current Import & Export Policy, will be considered on the recommendation of the sponsoring authority as per Supplementary Licensing procedure.
- (2) The facility of 'repeat-operation of Automatic licences for import of raw materials, components and consumables which was available for the licensing period 1984-85 or earlier or the facility of obtaining Automatic Licence on repeat basis, as was provided in paras 33-34 of Import & Export Policy for 1984-85, will not be available under this policy.
- 30. Applications from actual users for the grant of supplementary licences, which have not been disposed of by 11-4-85, will be decided as per current policy without making a back reference to the sponsoring authorities concerned. However, applications for items in Automatic permissible List will be decided as under:—
  - (a) Applications for items which were in the Automatic Permissible List in the Import & Export Policy for 1984-85 but shifted to Open General Licence List (Appendix 6) in the current Import & Export Policy will not be considered;
  - (b) Applications for items, which were in the Automatic Permissible List in the Import & Export Policy for 1984-85 but shifted to Limited Permissible List (Appendix 3) or Restricted List (Appendix 2 Part B) in the current Import & Export Policy will be considered as per policy. In such cases, the items to be allowed will be those as are admissible under the policy in force at the time of issue of licence.
- 31. (i) Actual Users, who had registered their demands with the canalising agencies concerned upto 31st March of the preceding licensing year in respect of items which were canalised earlier but have been taken out of the list of canalised items in this policy, will not be allowed to cancel their indents except with the written consent of the canalising agency.
- (ii) No Release Order will be converted into a direct import licence without the written consent of the canalising agency concerned and the approval

of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.

- 32. REP applications which have not been disposed of by 31st March of the preceding licensing year against which the licence is issued on or after 1st April of licensing year the rate of import replenishment will be as admissible on the date of export but the items of import will be as permissible under the Import-Export Policy, for the licensing year. This will not, however, apply to cases in which the relevant export contracts were registered in accordance with appropriate procedure. The exports made against registered contracts will be governed by the provisions of Appendix 20 of this policy.
- 33. REP licences issued during the preceding licensing year will also be valid, within their over-all value, for the import of items permitted in the Statement of Import Policy for Registered Exporters in Appendix 17 of this policy, subject to the value restrictions, if any, applicable thereto, in cases where the REP licence, in question, relates to the export products corresponding to the same items in Appendix 17, provided the item to be imported is not already covered by the licence or it is subject to a value limit in the licence which is more restrictive than the limit permissible for import in this Import-Export Policy.
- 34. Applications from Export Houses/Trading Houses for Additional licences which have not been disposed of by 31st March of the preceding licensing year against which the licence is issued on or after 1st April of licensing year, the rate of entitlement will be the same as permissible during the licensing period to which the application pertains, but the items to be allowed will be as permissible in the Import-Export Policy for the licensing year.
- 35(1). REP licences and Additional licences held by Export Houses/Trading Houses will cease to be valid for import of any item which could be imported under Open General Licence during the preceding licensing year or earlier but is no longer so in this Import-Export Policy.
- (2) Additional licences issued to Export Houses/Trading Houses during the preceding licensing year will also be valid within their over-all value, for import of raw materials, components, consumables and spares which can be imported under Open General Licence by Actual Users (Industrial) under the Import-Export Policy, for the licensing year. This facility will also be available to Export Houses and Trading Houses holding REP licences which were

endorsed during the preceding licensing year for import of OGL items.

- (3) Additional licences issued to Export Houses/Trading Houses in the preceding licensing year or earlier shall cease to be valid for import of items of spares appearing in Appendices 2, 3, 5 Part A, 8 and 10 of the Import & Export Policy for the licensing year. These restrictions will not apply to the extent the licence holders have made firm commitments by irrevocable letters of credit opened and established through authorised dealers in foreign exchange before 1st April, 1985, but any extensions to these letters of credit made after 31st March, 1985, shall be treated as fresh commitments.
- (4) Additional licences issued to Export Houses/ Trading Houses during the preceding licensing year or earlier will also be valid for import of items of spares which are permissible for import against Additional licences issued during the licensing year.
- 36. Automatic licences issued to Actual Users (Industrial) during 1984-85 or earlier will continue to remain valid, within their validity period, for import of items for which those licences were issued subject to the conditions laid down.

### Relaxation of Policy

37. Cases for relaxation of the existing policy/procedure where it creates genuine hardship or where a strict application of the existing policy is likely to affect exports adversely, may be considered by the Government, or by any other person authorised in this behalf.

# CHAPTER III CAPITAL GOODS

#### General Provisions

- 38(1). Appendix I Part-A gives the list of Capital Goods which are restricted for import.
- (2) Capital Goods listed in Appendix t Part-P can be imported by eligible Actual Users under Open General Licence, subject to the conditions applicable thereto.

(3) An Actual User may apply to the concerned licensing authority for the import of any other Capital Goods which he requires, in the manner and form laid down in Chapter III of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

# Import of Capital Goods by AU (Industrial)

# Import of machinery by Industrial units using mainly Indigenous machinery

- 39. (1) Actual Users (Industrial), who intend to set up new capacity (or an expansion of the existing capacity) may be allowed to import Capital Goods upto c.i.f. value equal to 10% of the purchase price of Capital Goods procured or proposed to be procured from indigenous sources, provided the import does not exced Rs. 1 crore in value (c.i.f.). Import applications will be considered without essentiality certificate of the sponsoring authority and without indigenous clearance or the need for an advertisement of the Capital Goods sought to be imported. In case where machinery is proposed to be procured from indigenous sources, documentary evidence of firm order placed on the indigenous supplier or letter of credit opened in their favour, may be produced. Import of restricted or second hand items of Capital Good shall not, however, be allowed.
- (2) Actual Users (Industrial) intending to make use of this facility should submit their import applications direct to the licensing authority concerned in the prescribed form and manner. The licensing authority in the case of small-scale industrial units will be the regional licensing authority concerned. Large scale industrial units should apply to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, irrespective of the value of Capital Goods to be imported.
- (3) This facility will not be available in those cases where the Industrial licence or Registration Certificate stipulates that no imported machinery shall be allowed to the units concerned.

# Import of Capital Goods against global tenders

- 40. (1) In the case of Capital Goods for the following industries/projects, applicants will be permitted to call global tenders, irrespective of whether some of these are manualctured indigenously or not:—
  - (1) Fertilizers.
  - (2) Newsprint and paper.
  - (3) Basic drugs.

- (4) Basic technical material for pesticides and weedicides.
- (5) Power generation, transmission and distribution.
- (6) Mineral exploration, mining and benefication.
- (7) Petroleum exploration and production.
- (8) Petrochemicals upto the stage of polymers.
- (9) Manufacture of professional grade electronics components.
- (10) Waste disposal recycling and effluent treatment projects and ecological engineering.
- (11) Materials handling projects at ports.
- (12) Sugar.
- (13) Cement and cement products (including asbestos).

The selection of suppliers on the basis of such global tenders, foreign or Indian, will be subject to scrutiny by a Committee set up in the Department of Heavy Industry. Regard will be had to the provisions of Chapter III of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88 relating to electronic items exceeding Rs. 5 lakhs in value. Comparison will be made between Indian offers (competitive) and foreign offers on the basis of the landed cost of the latter, i.e., c.i.f. cost plus import duty as applicable. Successful Indian suppliers will be permitted to import raw materials and components (and not consumables) without any restriction from indigenous availability angle (including items on O.G.L. or included in any other appendix of this policy) for undertaking manufacture of such Capital Goods duty on such project imports would not exceed the rate of duty leviable on the concerned Capital Goods.

(2) Under this provision import licences for raw materials and components may be issued to the manufacturers or end—users of Capital Goods (instead of manufacturers) so that the end-users can have the Capital Goods manufactured from any authorised manufacturer.

### Import of Instruments

41. (1) Import of Instruments (other than those appearing in App. 8) required by Actual Users, as 'spares', will be governed by the same policy as applicable to the import of 'Restricted' spares Inicial

down in Chapter VI, read with Appendix 10. Inclast date for receipt of applications by the concerned licensing authority, shall be 31st October of the licensing year to which the application pertains. However, in cases where the supplementary licensing procedure is required to be followed in terms of the provisions of Chapter VI, the last date (8) for receipt of applications by the sponsoring authority and the licensing authority respectively shall be the same as laid down in para 10(1) of this Book.

- (2) Import of instruments (including those appearing in Appendix 8), required by Actual users (Industrial) as components will be allowed only on the recommendation of the sponsoring authority concerned under the system of Supplementary licences under para 82. The last date for receipt of applications by the Sponsoring authority and the licensing authority respectively shall be the same as laid down in para 10 (1) of this Book.
- (3) Import of instruments appearing in Appendix 8, except when those are required as components by Actual Users (Industrial), will be governed by the following policy:—
  - (a) Items appearing in Part A of Appendix 8 will not be allowed for import;
  - (b) Items appearing in Part B of Appendix 8 will be allowed for import to Actual Users (Industrial) upto a limit of 1% of the value of Capital Goods installed or in use by them as on 1st April of the licensing year or Rs. 1,000 whichever is higher, subject to the condition that not more than 10 Nos, of each item would be allowed for import and the total value of such instruments permitted for import shall not exceed Rs. 2 lakhs in the licensing period. Applications for import of these instruments should be made in the form and manner prescribed for import of 'restricted' spares. The last date for receipt of applications by the concerned licensing authority. shall be 31st October of the licensing year to which the application pertains. Applications for additional requirements, if any, of these instruments may be considered on the recommendation of the sponsoring authority concerned after obtaining clearance from the DGTD (Import and Export Policy Cell). The last date for receipt of applications by the concerned sponsoring

authorines, from the Actual Users (Industrial) shall be 15th December of the licensing year to which the application pertains. Further, the last date for receipt of applications, by the concerned licensing authority, duly recommended by the sponsoring authority, shall be 31st January of the year to which the application pertains.

(4) Applications for import of instruments in cases not covered by sub-paras (1), (2) and (3) above will be considered on merits, on par with the policy and procedure applicable to Capital Goods.

## Import of Jigs, fixtures, moulds and press tools

42. Actual Users (Industrial) can import jigs, fixtures, dies and patterns, moulds (including moulds for die casting), and Press tools and parts thereof under Open General Licence subject to the conditions applicable thereto. This facility shall not be available for the import of items appearing in Appendix 1 Part-A, Appendix 2 and Appendix 3 Part-A.

# Import of prototypes/samples

- 43 (A) (1) Applications for import of prototypes/samples will be considered on a liberal basis. Ordinarily not more than two numbers will be allowed on each licence. Applications can be made by Actual Users (Industrial) already engaged in production of the item whose proto-type/sample is sought for import for product development or whose schemes for such production have been approved by appropriate Government authority.
- (2) Small scale units which exported at least 25 per cent of their production of select products in any of the two previous financial years, subject to a minimum of Rs. 5.0 lakhs (f.o.b.) or which exported select products of at least Rs. 1.0 crore in f.o.b. value during any of the two previous financial years will be allowed import of proto-type upto Rs. 1.0 lakh in value not exceeding two in number automatically by the regional licensing authority concerned, without the recommendation of the sponsoring authority.
- (3) Applications for import of proto-type/sample may also be considered from Actual Users (Industrial) on the recommendation of the sponsoring authority concerned and in consultation with the DGTD, in cases where the applicant is neither engaged in production of the concerned item nor his scheme for such production has been approved by Government.

(4) Where the value exceeds Rupees one lakh, the above applications should be made to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi in the form and manner applicable to Capital Goods. Where it is Rupees one lakh or less, applications may be made to the regional licensing authorities. In all cases, the applications should be made through the sponsoring authorities.

# Import of technical sample proto-types against Actual Users Licences

(B) Requests for import of chemicals and other materials to be used as technical samples/proto-types will be considered by the regional licensing authorities concerned on the recommendation of the sponsoring authority, upto Rs. 10,000 in value against the Actual User licences for import of raw materials and components, by specific endorsement made thereon, if required.

# Import of Samples under OGL-4

- (C) (1) Import of samples supplied free of charge upto Rs. 20,000 in value, samples of drugs and medicines, supplied free of charge upto Rs. 10,000 and free samples of insecticides is allowed under OGL-4 appearing in Appendix 7 subject to the conditions laid down.
- (2) Research and Development units and Scientific or Research Laboratories can import proto-types/samples under Open General Licence, as provided in Appendix 6

# Import of samples by Registered Exporters

(D) Necessary provisions for import of samples/ proto-types by Registered Exporters have been made in Chapter XIV.

### Import of gas cylinders

- 44. (1) Applications for import of gas cylinders will be considered by Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, irrespective of the value involved. Applications should be made in the form prescribed for import of Capital Goods.
- (2) Applications will be considered, on merits, having regard to indigenous production. The CCI&E, New Delhi will formulate suitable guidelines in consultation with the administrative Ministry and the technical authorities remembed so that import is allowed to the extent the demand can not be met from the indigenous sources.

- (3) Import of LPG cylinders will not be allowed.
- (4) Import of medical gas cylinders upto 10.2 litre water capacity and  $CO_2$  gas cylinders upto 15 litre water capacity for fire extinguishers as components will be allowed under OGL to Actual Users (Industrial) in accordance with the provisions made in Appendix 6.
- (5) Import of high pressure gas cylinders above is litre water capacity as component or spares may be considered under the procedure for supplementary licensing.
- (6) Import of gas sylinders will be subject to the following conditions:
  - (i) Cylinders and valves fitted thereto to be imported must be of a type as approved by the Chief Controller of Explosives and accepted for use under the Gas Cylinder Rules, 1981.
  - (ii) Cylinders imported should not be used for any gas service other than the gas for which they have been imported for a period of ten years from the date of importation.
  - (iii) Importers shall obtain necessary permission from the Chief Controller of Explosives as required under the Gas Cylinder Rules, 1981.

# Import of Printing Machinery

- 45. (1) Printing Machinery listed in Appendix 1 Part-B of Imports-Export Policy 1985-88 will be allowed for import to eligible Actual Users under Open General icence subject to the conditions laid down.
- (2) Applications for import of other printing machinery should be made to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, where the value of the machinery to be imported does not exceed Rs. 1 crore (cif) and to the Secretariat for Industrial Approvals, Ministry of Industry, New Delhi where the value exceeds Rs. 1 crore.
- (3) Printing machinery imported by Projects & Equipments Corporation Ltd. under rupee payment arrangements will be distributed to eligible Actual Users by the Projects & Equipments Corporation on the basis of Release Advice issued by the licensing authority. In such cases also import applications should be made to the Chief Coutroller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, or the Secretarist for Industrial Approvals, as the case may be.

# Import of Capital Goods by Government Departments and Public Sector Enterprises

46. Facilities for import of capital goods by Government Departments, Departmentally run Undertakings and Public Sector Enterprises are given in Chapter VII of this Book.

# Import of Capital Goods by Non-Resident Indians/ Persons of Indian Origin

- 47. Non-resident Indians/persons of Indian origin who wish to return home for permanent settlement will be allowed to import Capital Goods subject to the following conditions:—
  - (i) they undertake to set up a new industry which conforms to the Government industrial policy in force or participate in the expansion or diversification of an existing unit within the framework of industrial policy; or they wish to set up a servicing unit;
  - (ii) import of Capital Goods (new or secondhand) purchased out of their own foreign exchange savings and resources abroad will be allowed;
  - (iii) import of professional equipment (new or second-hand), purchased out of the applicant's own foreign exchange earnings and resources abroad, and used by the applicant abroad for at least one year before returning to India, may be allowed; if such equipment has not been used by the applicant abroad for at least one year, its import will be limited to Rupees one lakh in value (c.i.f.);
  - (iv) import of restricted capital goods may also be allowed on merits provided the machinery, in question, has been wholly owned and used abroad by the applicant for atleast two years before returning to India. For this purpose, the applicant will have to produce evidence of purchase and use;
    - (v) import of texturising machines and warp knitting machines will not be allowed under these provisions;
  - (vi) import of new capital goods listed in Appendix 1, Part B can be made under Open General Licence without any value limit;

- (vii) import of second-hand machinery in respect of items appearing in Appendix I Part B can be made under Open General Licence without any value limit. Import of secondhand machinery items other than those in Appendix 1 Part B, which were in actual use of the applicant, will be considered on basis. Import of second-hand machinery which has not been in actual use of the applicant may also be considered, on merits. Import of machinery having expected residual life of less than 5 years and also machinery more than 7 years old will not be allowed. However, import of second-hand paper mill machinery and cigarette making machinery will not be allowed under these provisions;
- (viii) import of generating set of above 500 KVA rating, purchased out of applicant's own foreign exchange earnings and resources abroad, may also be allowed;
- (ix) import of office equipment purchased out of the applicant's foreign exchange carnings and resources abroad, and furniture which was in use by the applicant abroad, may be allowed, provided the total value of both these items does not exceed Rupees one lakh c.i.f. (when new) and these are required for use in the applicant's industry in India;
- (x) import of computer system may also be allowed in cases where the applicant has been using it abroad for at least one year before returning to India provided its c.i.f. value is not more than Rs. 10 lakhs, whether new or old or where computer is an integral built-in part of the equipment being allowed for import;
- (xi) import of prototype, purchased out of the applicant's own foreign exchange earnings and resources abroad, may also be allowed;
- (xii) import of cement, purchased out of applicant's own foreign exchange earnings and resources abroad, and required for construction of factory building, may also be allowed;
- (xiii) the benefit of concessional rate of customs duty as admissible to 'project imports' may be allowed in these cases in consultation with technical authorities concerned:

- (xiv) neither the capital invested nor the profits would be allowed to be repatriated abroad;
- (xv) no permission to sell the Capital Goods will be allowed for a period of 5 years from the date of import. Thereafter, such sale may be made, only with the prior permission of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.
- 48(1). Non-resident Indians/persons of Indian origin, who are allowed to import machinery into India under the provisions made in para 47 above (excluding generating sets, office equipment, computer system, second-hand machinery other than those in Appendix 1 Part-B and prototypes), will be allowed to import such machinery without an import licence (i.e. under OGL) for a value not exceeding Rs. 20 lakhs (landed cost). At the time of clearance through customs, they shall furnish a declaration that:—
  - (i) the imported machinery shall be used in the industry being set up by the importer in India or for use in the industry in India in which the importer will be investing, in accordance with the policy in force.
  - (ii) The industry, in which the imported machinery shall be used, will not have a total capital investment in plant and machinery of a value more than the upper limit fixed for small scale industries, in para 7(5) of Import and Export Policy (Vol. I) for 1985-88.
  - (iii) The imported machinery has been purchased out of importer's earnings/resources abroad, and does not involve any remittance from India.
  - (iv) The import shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition and other conditions as applicable to non-resident Indians under the provilsons of the impot policy in force.
  - (v) Within three months of the date of clearance from the customs, the importer shall inform about the import of the machinery, in question, to the Director of Industries of the State in which the machinery shall be used
- (2) Import of restricted Capital Goods appearing in Appendix I Part-A of import policy will not be allowed under OGL. For the import of such Capital Goods and also for import of (1) other Capital Goods.

- and (ii) other items as permissible under these provisions, the applicants will be required to obtain import licences. (Import of machinery mentioned in sub-para 47(v) above will not be allowed under OGL or otherwise under these provisions)
- (3) In cases where the Non-resident Indian/person of India origin desires to obtain a Customs Clearance Permit in respect of items, which are otherwise allowed for import under Open General Licence, with a view to availing of concessional rate of duty under 'Project Import' facility, wherever eligible, he may apply for issue of CCP
- (4) Application for import of Capital Goods should be made in the form specifically prescribed for this purpose in Chapter III of the Hand Book of import-Export Procedures 1985-88. These applicants should be made to Special Approvals Committee (NRI), Department of Industrial Development, Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi.
- (5) Applications for the grant of industrial licence in the prescribed form IL duly filled in with 14 spare copies and proposal for foreign collaboration will also be considered by the Special Approvals Committee (NRI). Every proposal so received from a non-resident Indian/person of Indian oigin would be considered on a composite basis including issue of industrial licences, where necessary. Government's decision will be communicated to the applicant within a period of 45 days
- (6) The industrial units concerned (if they are new) will be required to get themselves registered with the sponsoring authorities concerned, except in cases referred to in sub-paras (4) and (5) above, within a period of one year from the date of import of Capital Goods, in accordance with the policy laid down.

### Special Scheme for Electronics Industry

- 49(1). Non-resident Indians/persons of Indian origin returning home for permanent settlement and setting up an electronic industry, or investing in an electronics industry in India, including their investment for the expansion, diversification or modernisation of an existing electronics industry, will be allowed to import machinery for this purpose under Open General Licence.
- (2) This scheme will apply to the industries manufacturing (1) electronic components (other than 1 S1, VLS1), (ii) instruments (iii) tape recorders,

- (iv) Two-in-one, (v) Hi Fi equipment, (vi) electronic teaching aids, (vii) industrial and process control systems, (viii) major sub-systems of radars, navigational aids and communication equipment, (ix) electronic medical equipment, but the scheme will not cover manufacture of computers. In the case of units manufacturing radars, navigational aides and communication equipment, the units concerned will be required to obtain specific prior approval of the Department of Electronics, New Delhi, before taking up manufacture.
- (3) There will be no upper value limit for Capital Goods to be imported under OGL for the abovementioned industries. No indigenous clearance will also be necessary for import. At the time of clearance through customs, the importer shall furnish a declaration that:—
  - (i) The imported machinery shall be used in the industry being set up by the importer in India or for use in the industry in India in which the importer will be investing, in accordance with the policy in force.
  - (ii) The imported machinery has been purchased out of importer's earnings/resources abroad, and does not involve any remittance from India.
  - (iii) The import shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition and other conditions as applicable to non-resident Indians under the provisions of the import policy in force.
  - (iv) Within three months of the date of clearance from the customs, the importer shall inform about the import of the machinery, in question, to the Department of Electronics, Lok Nayak Bhawan, Khan Market, New Delhi with a copy to the Director of Industries of the State in which the machinery shall be used.
- (4) No permission for sale of Capital Goods will be allowed for a period of five years from the date of import. Thereafter, sale may be made only with the prior permission of the CCI&E, New Delhi. The units concerned will be required to get themselves registered with the sponsoring authorities concerned in accordance with the policy laid down within a period of one year from the date of import of Capital Goods.

# Import of Capital Goods against REP licences

- 50(1). An Actual User (Industrial) may be allowed to utilise REP licence(s) for import of Capital Goods/prototypes in the manner stated below:—
  - (a) A manufacturer-exporter may be allowed to utilise REP licence(s) issued to him against his own exports of the select products manufactured by him, for the import of Capital Goods/prototypes without the recommendation of the sponsoring authority concerned, without indigenous clearance and without the advertisement procedure being followed, provided (i) the machinery to be imported does not appear in Appendix 1 Part A in this policy. (ii) the applicant declares that the machinery, in question, shall not result in exceeding his licensed/ approved capacity and (iii) the import of machinery shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition. The value upto which such imports will be allowed shall be related to the percentage and volume of production of Select Products exported. These values are given below, separately for SSI units for Non-SSI units seeking to avail of facility :---

% age of production exported		Minimum FOB value of exports by		Maximum CIF value of imports allowed to	
exported	SSI ur	its	Non-SSI units	SSI units	Non-SSI units
10 to belo	w 25,	5	20	5	20
25 to belo	w 50	15	40	10	40
½50 to belo	w 75	30	60	45	60
75 and a	bove	40	100	20	75
	(Rs. in jakha)			(Rs	. In lakhs)

(b) The facility available in sub-para (a) above, will also be allowed to manufacturer-exporter, whose export performance during any of the two previous financial years is not less than Rs. 1 crore but who has not achieved the minimum export percentage of his production indicated in sub-para (a) above, subject to the same conditions, provided that the c.i.f. value of capital goods/prototypes (including instruments and tools) to be imported does not exceed Rs. 5 lakhs in the case of SSI units or Rs. 20 lakhs in the case of non-SSI units

- (c) The facility available in sub-para (a) above will also be allowed to manufacturer-exporters, subject to the same conditions, irrespective of their level of export performance, provided that the c.i.f. value of equipment (including instruments and tools) to be imported does not exceed Rs. two lakhs during the licensing year.
- (d) The facility in sub-para (a) above will also be available to a manufacturer-exporter whose exports of select products, in any of the two previous financial years were less than the limits mentioned in (a) above, but in his case, the import will be subject to indigenous clearance from the DGTD, or the Textile Commissioner, or the Jute Commissioner, as the case may be. Other conditions stated above will also apply. Such units will also be eligible to facility in (c) above.
- (e) In cases not covered by (a), (b), (c) and (d) above, i.e. where the machinery is to be imported against REP licences other than those issued on own exports of the applicant of the products manufactured by him, and/or its c.i.f. value exceeds the prescribed upper value limits, the normal CG procedure will apply, if the REP licence is sought to be utilised for import of machinery/prototypes.
- (f) In all the above types of cases, bulking of valid REP licences will also be allowed to enable the licence holders to consolidate their value for the purpose of import of machinery under these provisions for a period of 3 years as per para 187(2)(e) of the Hand Book.
- (g) The facility allowed in sub-para (a) above, will also be available to a manufacturer, none of whose products qualifies for REP entitlement in Appendix 17, although the f.o.b. value of his exports of such products manufactured by him during the preceding licensing year was not less than 25% of the gross value of his output and also not less than Rs. 5.0 lakhs (f.o.b.) in value, provided the c.i.f. value of the machinery allowed during the licensing year is not more than 5% of the f.o.b. value of his exports, subject to a maximum of Rs. 20 lakhs. Other conditions (1), (ii) and (fii) faid down in sub-para (a) above shall equally apply.

- (h) A manufacturer-exporter intending to import machinery under sub-para (a) above, may be allowed to import the same, subject to prescribed conditions, against his own valid REP licence(s) or against valid REP licence(s) acquired by him, by transfer, in accordance with the import policy in force. Other conditions as laid down will apply. This facility will be in relaxation of the provision made in sub-para (e) above, in so far as manufacturer-exporters covered under sub-para (a) are concerned.
- (2) Maufacturer-exporters may be allowed to utilise upto 20 per cent of the f.o.b. value of their exports of wooden furniture and parts thereof for import of machinery required by them. A list of items of machinery to be allowed for import is given in Appendix 14. Import licences issued under this provision will be available in respect of exports made from 1st April of the licensing year. Import applications can be made on quarterly or half-yearly or annual basis as the exporter may desire. The import application should also be accompanied by a bank certificate showing the description of the product exported, the date of export and the f.o.b. value. 'It will be necessary for the applicant to produce recommendation of the sponsoring authority for this purpose.
- (3) The facility available in sub-pars (2) above, will also be allowed to the manufacturer-exporters of "moulded wooden products" subject to the same conditions. The import of items listed at Sl. Nos. 9, 11, 12, 13 and 15 of Appendix 14 of this policy will not, however, be allowed.

# Import of Capital Goods by Export Houses/Trading Houses

- 51. Export Houses/Trading Houses will be granted the following facilities under this policy:—
  - (i) Import of Capital Goods placed on Open General Licence in the manner set down hereunder:
  - (ii) Import of Capital Goods agains: REP/
    Additional licences to enable them to set up common servicing centres for the benefit of their supporting manufacturers and other exporting units. Applications for such import will be considered by the chief Controller of Imports and Exports (EP III Section), New Delhi in the case of Export Houses and by the region of the Export Houses and by the region of the Export Houses and by the region of the section of the case of Praying Houses, it commutation with the technical authority concerned.

(ni) Export Howes/Trading Houses may also be allowed to import non-OGL Capital Goods (other than those in Appendix 1 Part A) upto Rs. 20 lakhs (cif) during a licensing period, subject to indigenous clearance, against REP licences/Additional licences. The imported goods will be disposed of to Actual Users (Industrial) in the same manner as laid down in para 263(4). Applications for such import will be considered by the regional licensing authorities concerned in consultation with DGTD.

Note: - Under this provision, second-hand capital goods will not ordinarily be allowed for import. However, if an Export House/ Trading House wants to import second-hand machinery for supply to a particular Actual User (Industrial), it should give to the licensing authority complete particulars of Actual User (Industrial) and the justification for import of second-hand machinery by the Actual User, apart from the Chartered Engineer's Certificate in respect of the second-hand machinery to be imported and other documents, if any, as required for import of second-hand machinery under the import policy in force. DGTD will also examine the need and essentiality for import of the machinery in question for the concerned Actual User named by the Export House/Trading House, apart from examining the machinery from indigenous angle. The import, if allowed in such cases, will be on the express condition that the machinery shall be disposed of only to Actual Users for whom it has been cleared by DGTD and shall be subject to other prescribed conditions. For the purpose of debit to the overall ceiling of Rs. 20 lakhs (cif), the current cif value of the new machine of the same description shall be taken, and not the value actualy paid, where the machinery to be imported is second-hand or used. For this purpose, the Export House/Trading House will also produce proforma invoice of the new machine of the same/equivalent description, to the licensing authority.

### Import of Capital goods placed on UGL

52(1). Export Houses/Trading Houses will be allowed to import Capital Goods (listed in Appendix 1 Part-B) archive (Capital Goods (listed in Appendix 1 Part-B) archive (Capital Goods (listed in Appendix 1 part B) or free

- (2) REP licences, against which Export Houses, Trading Houses wish to take advantage of the facility provided in sub-para (1) above, shall be non-transferable.
- (3) Export Houses, Irading Houses, who wish to take advantage of this facility, should get the licences concerned endorsed by the licensing authority as under:—
  - "This Leence will also be valid for import of Capital Goods (listed in Appendix 1 Part-B) under para 52 of this Policy, subject to the conditions laid down, and shall be non-transferable."
- (4) Disposal of capital goods will be governed by the provisions in para 263(4) Chapter XXI of this policy.

# Import of Capital Goods against Additional Licences by Export Houses/Trading Houses

- 53(1). Additional Licences will be valid for import of Capital Goods listed in Appendix 1 Part-B. This facility will be subject to the same conditions as laid down in para 52 except that the endorsement referred to in sub-para 52(3) will not be required in the case of Additional Licences which are already non-transferable.
- (2) Goods imported by Export Houses/Trading Houses against Additional licences will be disposed of by them in the same manner and subject to same conditions as laid down in para 263(4) of this policy.

# Import of machinery by Units in Free Trade Zones and by 100% Export Oriented Units

54. The policy for import of Capital Goods by 100% Export Oriented Units and by units located in Free Trade Zones is given in Appendix 23 of this Book.

# Import of Capstal Goods by AU (Non-Industrial) R&D Units

55. Any Research and Development unit/other scientific or research laboratory, any institution of higher education or a hospital, recognised by the Central or a State Government, will be eligible to import its requirements of machinery, equipment, instruments and accessories (but not consumer goods, howsoever, described and office machines) under Open General Alexander (with the political and the political and the political factors and the political factors are stated the political factors and part of the chapter will apply

# Consultancy, Designing and Engineering Firms

56. Import of Capital Goods is allowed to Consultancy, Designing and Engineering Firms. Details are given in Chapter VIII of this Book.

### Import of machinery by hotels

57. Fourist hotels (one-star to five-star) requiring tems other than spares should make import applications to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, through the Director General of Tourism, New Delhi. Licences will be granted on his recommendation only. Import may not, however, be allowed in respect of tems available from indigenous sources.

# **Import of Computer Systems**

58. (1) For the purposes of imports, computer systems have been classified into two categories: one for computer systems costing less than Rs. 10 lakhs (cif) and the second category for computer systems costing Rs. 10 lakhs (cif) and above.

# (2) Import of computer and computer systems costing less than Rs. 10 lakhs (cif)

(A) All persons would be allowed to import computer systems for their own use (but not for stock and sale purposes), at a lower rate of import duty, after obtaining prior clearance of the Department of Electronics who would examine such proposals from the desirability of the end application, essentiality of import and indigenous angle etc. Import of computer systems costing less than Rs. 10 lakhs (oif) will also be allowed to all persons, for their own use (but not for stock and sale purposes), under OGL by paying higher rate of import duty. For OGL import, the importer would be required to import following minimum configuration in one consignment:—

Each Central Processing Unit will include-

- (i) Operating System Software and adequate memory therefor.
- (ii) Computer console.
- (iii) Two disk/cartridge/tape drives and associat ed controller (excluding floppy and cassette drives).
- (iv) One printer with Platen width 80 printers or pare per line

- (B) However, second-hand computer, computer-based systems shall not be permitted under OGL provision. Customs duty on OGL import will be levied on the assessed value
- (3) Import of computer and computer pasea systems of cif value Rs 10 lakhs and above

Import of computer/computer-based systems costing Rs 10 lekhs (cif) or above will require prior clearance of the Department of Electronics, who will look into the desirability of the end application, essentiality, indigenous angle ctc. For such imports, special procedures laid down by the Department of Electronics will be tollowed. All Actual Users have, therefore, to apply to the Department of Electronics (Computer, Computer-Communication and mentation Wing). E-Wing. Pushpa Bhavan, Madangir Road, New Delhi-110062 for import clearance.

- (4) The policy mentioned in sub-paras (1) to (3) above will also apply to computer systems proposed for import by all R & D Organisations, whether these be enterprises or otherwise, educational institutions, hospitals & such other organisations which are otherwise eligible to import their requirements on OGL basis.
- (5) Prior clearance of the Department of Electronics will not be necessary for import of computer/computer systems by Non Resident Indians, under the provisions made in para 47 above of this policy.
- (6) Clearance of Department of Electronics will also not be required where computer is a built-in integral part of the equipment
- 59(1) Import of Computer System is allowed subejet to export obligation as provided in Para 187(2) of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88. For purposes of augmenting their export capability. Computer software exporters, after discharging the export obligation referred to above, may be granted import licence equal to 50 per cent of the foreign exchange caree, one at a of computer software and related terrices over ud above the specified export obligation. In case of exporters not subject to an export obligation also, import licence ition be given early to per to it of the cachange 1 " 12 11 \$ \* P4 /\$ 1 s is softer a It lated survices the problem on a

- to Category A, B and C which are defined as under:
  - Category A: Where the applicant undertukes to export software of f.o.b. value equal to twice the c.i.f. value of import allowed.
  - Category B: Where an applicant imports computer system out of his own foreign exchang earnings abroad and undertakes to export software of f.o.b, value equal to the c.i.f. value allowed.
  - Category C: Where an applicant imports computer system for the purpose of enhancing/modifying system hardware and/or software against a specific export order, with the condition that the imported computer systems shall be re-exported after the export order has been executed. In such cases imported computer systems shall not be used for any domestic work.
- (2) Only such export earnings will be taken into account for determining the value of licence as have accrued on export of software and related services made on or after 1st April of the licensing year.
- (3) Import licences may be issued for the import of:—
  - (i) Hardware [excluding replacement or augmentation of the Central Processing Unit (C.P.U.) but including augmentation of the memory of the C.P.U.] software and peripherals for purposes of augmenting existing computer/computer related systems.
  - (ii) Testing equipment related to the export capability.
  - (iii) Software tools such as cross assemblers, deassemblers, de-compilers, compiler programme generators, flow-chart generators, debugging and diagnostic tools, performance evaluation and monitoring tools.
  - (iv) Consumables and supplies related to the export capability.
- (4) Prior approval of Department of Electronics will not be required by the licensing authority for allowing import of the above items.
- (5) Application may be made to the licentry authority concerned.

- (6) Import licence and the goods and the system imported against such licences will be subject to 'Actual User' Condition. The items imported will be used for the development of computer software and will not be allowed to be transferred by way of loan, sale, pledge or otherwise for a period of 5 years from the date of import.
- (7) Concerned exporter will be allowed to accumulate upto a period of three years part value or the full value of import entitlements accruing under this provision as per para 187(2)(e) of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88 for availing of the facility mentioned in sub-para (8) below.
- (8) Such import licences may also be utilised for import of data preparation system and new computer systems, related hardware, software and peripherals. The request for import of such items may be made to the licensing authority concerned. The licensing authority will obtain the recommendation of the Department of Electronics. The Department of Electronics will convey their recommendation to the licensing authority concerned within six weeks of the receipt of such reference. Licences issued under this sub-para will be subject to the following conditions:—
  - Import of the items mentioned above will be subject to export obligation of 100% of the c.i.f. value of such items to be imported.
  - (ii) Before the clearance of first consignment, the applicant will be required to execute a bond with the licensing authority in the prescribed form backed by a bank guarantee undertaking to export equal to 100 per cent of the c.i.f. value of items imported.
  - (iii) The export obligation will be discharged over a period of maximum five years commencing from the date of clearance of the first consignment. It will further be a condition that the export to be made in discharge of the obligation shall be achieved in the following manner:—
    - (a) 20% of the total export obligation at the end of 2nd year.
    - (b) 40% of the total export obligation at the end of 3rd year.
    - (c) 60% of the total export obligation at the end of 4th year,
    - (d) 100°s of the fotal export obligation of the end of 5th year.

- (iv) Import becomes and the goods and the system imported against such licences will be subject to "Actual User" condition and will not be allowed to be transferred by way of loan, sale, pledge or otherwise for a period of 5 years from the date of import.
- (9) In cases where the importer of a computer system fails to comply with the conditions subject to which the import is allowed, he will be liable to action under the Imports & Exports (Control) Act, 1947, as amended, Imports/Exports (Control) Orders and other provisions connected therewith.

# Imports of machinery for agricultural development and food processing industries

- 60(1). A number of machinery items required for development of food processing, meat processing, egg and poultry processing and fish processing industries, packaging machinery required for technological upgradation, and machinery required for transportation of frozen foods, have been allowed import under Open General Licence in Appendix 1 Part B of import policy.
- (2) Import of gibberellic acid and grape guard paper has been allowed under OGL to State Agricultural Development Corporations, Co-operative Societies of farmers and Associations of farmers recognised by the State Government, for distribution to grape growers. (Please see Appendix 6).
- (3) Import of fishing hooks and permissible spares for trawlers have been allowed under OGL for all persons. (Please see Appendix 6).
- (4) Import of grape guard paper will also be allowed on REP licences issued against exports of fresh fruits, vegetables and flowers. (Please see Appendix 17).
- (5) Applications for import of machinery, Green Houses and other items required for agricultural development, not indigenously available, will be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, on the recommendation of the State Government concerned. Applications should be made in the form prescribed for this purpose in Appendix III-D of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88, through the Department of Agriculture of the State Government concerned, Such Applications will be examined by the Co-ordination Committee headed by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports referred to in Chapter XII of this Book.

- As a measure of procedural simplification, the intending importers will not be required to advertise the machiners sought to be imported, before applying for the licence. Such applications will also not be placed before the concerned Capital Goods Committee. They will, however, be subject to indigenous clearance by DGTD.
- (6) Import applications under sub-para (5) above may also be considered by the Co-ordination Committee on the recommendation of Export Promotion Division in the Ministry of Commerce, New Delhi.

# Import of Machinery/Equipment for Development of Sports

- 61(1). Applications for import of sports goods/ equipment not indigenously available, will be considered from Central and State Government Organisations dealing with sports, Educational Institutions/ Universities, Associations of sportsmen, sports clubs and eminent sportsmen, duly sponsored and recommended by the Central or State Government department concerned.
- (2) Applications may be made to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi in the form prescribed for this purpose in Appendix III-E of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88 through the concerned sponsoring authority. The sponsoring authority, before recommending the import, will obtain indigenous clearance from DGTD (Import & Export Policy Cell), Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi. In respect of the items listed in Appendix 11 of this Book, it will not be necessary to obtain indigenous clearance from DGTD.
- (3) Applications involving value beyond Rs. 1.0 lakh will be placed before the Inter-Departmental Committee.

# Import of diesel generating sets

62(1). Applications will be considered for the grant of licences for the import of diesel generating sets of rating above 1000 KVA. Applications for diesel generating sets in the range from above 500 KVA to 1000 KVA will also be considered on merits, depending upon the delivery schedule from indigenous sources. Eligible actual users may submit their applications to the CCI&E (C.G. Cell), New Delhi, direct upto a value of Rs. 1 crore (c.i.f.) and to the Secretarist for Industrial Approval, Ministry of Industry, New Delhi for higher value.

- (2) Approx our for unpose of the sets upto 500 KVA will not be considered.
- (3) Import of electric portable generators upto 3.5 KVA is restricted. Applications for import of higher rating will be governed by normal C.G. procedure.
- (4) Application may be made in the form and manner laid down in Chapter III of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

# SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR IMPORT OF CAPITAL GOODS

# Import of Capital Goods through NSIC and other Small Industries Corporations

63(1). National Small Industies Corporation of India Ltd. and such (State) Small Industries Corporations as are approved by the Development Commissioner (Small Scale Industries), Government of India, for this purpose may also be allowed to import Capital Goods other than those listed in Appendix 1 Part A for sale to eligible actual users in SSI sector. Import applications may be made to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi,

# Import of machinery by State Agro-Industries Corporations

(2) State Agro-Industries Corporations may be allowed to import agricultural machinery and spares on the recommendation of the State Government concerned for sale to eligible actual users. Applications may be made to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi.

# Import of Capital Goods financed by Leasing Companies

(3) Applications for import of Capital Goods including those, import of which is allowed under Open General Licence, received from Actual Users having leasing agreement with a leasing company will be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports. Details are given in Chapter III of the Hand Book of Import & Export Procedures, 1985—88.

# Import of Second-hand machinery

64(1). Import of second-hand machinery may also be allowed under OGL in respect of the Capital Goods listed in Appendix I Part-B. In such cases, however, the importer will produce to the customs authority at the time of clearance a certificate from a professional

independent Chartered Engineer/any equivalent Institute in the country from which import is made, indicating:

- (i) name of the manufacturer of the plant and machinery;
- (ii) year of manufacture;

---: -----

- (iii) present condition of the plant and machinery and its expected residual life; (Import of machinery having expected residual life of less than 5 years and also machinery more than 7 years old will not be allowed);
- (iv) the c.i.f. value of equivalent capital goods, if purchased new;
- (v) nature of reconditioning/repair done, if any, and the date(s) on which these were carried out; and
- (vi) opinion regarding the price asked for by the suppliers and the basis for such opinion.
- (2) Import of second-hand machinery which is older than 7 years and have less than 5 years expected residual life will not be allowed.

# Flexibility

65. Capital Goods licence issued to a project will be valid for the import of any item of capital goods not already covered by it, provided the item is needed for the expeditious completion of the project, and its value does not exceed 5% of the value of the licence, subject to a maximum of Rs. 25 lakhs, within the overall value of the licence. Under this facility, import of restricted items of capital goods will not be permitted. This facility will be available on Capital Goods licences issued to those projects which are eligible for concessional rate of duty as provided for in Chapter VIII of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

### CHAPTER IV

### CANALISATION OF IMPORTS

66. The items canalised for import through designated public sector agencies are listed in Appendix 5 Part A and Part B. The concerned agency will import them under Open General Licence.

- of. Whenever a mortage arises of is apprehended in respect of any item, the import of which is not permitted, its import may be arranged by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, through a public sector agency. In such a situation, the following provisions in this Chapter as well as those in Chapter IV of Hand-Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88 will be as applicable thereto as if it were an item canalised for import.
- 68. It shall be open to the canalising agency concerned to sell the goods before their importation into India. In such cases, the clearance of the imported goods through the customs may be claimed by the purchaser on the basis of an authorisation issued by the agency concerned to that effect,
- 69. No Release Orders will be required by eligible Actual Users from the licensing or sponsoring authority for obtaining their legitimate requirements of these items from the canalising agency concerned.
- 70. (1) In the case of items being decanalised for import in this policy, persons who have already registered their demands with the concerned canalising agency will not be alowed to cancel their indents except with the consent of the agency concerned.
- (2) In all cases where direct import of a canalised item is allowed to any person, it shall be a condition that the importer shall furnish particulars of the imports made to the canalising agency concerned in the prescribed proforma appearing in Appendix IV F of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88. At the time of clearance the importer will be required to declare to the customs that these particulars regarding the consignment sought to be cleared have been sent to the concerned canalising agency. Failure to comply with this requirement will entail penal action under the imports control regulations, besides the stoppage of the facility to the licence holder against current licences and denial of further licences to him.

### **Pricing Committee**

71. There will be a Pricing Committee under the chairmanship of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, and consisting of the representatives of the Department of Commerce, the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs), the Department of Steel, the Economic Adviser in the Ministry of Industry, the Director General of Technical Development the Development Commissioner Finall Scale Industries) and the other administrative Manistry concerned with the item, for determining/prescribing the selling prices of items appearing in Appendix 5 Part-A from time to time

#### Monitoring Committee

72. In order to oversee the working of the scheme of canalisation, there will be a Monitoring Committee under the chairmanship of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, and consisting of the members as mentioned in para 71 above. The actual quantum of items appearing in Appendix 5, Part-A to be imported by the canalising agency will be decided by the administrative Ministry concerned in consultation with the Ministry of Commerce, the Department of Economic Affairs, the Ministry of Industry, other Ministries/Department concerned and the canalising agency. However, this Committee will continue to review the arrangements made for meeting the registered demands of the Actual Users from time to time. In cases or circumstances where the Committee considers it necessary or desirable to expedite supplies, it may recommend to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports the issue of import licence(s) directly in the name(s) of the concerned Actual Users(s).

# Imports, distribution & pricing of items covered by Appendix 5 Part B

- 73. Imports, distribution and pricing of the items appearing in Appendix 5 Part-B will be governed by the connected policy of Government in the respective Ministries, as detailed therein. No other person will be eligible to import them unless otherwise specifically licensed by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.
- 74. The Monitoring Committee referred to in Para 72 above will also oversee the working of the scheme of canalisation in respect of items appearing in Appendix 5 Part B.

# Supply of canalised items against valid licences

- 75(1). REP licences are valid for direct imports of canalised items as are covered by them. Additional licences issued to Trading Houses are also valid for direct import of canalised items in Appendix 5 Part A to a limited extent as laid down in the policy. Actual user licences are also valid for import of canalised items in Appendix 5 Part A upto a limited extent according to the provisions made in the import policy.
- (2) REP licence holders (whether original licensee or transferee). Trading Houses and Actual Users, holding valid import licences for direct import of canalised items can, if they so desire, obtain supplies of the canalised items concerned from the canalising agency, instead of importing the same from abroad, to the extent the item concerned can be imported directly against the licence

upto the extent covered by the moternal upto the extent covered by the committee. The import licence will be debited by the carrolising agency to the extent of the quarter want the carrolising agency to the extent of the quarter want the carrolising agency to the extent of the quarter want the carrolising agency (excluding customs duty) will be treated as the c.i.f. value of goods for the purpose of debit to the licence. The import licence will cease to be valid for direct import of canalised items to the extent supplies have been obtained from the canalising agency against the licence.

# Import of canalised items against REP licences

76. The holder of a REP licence may effect direct import of those canalised items as appear in that licence, upto the extent permitted therein or which can be imported against the licence under any specific provision in this policy. In such cases the condition referred to in sub-para 70(2) above will apply

# Flexibility

77(1). In the case of items candised for import in this policy, but which were not canalised in the preceding years, the eligible Actual Users may be allowed to make direct imports to the extent of 25% of the c.i.f. value of their actual consumption of that item (imported material only) during any of the two previous years. Actual Users, who wish to avail of this facility, should make their import applications to the licensing authorities concerned along with the required statement of consumption duly certified by a Chartered Accountant or Cost Accountant or Company Secretary or sponsoring authority. Such applications should be made so as to reach the licensing authorities concerned not later than 15th May of the licensing year. Such Actual Users should register only their balance requirements with the canalising agency concerned.

(2) The facility referred to in sub-para (1) above will not be available in the case of items canalised for import in this policy, but which were in the list of limited permissible items or the list of restricted items in the preceding year.

Facilities available for industries set up in the Backward Areas by Graduates/Diploma Holders in professional subjects or by Ex-servicemen/Persons belonging to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes.

- 78. The following facilities will be available to the eligible units in the matter of canalised items:—
  - (i) Such units will be required to pay earnest money at the rate of 1% (instead of 2% as

- nother cases) of the sale value of the quantity of the material registered with the canalising agency or Rs. 50,000 whichever is less, in terms of para 216 of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures.
- (ii) New units in these categories can register their requirements with the canalising agencies concerned covering a period of 15 months (instead of 12 months normally permissible) so that such units have extra stock for 3 months at the start of operation This will be a one-time concession only.
- (iii) Such units may be given weightage/priority at the time of actual allocation of imported goods by the canalising agencies, out of the total quantity registered by them. The canalising agencies will themselves evolve suitable guidelines for this purpose from time to time

### CHAPTER V

# IMPORT OF RAW MATERIALS, COMPONENTS AND CONSUMABLES BY ACTUAL USERS

79. The requirements of Actual Users (Industrial) in the matter of raw materials, components and consumables will be met through the system of (i) Open General Licence, (ii) supplementary licensing set down in this Chapter, and (iii) allotment through canalising agencies as provided in Chapter IV.

### Open General Licence

80(1). Raw materials, components and consumables which do not appear in Appendices 2, 3, 5 and 8 of this policy, will be allowed to be imported under Open General Licence, subject to the conditions laid down. Actual Users will use this facility only to import such items as are in conformity with the respective provisions of their Industrial Licences or Registration Certificates, as well as the extent of indigenisation already achieved/to be achieved by them. (Please see Appendix 6 and Para 94 of this Book).

- (2) A special procedure has been evolved for import of components under Open General Licence by industrial units borne on the books of D.G.T.D. and Textile Commissioner. The concerned units shall have to comply with the procedure laid down. (The details in this regard are contained in para 94 of this Chapter).
- (3) Import of chemical and allied items, under brand names, will not normally be allowed unless full description thereof along with specifications and chemical structure are furnished. Eligible importers desirous of importing any such item under Open General Licence are advised to clear it with the DGTD (I&E Policy Cell), New Delhi, before placing orders overseas. Import of consumables under brand names shall not be allowed under OGL.
- (4) In the case of any professional grade electronic component, (all) importers should set down its internationally accepted specification in the invoice, so as to enable the customs authorities to satisfy themselves whether its clearance is permissible or not under OGL or otherwise.
- (5) Provisions regarding import of spares are given in Chapter VI of this Book
- (6) Import of scientific and measuring instruments is governed by separate provisions made in Chapter III of this policy; their import is not permitted under OGL.
- 81(1) Every Actual User (Industrial) in whose case the phased manufacturing programme has been approved by the DGTD or other concerned authority should abide by the terms and conditions of phased manufacturing programme and furnish to that authority half-yearly returns of the items imported, their quantity and value, item-wise, and a report setting out the percentage of indigenisation achieved in his manufacturing programme. This would apply to all industrial units whether in the large or the small scale sector. Failure to comply with this requirement will render the Actual User (Industrial) liable to penal action under the Imports (Control) Order, 1955 besides denial of further licences. The return for the halfyearly period April-September should reach the concerned authority by 31st October of the licensing Similarly, the return for the half-yearly period October-March is to reach the concerned authority by the end of April of the next licensing year. (For 58 GI/85-3.

- DGID and Textile machinery manufacturing units, please also see para 94 in this Book).
- (2) Actual Users (Industrial) applying for supplementary heences should append to their import applications, a declaration duty signed by them, indicating the description of raw materials, components, consumables and spares together with their c.i.f. value imported under Open General Licence during the preceding year. This declaration should be furnished in duplicate; and one copy thereof will be sent by the licensing authority to the sponsoring authority concerned for necessary check/information.

# Supplementary Licences

- 82(1). Actual Users (Industrial) whose requirements of imported raw-materials, components, consumables, consumable tools and spares cannot be fully met under the provisions for Open General Licence, may apply for grant of supplementary licences.
- (2) Applications may be submitted in the prescribed form and manner laid down in Chapter V of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88, through the sponsoring authorities as per procedure laid down in sub-para (3) below to the CCIE| regional licensing authority within the area of whose jurisdiction the factory of the applicant is located. However, an undertaking having factories located at more than one place, may, in its option, submit a consolidated application, for all its requirements, to the regional licensing authority within whose jurisdiction its own Registered/Head Office is situated.
- (3) Applications for supplementary licences will be considered only on the recommendation of the concerned sponsoring authorities and, therefore, should he routed through them. This should be accompanied by the list of items and value of each item specifically sought to be imported. The reasons for additional or new requirements of raw materials, components, consumables, consumable tools, or spares should be clearly set out together with the unutilised value of each of the licences in hand as on the date of the application. Any other information which the applicant would himself like to present in regard to his export performance, production programme in hand, special requirements of any items for particular end products, stocks in hand and in the pipe line etc., for the purposes of proper appreciation of his application. may also be sent.
- (4) Actual Users (Industrial), who came into existence under the entlier licensing periods but had small or no consumption of imported raw-materials,

components and consumables in any of the two preceding financial years can also apply for supplementary licences, in accordance with the policy laid down.

- (5) Actual Users will be required to maintain a separate account of consumption of the raw-materials imported against supplementary licences.
- 83. Applications for iron and steel items can be made separately from those for other items subject to the provisions made in Para 82 above or the list with their item-wise value of iron and steel items to be imported should be given separately with the application for supplementary licences made under Para 82 above.

# Repeat Operation of Supplementary Licences

- 84(1). Actual Users (Industrial) who exported at least 25% of their production of select products (vide Appendix 16) in any of the two previous financial years, subject to a minimum of Rs. 5.0 lakhs in f.o.b. value, or industrial units which exported select products of atleast Rs. 1.0 crore in f.o.b. value in any of the two previous financial years, and who obtained supplementary licences for the preceding licensing year will be allowed during the licensing year a repeat operation of the same licence, for the same value and the same items excluding items appearing in Appendix 2 with an additional period of shipment of 18 months available for utilisation of repeat value. For their eligibility to this facility, the Actual User concerned will be required to obtain Export Performance Certificate from the Export Commissioner in the Office of the CCIAE, New Delhi in the manner laid down in Chapter XIV. After obtaining such certificates, they should approach the licensing authority concerned for endorsement of their supplementary licence for the preceding licensing year for the purpose of repeat operation. The additional period of 18 months for shipment in such cases will commence from the date the licence is endorsed by the licensing authority.
- (2) The supplementary licences referred to in subpara (1) above, for utilisation of their repeat value, will also be valid for direct imports of canalised items, appearing in Appendix 5 Part-A and required by the unit as raw material in its factory, for a value not exceeding 25 per cent of the 'repeat' value of the licence subject to a maximum of Rs. 1.0 lakh, within the overall "repeat" value of the licence.
- (3) For their additional requirements, if any, such units can apply for supplementary licences in the normal course under para 82 above.

# Industrial units exporting 50 per cent or more of their production

- 85. (1) Actual Users (Industrial) who exported at least 50 per cent of their production of select products (vide Appendix 16) in any of the two previous financial years, and obtained Export Performance Certificate from the Export Commissioner in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi will be eligible to repeat operation of their supplementary licences issued for the preceding licensing year in the manner laid down under para 84 above but in their case the value limit for direct import of canalised items as referred in sub-para 84(2) shall be Rs. 2 lakhs.
- (2) For their further requirements, if any, such Actual Users may submit their applications through the sponsoring authority.

# Government Departments, Departmentally-run Undertakings and Public Sector Enterprises

86. Facilities for import of raw materials, components, consumables etc. by Government Departments, Departmentally-run Undertakings and Public Sector Enterprises are given in Chapter VII of this Book.

# **Ship-building Industry**

87. The facilities available to Actual Users (Industrial) for import of raw materials, components, consumables including consumable tools and spares will also be available to the Industrial undertakings engaged in ship building for the manufacture/repair of ships. However, in respect of electronics items when imported under OGL the clearance of the Department of Electronics, as required under the policy would be obtained and produced to the customs authority at the time of import.

### Ship repairs/Ship stores

88(1). Ship repairing companies which belong to the category of Actual Users (Industrial) will be cligible to obtain (supplementary) licences on the basis of foreign exchange actually earned from ship repairs. Licences will be granted for the imported items used in the ship repairs, on the basis of written declaration with necessary details given by the Chief Executive of the applicant, limited to the foreign exchange earned through ship repairs. The applicant should attach a bank certificate, indicating the earning of foreign exchange through ship repairing, to his application.

- (2) Sup repairing units, registered with Director Gree al of Shipping, engaged in the remain receasing the vestels, whether Indian or fercial, a sworking in a customs-bonded premises, with a supplet to import capital goods, components, raw has exists, consumables and spares under OGL, for use in their ship repairing work. The payment of customs duty on such imports would be governed by the Customs law.
- (3) Provisions for import of spares by Ship nepairing Companies/units and workshops engaged in ship repairing are also given in Chapter VI of this Book.

## **Electronics Industry**

- 89(1). Raw materials, components and consumables which are covered under Open General Licence for Actual Users (Industrial), subject to "Actual User" condition, can also be imported under OGL by units (whether SSI or large scale) engaged in the Electronics Industry, in accordance with the policy and the conditions laid down.
- (2) Applications for supplementary licences can be made by such units in accordance with the normal policy and procedure laid down. However, in respect of certain end-products, the Development Commissioner (SSI), New Delhi, in consultation with the Department of Electronics, approves phased manufacturing programme of SSI units engaged in or taking up manufacture of those end-products. Suitable guidelines in this regard are issued to the State Directors of Industry by the DC(SSI), New Delhi/Department of Electronics, New Delhi. In such cases, applications for supplementary licences will be recommended by the sponsoring authority in accordance with the terms and conditions of approved phased manufacturing programme.

#### Loan licensees

- 90(1). In the case of pharmaceutical units, the loan licensees under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, who are permitted to get their drugs processed by other factories licensed under the said Act, will be eligible to get Actual User licences in their own names for import of raw materials required by them. Accordingly:—
  - (a) such loan licensees will be eligible to import their raw materials under Open General Licence in the same manner as Actual Users (It lustrial);
  - (b) they can obtain supplementary licences for import of raw materials and consumables under the provisions made in this policy for

- the grant of supplementary licenses to Actual Users (Industrial);
- (c) they can obtain raw materials from the canalising agencies concerned in the same manner as Actual Users (Industrial);
- (d) loan licensees are not permitted to import consumables under Open General Licence. Their requirements in this regard can be met through the system of supplementary licensing.
- (2) Import licences issued to loan licensees will not bear the condition regarding utilisation of raw materials and consumables in the factory of the licensee. A suitable endorsement will be made on such licences permitting the loan licensees to get their goods processed in other factories licensed under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940.
- (3) The new units of loan licensees can apply for import of raw materials and consumables under the provisions made in this policy for Actual Users (Industrial).
- (4) Actual Users (Industrial), who manufacture goods on behalf of loan licensees, shall not include the consumption of imported inputs on that account in their consumption statement, while claiming supplementary licences for their own production needs.

# New/Proposed Units

- 91(1) Under this policy, new units will be those which come into regular production on or after 1st April of the licensing year.
- (2) It is expected that new/proposed units will be able to meet their requirements of raw materials, components and consumables etc. from indigenous and/or under Open General Licence. sources However, where import of an item appearing in Appendices 2 Part B and 3 for a small amount is considered essential even to begin with, such new/ proposed units, on the basis of the recommendations made by the concerned sponsoring authority, will be eligible to get licences covering their requirements for twelve months in respect of the items appearing in Appendices 2 Part B and 3. The maximum value of any such licence in the case of small scale units will be Rs. 50,000.
- (3) Where an Actual User (Industrial) is granted a new Licence or Registration Certificate for the manufacture of a new product in the same undertaking or has been approved for manufacture of a new

model (as distinct from a new product) in the same undertaking, he may use the supplementary licences already available to him to proceed with the new production, after getting such new end-product endorsed on the licence on the recommendation of the sponsoring authority. However, if for the purpose of proceeding with the manufacture of the new article, the Actual User (Industrial) has to instal additional Capital Goods or is in need of raw materials, components, or consumables, which are not covered by the licences held by him already, he may apply for supplementary licences in accordance with the prescribed procedures.

(4) For their additional requirements, new/proposed units can apply for supplementary licence in accordance with the prescribed procedure.

92(1). In the case of proposed units, licences will be issued only after the sponsoring authority has certified that the applicant has made firm arrangements for land/premises, power and water supply and also the plant, machinery and equipment required for his production. Licences will be limited to 12 months requirements as assessed by the sponsoring authority. In the case of small scale units, licences will be limited to Rs. 50,000 maximum and the first licence will be issued in their favour through the State Industrial Development Corporation or State Financial Corporation, as desired by the applicant, to enable such Corporation to ensure proper use of the imported material. Alternatively, if the applicant wants a licence in his own name, he should furnish a bond and bank guarantee for 25 per cent of the value of the actual imports, at the time of clearance. The bond will be discharged only after the sponsoring authority has certified that the unit has properly utilised the imported material. The form of bond to be furnished by the proposed units has been given in Appendix V of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88.

(2) The condition that a proposed unit should obtain its first licence through the State Industrial Development Corporation or State Financial Corporation, or alternatively, furnish a bond or bank guarantee for 25 per cent of the value of actual imports at the time of clearance, as laid down in sub-para (1) will also apply to the import of raw materials, components and consumables under Open General Licence. Therefore, the sponsoring authorities, while issuing registration certificates to proposed units, should clearly math the registration certificate with the words "proposed unit" at the top.

(3) In the case of 'Proposal Units' where regular production has started and permanent registration number has ben allotted to that unit by the sponsoring authority, the condition of a bond and bank guarantee, referred to in sub-paras (1) and (2) above, shall not apply.

Special facilities for industries set up in Backward Areas or by graduates/diploma holders in professional subjects or by ex-servicemen/persons belonging to scheduled castes/scheduled tribes.

93. In these cases, the maximum value of the licence shall be Rs. 75,000 in respect of new or proposed small scale units instead of the normal Rs. 50,000 referred to in sub-para 91(2) above (other conditions applicable thereto being the same). They will also be eligible for preferential treatment in the matter of canalised items as provided in Chapter IV of this Book. The list of Backward Areas to which this facility applies is given in Appendix V of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88.

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Import of Components by DGTD Units/Textile Machinery Manufacturing Units subject to phased Manufacturing Programme

94(1). Import of components by DGTD units and units registered with the Textile Commissioner for Textile Machinery items will be regulated in conformity with the approved phased manufacturing programme pertaining to the unit concerned. The special procedure in this regard is contained hereunder.

# Import of Components by DGTD/Textile Machinery Manufacturing Units under Open General Licence

- (2) DGTD units and Textile Machinery manufacturing units desiring to import components under Open General Licence will be required to obtain prior clearance from the DGTD/Textile Commissioner, as the case may be.
- (3) Such DGTD units and textile machinery manufacturing units should send a list of components sought to be imported under Open General Licence during the licensing year, giving clearly the description of each component and their number. The list should be sent under Registered Post (AD) to DGTD (Import and Export Policy Cell), Udyog Bhavan, New Dclhi, or delivered personally at the counter in

the DGTD office, Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi against anknowledgement bearing the date of receipt in the BGTD or to the Textile Commissioner, New Central Government Offices Building, New Marine Lines, Church Gate, Bombay-400020, as the case may be.

- will **DGTD/Textile** Commissioner (4) The scrutinise the list with reference to the phased manufacturing programme of the concerned unit and allow those items of components which are in conformity with the implementation of the phased manufacturing programme. The list of components thus cleared by the DGTD/Textile Commissioner will be attested by them. The officer attesting the list will also put down his seal below his signature. The list attested by the DGTD/Textile Commissioner will be sent to the unit concerned, which should be presented at the time of clearance of components through the customs under Open Genreal Licence during the licensing year if the import is otherwise covered by OGL and conforms to other conditions laid down in the relevant import policy.
- (5) Where the Actual User does not receive the list of components duly attested by the DGTD/ Textile Commissioner within 30 days of the date on which the list was received in the DGID, Textile Commissioner's office, it will be open to him to get the goods cleared through the customs on the basis of the list that was given to the DGTD/Textile Commissioner for attestation, without waiting further for the DGID/ Textile Commissioner's attestation. In such a case, the list of items presented by the Actual User to the authority should bear a clear certificate thereon signed by the Director, proprietor or partner of the actual user concerned or the office bearer where the actual user is a co-operative society or an association, to the effect that the list, in question, was received in the DGTD/Textile Commissioner's Office on (date to be given) and the same duly attested by the DGTD/Textile Commissioner has not been received till (date to be given). The customs authorities will then allow clearance of the items appearing in the list under Open General Licence in this Book, if the import is otherwise covered by OGL and conforms to other conditions laid down in the relevant import policy.

# Import of Components by DGTD Units and Textile Machinery Manufacturing Units under Flexibility Provisions

(6) The List Attestation Procedure detailed above will also apply to import of components under flexibility provisions such as para 204 of this Book by the

DGTD units and Jextile Machinery Manufacturing Units which are or have been subject to phased manutacturing programme. The castoms will allow clearance of such components under flexibility provisions in accordance with the List Attestation Procedure laid down, if the import is otherwise in order and in conformity with the various provisions in the relevant import policy.

- (7) Where a DGTD unit and Textile Machinery Manufacturing Unit importing components under Open General Licence or under flexibility provisions is not or has not been subject to any phased manufacturing programme, a declaration to this effect should be given on the relevant Bill of Entry or any other document prescribed by rules, at the time of clearance of goods through the customs. In their case, the List Attestation Procedure will not apply.
- (8) The List Attestation Procedure will not apply to all small scale units and large scale units (other than those registered with DGTD and Textile Commissioner) for import of components under OGL or against supplementary licences or under flexibility provisions. This procedure will also not apply to the import of electronic components both for DGTD units and other units.

# Imports of Components by DGTD Units and Textile Machinery Manufacturing Units for Export Production

- (9) A manufacturer-exporter requiring to import components for the manufacture of machinery/equipment for export production can apply for an Advance Licence under the Duty Exemption Scheme in the form and manner laid down in Appendix 19 of this Book. The provisions of the phased manufacturing programme will not be relevant in such cases.
- (10) A manufacturer-exporter requiring to import components for the manufacture of machinery/ equipment for export production can also apply for Imprest licence in accordance with the prescribed policy and the procedures laid down. The applications in such cases should be accompanied by a certificate of a professional independent Chartered Accountant (or Chief Technical Officer incharge of production) to the effect that the components to be imported are required in the manufacture of the mathinery/ equipment to be exported. The certificate should give the names of components to be imported, with their quantity and value itemwise, and the description of the product to be exported and its f.o.b. value The provisions of the phased manufacturing programme will not be relevant in such cases.

(11) List Attestation Procedure referred to in sub-paras (1) to (10) above will also apply to the units for which the phased manufacturing programme is over, in the same way as the units in whose case the phased manufacturing programme is still current. However, in their case, the import of components shall be of the same level as imports allowed to the concerned unit in the final year of the phased manufacturing programme.

# **ACTUAL USERS (NON-INDUSTRIAL)**

95. Import of items other than spares and Capital Goods—Actual Users (Non-Industrial) may also apply for licences in respect of their other essential requirements, to the concerned licensing authorities, on the basis of the recommendation of the Directors of Industries concerned—or of the concerned other Government authorities, if any, as advised in writing by the Directors of Industries. The clearance of the Department of Electronics would, however, be required for import of any electronics item including facsimile equipment for a value of Rs. 5 lakhs or more and marine electronics equipment and parts thereof irrespective of the value. The sponsoring authority will in such cases obtain the clearance of the Department of Electronics before recommending the application for licence. Similarly, before recommending an item appearing in Appendices 2 Part-B, 3 and 8, the sponsoring authority will obtain clearance of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.

### **R&D** Units

96. Any Research and Development unit, other scientific or research laboratory, any institution of higher education or a hospital, receipt ed by the Central or a State Government, will be eligible to import its requirements of raw materials, components, consumables, and spares (but not consumer goods, howsoever described and office machines) under Open General Licence (subject to the Actual User condition).

### Industrial X-ray films/Graphic Art films.

97. (1) Actual Users (Non-Industrial) requiring to import industrial X-ray films, graphic art films and drawing reproduction films, for their own professional use, may apply for import licence to the regional licensing authority concerned through the State Director of Industries. Such applications will be considered in consultation with Directorate General of Technical Development (Import & Export Policy Cell), New Delhi.

## Servicing Units

- (2) Actual Users (Non-Industrial) working as jobbing repair/servicing units including servicing of conveyor belt systems, and requiring splicing materials and other items for cold vulcanising and repairs of conveyor belts and other allied jobs, may be granted import licences to meet their requirements in respect of items not manufactured in the country in consultation with the DGTD. The value of the licence will be determined having regard to the size of jobs undertaken in the previous three years. Applications should be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned through the DGTD (Import & Export Policy Cell), Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi.
- (3) Actual Users (Non-Industrial) eligible for an import licence under this provision may also be granted licence on repeat basis once for the same value and items for which they obtained a licence in the previous year; subject to a maximum value ceiling of Rs. 1.0 lakh (cif). Applications for a higher value should be made through the DGTD.
- (4) Actual Users (Non-Industrial) who are not covered by the definition laid down in sub-para 7(4) of this policy, but who need to import essential requirements for carrying out their business, trade or profession, whether for the purpose of gain or not, may also apply for import licences through the State Director of Industries or other concerned Government authorities. Such applications should be addressed only to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.

# Substitution of import content by indigenous materials

98. Details regarding substitution of import content by indigenous materials are given in Chapter VIII of this Book.

Facilities for import of raw materials, components and consumables by Non-resident Indians/persons of Indian origin returning to India for permanent settlement.

99. Non-resident Indians/persons of Indian origin who are returning to India for permanent settlement and they undertake to set up a new industry which conforms to the Government industrial policy in force or participate in the expansion or diversification of an existing unit within the framework of industrial policy; or they wish to set up a servicing unit, will be allowed to import raw materials, components, consumables and spares under this policy for meeting the requirements of three years (one year at a time), subject to a

maximum of Rs. 5 lakhs in value for each year, provided such raw materials, components, consumatioles and spares are purchased out of the applicant's for eigh exchange earnings abroad. This facility will also be available in cases where the machinery is not in t from abroad but purchased indigenously. The carry also be no objection in entertaining mo.e than one application under this provision provided the total value of such imports is within the overall prescribed limit of Rs. 5 lakhs. For their requirements from the fourth year onwards, they should apply as per the normal policy applicable from time to time, unless, in their own interest, they wish to switch over to the normal policy any time earlier. Under this provision, import of canalised items and items in Appendix 2 will not be allowed. Also, in respect of items appearing in Appendix 3, prior clearance of DGTD would be necessary.

- 100. (1) Non-Resident Indians/persons of Indian origin who are allowed to import raw materials, components, consumables and spares under the provisions made in para 99 above will be allowed to import these items for meeting their first 12 months' requirements, under Open General Licence, subject to a maximum of Rs. 5 lakhs in value, provided the items imported are purchased out of the importer's earnings/resources abroad and do not involve any remittance from India. For items appearing in Appendix 3 of the import policy, prior clearance from DGTD sl." be obtained and produced to the Customs authority at the time of import. Under this provision, import of canalised items and items in Appendix 2 will not be allowed. While importing under OGL, the importer shall furnish the following declaration to the Customs:—
  - (i) The imported raw materials etc. shall be used in the industry being set up by the importer in India.
  - (ii) The industry in which the imported raw materials etc. shall be used, will not have a total capital investment in plant and machinery of a value more than the upper limit fixed for small scale industries, in para 7(5) of Import and Export Policy (Vol. I) for 1985-88.
  - (iii) The imported raw materials etc. have been purchased out of importer's earnings/resources abroad, and does not involve any remittance from India.

- (iv) The import shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition to differ conditions as applicable to non-real ent Indians under the provisions of the import policy in force.
- (v) Within the month of the date of clearance from the content, the importer shall inform about the content, the importer shall inform about the rest of the raw materials etc., in que and the Director of Industries of the Stall in which the raw materials etc. shall be used. (In the case of import of electronics items, the intimation should be sent to the Deptt. of Electronics, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi with a copy to the concerned Director of Industries).
- (2) For the import of (i) raw materials, components, consumables and spares for the second and third year, and (ii) other items as permissible under these provisions, the applicants will be required to obtain import licences.
- (3) In cases where the Non-resident Indian/person of Indian origin desires to obtain a Customs Clearance Permit in respect of items which are otherwise allowed for import under Open General Licence, with a view to availing of concessional rate of duty under 'Project Import' facility, wherever eligible, he may apply for issue of CCP.
- (4) Applications for import of raw materials components, consumables and spares should be made in the form specifically prescribed for this purpose in the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88 till such time the applicant switches over to the normal policy applicable to Actual Users. These applications should be made to Special Approvals Committee (NRI), Department of Industrial Development, Udyog Bhawan, New Delhi.
- (5) Applications for the grant of industrial licence in the prescribed form IL duly filled in with 14 spare copies and proposal for foreign collaboration will also be considered by the Special Approvals Committee (NRI). Every proposal so received from a non-resident Indian/person of Indian origin will be considered on a composite basis including issue of industrial licences, where necessary. Government's decision will be communicated to the applicant within a period of 45 days.
- (6) The industrial units concerned (i they are new) will be required to get themselves registered with the sponsoring authorities concerned, except in cases referred to in sub-paras (3) and (4) above, within

a period of one year from the date of import of Capital Goods, in accordance with the policy laid down.

## Special Scheme for Electronics Industry

101. Import of raw materials, components, consumables and spares to meet the first 12 months' requirements of the unit, set up under the Special Scheme for Electronics Industry, as referred to in Para 49 in Chapter III above, can be allowed under Open General Licence, purchased out of the foreign exchange earnings abroad of the concerned non-resident Indian, person of Indian origin except that items appearing in Appendices 2 Part B and 3 of Import Policy, 1985-68, would require prior clearance from the Department of Electronics in case the value exceeds Rs. 5 lakhs, and such clearance will have to be produced to the customs authority at the time of import. From the second year onwards, the requirements of raw materials, components, consumables, and spares of these units will be met as per the normal import policy.

# Import of Iron, Steel and Ferro Alloy Items

- 102. (1) The import policy for iron, steel and ferro alloy items will be the same in the case of Actual Users (Industrial) as that applicable to non-iron and steel items. The lists of Restricted and Limited permissible items are given in Appendices 2 Part B and 3 Part-B respectively. The list of Canalised items appears in Appendix 5 Part A.
- (2) Applications for supplementary licence should be made through the sponsoring authority concerned, with all the details of the nature laid down for non-iron and steel items. The procedure for their disposal will be laid down by the Chief Controller of imports and Exports on the advice of the Department of Steel, New Delhi.
- 103. All nems of from steel and ferre sileys to be imported under the policy should be of print quality only, except in case of items individually appearing otherwise in Appendices 2 Part-B, 3 Part-B 5 Part-A and 6. In case of any doubt whether in item of particular specification/size, etc. is, for the purpose of making an application, covered within the description contained in any of the entries in the stad Appendices or can be imported against a licence or under Open General Licence, the importer/applicant my seek clarification in advance from the Department of Steel, Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi. This would include queries as to whether material required by no Actual User (Industrial) is melting scrap or not. The terminology

and definition for iron, steel and ferro-alloy items are in accordance with those appearing in the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, unless otherwise indicated in Chapter II.

- 104. Applications from Actual Users (Non-Industrial) for iron, steel and ferro alloy items will be considered on merits by the concerned licensing authority in consultation with the Iron and Steel Controller.
- 105. All importers of iron and steel, ferro alloys and ferrous scrap shall, invariably on receipt of shipping document, report the details of import to the Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta giving specifications, quantity imported against each specification, value (c.i.f., f.o.b., c&f, c.e.c.f.o. as the case may be) and the end use for which the import is made.

#### CHAPTER VI

#### IMPORT OF SPARES

# Open General Licence

106. Import of spares other than those included in Appendices 2 Part B, 3 Part A, 8 and 10 will be allowed under Open General Licence by Actual Users, subject to 'Actual User' and other conditions laid down

- 107(1). Spares have been divided into the following two categories:—
  - (i) Permissible spares i.e., the items other than those appearing individually in Appendices 2, 3 Part-A, 8 or 10; and
  - (ii) 'Restricted' spares i.e. items appearing individually in Appendices 2, 3 Part-A or 10.
- (2) The following items will also be treated as permissible spares:—
  - (a) Reaction flask and reaction vessels of industrial glass of capacity 100 Lt, and above, when required to be imported as replacement for an industrial glass reaction equipment;
  - (b) Distillation stills and heat exchangers made of industrial glass with diameter 6" and above; and

(c) Heat exchangers or condensors made of industrial glass of diameter 15.24 cms and above when required as replacement in stills with rectifying columns made of industrial glass of 7.62 cms diameter and above.

# Import of permissible spares

- 108(1). Actual Users (both Industrial and Non-Industrial) will be permitted to import under Open General Licence permissible spares which are required by them for operation and maintenance of the capital goods, including accessories, ancillary equipment, control and laboratory equipment and safety appliances, installed or in use by them as on 1st April of the licensing year.
- (2) Private companies operating aircrafts and those engaged in aerial spraying of crops as are covered by the definition of Actual Users (Non-Industrial) can also import permissible spares for maintenance of their aircrafts, under Open General Licence.
- (3) The facility for import of permissible spares under OGL available to Actual Users can also be availed of by shipping companies for operation and maintenance of their ships.
- (4) Actual Users (Industrial) will furnish to the customs authorities, at the time of clearance a declaration giving particulars of their Industrial Licences/Registration Certificates, as appropriate, and solemnly affirming that such Licence/Registration has not been cancelled or withdrawn or otherwise made inoperative. In cases where separate Registration number is not allotted by the sponsoring authority concerned, the importer shall produce other evidence to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that he is registered as an industrial unit. The Actual User will also furnish a declaration to the customs authority that the spaces imported are those required for operation and maintenance of the machinery installed or in use by him as on 1st April of the licensing year, as referred to in sub-para (1) above.
- (5) Actual Users (Non-Industrial) shall, at the time of clearance of the goods, furnish to the customs authorities the original or a photostat copy of the (currently valid) Registration Certificate or licences held by them under the Shops and Establishments Act, Cinematographic Act, or appropriate local statute

### Import of restricted spares

- 109(1). Actual Users (both Industrial and Non-Industrial) may apply for a licence for import of 'restricted' spare at the rate of two per cent of the c.i.f. value of all the imported plant, machinery and equipment and/or one per cent of the purchase price of any indigenous plant machinery and equipment, having imported components, installed or in use by them as on 1st April of the licensing year.
- (2) Licences for 'restricted' spares will be issued with the general description—"Restricted spares required for operation and maintenance of the capital goods installed or used by the licence-holder, including spares of ancillary equipment, control and laboratory equipment and safety appliances". The customs authorities will allow clearance of the imports on a declaration that these imported 'restricted' spares are required for operation and maintenance of the capital goods installed or used by the Actual User in his tactory/establishment/institution.
- (3) Imports made of a single 'restricted' spare should not exceed Rs. 1.5 lakhs. For this purpose the 'single' item shall have the same meaning as defined in Chapter I of this Book.
- (4) In respect of item appearing in Appendix 10, the maximum value limit of Rs. 1.5 lakh fixed for a single item of 'restricted' spares will not apply if not more than one piece each of them is imported, and the import is within the overall value of the licence meant for import of 'restricted' spares.
- (5) Actual Users whose requirements of 'restricted' spares cannot be met under this provision may apply for supplementary licences under para 82.

### Import of spares for after-sales services

110(1). Actual Users (Industrial) will be eligible to get licences calculated at 1.5 per cent of the exfactory value of production or 2 per cent of c.i.f. value of imported components, whichever is higher, during the last three financial years, for import of spares needed for the purpose of providing wararnty coverage or after-sales service (whether free of cost or at a price) to their customers. Only such spares shall be permitted as were/are used by them as components of the said items at the time of manufacture. Applications should be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned, accompanied by a certificate from a Chartered or Cost Accountant or Company Secretary who is not a partner or a director or an employee of the applicant firm or its associate, as to

the eligible value. Actual Users (Industrial) engaged in the industries listed in Appendix 9 only will be eligible to apply for import licence under this sub-para.

- (2) Manufacturers of consumer electronics goods will also be eligible to get licences for spares calculated at 1.5 per cent of the ex-factory value of production during the last three financial years for providing warranty coverage or after-sales service, subject to the conditions laid down in sub paras (1) and (3) to (5) of this para.
- (3) The maximum value of the licence issued under sub-paras (1) and (2) above will be Rs. 25 lakhs (or Rs. 50 lakhs for Actual Users engaged in manufacture of power boilers or Turbo Generators of capacity 60 MW and above and Earth Moving Equipments). Additional requirements, if any, will be considered on application for supplementary licences made to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, through the sponsoring authority concerned.
- (4) Actual Users (Industrial) engaged in Industries other than those listed in Appendix 9 may apply to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi through the sponsoring authority concerned, if they need to import spares for after-sales service, giving full justification,
- (5) Names of Actual Users (Industrial) receiving licences for import of spares under this provision will be compiled and a watch kept on the standard of service rendered by them to the customers.

### Import of Emergency spares

111(1). Applications for grant of licences for import of emergency spares required in the case of an actual break-down or imminent break-down of production machinery will be considered from any Actual User as and when received. Such licences for emergency spares will be granted by the licensing authority concerned for the value applied for, on the basis of a declaration from the Chief Executive i.e., Chairman/Managing Director/Executive Managing Partner in the case of a corporate body, to that effect giving the broad particulars necessitating the emergent import. The applicant should furnish a list—in fair though not in exact detail—of the spares (and consumables, if any), sought to be imported. This should be stamped by the official scal of the applicant and after due attestation by the licensing authority, will form part of the licence to be issued (without going into their indigenous availability angle).

- (2) Under this provision, applications may also be considered, on merits from Actual Users (N n-Industrial) for import of emergency spaces of a machinery which is intimately connected with the daily activities of the applicant.
- (3) State Electricity Boards/Projects/Undertakings can also avail of the facility for grant of emergency spare licences.
- (4) The facility for the grant of emergency spares licences will also be available to departmentally-run undertakings and Railways to the extent that they will not, in such cases, have to obtain indigenous clearance. Import licences for emergency spares in their case will, however, be issued within the overall foreign exchange released to them by Government for imports of raw materials, components, consumables and spares.
- (5) Import of capital goods as spares will not be allowed under these provisions.

# Government Departments, Departmentally-run-Undertakings etc.

112. Provisions for import of spares by Government Departments, Departmentally-run-Undertakings, ONGC, Oil India Ltd., Gas Authority of India Ltd., Bharat Gold Mines Ltd., Coal India Ltd., State Electricity Boards etc. are given in Chapter VII of this book.

# Import of Motor Vehicle spares

- 113(1). Import of spares for imported motor vehicles or tractors will be allowed under Open General Licence, upto a maximum value of Rs. 5,000 for each imported vehicle/tractor. At the time of clearance of imported spares, the importer should furnish to the customs authorities the valid registration and other certificates under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 and also a declaration that the total imports made by him during the year have not exceeded Rs. 5,000 per imported vehicle/tractor, including the consignment to be cleared. This facility can also be availed of through registered Associations/Cooperative Societies/State Agro-Industries Development Corporations, as laid down in Chapter II of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88.
- (2) Persons owning a fleet of at least 25 motor vehicles will be eligible to import permissible spares (i.e. spares not appearing in Appendices 2, 3 Part-A, 8 and 10) under OGL for maintenance of their vehicles as Actual Users (Non-Industrial), subject

to 'Actual Users' condition. At the time of clearance they will furnish to the customs authority the evidence in support of their owning a fleet of at least 25 motor vehicles as on 1st April of the licensing year.

(3) Persons owning a fleet of at least 25 motor vehicles made indigenously, will be allowed to import 'restricted' spares on the basis of one per cent of the purchase value of the vehicles in their fleet as on 1st April of the licensing year subject, however, to a maximum of Rs. 1.5 lakhs. State Transport Undertakings may, however, apply for their additional requirements any time in the course of the year. Applications may be made to the regional licensing authority concerned, together with particulars of the operating fleet, and all relevant documents, as certified by the Chartered or Cost Accountant or Company Secretary who is not a partner, a director or an employee of the applicant firm or its associates or by its Chief Executive.

# Import of spares by Indian agents of foreign machinery/instruments manufacturers

114(1). Applications for the grant of import licences for spares of machinery/instruments (other than Metrological instruments and those mentioned in Appendix 8 of this Book, Office equipment and also of Computers) will be entertained from the Indian agents of foreign machinery/instruments manufacturers, to cnable them to import spares for stock and sale. The value of such licences may be calculated at 3 per cent of the c.i.f. value of machinery/instruments imported by the applicant himself or imported through him during the previous 10 financial years, as certified by an independent professional Chartered Accountant. Import licences issued in these cases will be subject to the condition that (i) only spares related to the machinery imported by or through the agent concerned will be allowed, (ii) import of a single item of spares listed in Appendix 3 Part-A of the Import Policy shall not exceed Rs. 1.5 lakh in value (c.i.f.), and (iii) import of other items of spares will not exceed Rs. 10 lakhs in value (c.i.f.) per item. A single item for this purpose will have the same meaning as defined in Chapter I of this Book. Items appearing in Appendices 2 and 10 will not be allowed under this provision. Import of canalised items and instruments will also not be allowed. Applications under this provision should be made to the CCI&E, New Delhi, in the prescribed form and manner. (Indian agents obtaining import licences under this provision will not be allowed to appoint someone else as an agent to operate the licence on their behalf).

(2) Applications for the grant of Supplementary licences for import of spares may also be considered by the CCI&E, New Delhi in cases where he is satisfied that the value of the licence to which the applicant is eligible under sub-para (1) of this paragraph will not be adequate to meet the requirements. Such applications will be considered in consultation with the technical authorities and the administrative Ministries concerned.

# Import of spares for Computers

115. Import of spares for computer systems will be governed entirely by the following provisions; they include permissible or 'restricted' spares.

116(1). The CMC Ltd. or any other agency approved by the Department of Electronics will be the designated procurement agencies for spares, tools and test equipment in respect of all computer systems maintained or planned to be maintained by them. They will procure spares, tools and test equipment in bulk upto a maximum value of 5 per cent per annum of the c.i.f. value of imported computer systems maintained under their own responsibility or in respect of similar systems maintained by users who may register themselves with the CMC Ltd. or any other agency approved by the Department of Electronics for procurement of spares (these agencies may set up bonded warehouses on the basis of understanding with manufacturers for such systems).

- (2) All Actual Users other than those covered in para 47(x) in Chapter III above and sub-para (1) above may obtain spares on the basis of Open General Licence (subject to the Actual User condition) upto a maximum of 5 per cent per annum of the c.i.f. value of the imported computer systems in use by them without obtaining prior clearance from Department of Electronics.
- (3) In respect of all indigenously manufactured computer systems, maintained by the CMC Ltd or any other agency approved by the Department of Electronics or in-house by the users or by the indigenous manufacturers as a part of their services to the users, spares upto a maximum of 2 per cent per annum of the sale price of the computer system, may be imported under Open General Licence (subject to the Actual User conditions), without obtaining prior clearance from the Department of Electronics. The CMC Ltd. or any other agency approved by the Department of Electronics or indigenous manufacturers with whom the users are registered for maintenance services and/or for supply of spares (for carrying out

in-house maintenance) can also import spares under OGL, on their behalf, under this provision, upto a maximum of 2 per cent per annum of the sale price of computer system.

- (4) For the purposes of sub-paras (1) and (2) above, the c.i.f. value of an used system purchased by the Actual User shall be reckoned at 48 times the monthly rent paid thereon immediately prior to the date of purchase or the purchase price of an equivalent new machine, whichever is lower.
- (5) Import applications to cover requirements of spares in excess of the limits laid down in sub-paras (1) to (3) above, may be considered by the licensing authorities concerned on the recommendation of the Department of Electronics, New Delhi.
- (6) Spares, tools and test equipments imported under the provisions made in this Chapter can be transferred by the concerned Actual Users to the CMC Ltd. or any other agency approved by the Department of Electronics for the purpose of pooling of resources.
- (7) Import of electronic spares for dedicated computers attached to capital equipment will be allowed as per the policy for import of machinery spares.
- (8) Spares for computers which are an integral part of photo composing systems will be allowed upto 5 per cent of the cost of the photo composing machine without clearance of the Department of Electronics.
- (9) The above provisions will also apply to all Research & Development institutions, educational institutions, hospitals and such other organisations which are otherwise eligible to import their requirements under Open General Licence.

# Import of spares against Capital Goods licences: Flexibility

- 117. (i) Spares required, as per the advice of the supplier, (whether permissible or restricted) for the maintenance and operation of the capital goods concerned, may, if not provided for in the licence specially, be imported to the extent of 10 per cent of the value of the C.G. licence, but within its overall value.
- (ii) Where a licence incorporates the requisite spares (or "spare parts") but without any list or value applicable thereto reparately,

- the licence holder will have the facility provided in sub-para (i) above to import spares upto 10% of the value thereof.
- (iii) Where the licence has been issued, without or with an item-wise list, setting down a separate value for spares (item-wise or in total), the said value will supersede the above mentioned limit of 10%.
- (iv) Within the value of the C.G. licence, accessories (or attachments) of the capital goods concerned and toolings required for its initial operation may be imported upto 10% thereof.
- (v) In all the above cases, the said spares and accessories (or attachments) or toolings may be imported even after the main equipment has been delivered but within the validity of the licence.

# **Shipping Companies**

118. The facility for import of permissible spares under Open General Licence available to Actual Users, can also be availed of by shipping companies for operation and maintenance of their ships.

### Shipbuilding Industry

119. Industrial undertakings engaged in shipbuilding can import permissible spares for maintenance of their machinery, under Open General Licence, in accordance with the normal policy.

### Spares for Ship repairs/Ship stores

- 120. (1) Applications for the grant of licences will be considered from workshops engaged in ship repairing for import of spares required by them for replacement while doing repair work. Import licences will be issued on the recommendation of Director General of Shipping, Bombay. Applications should be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned through D.G. Shipping. In respect of 'restricted' spares involving import of more than Rs. 1.5 lakhs in value, per item, the licensing authority will obtain prior clearance of the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi.
- (2) Applications for import of spares of ships will be entertained from stockists approved by the Director General of Shipping, Bombay. Applications may be made to the Jt. C.C.I&E. Bombay in the prescribed form and manner through D.G. Shipping, Bombay. Import licences will be issued on the recommendations

of that Department and shall be subject to the value restrictions laid down in sub-para (1) above. The imported spares would be meant for stock and sale. On the recommendation of DG Shipping, these stockists may also be allowed to import life saving and fire-fighting equipment for use in ships, for stock and sale.

# Import of spares for Airlines-Indian and Foreign

- 121(1). Air India. Indian Airlines and other Airlines who are members of the I.A.T.A. can import under Open General Licence, the spares, consumables (excluding any greases and lubricants covered by the Appendix 5 Part-B and to be supplied by Indian Oil Corporation to them), aircraft tyres and tubes, manuals, technical drawings, illustrations and other technical literature pertaining to the fleet of aircraft operated and maintained by them, and the associate test and training equipment. The concerned Airlines shall, within seven days of clearance of each such consignment, intimate to the Director General of Civil Aviation, New Delhi, the particulars of the items imported, the quantity and c.i.f. value thereof and shall also maintain a register of their inventory/utilisation in such manner as he may desire. All these shall be open for inspection by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports at any time.
- (2) In specific cases, import licences/CCPs may be issued by the CCI&E, New Delhi, on the recommendation of the Director General of Civil Aviation, New Delhi, for the import of requirements referred to in sub-para (1) above.
- (3) In respect of their other requirements, however, they should make an application to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi through the Director General of Civil Aviation, New Delhi. Licence will be granted on his recommendation only. Import shall not, however, be allowed in respect of items available from indigenous sources to Air India and Indian Airlines.
- 122. (1) Airlines, who are not members of I.A.T.A., may apply for import licences/CCPs to meet their requirements. Such applications may be made to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi through the Director General of Civil Aviation, New Delhi. Import licences/CCPs may be issued on the recommendations of D.G.C.A.
- (2) Private Companies operating aircraft and those engaged in aerial spraying of crops as are covered by the definition of Actual User (Non-industrial), can

- import permissible spares under Open General Licence for maintenance of their aircraft.
- (3) Import of aircraft spares can be made under Open General Licence, for maintenance of executive/training aircrafts in both private and public sectors. Imports shall be subject to Actual User condition.
- (4) Applications for import of spares of aircrafts will be entertained from stockists approved by the Department of Civil Aviation, New Delhi. Applications may be made to the CCI&E, New Delhi in the prescribed form and manner through the Department of Civil Aviation, New Delhi. Import licence will be issued on the recommendation of that Department. The imported spares would be meant for stock and sale.

## Spares for R&D Units

123. Research and Development units, scientific or research laboratories, institutions of higher education and hospitals, recognised by the Central or a State Government, can import without an import licence, their requirements of spares, both permissible and 'restricted' without value limit—in terms of the provisions of Open General Licence applicable to them.

## Import of spares by Actual Users (Non-Industrial)

124. Actual Users (Non-Industrial), will be eligible to import permissible spares required by them under Open General Licence, subject, however, to the conditions applicable thereto. In addition, for meeting their requirements of 'restricted' spares, they will be eligible to get licences calculated at 2 per cent of the c.i.f. value of the imported plant, machinery and equipment and/or 1 per cent of the purchase price of any indigenous plant, machinery and equipment having imported components, in use by them as on 1st April of the licensing year.

## Import of Spares by Workshops

125. Workshops engaged in the repair of machinery, instruments and vehicles, as are covered by the definition of Actual User (Non-industrial) laid down in para 7 of this policy, may apply for the grant of licences for import of spares required by them for replacement while doing repair work. Under this provision, import of those spares will be allowed which the Actual Users themselves can import under OGL as spares.

## Import of Instruments as spares

126. The procedure regarding import of Instruments as spares is given in Chapter III of this Book.

# CHAPTER VII

IMPORT BY GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS,
DEPARTMENTALLY-RUN UNDERTAKINGS
AND PUBLIC SECTOR ENTERPRISES

# Government Departments

127(1)(i) Government | Departments, as distinct from departmental undertakings, can import capital goods, raw materials, components, consumables and spares under Open General Licence on the basis of the foreign exchange released to them by the administrative Ministry concerned. In respect of items in Appendices 2 Part B and 3 or Capital Goods (other than those appearing in Appendix 1 Part-B only), they should obtain prior clearance from the DGTD before applying for release of foreign exchange. Where import of any electronic items including facsimile equipment for a c.i.f. value of Rs. 5 lakhs or more and marine electronics equipment and parts irrespective of the value involved, or communication equipment for a value more than Rs. one lakh is involved the import can be made only after clearance is given by the Department of Electronics. The customs authorities will allow clearance under O.G.L. on production of evidence to this effect.

(ii) The above facility for import under Open Genral Licence will, however, not be available for items in Appendices 1 Part A or 5. In such cases, applications may be submitted to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi. Import of such items will be allowed only against specific import licences.

# Departmentally-run Undertakings

thent ' run, undertakings can import the their committee in umables and spares (non-cart' 1) 1 11 Propen General Licence on the based to them by the ada intrative N 1 1 / Distribution of Economic After Income for Sin Appendices 2 Part B ' enous clearance from the an! 1 1 X11 1 4 11 r release of foreign exchange. In resident Cl. h) ndigenous clearance will be never a vi ne vi, he for release of foreign exchange ! here im ~ 1 c, any electronics items : ading facsimile equipment for a cli.f. value of Rs. 5.0 likhs or more or marine electronics equipment and parts irrespective of value or communication equipment for a value more than Rs one lakh is involved, the import c. the made only after clearance is given by the Department of Electronies The customs authorities will allow clearance under OGL on production of evidence to this effect. Such undertakings can also import Capital Goods listed in Appendix 1 Part-3 and Jigs, fixtures, dies and patterns, moulds (meading moulds for die-casting) and press tools and its thereof (other than those in Appendices 1 Part 2, 2 and 3 Part A), under OGL, subject to the tions laid down, on the basis of foreign explange released to them by the administrative Marry/Department of Economic Affairs. For imput of other capital goods, such undertakings can apply the prolicences on the basis of foreign exchange in the indigenous clearance from DGTD and Department of Electronics.

# Railways

(3) The provisions made in sub-nwa (2) above will also apply to the import by R it ays

## Electricity Boards etc.

(4) State Electricity Boards/Projects Undertakings in the public sector can import span, u for Open General Licence against release of e by Government in their favour. Be 13 iei\_n exchange release, they should of us clearance from DGTD in respect of i' spaies sought to be imported. Where it is for a circuites items for a c.i.f. value of Rs. 5. . . . . . . . . o manne electronics equipment and parts the plative of value or communication equipment for a value more than Rs. one lakh is involved, the mp it can be mide only after clearance is given by a Dentitment of The customs and mass will allow Electronics. clearance under OGL on pod to n of evidence to this effect.

# ONGC, Oil India & Gas Authority of India Ltd.

(5) The Oil and Native Grand on some has been allowed to import its required that the consumer goods, howsoever describe ) and rule Open General Licence, after requisite 101 to of for in exchange and indigenous clearance is a the DG1D. No indigenous clearance will 1 - es y for import of machinery appearing in ix 1 Part-B and permissible spares. Where a port of any electronics items including facsimile comment for a c.i.f. value of Ps 5 taklis or more or min 2 electronics equipment and first irrespective of the value or communication equipment for a value of more than Rs. one lakh is involved, the import can be at the only after clearance is given by the D | rn t of F' closs. The customs authorit 1 1 OGL on production of evidence to this effect to I is facility will also be available to Mr. Calling that all Gas Authority of Ind a Ltd.

- (6) The facility available to the Oil & Natural Gas Commission to import its requirements under OGL will also be available in cases where a service contract has been awarded to a foreign contractor, who brings equipment for execution of work, provided that (a) import of such equipment is not to be paid for and (b) the ONGC undertakes that such equipment shall be re-exported after completion of the work. If the imported equipment is fitted with any item such as projector or camera etc., which forms its part, the import of such consumer durables will also be allowed subject to the ONGC undertaking their re-export along with the main equipment. Imports in such cases will not require release of foreign exchange or indigenous clearance. This facility will also be available to M/s. Oil India Ltd. and Gas Authority of India Ltd.
- (7) Public sector undertakings receiving on-shere/off-shore contracts from the Oil & Natural Gas Commission or Oil India Ltd. or Gas Authority of India Ltd. can import goods required by them for execution of such contracts, under Open General Licence, after the requisite release of foreign exchange and indigenous clearance from the DGTD/Department of Electronics.
- (8) Where any on-shore/off-shore contract is awarded to M/s. Mazagaon Docks Ltd. or to any other similar undertakings in the public sector, and the services of foreign engineers/specialists are engaged for completion of the work, the import of tools, instruments and equipment brought by such engineers/specialists will be allowed under Open General Licence, provided (a) the goods, in question, are not to be paid for and (b) M/s. Mazagaon Docks Ltd. etc. undertake that the imported tools, instruments and equipments shall be re-exported after completion of work.

## Bharat Gold Mines Ltd.

(9) The facility available to Oil & Natural Gas Commission/Oil India Ltd./GAIL for import of their requirements under Open General Licence, has also been extended to M/s. Bharat Gold Mines Ltd., subject to the conditions laid down.

#### Coal India etc.

- (10) The facility provided for in sub-para (5) above will also be available to the following undertakings for the import of Capital Goods required by them:—
  - (i) M/s. Coal India Ltd.
  - (ii) M/s. Neyveli Lignite Corporation Ltd.

- (iii) M/s. Bharat Coking Coal Ltd.
- (iv) M/s. Central Coalfields Ltd.
- (v) M/s. Eastern Conductes Ltd.
- (vi) M/s. Western Coalfields Ltd.
- (vii) M/s. Central Mine Planning & Design Institute Ltd.
- (viii) M/s. Singareni Collieries Company Ltd.

#### Defence Undertakings

- (11)(i) In the case of public sector enterprises under the Ministry of Defence, the following provisions will apply:—
  - (a) They will be eligible to import raw materials, components and spares under Open General Licence vide items 1, 2 and 4 of Appendix 6 subject to the conditions laid down therein.
  - (b) The R&D units will be eligible to import raw materials etc., under OGL vide item No. 5 and teaching aids vide item No. 7 in Appendix 6, subject to the conditions laid down therein.
  - (c) They will be eligible to get licences for import of spares needed for providing warranty coverage or after-sales service (whether free of cost or at a price) to their customers, as provided in para 110 above.
  - (d) They will be eligible to import Capital Goods listed in Appendix I Part-B and Jigs, fixtures etc. vide item No. 6 in Appendix 6, under OGL, subject to the inditions laid down therein.
  - (e) They will be eligible to import computer spares vide item No. 9 in Appendix 6, under OGL, subject to the conditions laid down therein.
  - (f) They will be eigible to import other items which 'Actual Users' and/or 'All persons' can import under OGL in Appendix 6, and required by Defence enterprises as raw materials, components or consumables.
- (ii) The total value of imports/licences available under sub-para (i) above shall not exceed the foreign exchange allotted to each unit by the Ministry of Defence for this purpose during the licensing year. At the

time of clearance through the customs or while making an application to the licensing authority, as the case may be, the applicant unit shall file a declaration to the effect that the value of goods under clearance/already cleared and the value of import licences obtained/applied for shall not exceed the total amount of foreign exchange released for the purpose by the Ministry of Defence to the unit concerned.

- (iii) For their additional requirements, if any, which cannot be met under (i) above the units concerned should apply for the import licences to the regional licensing authorities concerned on the basis of the specific/bulk release of foreign exchange by the Ministry of Defence. Before releasing foreign exchange the Ministry of Defence units concerned will obtain indigenous clearance from the DGTD (and the Department of Electronics in respect of electronics items referred to in para 127 above).
- (iv) Application for import of Capital Goods (other than those covered under OGL) should be made by such units in accordance with the prescribed procedure on the basis of the specific release of foreign exchange by the Ministry of Defence. Before releasing the foreign exchange, the Ministry of Defence will obtain indigenous clearance from the DGTD (and the Department of Electronics in respect of electronics items referred to in para 127 above).

# Doordarshan/AIR

(12) The Director General, Doordarshan/All India Radio in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, New Delhi may import under Open General Licence spares required for maintenance of T.V. equipment and other machinery used at Doordarshan Centres/Radio stations, against foreign exchange released for the purpose by the administrative Ministry/Department of Economic Affairs. In respect of spares falling in Appendices 2 Part-B and 3 Part-A prior clearance from DGTD should also be obtained. At the time of clearance through Customs, evidence regarding release of foreign exchange covering the import and DGTD clearance should be produced.

# Posts & Telecommunications

(13) Departments of Post and Telecommunications in the Ministry of Communications, New Delhi, may import under Open General Licence spares required for maintenance of equipment and other machinery used by the Department of Posts and Department of Telecommunications against foreign exchange released for

the purpose by the administrative Ministry/Department of Economic Atlairs. In respect of spares falling in Appendices 2 Part-B and 3 Part-A, prior clearance from DGTD should also be obtained. At the time of clearance through Customs, evidence regarding release of foreign exchange covering the import and DGTD clearance should be produced.

# Other Public Sector units

- (14) In the case of other public sector enterprises of the Central or State Governments, the policy and procedure as applicable to the private sector for import of raw materials, components, consumables, spares and capital goods would equally apply.
- (15) If a certain Government enterprise in the public sector is given special release of foreign exchange by the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs), and indigenous clearance for the tems sought to be imported has been obtained from the DGTD, the application for import licence based on this should be made to the regional licensing authority concerned with necessary evidence of foreign exchange release and indigenous clearance. Where import of any electronics items including facsimile equipment for a c.i.f. value of Rs. 5 lakhs or more or marine electronics equipment and parts prespective of the value or communication equipment for more than Rs. one lakh, is involved, the licence will be granted only after clearance is given by the Department of Electronics.
- (16) For emergency spares licences, separate provisions have been made in Chapter VI.

## CHAPTER VIII

# SPECIAL LICENSING PROVISIONS

128. Special requirements of certain items not covered by the general provisions will be considered on the basis given in the succeeding paragraphs. Applications should be made to the licensing authorities concerned

#### Import of Animals, Plants and Plant Material

129. Import of animals, birds and reptiles for Zoos and Zoological Parks or for Scientific, Research purposes will be allowed subject to the provisions of Convention on International Trade in Endangered

Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES). The concerned Zoo or Zoological Park or Scientific/Research Institution will have to obtain the recommendation of the Chief Wild Life Warden of the State concerned. Import under this category will be subject to inspection by Wild Life Preservation Department of Government of India.

130. Applications from breeding farms for import of livestock (excluding equine), pure line poultry stocks, frozen semen embryo, will be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, on the recommendation of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (Department of Agriculture and Cooperation), New Delhi, through whom they should be routed.

# Import of Stallions/broodmares

- 131. (1) Applications for import of stallions and broodmares, exclusively for breeding purposes, will be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports Exports, New Delhi. Such applications should made through the Director of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services of the State. Government concerned. Advence copies of the application should be sent to (i) The Animal Husbandry Commissioner, Deptt. of Agriculture and Cooperation, Krishi Bhavan, New Delhi; (ii) The Director Remount and Veterinary Services, West Block III, R. K. Puram, New Delhi and (iii) The Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi. The last date for submission of applications will be 31st May of the year to which the application pertains. Applications will be considered in consultation with the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, New Delhi, and subject to the following guidelines :-
  - (i) Import of animals will be subject to the Health regulations in force.
  - (ii) Applications will be considered only from stud farms which have been in existence for at least three years and registered with the Animal Husbandry Commissioner, Department of Agriculture and Cooperation, New Delhi. However, this period of three years may be relaxed on merits in individual cases.
  - (iii) In the case of stallions, broodmares, colts and fillies, the norm of 1.5 acres of land per animal would apply; and in the case of yearlings and foals, the norm for land would be one acre per animal.

- (iv) The c.i.f. value of a stallion to be imported should not exceed Rs. 5 lakes and that of a broodmare Rs. 2 lakes.
- (v) Import of broodmares may be allowed having regard to the imports already made, size and scale of of operation of the applicant farm, its breeding requirements and other relevant factors. Small stud farms having strength of less than 20 broodmares may be preferred for allowing import. Ordinarily not more than two broodmares will be allowed. In the case of stallions, import not exceeding one number may be considered if no stallion was imported in the last four years; this condition may be relaxed where necessary for reason such as infertility or death of the last imported animal.
- (2) Applications for import of stallions and broodmares for breeding purposes will also be considered on the basis of exports of horses made, on or after 1st April, 1981, by registered stud farms. this provision, import may be considered for a value up to 40% of the amount of foreign exchange earned from such exports of horses. Export of horses made for meeting export obligation stipulated against imports of horses already made will not be taken into account for this purpose. Original bank certificate showing realisation of export proceeds, supported by invoices and shipping bills should be produced alongwith the applications. The last date for submission of such applications will be 31st March of the year to which the application pertains. Applications should be made direct to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, with copy to the Animal Husbandry Commissioner, Department of Agriculture and Cooperation, Krishi Bhavan, New Delhi.
- (3) Applications for import of stallions and brood-mares for breeding purposes by way of gifts will also be considered subject to the procedures and guidelines indicated in para 131(1) above, provided the gift is only from close relations namely, father, mother, wife, husband, son, daughter, real brother or real sister, who has been residing abroad continuously for a period of not less than three years, and the gift is financed out of the donor's own earnings abroad. Import under this provision will count against the eligibility of the stud farms in terms of para 131(1) above.
- (4) Requirements of horses for polo should be met from indigenous sources. However, where the requirements cannot be met through indigenous supply, request for permission to import horses for pole

may be considered on ad hoc basis, on merits, by the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports in consultation with the authorities concerned.

- (5) For the purpose of clearance of stallions/ broodmares from the customs, a certificate of fitness issued either by the Veterinary Officer of the Government or from a qualified veterinary doctor registered with the Government of the country of origin concerned, will have to be furnished.
- 132. Import of poultry vaccines (all types) will be allowed under Open General Licence to poultry farms/hatcheries approved by the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, New Delhi, subject to the conditions applicable thereto.
- 133(1) Applications from accredited nurseries and others, including Government/Semi-Government institutions, for the import of living plants, seeds or other plant material will also be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, on the recommendation of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development/ICAR/Forest Research Institute/Botanical Survey of India, through whom the applications should be submitted.
- (2) All imports of plants, living material by land, sea or air shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the appropriate authority in the country of origin in the internationally recognised form, indicating that the consignment is free from injurious insect, pests plant diseases. To assure themselves of proper and timely help in this regard, eligible importers are advised to consult with and apply well in time to the Plant Protection Adviser or other officer authorised by him in Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine and Storage, Faridabad for the grant of an import permit under the provisions of the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 and produce it to the Plant Quarantine Authorities at the time of clearance of the imported consignment. Import of plant species listed in any of the Appendices of the Convention International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) shall be subject to inspection by the Deputy Director, Wild Life Preservation, Government of India.

# Import of Books (other than those covered by Open General Licence)

134(1). Dealers in books i.e. persons holding valid registration certificate under the concerned Shops and Establishments statute, whose purchase turn-over of books during the preceding year was Rs. 3 lakhs or

more, will be eligible to apply, along with a certificate of a Chartered/Cost Accountant or a Company Secretary, who is not a partner, a director or an employee of the applicant firm or its associates. Licences will be granted, on the basis of 10 per cent of the purchase turn-over for the import of:—

- (a) Books other than those covered by Open General Licence;
- (b) Fiction;
- (c) Non-technical magazines;
- (d) Children books; and
- (e) Teaching aids, the following:-
  - (i) Microfilms and microfiches of educational nature with or without readerscum-printers;
  - (ii) Film strips/slides of educational nature with or without audio cassettes; audio cassettes/video tapes of educational nature and video discs of educational nature, for a value not exceeding 10 percent of the value of the licence; and
  - (iii) Map globes.
- (2) Purchase turn-over referred in sub-para (1) above will also include purchases of journals, periodicals—technical and non-technical. This will also include the value of the books published by the dealers and actually sold by them.
- (3) In the case of books, import shall not be made by any one importer against the licence issued to him (including the licences, if any, issued to his branches) of more than 1,000 copies of a single title without the prior written clearance of the Ministry of Education, New Delhi. Imports of foreign editions of books for which editions of authorised Indian re-prints are available, will not be allowed. Foreign re-prints of Indian publications will be allowed on the basis of prior written permission of the Ministry of Education, New Delhi.
- (4) Licences may also be endorsed for import of other teaching aids, on the basis of the clearance given by the Ministry of Education, New Delhi.

- (5) Every importer holding a licence worth Rs. 1 lakh or more should furnish to the Ministry of Education (Book Promotion Division), the following particulars:—
  - (i) I'he number of titles of books imported by him during the preceding two years and those proposed to be imported during the current licensing year;
  - (ii) The details of the foreign titles if any reprinted by him during the preceding two years and those proposed to be reprinted in the current licensing year;
  - (iii) The value of licence obtained by him during the preceding year;
  - (iv) Copies of the indents and invoice, in respect of books imported by him during the preceding year either against a licence or under Open General Licence. Similar particulars for the current licensing year should also be furnished on a quarterly basis;
  - (v) Summary of titles, for which 200 copies or more were imported in the preceding year, showing the name of author, publisher and the actual quantity imported; and
  - (vi) Separate lists of titles imported under O G.L. and/or against licence.
- 135(1). Recognised schools, colleges, and libraries can also apply for licences for import of books not covered under Open General Licence. In their case, licences will be granted upto a value of Rs. 25,000 per year per institution. These licences will be valid for import of the same type of books and other items as set down above for dealers. Later editions of books for which Indian re-prints are available will also be allowed for import under this provision.
- (2) Applications for supplementary import licences under this provision will also be considered on the recommendation of the Ministry of Education, New Delhi, in cases where full requirements cannot be met within the licence for Rs. 25,000
- 136. The existing concession whereby the Collectors of Customs are authorised to release post parcels containing books, magazines and periodicals, without the importers having to produce the import licences will continue during each licensing year. The licensee will ensure that only such books, magazines and journals are got released under this concession, for

the import of which he holds a valid licence. The value of books, magazines and journals imported by post parcels will be deemed to have been debited to the licence against which the import has been made.

137. Books, newspapers, magazines, pamphlets, leaflets, journals and pre-recorded cassettes containing pornographic material or depicting sex, violence, etc, cannot be imported, under any circumstances.

# Import of video tape recorders

- 138(1). Applications for import of video tape recorders/VCRs, with or without camera/T.V. Monitor, and video soft ware will be considered from Actual Users/Exporters. With a view to achieving standardization of such equipment over a period of years, imports of video tape recorders will be allowed only where they are of ½" spool size and ½" video cassette sizes. If an applicant requires any different specification, special reasons to justify his request should be detailed in the import application, for consideration by the Department of Electronics. Actual Users should apply to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, and exporters should apply to the regional licensing authority concerned.
- (2) Import of equipment for setting up of Video software generation will be allowed. This will require prior registration with the Ministry of I & B. Requests for import of equipment, including Video tape recorders/Video Cassette recorders, video camera and other accessories for setting up such a facility will be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, based on certification of essentaility by the Ministry of I & B. Entrepreneurs should submit their requirement of Capital Goods for such video software generation facility, in the prescribed application form for import of Capital Goods, to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi through the Ministry of I & B.
- (3) In the case of exporters, applications will be considered from exporters of feature films having an export of feature films of not less than Rs. 10 lakhs in value (fob) during the preceding year and from manufacturer-exporters having export of select products of a value not less than Rs. 25 lakhs (fob) during the preceding year. Along with the application, statement(s) of exports duly certified by a dealer in foreign exchange i.e. the bank or certified by a Chartered Accountant in practice/Cost Accountant/Company Secretary in practice, indicating the description of the goods exported, and their fob value, during the preceding year, should be furnished. If the exporter eligible under this provision wishes to import against

his own REP licence, the particulars thereof may be given in the application.

- (4) Applications should be made in Form 'A' meant for Actual Users. Import licences shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition.
- (5) A provision has also been made for import of VCRs/VTRs as gifts in Chapter X of this Book.

# Import of Goods required by Shipping Companies

139. Applications for import of goods other than permissible spares required by shipping companies will be considered by the regional licensing authorities concerned. Shipping companies should send their applications through the Director General of Shipping, Bombay. Import licences will be granted for the value and items recommended by that authority. Provisions for permissible spares are given in Chapter VI of this Book.

# Captive Tool Room requirements

140. Actual Users (Industrial or Non-Industrial), who have set up captive tool rooms for their operation and maintenance purposes, may apply for import of items, required to make their own spares and tools, to the regional licensing authority concerned. Such applications will be considered on merits on the recommendation of the DGTD.

# Consultancy, Designing and Engineering firms

- 141(1). Where a consultancy, designing and engineering firm, which is itself not an Actual User (Industrial), has been awarded a contract for the engineering, design, fabrication, installation, commissioning and handing over of related capital goods to the project authority concerned and it requires imported raw materials, components, consumables and capital goods for the implementation of the contract it can apply in the form prescribed together with additional information in the proforma prescribed in Appendix VIII.C to Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures. 1985-88, for the import licence to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi. Such applications will be considered on merits on the recommendation of the project authority concerned and after screening by the Ministry of Industry and Company Affairs/Department of Electronics. However, import of computers and computer based equipments will not be allowed.
- (2) The above facilities will also be available to an Actual User (Industrial) in the field of instrumentation, who needs imported items other than those covered

by his licensed manufacturing activities, in order to execute the more complete system contract awarded to him.

(3) Under this provision, applications may also be considered from public sector undertakings for the grant of bulk import licences to enable them to execute contracts on hand or to be awarded to them for engineering, designing, fabrication, installation, commissioning etc. of various projects. The public sector undertaking obtaining such bulk licences shall be liable to render complete account of imports made and utilisation of imported goods in the implementation of the project, to the Ministry of Industry and Company Affairs/administrative Ministry concerned in the form and manner as may be laid down by that Ministry. The Ministry of Industry and Company Affairs/ administrative Ministry concerned will monitor proper utilisation of imports made against such bulk licences.

# Ad hoc licences to Consultancy firms, Construction agencies and Design engineering firms

- 142(1). Applications for import of design and drawing, office equipment, instruments, tools, accessories and other items may be considered from the following:—
  - (a) Technical consultancy firms;
  - (b) Construction agencies; and
  - (c) Design engineering firms.
- (2) Applications will be considered only for those items which are required for actual use by the applicant firm and cannot be imported under the normal policy. The value of the licence granted shall not exceed 10 per cent of the net foreign exchange earned by the applicant as per the Bank Certificate. Within this value, import of brochures printed abroad may also be made. The application shall be submitted to the regional licensing authority concerned and will be subject to clearance of the items by the DGTD/Department of Electronics.
- (3) Clearance from DGTD Department of Electronics referred to in sub-para (2) above, will be necessary only in the case of items appearing in Appendices 1 Part-A, 2, 3 Part-A, 8 and 10. For import of computers, if any, clearance from the Department of Electronics will be necessary. In the case of office equipment, clearance from DGTD will not be necessary where such equipments are allotted to other exporters under para 145 of this policy.

- 143(1). Printing Presses in India, who supply printed materials to Indian parties on behalf of foreign customers against payment in free foreign exchange and whose cases are not covered by para 190 of this policy will be eligible for grant of Ad-hoc licences to the extent of 10 per cent of the total foreign exchange earned by them in the preceding year by such supplies. These licences will be issued for import of raw materials, components, consumables, spares, machinery, equipment and accessories required by these printing presses for their actual use subject to indigenous clearance from DGTD. This will also be applicable to services rendered by these printing presses on receipt of free foreign exchange apart from physical supply of goods referred to above.
- (2) Procedure as well as other conditions given in para 142 above will apply.

#### Requirements of Hotels

- 144(1). The facility for import of permissible spares under OGL available to Actual Users, can also be availed of by Hotels (one star to five star) and restaurants (independent of Hotel) approved by the Department of Tourism, Government of India for operation and maintenance of the equipment used therein.
- (2) Tourist hotels approved by the Director General of Tourism, Government of India, New Delhi other than Tourist hotels (one star to five star) may apply for import licences for all their import requirements to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi through the Director General of Tourism, New Delhi. Licences will be issued on the basis of his recommendation. Import may not, however, be allowed in respect of items available from indigenous sources.
- (3) The Ministry of Tourism & Civil Aviation will obtain bulk indigenous clearance from DGTD in respect of the Items to be imported by hotels during the licensing year. Based on such clearance, import applications will be considered without referring individual applications to DGTD.
- (4) Applications from tourist hotels (one star to five star) and the tourist hotels approved by the Director General of Tourism, Government of India, New Delhi, covering their essential import requirements may be considered on the recommendation of Director General of Tourism, New Delhi, without indigenous clearance from DGTD upto a value not exceeding 10 per cent of foreign exchange caraco by them from foreign tourists during the preceding licensing year. In the case of approved tourist botels

(five-star and four-star), import of vehicles, not more than two in number may also be allowed on the recommendation of Director General of Tourism, New Delhi, within this monetary limit. Also, in the case of approved tourist hotels (three star), import of vehicle not more than one in number may be allowed on the recommendation of the Director General of Tourism, within this monetary limit.

(5) Within 2.5 per cent of the foreign exchange earned by tourist hotels from foreign tourists during the preceding licensing year subject to a maximum of Rs. 7.5 lakhs, the Reserve Bank of India may allow them expenditure in foreign exchange for tourist promotion and travel abroad, on the recommendation of Director General of Fourism. This amount will be in addition to the foreign exchange that may be available to them for the same purpose under the normal policy; it will also be in addition to the 10 per cent foreign exchange referred to in sub-para (4) above.

# Import of Office Machines

- 145(1). An exporter, the f.o.b. value of whose exports has been Rs. 25 lakhs or more during any of the two preceding licensing years will be allowed to import, in a licensing period:—
  - (i) one electric/electronic typewriter,
  - (ii) one electrically operated calculating machine,
  - (iii) one photo copying machine,
  - (iv) one dictation tape recorder,
  - (v) teleprinters upto Rs. one lakh (c.i.f.) (if cleared by the Ministry of Communications),
  - (vi) One slide projector
  - (vii) One 8/16 mm projector
  - (viii) One word processor
  - (ix) One paper shredding machine and
  - (x) photo copying paper, calculating machine paper rolls, toner and dispersant for photocopying purposes, spares of above-mentioned machines and consumable tools required for these machines, for a value not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
- (2) The provisions made in sub-para (1) above will also be available to an exporter, the f.o b. value of whose exports has been Rs. 15 lakhs or more (but less than Rs. 25 lakhs) in any of the two preceding lecturing years, but in his case, the value of the macrines to be allowed will be debited against valid REF licence obtained by him or his own exports.

- (3) The imported machines and materials will be subject to 'Actual User' condition, i.e. for use in the licence holder's office/factory.
- (4) While applying for a licence for the import of office machines and other items under these provisions the applicant should furnish a declaration indicating the quantity and value of these machines and other materials for which import licences have been obtained during the or import applications have been made same licensing period. The licensing authority will allow imports only after taking into account similar imports already allowed or applied for in the same period. Applications should be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned. During the licensing year eligible exporters can apply for these items under sub-paras (1) and (2) above for which they did not obtain licence under these provisions during the preceding licensing year. However, in respect of item (x) i.e. photo copying paper etc., applications for import can be made once in every licensing year.
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions in sub-para (4) above, an exporter, the FOB value of whose exports was Rs. 5 crores or more in any of the two preceding licensing years, can apply for import of office machines under these provisions in each licensing year.
- (6) Applications for import of office machines may also be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, from Government Departments, banks, public sector enterprises, insurance companies, airlines, R&D units, Scientific or Research Laboratories, Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals, and other institutions enterprises, for their own use. Such applications will be considered on merits having regard to indigenous angle. Under this provision applications may also be considered from Chambers of Commerce and Industry where the activities of the applicants justify. While applying for import licence, the applicant should also furnish the number of office machines of the same type already available with him, both of indigenous manufacture and imported origin separately and give justification for the imports sought to be made. Ordinarily, applications for import will not be entertained from those in the licensing year who obtained licence for the same machine(s) in any of the two previous periods under this sub-para or under sub-para (1) above.
- (7) Applications for import of items referred to in sub-para 145(1)(x) above may also be considered by the regional licensing authorities from those who imported office in a huner under sub para (6) above. In

- their case, the value of the annual licence will be limited to Rs. 5,000. Along with the application the applicant should furnish a declaration indicating the description of machines and their c.i.f. value imported during the last three financial years. Request for licences for a value above Rs. 5,000 will be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, Udyog Bhawan, New Delhi.
- (8) Request for import of PBX/PABX, including electronically operated PBX/PABX, may be considered from exporters referred to in para 145(1) & (2), Government Departments and public sector enterprises, subject to the conditions laid down. Import of such equipment for a value exceeding Rs. One lakh, will however, require clearance of Deptt. of Electronics.
- (9) Export Houses who have exported select products of not less than Rs. 5 crores or non-select products of not less than Rs. 10 crores in the preceding financial year and Trading Houses may be allowed, for their own use, the facility of import of PBX|PABX (including electronically operated) for value in excess of Rs. one lakh without clearance from the Department of Electronics but subject to prior clearance from Department of Telecommunications.
- (10) Applications for grant of licences for import of spares of office equipment may be entertained from the Indian agents of foreign office machines manufacturers for stock and sale. The value of such licences may be calculated at the rate of 1% of the c.i.f. value of the office equipment imported by him or through him during any of the last three financial years. Applications should be made to CCI&E, New Delhi in the prescribed form and manner. Import licences will be issued subject to the conditions laid down in para 114(1) of this policy Book. Import of Toners and dispersant for photocopiers will also be allowed under this provision.
- (11) Applications for import of Office machines will not be entertained under C.G. procedure.

#### Import of Explosives

146. Applications for import of explosives will be entertained from Government Departments and public sector undertakings, for their own use. Import licences will be granted on the recommendation of the administrative Ministries concerned.

# Import by Travel Agents

147(1). Travel agents may be granted import licences for a value upto 2.5 per cent of the net foreign exchange earned by them during the preceding licensing year on account of rendering travel agency services subject to a maximum of Rs. 7.5 lakhs. Such licences will be granted for import of equipment and other items required for their professional use and tourist requirements, (including motor vehicles and coach/car air-conditioning units, each not more than two in number during the year), on the recommendation of the Director General of Tourism, New Delhi. Applications should be made to the CCI&E, New Delhi. While applying for the licence, the applicant should also furnish bank certificate evidencing the amount of net foreign exchange earned during the preceding licensing year on account of services rendered by them as travel agents.

(2) Within the net foreign exchange earning referred to in sub-para (1) above, the Reserve Bank of India may allow expenditure in foreign exchange for tourist promotion and travel abroad, on the recommendation of Director General of Tourism, New Delhi, This amount will be in addition to the foreign exchange that may be available to them for the same purpose under the normal policy.

# IRMAC (Industrial Raw Materials Assistance Centre) Scheme

148(1). The STC, MMTC, State Small Scale Industries Development Corporations and public sector trading and service agencies may import in bulk the raw materials/components to be supplied off-the-shelf to the Actual Users and Registered Exporters, against valid import licences. The value of such goods will be debited to the import licence against which the supply is made. To the extent the goods are thus supplied, the licence in question will not be valid for direct import or for remittance against its exchange control copy. The public sector agency concerned can apply for bulk import licence, and further licences will be issued to them to replenish the stocks serviced. The value of the bulk import licence will also be be set off against the licences serviced.

(2) The public sector agencies referred to above may also import, for off-the-shelf delivery or against specific requests of the eligible Actual Users, items placed on OGL for Actual Users (Industrial). The interested agencies may apply to CCI&E, New Delhi for the grant of import licences for such items after getting the requisite foreign exchange released through the administrative Ministry Public vector canalising agencies may also import such items under

OGL against the allocation of foreign exchange already given to them for import of caualised items.

- (3) For import of OGL items under sub-para (2) above, bulk import licences may also be given by CCI&E, New Delhi to public sector corporations on the recommendation of Development Commissioner (SSI), New Delhi. Under this provision, the value of import recommended for each State|Union Territory, will not exceed Rs. 50 lakhs. No specific foreign exchange release will be necessary for this purpose. The Corporation concerned shall dispose of the imported material to Actual Users (Industrial) in the SSI Sector in the same State|Union Territory as may be indicated in the licence on the recommendation of D.C. (SSI), New Delhi, and an account thereof shall be furnished to DC (SSI), New Delhi.
- (4) The public sector agences referred to in subpara (1) may also be granted licences for the import of capital goods, raw materials, components, and spares or any items not covered by para 67 for sale to eligible Actual Users, according to such conditions and terms as may be laid down by the CCI&E, New Delhi.
- (5) Export House, whose value of annual exports in the preceding licensing year was not less than Rs. 7 crores (f.o.b.), may also be allowed by the CCl&E, New Delhi to provide IRMAC facilities to Actual Users by supplying them raw materials and components (non-canalised items only) off-the-shelf against valid import licences held by such Actual Users. The IRMAC facility can also be provided by export houses whose value of exports two years ago were not less than Rs. 4 crores and who had increased their exports in the preceding licensing year by at least 50 per cent over that level (i.e. exports two years ago).
- (6) Trading Houses recognised by the CCI&E, New Delhi may also be allowed to provide IRMAC facilties to Actual Users and Registered Exporters by supplying them raw materials and components (non-canalised items only) off-the-shelf against valid import licences held by such Actual Users and Registered Exporters.

# Registration of Contracts for Copper

149. Eligible importers of copper including copper wire bars under any provision of the import policy, except against Advance licences or Special Impress licences, should register their import contracts with the DGTD. Import shall be made only after the connected contract has been stamped by the DGTD as poor of such registration for this purpose two copies of the contract should be lodged with the

registering authority and it will return one copy to the importer duly stamped on each page for production to the customs at the time of clearance of goods. At the time of registration of a subsequent contract, the eligible importer should also furnish a statement indicating the progress made in the import and utilisation disposal of the imported material in respect of the contract earlier registered, for information record of DGTD. This procedure will not be applicable in the case of import by Minerals and Metals Trading Corporation of India. In their case, the provisions contained in Chapter IV of this policy will apply.

# Rehabilitation of disabled persons/physically handicapped persons

- 150(1). A number of items required by spinal patients and other categories of physically handicapped persons have been allowed for import under OGL by all persons in List 2 of Appendix 6 of this Book.
- (2) Import of instruments and equipments required by the blind, including braille typewriters has been allowed under OGL by all persons in Appendix 6 of this Book.
- (3) Applications for import of machinery fitted with special disability controls/devices, required for setting up an industry exclusively for rehabilitation of disabled|physically handicapped persons, of a value not exceeding Rs. 20 lakhs (cif) will be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, on merits, in consultation with the DGTD, New Delhi. Such applications will not require recommendation of the sponsoring authority or indigenous clearance. Applications under this provision may also be considered from existing industrial undertakings taking up rehabilitation of disabled|physically handicapped persons in industry.
- (4) Applications will be liberally considered from manufacturers of vehicles for import of disability controls/devices required by them to be fitted in the manufacture of vehicles for use by disabled|physically handicapped persons. Such applications may be made to the licensing authority concerned through the DGTD, New Delhi.
- (5) A provision has also been made in Chapter IX of this Book for import of cars fitted with special disability controls devices, by physically handicapped persons.

# Sale of exhibits imported in connection with National/ International Exhibitions/Fairs

151. Sale of exhibits/specific items of consumer goods imported in connection with National|International exhibitions|fairs organised by the Trade Fair Authority of India is allowed. Details are given in Chapter VIII of the Hand Book of Import—Export Procedures, 1985-88.

# Substitution of Import Content by Indigenous Materials

- 152(1). The indigenous producer of any item (other than Capital goods can supply that item to a person holding a valid REP licence (including Additional licence issued to the Export Houses) or Advance/Imprest licence, or Actual User licence, for the item in question. Such supply will be considered as an export for the purposes of (i) import replenishment as admissible under the import policy for Registered Exporters, (ii) qualifying exports for grant of Export House Certificate/Trading House Certificate, except that supplies made against Additional licences will not be considered in this regard, (iii) benefits, if any, available to exporting units under the Actual User policy, and (iv) the discharge of export obligation, if any, imposed on the indigenous producer under the Capital Goods/Industrial Licence or Approval of foreign collaboration or under Foreign Exchange Regulations Act. Under this facility, OGL items shall not be supplied.
- (2) The price at which such goods may be procured by licence holders may be negotiated and settled between the buyer and the seller.
- (3) In case where the indigenous producer is willing to sell and the licence-holder is willing to purchase the goods, in question, the licence-holder should make a specific request to the licensing authority which issued the licence, indicating the value for which the goods covered by the import licence are proposed to be procured from the indigenous producer. Upon such request, the licensing authority will issue a Release Order on the indigenous producer indicating the description of goods as given in the licence or covered by the licence, and the value, and reduce to that extent the value of the import licence.
- (4) The Release Order will be issued by the licensing authority in duplicate. Original of the Release Order should be retained by the indigenous producer after obtaining the acquittance of the Release Order holder for the receipt of the goods and the value thereof. He should produce the original of the Release Order to the licensing authority concerned as evidence of export for claiming benefits. The value to

be treated as the f.o.b. value of exports for this purpose will be the value for which the goods are supplied by the indigenous producer or the value of the Release Order, whichever is lower. The element of customs and central excise duties will not be taken into account for the purpose.

(5) For the purpose of issuing the REP licence against such supply of goods, the rate of import replenishment to be allowed will be higher by 10 per cent of the normal import replenishment rate admissible against the goods, in question, under the import policy for Registered Exporters, in Appendix 17 i.e. the import replenishment rate to be adopted will be 11 per cent instead of the normal 10 per cent and so on.

### Import of Cameras

153(1). Actual User (Nor-Industrial), who holds a valid Shops and Establishments licence for a photographic studio for at least 3 years, may be allowed to import a camera of c.i.f. value not less than Rs. 2,000. This price should cover, at the minimum the following:—

- (i) Camera proper (body);
- (ii) Normal-lens;
- (iii) Sun-shade,
- (iv) Cable release, it any; and
- (v) Carrying case.

Note: All other accessories or attachments would be charged extra.

- (2) Only one camera will be allowed for each such Actual User (Non-Industrial), who has not imported a camera in the past five years. All such imports will be subject to the Actual User condition.
- (3) Applications under this provision should be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned. They should be accompanied by a photostat copy of the Shops and Establishments licence, and a declaration of the applicant to the effect that he has not imported a camera in the past five years.

# Residua! requirements

154. Other import requirements will be considered on the merits of each case, ad hoc, by the Chief Controller of imports and Exports, New Octhi

#### CHAPTER IX

# Import of Car and Vehicles

- 155. (1) Import of cars, station wagons, jeeps, motor cycles, scooters, autocycles, mini-cars and mopeds can be made by the following persons subject to the requisite conditions indicated against each category:—
- (A) Indian nationals returning to India for permanent settlement,
  - (i) Applicant should have stayed abroad continuously for at least one year;
  - (ii) Vehicle should have been purchased out of own earnings abroad;
  - (iii) Affidavit to be filed after being sworn before appropriate authority that he is returning to India for permanent settlement;
  - (iv) Normally, the vehicle to be imported should have been used abroad by the applicant for at least three months; however, in specific cases, import of a newly purchased vehicle may be allowed;
  - (v) Normally, the import application should have been made and CCP obtained while the applicant is still abroad. In exceptional cases, where the applicant has already arrived in India, request for grant of CCP may be considered within a period of two months of return provided the vehicle had been purchased or full payment for purchase of vehicle has been made before returning to India and no request for issue of CCP will be considered if the vehicle had not been purchased or full payment for purchase of vehicle has not been made before returning to India.
  - (vi) Import of second vehicle will be allowed only after a minimum period of five years from the date of import of first vehicle has elapsed.
- NOTE:—(1) Foreign nationals of Indian origin coming to India for good will be treated on par with Indian nationals in this regard.
  - (2) In the case of husband and wife, if other conditions are fulfilled, import application made by either of them may

be considered in respect of a vehicle purchased out of the earnings of the other. This will, however, be subject to production of an affidavit by the husband or wife, as the case may be, that no separate application for import of another vehicle shall be made.

(B) Foreign ladies (including persons of Indian origin) married to Indian nationals.

## (1) As Gifts:

- (i) gift has to be by a parent only;
- (ii) photostat copy of the marriage certificate to be submitted;
- (iii) parent's certificate in original to be submitted, stating that it is an unsolicited gift, supported by banker's certificate regarding financial status of donor,
- (iv) import as gift to be allowed only once in applicant's like time;
- (v) application has to be made within one year of the marriage.

# (2) Otherwise:

- (i) documentary evidence to be given regarding applicant's financial status before marriage, supported by employer's certificate/income tax certificate/banker's certificate.
- (ii) affidavit sworn before appropriate authority to be filed, to the effect that the applicant is already settled in India or coming here for good.
- (C) Foreign Nationals employed in India in public or private sectors.
  - (i) assignment in India to be for a minimum period of one year, supported by employer's certificate, in original.
- Note: Foreign nationals of Indian Origin coming to India on specific assignment like other foreign nationals, will be treated on par with foreign nationals in this regard.

# (D) Self-employed foreign nationals

(i) State/Central Government certificate stating the nature of applicant's profession and reasons justifying import.

- (ii) Full landed cost to be paid in foreign exchange by the applicant.
- (E) Other Foreign experts (under Aid-Programme) non-diplomatic/home-based staff.
  - (i) Certificate of assignment/employment from concerned Government Department/Embassy, with general particulars of nature of work and likely tenure, etc. as well as particulars of Aid-Programme, as applicable.
  - (ii) purchase invoice/registration certificate of ownership of the cars being imported.

# (F) Physically handicapped persons

- (i) cif value of car together with disability controls fitted in it should not exceed Rs. 65,000. Original invoice/purchase voucher to be produced in support (Auto-transmission is not treated as a disability control device).
- (ii) Certificate in the proforma given in (Appendix XI-A of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88, from the State Civil Surgeon or head of concerned wing in Government Hospital. Applications will be considered only from those applicants who have any of the following disabilities and the percentage of impairment is not less than 50 per cent of the total body as per Mebride Scale:—
- (1) Unilateral/Bilateral amputees of the lower limbs excluding below knee unilateral amputees.
- (2) Unilateral below elbow or above elbow amputees.
- (3) Traumatic/permanent paralysis which cannot be surgically or medically treated.
- (4) Permanent paralysis of one upper limb or both lower limbs due to any reason or hemiparesis.
- (5) Grossly deformed limbs due to trauma, arthiritis or congenital but having at least one upper limbs normal,
  - (iii) If the car is a gift, confirmatory letter from donor, in original, which should also indicate the donor's relationship with the donee.
  - (iv) Satisfactory evidence clearly justifying the need and essentiality for import of a self-driven car by the applicant.

- (v) Cars of only 2000 CC engine capacity will be allowed.
- (vi) Gross income of the Applicant is not less than Rs. 30,000 per annum. Also, while considering the application, it will be kept in view that the income is not so large that he is able to afford a chauffieur.
- (G) Branches/Offices of Foreign institutions (corporate or otherwise)
  - (i) full landed cost to be borne by foreign principals.
  - (ii) ordinarily only one vehicle will be allowed two only if there is more than one branch/ office in different towns.
  - (iii) photostat copy of approval of Government or RBI for opening the branch/office, in question, in India, to be attached.
- (H) Rupee company having foreign collaboration
  - full landed cost to be borne by foreign collaborators.
  - (ii) collaboration agreement should require employment/visit of foreign director|technical experts.
  - (iii) Photostat copy of approval of Government/ RBI for the foreign collaboration, to be attached.
- (1) Accredited journalists/correspondents of foreign news agencies
  - application to be sponsored by and routed through Press Information Bureau, New Delhi.
  - (ii) letter from overseas employers that full landed cost of vehicle will be borne by them (English Translation to be attached).
- (I) Air companies

Applications will be routed through Department of Civil Aviation, Ministry of Tourism and Civil Aviation, and on their recommendation only.

- (K) Indian firms executing contracts abroad
  - (i) photostat copy of letter of RBI/Government of India sanctioning the contract.

- (ii) only vehicles covered by specific RBI approval to expenditure overseas and used for the work.
- (iii) only on substantial completion of contract.
- (L) Charitable and missionary institutions working in India
  - (i) only gifts of utility vans, ambulances, station wagons, jeeps, mini-buses or passenger transport vehicles etc. will be considered.
  - (ii) certificate from concerned Government authority to the effect that the institution is an established one and has been functioning for the benefit of the community, irrespective of the considesation of "caste, colour or creed" is to be furnished.
  - (iii) Provisions of Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act, 1976 to be complied with.
- (M) Honorary Consuls of foreign governments
  - (i) there should be satisfactory evidence that the car has been gifted by the Government represented by the Honorary Consul and the cost of the car plus freight and insurance charges shall be borne by that foreign government;
  - (ii) the Honorary Consul shall pay full Customs duty for the car as leviable under normal Customs rules at the time of import;
  - (iii) the applications for the import of car should be recommended by the Ministry of External Affairs in each case;
  - (iv) the replacement of the car may be considered only after a minimum period of ten years from the date of import of car; and
  - (v) where an honorary consul is changed during the period of ten years from the date of import of car, the new honorary consul shall not be allowed to import a fresh car but the car already imported for earlier honoray consul shall be transferred to his successor with the prior approval of the CCI&E.
- (2) Spares upto CIF value of Rs. 2,500 will be allowed to be imported alongwith the vehicle.

- (3) The form and manner in which application is required to be made are given in Appendix IX-A of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88.
- (4) No-sale period of imported car is also laid down in Appendix IX A of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88.

# Import of vehicles by Hotels

156. Facilities for import of vehicles by approved tourist hotels are given in Chapter VIII of this Book.

#### CHAPTER X

#### IMPORT OF GIFTS

157. Import of gifts upto Rs. 1,250 in value (including electronic items of upto Rs. 500/-) will be allowed by the Customs authorities without Customs Clearance Permits under the Savings Clause of the Imports (Control) Order, 1955.

## Import of fire arms as gift

- 158. (1). This will be allowed only from close relations who are Indian nationals holding Indian passports and who have been living abroad continuously for a period of not less than two years. For this purpose, close relations will cover only father, mother, wife, husband, son, daughter or real brother or real sister of the applicant.
- (2) The Customs Clearance Permit will be issued only if the donce has not imported or otherwise acquired a foreign made fire arm during the last 10 years. Import of fire arms of non-prohibited bore only will be allowed. In the case of revolver and pistol, import will be allowed only if they are of .32 or smaller bore. Import of cartridges as gift alongwith the fire arm may also be allowed provided the number does not exceed 50 cartridges. Applications will be considered in cases where the c.i.f. value of the fire arm and the accompanying ammunition as above does not exceed Rs. 3,000.
- (3) No Customs Clearance Permit will normally be issued once the fire arm and ammunition have been despatched from abroad and/or their arrival in India. Applicants are, therefore, advisor to cleam and hold a valid Customs Clearance Permit before arranging the despatch of the fire-arm/ammunition from abroad.

- (4) Applications may be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned, accompanied by the following documents:—
  - (i) Donor's letter in original,
  - (ii) An affidavit on stamped paper of the appropriate value, duly sworn in before an appropriate judicial authority, showing:—
    - (a) The exact relationship of the donor with the applicant;
    - (b) Declaring that he/she has not imported or otherwise acquired a foreign made fire-arm, namely, revolver, pistol, gun, rifle, either as gift or otherwise, during the preceding 10 years; and
    - (c) Undertaking that the fire-arm applied for will not be sold, or otherwise disposed of, or parted with, within a period of ten years from the date of its importation, without obtaining specific permission of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.
  - (iii) An affidavit from the donor, declaring the period of his/her continuous stay abroad and giving particulars of his/her Indian passport, and
  - (iv) Original arms licence held under the Indian Arms Act by the applicant (donee), provided it is valid and duly renewed on the date of the application for grant of C.C.P. as well as on the date of (expected) clearance of the gift.
- (5) The C.C.P. will be issued with the condition that the fire-arm imported as gift shall not be sold or disposed of or parted with within a period of ten years from the date of endorsement of its possession on the arms licence. The fire-arm and the cartridges imported against the C.C.P. will both be subject to Actual User condition.
- (6) It is clarified that no permission of the CCI&E, New Delhi, shall be required for sale of fire-arms imported under this provision as gift or otherwise, provided a period of ten years has lapsed from the date of import.

# Import of video tape/casette recorders (with or without TV/monitor/camera)

- 159(1). This may be allowed only from close relations who have been living abroad continuously for a period of not less than three years. For this purpose, close relations will cover only father, mother, wife, husband, son, daughter or real brother or real sister of the applicant.
- (2) The Customs Clearance Permit may be issued only if the donee has not imported or otherwise acquired a foreign-made video tape/cassette recorder during the last ten years. The CCP where issued shall be subject to the condition that VTR/VCR imported (and TV/monitor/camera, if imported) shall not be sold or disposed of or otherwise parted with for a period of ten years from the date of clearance through customs.
- (3) No Customs Clearance Permit will normally be issued once the goods have been despatched from abroad and/or their arrival in India. Applicants are, therefore, advised to obtain and hold a valid CCP before arranging the despatch of VTR/VCR with or without TV/monitor/camera.
- (4) Applications may be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned, accompanied by the following documents:—
  - (i) Donor's letter in original.
  - (ii) An affidavit of the applicant, on stamped paper of the appropriate value, duly sworn in before an appropriate judicial authority showing:—
    - (a) the exact relationship of the donor with the applicant;
    - (b) declaring that he/she has not imported or otherwise acquired a foreign made VTR/VCR, with or without TV/ monitor/camera, either as gift or otherwise, during the preceding ten years; and
    - (c) undertaking that the VTR/VCR applied for shall not be sold, or otherwise disposed of, or parted with, for a period of ten years from the date of its importation.
  - (iii) An affidavit from the donor, declaring the period of his/her continuous stay abroad and giving particulars of his/her Indian passport.

## Import of other articles as gifts

- 160. (1) In other cases, applications for the grant Customs Clearance Permits for import of articles received as gift will be considered on merits. Such applications may be considered from individuals, institutions and establishments. The provisions of Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act, 1976 should be complied with wherever they are attracted before applying for CCP.
- (2) Applications may be made to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, except that, in the following types of cases, applications may be made to the regional licensing authority concerned:—
  - (a) Where the value does not exceed Rs. 25,000 in the case of institution, in respect of articles for its own use; and
  - (b) Where the value does not exceed Rs. 10,000 in the case of a registered medical practitioner in respect of equipment/instruments required for his own professional use.
  - Note: Applications for consumer electronic items for a value exceeding Rs. 500 even within the value limits indicated in sub-paras (a) and (b) above shall be made to CCI&E, New Delhi.
- 161. (1) No application fee is required to be paid in the case of articles received as gift by an individual for his personal use. In other cases, application fee will be required to be paid at the prescribed rate. The applicant should also furnish with his application the original letter received from the donor who is making the gift. In the case of institutions where the c.i.f. value of the article to be gifted exceeds Rs. one lakh, the applicant should also produce the recommendation from the State Government or the Central Government, as the case may be, in support of the request for import.
- (2) Apart from the value of the articles to be gifted, other considerations that will be taken into account while deciding these applications, will be the nature of the article offered as gift, and the relationship between the donor and the recipient, and the purpose for which an article is sought to be imported. In appropriate cases, the licensing authority may consult other Ministries concerned.
- (3) Customs Clearance Permits, wherever issued will be subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the licensing authority

- 162. Where the reciptent of a gift is a charitable, religious/educational institution registered under the Societies Act or otherwise approved by Government and the gift sought for import has been exempted from payment of customs duty by the Ministry of Finance, the imports may be allowed by the customs authorities without a Customs Clearance Permit, based on the duty exemption order issued by the Ministry of Finance.
- 163. Import of goods under Government to Government Agreements relating to specified projects will be allowed under Open General Licence, on production of necessary evidence to the customs authorities.
- 164. Applications for the grant of Customs Clearance Permits for import of cheque books, draft forms and traveller cheque forms may be considered from Indian branches of foreign banks, insurance companies and travel agencies. Customs Clearance Permits may also, on request, be granted to foreign airlines/shipping companies operating in India, for import of passage ticket forms. Applications in these cases should be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned, irrespective of the value applied for.
- 165. Customs Clearance Permits may also be issued for the import of:
  - (a) Video tapes covering technical applications or electronic equipment, theoritical discussions, service instructions, parts catalogues, etc., and
  - (b) Computer tapes consisting of programme software, trouble shooting diagnostic, other data processing information, servicing instructions, etc., required by Actual Users (Industrial) and Indian agents of foreign suppliers of goods, for instructional purposes, against purchase orders of such items.

#### CHAPTER XI

# FACILITIES FOR INDIANS RETURNING FROM/RESIDING ABROAD

166. Non-resident Indians/persons of Indian origin, who are returning to India for permanent settlement, will be allowed to import capital goods, raw

- materials, components, consumables and spares, provided:---
  - (1) They undertake to set up a new industry which conforms to the Government industrial policy in force or participate in the expansion or diversification of an existing unit within the framework of industrial policy; or they wish to set up a servicing unit.
  - (2) Details for import of capital goods including import of capital goods under the Special Scheme for Electronics Industry are given in Chapter III of this Book.
  - (3) Details for import of raw materials, components, consumables and spares, including import under the Special Scheme for Electronics Industry are given in Chapter V of this Book.
  - (4) In case where the Non-resident Indian/person of Indian origin desires to obtain a Customs Clearance Permit in respect of items which are otherwise allowed for import under Open General Licence, with a view to availing of concessional rate of duty under 'Project Import' facility, wherever eligible, he may apply for issue of CCP.
  - (5) Application for import of capital goods should be made in the Proforma given in Appendix III-I of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88. Applications for import of raw materials, components, consumables and spares should also be made in the same form till such time the applicant switches over to the normal policy applicable to Actual Users. These applications should be made to Special Approvals Committee (NRI), Department of Industrial Development, Udyog Bhawan, New Delhi.
  - (6) Applications for the grant of industrial licence in the prescribed form IL duly filled in with 14 spare copies and proposal for foreign collaboration, will also be considered by the Special Approvals Committee (NRI). Every proposal so received from a non-resident Indian person of Indian origin would be considered on a composite basis including issue of industrial licences, where necessary. Government's decision will be communicated to the applicant within a period of 45 days.

- (7) The industrial units concerned (if they are new) will be required to get themselves registered with the sponsoring authorities the date concerned except in cases referred to in subparas (4) and (5) above, within a period of one year from the date of import of capital goods, in accordance with the policy laid down.
- (8) Importers eligible to import machinery and other items under this Chapter will be exempt from production of "Importer Code Number" for a period of one year from the date of import of capital goods for their units.
- (9) Neither the Capital invested nor the profits would be allowed to be repatriated abroad.
- (10) No permission to sell the capital goods will be allowed for a period of 5 years from the date of import. Thereafter, such sale may be made, only with the prior permission of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.

# Amusement Parks

- 167. Non-resident Indians/persons of Indian origin, who are returning home for permanent settlement, may also be allowed the facility of setting-up amusement park, subject to the following conditions:—
  - (i) Such imports should be fully financed out of their own foreign exchange savings and resources abroad;
  - (ii) The industry will be treated as Actual User (Non-industrial);
  - (iii) All the applications should be routed through the concerned Department of the State Government to the Department of Social Welfare, Government of India, New Delhi, who will be the 'sponsoring authority for this purpose;
  - (iv) Only CCPs will be issued irrespective of value;
  - (v) Import of new machinery/equipment will only be allowed;
  - (vi) Games of chance or luck will not be allowed;

- (M) No permission to sell the capital goods will be allowed for a period of five years from the date of import. Thereafter, such sale may be allowed, only with the prior permission of the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi.
- (viii) Neither the capital invested nor the profits will be allowed to be repatriated abroad;
  - (ix) Import shall be subject to such other conditions as may be imposed on the licence.

## Machinery for Agricultural Production/Development

168. Import of machinery required for agricultural production/development, purchased out of applicant's own foreign exchange earnings and resources abroad will also be allowed, to Non-resident Indians/persons of Indian origin, who are returning home for permanent settlement, subject to the conditions laid down.

# Imports under Normal Conditions

- 169(1). Facilities for import of capital goods, raw materials, components, consumables and spares, as mentioned above, will not be available to the categories, given below:
  - Non-resident Indians who do not intend to return to India but wish to invest in an enterprise in India;
  - (ii) Persons of Indian origin residing abroad and investing in an enterprise in India;
  - (iii) Companies, firms, societies and similar other corporate bodies, owned to the extent of at least 60 per cent by non-resident persons referred to in (i) to (ii) above.

In their cases, import will be governed as per normal provisions of import and export policy.

(2) In arriving at the share in the equity capital of the firm or company setting up or owning the industrial unit concerned, the percentage share referred to above may be of the eligible person concerned, or of a company, firm, society or similar other corporate body owned to the extent of at least 60 per cent by such person(s). Such ownership may be direct or indirect through subsidiaries, etc., but the utilimate ownership should be by NRIs to the extent of at least 60%.

- 170. Facilities are also available for investment in Indian companies by Non-Resident Indians/persons of Indian origin. Details can be had from the India Investment Centre.
- 171. Neither the capital investment nor dividends would be allowed to be repatriated abroad in the case of those returning to India for settlement. In other cases, repatriation facilities will be subject to Government's policy as in force from time to time.

#### CHAPTER XII

#### IMPORT OF TECHNOLOGY

- 172. (1) The basic objectives of the Technology Policy announced by the Government of India are the development of indigenous technology and efficient absorption and adaptation of imported technology appropriate to national priorities and resources. The aims of the policy *inter alia* include:
  - (a) attaining technological competence and selfreliance:
  - (b) identifying obsolescence of technology in use and arrange for modernisation of both equipment and technology;
  - (c) develop technologies which are internationally competitive, particularly those with export potential.
- (2) The Technology Policy Statement has also dealt with the issues relating to indigenous technology and technology acquisition. The basic principles governing the acquisition of technology will be:
  - (a) Import of technology and foreign investment in this regard, will continue to be permitted only on a selective basis where: need has been established; technology does not exist within the country; the time taken to generate the technology indigenously would delay the achievement of development targets.
  - (b) Government may, from time to time, identify and notify such areas of high national priority, in respect of which procedures would be simplified further to ensure timely acquisition of the required technology.

- (c) There shall be a firm commitment for absorption, adaptation and subsequent development of imported know-how through adequate investment in Research & Development to which importers of technology will be expected to contribute.
- (3) In dealing with technology transfer relating to international competitiveness and technology exports, the Policy has stated that it is necessary to maintain international competitiveness in products, services and technologies that have export potential. Conditions for the marketing of indigenous technology and of products based on it will be improved. It is important in all such cases to conform to the highest international standards.
- 173. Import of technology will be considered on Open General licence in selected sectors/industries. Such areas would be identified and notified by the Government subsequently.
- 174. The Import & Export Policy contains a number of specific provisions with the objective of promoting technological upgradation. Cost-effectiveness, optimum use of raw materials and energy savings are sought to be achieved through a package of technology inputs. These are indicated below:—
  - (i) The Ministry of Industry and Company Affairs has the Technical Development Fund to cover foreign exchange requirements for import of balancing equipment having impact on quality and/or quantity of output, import of technical know-how, acquiring foreign consultancy service etc. The foreign exchange limit per unit under this scheme is US \$ equivalent to Rs. 1 crore. (Details are given in Chapter XII of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88).
  - (ii) (a) All scheduled industries mentioned in the First Schedule to the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 whether in the large or small scale sector, will be allowed the facility of import of drawings and designs subject to the following conditions:
  - (i) Imports will be allowed only once in a year to an industrial undertaking; and
  - (ii) The value of such drawings and designs should not exceed Rs 25 lakhs.

- (b) Applications for import of drawings designs from industrial undertakings, which satisfy the above conditions, may be made in the prescribed form to the Secretariat of Industrial Approvals (F.C. Unit), Department of Industrial Development, New Delhi. The S.I.A. will process the applications, and if there is no objection, issue necessary letter of approval within a period of one month from the date of receipt of the application. Import of drawings and designs by the industrial undertakings will be allowed by the Customs authorities on the production of 'approval letter' from the Secretariat of Industrial Approvals without the need an import licence. Applications for remittance should be submitted to the concerned regional office of the Reserve Bank of India, through an authorised dealer in foreign exchange, quoting a reference to the approval letter.
- (iii) In addition to (ii) above, import of drawings and designs for an additional amount upto Rs. 5 lakhs (or Rs. 20 lakhs by export oriented units) against REP licence automatically without Government's prior approval can also be made. REP licences can also be utilised for this purpose for a higher value, subject to DGTD's concuncurrence. (Details are given in Chapter XIV of this Policy)
- (iv) The policy for import of machinery by units having a prescribed level of export performance, against their REP licences has been liberalised to enable such units to modernise themselves. They will be able to import machinery of the type required, upto a value of Rs. 75 lakhs depending upon the level of exports and subject to other conditions laid down. (Details are given in Chapter III of this Policy).
- (v) Export Houses, whose export performance in the preceding financial year is not less than Rs, one crore, and Trading Houses are permitted the facility of import of technical designs, drawings and other documentations upto a value of Rs. 10 lakhs and Rs. 25 lakhs respectively against REP/Additional licences issued to them in their own favour for supply to their supporting manufacturers vide Chapter XXI of this Policy.

- (vi) R&D units and Scientific/Research Laboratories are permitted to import all their requirements for R & D purpose, under OGL. (Details are given in Appendix 6 of this Policy).
- (vii) Liberalised provisions have been made for import of samples/prototypes. (Details are given in Chapter III of this Policy).
- (viii) Provision has been made for import of solar energy equipment and a number of other equipment/items for energy conservation under OGL (vide Appendix 6 of this Book).
- (ix) The facilities available to highly qualified scientists returning home for settlement have substantially liberalised. If persons have lived abroad for at least two years before returning to India and have been using professional scientific ment/instruments for at least one vear. they will be allowed to import the same? without import control restrictions. Equipment not used abroad for a minimum one year period would also be allowed to imported without import licence but upto a value not exceeding Rs. one lakh in each case; for a higher value import in such cases CCPs will be necessary. (Details are given in Chapter XI of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88).

175. In order to enable industrial undertakings to reduce energy consumption, import of other machinery and equipment will be allowed to Actual Users (Industrial) on merits.

176(1). Import will also be allowed of the following items required by industrial units for energy conservation:—

- (i) Improved gland packing materials and seals.
- (ii) Special types of anticorrosive paints.
- (iii) Epoxy coating.
- (iv) Special coating polymers and chemicals for energy conservation.
- (v) Maintenance free steam traps.
- (vi) Foam Glass insulations.
- (vii) Polyurethane Foam insulations.

- (2) Applications for import of the above items will be considered by CCI&E, New Delhi on the recommendation of DGTD (Import & Export Policy Cell), Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi.
- (3) Import of the above items may also be arranged in bulk through STC to meet the requirements of those industrial units which find it difficult to import small quantities required by them.
- 177. In addition to the above-mentioned provisions, some additional facilities will also be available for meeting import requirements in certain specified conditions indicated below. These requirements will be considered by the Coordination Committee, which is headed by the CCL&E. New Delhi and includes representatives of the Department of Science and Technology and other Ministries/Departments concerned.
  - (i) Imports necessary for upgradation/development of technology, which could help in
     (a) export production, (b) energy conservation, (c) cost reduction and (d) reduction in material content.
  - (ii) Import of machinery where it would result in significant economies in raw material consumption of the order of not less than 10 per cent or where the import will reduce production cost of the unit by at least 10 per cent. Such applications would be considered on recommendation of the sponsoring authority. Preference will be given to units exporting at least 25% of their production and to the units using their REP licences to cover the imports involved.
  - (iii) Import of know-how, designs, consultancy etc. for the improvement of the technology in cases where the industrial units have been exporting at least 25 per cent of their production annually in the last 3 years with a minimum of Rs. 5.00 lakhs each year. The amount of foreign exchange will be decided on merits keeping in view the order of export, investments already made etc.
  - (iv) Import of know-how, designs, consultancy etc. upto a value of Rs. One crore in the case of R&D units recognised by Department of Science and Technology which have been in existence for at least 3 years during which they have made substantial invertment in R&D work.

- 178. The Coordination Committee, referred to in paragraph 177 above, will also consider request for import of technology development in the following priority areas:
  - (i) environment;
  - (ii) agriculture including dry-land farming;
  - (iii) optimum use of water resources;
  - (iv) increased production of pulses and oil seeds;
  - (v) provision for drinking water in rural areas;
  - (vi) improvement of nutrition;
  - (vii) rapid reduction in the incidence of blindness;
  - (viii) eradication of major communicable diseases (such as leprosy and tuberculosis);
  - (ix) population stabilization;
  - (x) low-cost housing; and
  - (xi) development and use of renewable nonconventional sources of energy;
- 179. The Coordination Committee will also consider any other suggestions to improve technological up-gradation within the overall policy of the Government in this regard.

# CHAPTER XIII

# ITEMS FOR STOCK AND SALE

180. Details of the items allowed for import under Open General Licence by dealers, individuals and others for stock and sale purposes i.e. without an Actual User condition, are given in Appendix 6. In respect of certain items indicated therein, the imports will be governed by the conditions attached thereto.

# Import of Fresh Fruits, Dry Fruits & Dates

181(1). Import of Fresh Fruits will be allowed, within the limits of foreign exchange to be allotted by the Department of Economic Affairs for this purpose, only through the National Agricultural Co-operative Marketing Federation of India (NAFED).

- (2) Import of 'Dates' will be allowed under OGL by all persons, if such import takes place by Indian sailing vessels.
- (3) Import of dry fruits (excluding cashewnuts and dates) will be allowed against licences issued to dealers engaged in this trade. The value of import licence in each case will be equal to 20 per cent of the c.i.f. value of best year's imports of the applicant in respect of dry fruits (excluding cashewnuts and dates) during any of the financial years from 1972-73 to preceding licensing year, subject to minimum of Rs. 5,000. Application should be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned on or before the last date of February of the licensing year to which the application pertains, accompanied certificate of Chartered Accountant or Cost Accountant who is not a partner, Director or an employee of the applicant firm or its associates, indicating the c.i.f. value of imports made by the applicant in his own name during any of the aforesaid years. The statement of imports should also give the numbers and dates of Bills of Entry and the name of Customs House of clearance to enable the licensing authorities to carry out post verification of the imports claimed. Bills of Entry, in original, should also be furnished alongwith the statement of imports. In addition, the applicant should also furnish, for the purpose verification, original Bills of Entry as an evidence of the imports on the basis of which he obtained import licence in 1981-82 (or 1982-83 if no licence was obtained under 1981-82 policy; or 1983-84 if no licence was obtained under 1981-82 or 1982-83 policy or 1984-85 if no licence was obtained in 1981-82 or 1982-83 or 1983-84). However, once an importer has submitted the original Bill of Entry, on the basis of which his best year's imports has been established to the satisfaction of the licensing authority, and import licence has been issued during 1981-82, 1982-83, 1983-84 or 1984-85, licence in the subsequent years may be granted on the basis of information already furnished and accepted.
- (4) For grant of an import licence, if any intending importer is unable to furnish the original Bill of Entry and he is able to establish its loss, the collateral evidence furnished by him may be accepted provided the concerned licensing authority, for the reasons to be recorded in full in all such cases, is fully satisfied about such evidence.
- (5) Import licences issued under sub-para (3) above will also be valid, within their overall value, for import of dates (wet or dry) by land route, upto 10 per cent of the value of the licence, subject to a maximum of Rs. 25,000 in each case.

# Import of photographic films

- 182(1). Import of photographic film (colour) and photographic film (black and white) of other than 120 and 620 roll size, can be made by all persons under OGL, subject to the conditions laid down.
- (2) Import of photographic films (black and white) of 120 and 620 roll size will be regulated having regard to the indigenous availability. The quantum of import and the manner of distribution will be decided by Government from time to time.

## Import of Ammunition

- 183(1). Import licences may be issued to licensed Arms Dealers for import of specified type of ammunition, at 5 per cent of the value of their annual average sales turnover of ammunition (whether indigenous or imported) during the last three years subject to a minimum of Rs. 2,000. Import licences will be valid for import of the following ammunition:—
  - (i) Shotgun Cartridges 28.
  - (ii) Revolver Catridges .450, .455, .45 bores.
  - (iii) Pistol Catridges .25, .30 Mauser, .450, .45 bores.
  - (iv) Riffle Cartridges 6.5 nm, .22 savage, .22 Hornet, 300 Sherwood, 32/40. .256, .275, .280, 7m/m Mauser, 7m/m Man Schoener, 9m/m Mauser, 9m/m Man Schoener, 8x57, 8x57S, 9.3m/m, 9.5m/m, .375 Magnum, .405, .30.06, .270, .30/30 Winch, .318, .33 Winch, .240 Mangnum, .351 Winch, .275 Mag., .350 Mag, 400/350, .369 Purdey, .450/400, .470, .32 Win, .458 Win, .380 Rook, .220 Swift, .44 Win bores.
- (2) Eligible licensed Arms Dealers may apply in the prescribed Form given in Appendix XIII-A of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88 together with supporting documents including a certificate of Chartered Accountant or Cost Accountant or Company Secretary, who is not a partner Director or an employee of the applicant firm or its associates, indicating year-wise value of their sales turnover of ammunition (indigenous or imported) during the last three years. This certificate should also mention the No. and date of the valid Arms Dealer's licence held by the applicant on the date of the import application. Applications should be made to the regional licensing authorities concerned so as to reach them not later than 31st July of the year to which the application pertains.

- 184(1) Application for import of arms and ammunition from "renowned shooters", for their own use, may be entertained by the CCI&E, New Delhi, on the recommendation of the Department of Youth Affairs and Sports, Government of India, New Delhi.
- (2) Applications of import of arms and ammunition from renowned shooters, for their own use, to be received as gift from abroad, may also be entertained by the CCI&E, New Delhi on the recommendation of the Department of Youth Affairs and Sports, Government of India, New Delhi.

# Import of weedicides for stock and sale

185. Import of weedicides, namely, (i) Methazenzthiazuron (Tribunil), (ii) Metozuron (Dosanex) and (iii) Isoproturon (tolkan and Arclon), and other pesticides, weedicides and insecticides, whether in finished formulations or in technical form, as may be required, may be arranged through a public sector designated agency, on the recommendation of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development and on the basis of foreign exchange released by the Department of Economic Affairs. Import will be allowed subject to such conditions as may be decided by Government.

# Items allowed for import by Actual Users and others for Stock and Sale

186. Import of raw materials, components and consumables is allowed on Open General Licence to Actual Users (Industrial) in accordance with the conditions laid down vide items (1) and (2) of Appendix 6 of this policy. In respect of certain items, out of these, import under Open General Licence can also be made by others, apart from Actual Users (Industrial) for stock and sale purposes. These items are listed in Part III, List 8 of Appendix 6 of this policy Book.

#### Import of Spares for Stock and Sale

187. Details for import of spares for stock and sale are given in Chapter VI of this policy Book.

#### CHAPTER XIV

# IMPORT POLICY FOR REGISTERED EXPORTERS

188. The object is to provide to the Registered Exporters, by way of import replenishment, the materials (all or some) required in the manufacture of the products exported.

#### Eligibility

- 189(1). Exports made of products appearing in Appendix 17 will qualify for the grant of import replenishment only if such exports are made in accordance with the export policy in force.
- (2) Products for which minimum export prices, i.e. floor prices, have been fixed will qualify for import replenishment only if they satisfy this condition; a declaration of the exporter about his compliance with this condition should accompany the relevant import application. Also, where the licensing authority considers that the value of the goods exported is over-invoiced or there has been a mis-declaration/wrong description of the goods exported, it shall be open to it either to refuse the licence or reduce its value as deemed fit. This shall be without prejudice to any other action that may be taken under the import-export statute or other legal provisions.
- 190. The following types of "deemed exports" will also qualify:—
  - (a) Sales to foreign tourists of the items specifield in para 209 of this policy;
  - (b) Supplies made to IBRD/IDA aided projects in India where such supplies are made under the procedure of international competitive bidding;
  - (c) Supplies made in India to United Nations Organisations or under the Aid Programmes of United Nations and other multi-national agencies, at international prices and paid for in free foreign exchange;
  - (d) Sales to foreign shipping companies, where payment is received in foreign exchange or in Indian Rupees obtained from the exchange of foreign currency;
  - (e) Supplies of fitment items (of Capital Goods nature) to Indian shipyards building oceangoing ships;
  - (f) Supplies made in India to projects financed by multilateral or bilateral external assistance, either under international competitive bidding or under limited tender required under the procedure governing multilateral/bilateral assistance and allowing tendering to parties from both India and abroad. (This will apply to supplies made to projects as a result of tenders opened by the project authorities on or after 11th December, 1981);

- (g) Supplies made in India to units in free trade zones or 100% export-oriented units, according to the policy laid down under the respective schemes;
- (h) Supplies made in India of 'intermediate' products to holders of Advance licences under the scheme for supply of intermediate products contained in Appendix 19.
- (i) Supplies at international prices of raw materials, components, machinery, equipments, instruments, accessories, tools, and spares (excluding consumables, office machines and consumer goods, howsoever described) to ONGC, Oil India Ltd. and Gas Authority of India Ltd., both for their off-shore and on shore exploration, drilling and production operations in pursuance of offers/orders/contracts based on such offers/orders.
- (j) Other supplies made in India against international competitive bidding where the payment is received in free foreign exchange.
- 191. The following exports will not qualify:---
  - (i) Exports to Bhutan except supplies made by Indian suppliers against payment in free foreign exchange by United Nations agencies in connection with their Aid Programmes or supplies made to IBRD/IDA aided projects;
  - (ii) Exports to Nepal and Aighanistan except those paid for in free foreign exchange or in accordance with the procedures for procurement under IBRD, IDA/ADB regulations;
  - (iii) Exports under barter deals or under trade promotion agreements entered into by public sector enterprises in India with overseds buyers, unless otherwise provided with prior Government approval in the relevant barter deal or trade promotion agreement; and
  - (iv) Exports to Bangladesh against commodity grants under the Ministry of Commerce Public Notice No. 3—ETC(PN)/75 dated 25-1-1975.
- 192. Exports on consignment basis will qualify only after the proceeds have been realised against final sales. The import replenishment rate in such cases

would be that in force on the date of realisation of sale proceeds.

# **Extent of Import Replenishment**

- 193(1). The extent of import replenishment permissible against each product enumerated in column 2 of Appendix 17 shall be that set out in column 3 thereof. These percentages will apply in the case of exports made on or after 1-4-1985 except for registered contracts to which the relevant provisions would apply.
- (2) The provisions made in para 220 may be referred to in respect of exports of new products of to new markets.
- (3) In respect of exports made through Indian vessels, the registered exporter will be eligible for REP licence under the import policy for Registered Exporters in accordance with the provisions made in Appendix 17, at the rate of import replenishment higher by 10% of the normal rate, i.s. 11% instead of the normal 10% and so on.

# Categories of Registered Exporters

194. They comprise of merchant-exporters, manufacturer-exporters and Export Houses (including Trading Houses).

# Items permissible for Import

- 195(1). The items permissible for import against each export product covered by this policy are given in column 4 of the policy statement given in Appendix 17, read with column 5.
- (2) Import of technical designs, drawings or other documentation and/or facilities for type testing abroad may be allowed to manufacturer exporters against REP licences, upto Rs. 5 lakhs in value (or Rs. 20 lakhs in value in the case of units which exported select products atleast 25% of their production in any of the two previous financial years subject to a minimum of Rs. 5 lakhs, or which exported select products of atleast Rs. 1 crore in FOB value in any of the two previous financial years) in each case during the licensing year for which an endorsement on REP licence will be made, on request, by the licensing authority concerned. The manufacturer-exporter should send post-facto intimation to the Director General of Technical Development (Import and Export Policy Cell), New Delhi, immediately after the import has been made. Requests for import of these items of higher value may also be considered by the licensing authority concerned in consultation with DGTD.

- (3) The facility for import of technical designs etc. upto Rs. 20 lakhs in value, available in sub-para (2) above to manufacturer-exporters having a minimum export performance as laid down, can be availed of by them either against their own valid REP licences obtained on the basis of their exports as per policy, or against valid REP licence acquired by transfer in accordance with the import policy. The licensing authority, while making an endorsement on REP licence for the purpose under sub-para (2) above, shall also impose Actual User condition, Where the manufacturer-exporter intends to transfer the balance value of the REP licence, in question, under the provisions of the import policy, the licensing issue a separate nonauthority may, on request, transferable licence for import under sub-para (2) above, by corresponding reduction in the value of the concerned main REP licence.
- (4) The facilities in sub-paras (2) and (3) above will be used by the manufacturer-exporter only for the purpose of authorised production.
- 196(1). REP licences will also be valid for the import of computer tags/cards, printed/woven labels, printed polyethylene/polypropylene bags, illustrated catalogues, pictures, albums and mailing lists, pricing/marking/coding equipments/hand operated labelling, upto 2 per cent of the value of each licence and within its overall value.
- (2) In cases where the items mentioned in subpara (1) above are supplied free of charge, Customs Clearance Permit will be considered, provided the items are used for purposes of exports only.
- (3) Registered exporters may be granted Customs Clearance Permits for import of labels and other items mentioned in sub-para (1) above, supplied free of charge, of a value equal to one per cent of the FOB value of their exports during the preceding year of readymade garments covered by Products Group 'O' in Appendix 17. The Customs Clearance Permits will bear a condition that the imported articles will be used only for exports.

## Import of canalised items against REP licences

197(1). The holder of a REP licence may effect direct import of those canalised items as appear in that licence, upto the extent permitted therein or which can be imported against the licence under any specific provision in this policy. In such cases, it shall be a condition that the importer shall furnish particulars of the imports made to the canalising agency concerned in the prescribed proforma appearing in Appear-

- dix IV-F of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88. At the time of clearance, the importer will be required to declare to the customs that these particulars regarding the consignment sought to be cleared have been sent to the concerned Canalising Agency, viz......vide letter No........... dated......Failure to comply with this requirement will entail penal action under the imports statute, besides the stoppage of the facility to the licence holder against current licences and denial of further licences to him.
- (2) In respect of items appearing in Appendix 5 Part B, which do not specifically figure in the shopping list against various export products in Appendix 17, prior approval of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, will also be necessary before effecting imports as laid down in Para 73 of this policy. Such prior approval will not be necessary in respect of items which appear in Advance licence issued under Duty Exemption Scheme in Appendix 19.

### Import of Capital Goods against REP licences

198. The provision relating to import of Capital goods/prototypes by Actual user (Industrial) against REP licence(s) is given in para 50 of this policy.

# Import of samples by Registered Exporters

- 199. Samples imported by exporters for export production purposes will be exempt from import control restrictions, if such samples are imported against the blanket release of foreign exchange provided by the Reserve Bank of India for travel abroad.
- 200. Manufacturer-exporters can import technical samples valued upto Rs. 20,000 c.i.f. under OGL 4, provided these are supplied free of charge by foreign suppliers. Customs authorities will also take a liberal view in allowing clearance of such samples which are imported as personal baggage of the manufacturer-exporter. Export Promotion Councils, Trade Development Authority (TDA) and Export Houses/Trading Houses can also import technical samples linder OGL 4, subject to the conditions laid down therein.
- 201. Import of samples may be allowed by the customs authorities without import licence in cases where (i) the value does not exceed Rs. 10,000, (ii) the importer is a registered manufacturer-exporter and produces evidence to this effect to the customs authorities at the time of clearance. The authorised dealers in foreign exchange may open letters of credit or make remittance on behalf of the registered manufacturer-exporters against such imports after satis-

fying themselves about the bona fide of the applicants and their compliance with the conditions stipulated above.

202. REP licence issued to a Registered Exporter on his own exports will be valid within the value of the licence for the import of samples required for product development by the registered exporter himself or by his supporting manufacturer, upto Rs. one lakh provided the import of each type of sample is not more than two in number. This limit will be Rs. 50,000 for others. This facility will not be available for import of the following items:—

- (i) T.V. set,
- (ii) Air Conditioner,
- (iii) Refrigerator,
- (iv) Cooking Range,
- (v) Washing machine,
- (vi) Motor Cycle, Scooter and Moped,
- (vii) Radiogram,
- (viii) Tape recorder,
- (ix) Amplifier,
- (x) Camera/Movie Camera,
- (xi) Movie Projector,
- (xii) Golf set,
- (xiii) Watch,
- (xiy) Electric Shaver,
- (xv) Hair Dryer,
- (xví) Flash guo,
- (xvii) Exposure meter,
- (xviii) Motor Vehicle (car, jeep, bus, truck, tractor etc.),
  - (xix) Office machines/equipment,
  - (xx) VCR/VTR,
  - (xxi) Computer (including personal computer, word processing system and Desk Top Computer).

But this restriction will not apply to the import of TV set, Air conditioner, Refrigerator, Radiogram, Tape recorder, Amplifier, Flash gun, Two-wheeler, moped, scooter and motor cycle, by a manufacturer-exporter who is an Actual User (Industrial) himself manufacturing such item(s).

203. Manufacturer-experters requiring to import samples, for a value higher than that permissible in para 202 above against their REP licences, can apply

to the heensing authorities concerned for suitable endorsement, on the recommendation of the Export Promotion Council, Trade Development Authority or other registering authority concerned.

### Special Facilities to Registered Exporters

204(1). A manufacturer-exporter holding a valid REP licence issued in his own name against exports of select products manufactured by him will be eligible to import within the overall value of REP licence items of raw materials, components, consumables, spares and packing materials which are related to select products exported or manufactured by him either in the same factory as the one from which the goods were exported against the REP licence concerned or in some other factory of the same name of the manufacturer. However, in respect of items covered by sub-para (2) below, import will be subject to the value restrictions indicated against the different categories of licence holders. The special facility will be subject to the following conditions:—

- (i) Items mentioned in Appendix 2 and Appendix 5—Part B of this Policy will not be allowed to be imported. Import of (i) Raw Silk, and (ii) Component/modules of electronic watches, clocks and time pieces will also not be allowed.
- (ii) Import of instruments will not be allowed under this facility. However, import of testing, measuring and quality control instruments used in electronic industry will be allowed upto 20% of the face value of the licence subject to a single item not exceeding Rs. one lakh.
- (iii) Import of tools including consumable tools will be allowed under this facility subject to the value restrictions on items referred to at Sl. No. 1 in sub-para (2) below.
- (iv) Additional import replenishment wherever provided in column 5 against certain Sl. Nos. in Appendix 17 of this Policy will not be allowed to be used for this facility. Against such additional import replenishments, only the items specifically permitted in column 5 will be allowed.
- (v) Import of components under this para by DGTD and textile machinery manufacturing units which are or which have been subject to phased manufacturing programme will be governed by the List Attestation Procedure contained in Para 94 of this Book.

- (vi) Single item for which the value limit is provided in this para will have the same meaning as defined in para 7 of this book.
- (vii) The imports when made will be subject to Actual User conditions.
- (viii) REP licences to be used for the facility under this para shall be "non-transferable" and shall be endorsed accordingly.

(2) The different categories of REP licence holders, face value restrictions for import of items, value limits for import of single item in Appendix 3 or Appendix 5—Part A based on the replenishment percentages indicated in column 3 in Appendix 17 of this Policy against the relevant export products and conditions subject to which import is allowed are given below:

SI. No.	Category of REP licence holder	Where the REP percentage in App. 17 of this policy is	Maximum face value upto which REP licence can be utilised	Items permitted for import	Maximum value limit for import of a single item in col. 5.	Enhanced maximum value limit for import of a single item in lieu of value in col. (6) if conditions in col. (8) are	Conditions for enhanced value limit in column (7)
					(In lakhs Rs.)	satisfied (In lakhs Rs.)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Manufacturer exporter including Manufacturer Export House and Manufacturer Trading House.	More than 20%	25%	Items in Appendix 3	1.50	2 50	(1) Export of select products is at least 25% of the gross value of his output of select products in any of the two previous financial years: and.
							(2) Minimum value of export in (1) above is not less than Rs. 10 lakbs.
2.	-do-	More than 20%	20%	items in Appendix 5—Part A.	x 1,00	2,00	-do-
3.	-do-	20% or less	30%	ltems in Appendix 3	1.50	2.50	-do-
4.	-do-	20% or less	25%	Items in Appendix 5—Part A.	1.00	2.00	-do-
5.	-do-	More than 20%	25%	Items in Appendix 3	1.50	4,00	(1) Export of select products in any of the two previous financial years is 50% or more of his gross value of output of select products, and
							(2) Minimum value of export in (1) above is not less than Rs. 15 lakhs.
6.	-do-	More than 20%	20%	Items in Appendix 5— Part A.	1.00	3.00	-do-
7.	-do-	20% or less	50%	Items in Appendix 3.	1.50	5.00	-do-
8.	-do-	20% or less	`50%	items in Appendix 5— PartiA.	1.00	4.00	-do-
9.	Merchant Export House or Merchant Trading House.	20% or less	20% each	Items in (i) Appendix 3 and (ii) Appendix 5—Part A.	2.00* sach.		•This facility is admissible subject to conditions given in sub- para (3) below.

- (3) The flexibility in the utilisation of REP licences allowed to manufacturer-exporters in subpara (1) above is extended to the merchant export/trading houses subject to the following conditions:—
  - (i) The items alowed for import are only those which are actually required as raw materials, components, spares and packing materials by the supporting manufacturer of these export/trading houses. These shall also be subject to the conditions laid down in subpara (1) above.
  - (ii) The materials imported under these provisions shall be disposed of only to the supporting manufacturers subject to Actual User conditions. A list of such supporting manufacturers whose products have been exported by the export/trading houses will be furnished in advance to the licensing authority concerned along with (a) consent letters in writing in original from these supporting manufacturers and (b) a photostat copy of the valid Registration Certificate/ Industrial licence held by such supporting manufacturers. The list once furnished shall not be allowed to be changed in the course of the licensing period. The list so furnished by the export/trading houses shall form part of the REP licence endorsed under these provisions and shall be subject to the condition that the materials imported shall be disposed of to the Actual Users named in that list. In the case of export houses, the list shall not include more than 50 such supporting manufacturers. This restriction shall not, however, apply to trading houses.
  - (iii) Each export house and trading house availing of the facility under this para shall furnish separate quarterly returns to the port licensing authority concerned giving the description and value of the items imported by them and disposed of to Actual Users with their complete addresses and Industrial Registration Nos., etc. Each such quarterly report should reach the licensing authority concerned within a month from the expiry of the quarterly period, failing which the facility provided under this para shall be withdrawn for the rest of the licensing period. The export/trading house will also be liable to actions under the Import & Export (Control) Act 1947, and

- the Order issued thereunder. A copy of the quarterly returns referred to here shall also be submitted by the export/trading house to the concerned sponsoring authority of the supporting manufacturer to whom the imported materials under this facility have been supplied.
- (4) In the case of sub-para (2) above where the items in Appendix 3 or Appendix 5—Part A proposed to be imported are already figuring in column 4 or column 5 (excluding items for which additional replenishment for specific items are granted) in Appendix 17 of this Policy against the relevant export product, the manufacturer-exporter will be eligible to import the items concerned either to the extent specifically permitted in Col. 4 or Col. 5 or general conditions, if any, laid down in Appendix 17 or to the extent permitted under sub-para (2) above, whichever is more favourable to him.
- (5) The facility available in sub-para (1) above will also be available to manufacturers who are not registered exporters but whose select export products are exported by other manufacturer-exporters or merchant exporters. While submitting the application for issue of REP licence, the applicant exporter concerned will furnish a declaration giving the name and address of the manufacturer whose select products were exported stating that the REP licence may be issued in the name of the manufacturer with suitable endorsement under para 204. On such a declaration, the REP licence will be issued in the name of the manufacturer concerned with endorsement of the facility under this para in the same manner as laid down in sub-para (7) below. This provision is, however, not available (i) for issue of licences to other manufacturers of the same or similar products or (ii) manufacturers of packing materials of the select products concerned or (iii) to export/trading houses.
- (6) If an exporter claiming facility under this para requires a part value of the licence separately issued for importing column 4 or 5 items provided in Appendix 17 against the Sl. Nos. in question, the port licensing authority concerned will consider such requests. However, the different restrictions relating to percentage or import of items specified in para 204 will be available only for the face value of the remaining part of the licence for which an endorsement under para 204 is granted.
- (7) For availing of the facilities under this para, an endorsement on the REP licence is required from the licensing authority concerned. The licensing

authorities will work out separately the c.i.f. values of import of items permissible under sub-para (2) of this para and specify such value limitations while making these endorsements. The following endorsement will be made by the licensing authority:

"This licence is also valid for import of items permissible under para 204(1) of the Import & Export Policy 1985-88 and shall be subject to Actual User conditions as laid down in Schedule V to Imports (Control) Order 1955. Items in Appendix 3 or Appendix 5 Part A can be imported for the specified values given below subject to (i) the provisions of para 204(4) of the Policy in force on the date of endorsement and (ii) the relevant items continuing to be under these Appendices on the date of actual import.

Sub-para 2(i)* for a value of Rs(Rs)	but the value of a single item not to exceed Rs (Rs)
Sub-para 2(ii) for a value of Rs(Rs)	**
Sub-para 2(iii) for a value of Rs(Rs)	**
Sub-para 2(iv) for a value of Rs(Rs)	••
Sub-para 2(v) for a value of Rs(Rs)	**
Sub-para 2(vi) for a value of Rs(Rs)	**
Sub-para 2(vii) for a value of Rs(Rs)	**
Sub-para 2(viii) for a value of Rs(Rs)	
Sub-para 2(ix) for a value of Rs(Rs)	,,

- (8) Manufacturer-exporters seeking the facility provided in this para will be required to produce Export Performance Certificates issued by the Export Commissioner in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, as per para 221 below as an evidence of having achieved the required level of export performance. This certificate will, however, be necessary only in case the manufacturer seeks endorsement for the higher value limit, if any, in col. 7 of sub-para (2) of this para.
- (9) The facilities under this para will be available in respect of REP licences issued after 1-4-1985 irrespective of the export period to which they belong. The endorsement made under para 204(1) of this Policy on REP licences issued after 1-4-1985 against exports effected prior to 1-4-1985 will also be subject to the conditions laid down in this Policy.

# Special Facilities for Units exporting 100% of their production

- 205(1). Manufacturer-exporters who have been in production during the last 3 years and have exported 100% of their production of select products during the preceding one year but are not approved as such under the scheme of 100% export oriented units, may be allowed to import any item appearing in Appendix 3 and Appendix 5 Part A of this policy, within the overall value of valid REP licences acquired by transfer in accordance with the import policy in force. Such import shall be subject to the following conditions:—
  - (i) The licensing authority will allow endorsement upto a value not exceeding 100% of the value of REP licences obtained by the concerned unit during the preceding year against exports of such select products manufactured by it, and which qualify for import replenishment at a rate not more than 50%.
  - (ii) Requests for endorsement under this provision will be entertained by the regional licensing authorities concerned, subject to the prescribed conditions.
  - (iii) The request for endorsement should be accompanied by a photostat copy of the Export Performance Certificate issued by Export Commissioner under para 221 of this policy, showing that the unit concerned exported 100% of its production of select products during the preceding year.
  - (iv) The request for endorsement should be accompanied by a list of items to be imported. The items should be those as are related to the select product(s) exported by the concerned unit or related to the select products proposed to be manufactured (within his licence/registration) and exported, and which appear in Appendix 3 or Appendix 5 Part A of this policy.
  - (v) The REP licence sought to be endorsed should have unutilised balance of at least 3 months in its period of validity as on the date on which request for endorsement is received by the concerned licensing authority.
  - (vi) The licence endorsed shall be marked "Non-transferable."

<sup>(\*</sup>Indicate the relevant sub-paras only)

- (vii) The list of select export products eligible for the facility under this provision is given in Appendix 12 of this Policy.
- (viii) Import of the following items shall not be allowed under this provision:—
  - (a) Raw silk, silk fabrics/thread/yarn/waste/noils.
  - (b) Components/modules of electronic watches, clocks and time-pieces mentioned in Appendix 5, Part A.
  - (c) Instruments.
  - (d) Items mentioned in Appendix 2 and Appendix 5 Part B.
  - (ix) A condition shall also be imposed on the licence that it shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition and the entire production of select products of the unit shall be exported.
  - (x) The manufacturer exporter availing of facility under this provision will execute a legal undertaking to the effect that his entire production of select products will be exported within 18 months from the date of import of the first consignment.
  - (xi) The licence holder shall furnish to the licensing authority concerned reports of imports and exports on a quarterly basis, within one month of the expiry of the concerned quarterly period, giving c.i.f. value, quantity and description of each item imported, and f.o.b. value, quantity and description of each product exported.
- (2) Manufacturer-exporters referred to in sub-para (1) above, will also be eligible to import Capital Goods (whether new or secondhand) under Open General Licence given in Appendix 23 of this Book, subject to the conditions laid down therein.

#### **Bulk Licences for Rough Diamonds**

206(1). Bulk Import licences may be issued for import of unset and uncut Diamonds to (i) Hindustan Diamond Co. Ltd., Bombay, (ii) MMTC, New Delhi, or (iii) any other agency duly approved by the Government for this purpose against foreign exchange released to them for such imports, for sale to holders of valid import licences. REP (including Imprest) licence holders who wish to receive supplies from these agencies may approach them along with their licences and letters indicating their consent to purchase the material

- against the licence. In case the material sought to be released is against an Imprest licence issued to the applicant, the licence holder shall execute the requisite bond/ legal agreement for fulfilling the export obligation with the licensing authority concerned before approaching the agency concerned. The licensing authority will suitably endorse the leence relating to such execution of bond/legal agreement.
- (2) The agency concerned who receive such requests may approach the licensing authority concerned for debiting the licences involved. No supply shall be effected by the agency concerned till both the copies of the licences involved have been suitably endorsed.
- (3) Application for issue of bulk import licences to the agencies concerned against foreign exchange released to them by the Department of Economic Affairs, New Delhi, may be preferred to the licensing authority concerned.

## Re-export of Rough Diamonds

207(1). In order to increase the unit value of export of cut and polished diamonds by use of appropriate rough materials, the re-export of imported diamonds (uncut and unpolished) other than those supplied by the agencies referred to in Para 206 of this policy may be allowed subject to the following conditions:—

- (i) The re-export does not exceed ten per cent of the c.i.f. value of replenishment (including Imprest) licences issued for uncut/unpolished diamonds, and
- (ii) Re-export made in accordance with these provisions will be eligible for import replenishment at the rate of 100 per cent of the c.i.f. value minus foreign exchange cost of such re-export of uncut/unpolished diamonds including commission, etc. i.e. only net receipt of foreign exchange after meeting all expenses of such re-export.
- (2) Applications for replenishment licences against export of such rough diamonds may be preferred to the licensing authority concerned along with:—
  - (a) Customs attested copies of shipping bills showing actual exports of roughs during a financial year;
  - (b) Photocopies of REP (including Imprest) licences, received by the applicants for import of uncut/un-polished diamonds for the financial year in (a) above; and

(c) Full particulars relating to expenses for such re-exports, including commission paid, if any.

## Loss of Consignments of Gem & Jewellery items

208. Consignments of Gem & Jewellery items exported out of the country and lost in transit after export where foreign exchange against exports has been realised or insurance claims settled in foreign exchange, will be eligible for replenishment benefits as per provisions in Appendix 17 of the policy.

### Sales to Foreign Tourists

209(1). Sales to foreign tourists in respect of the following goods will qualify for import replenishment under the import policy for Registered Exporters:—

- (a) Gem and Jewellery;
- (b) Handicrafts;
- (c) Leather goods, namely, footwear, hand bags belts, purses, etc.;
- (d) Carpets, Rugs, druggets, durries and namdhas:
- (e) Cotton Sarees, Cotton dress materials, Cotton table linen, bed spreads, bed covers, cotton stoles, scarves, shawls and Cotton furnishing materials;
- (f) Ready-made garments,
- (g) Silk fabrics and made-up articles, including furnishing material;
- (h) Consumer electronic items;
- (i) Disc records:
- (j) Books/stationery; and
- (k) Stainless steel utensils/cutlery.
- (2) Sales effected to foreigners against surrender of free foreign exchange at "Trade Fairs" (exhibitions arranged for special visiting delegations held under the aegis of T.F.A.I. or T.D.A. or Organisations like A.I.H.B., H.H.E.C., etc.) will be treated on par with sales to foreign tourists for the purpose of grant of REP benefits.

#### Gift Scheme

210. Under this Scheme, persons living abroad can buy goods manufactured in India against payment in free foreign exchange for the purpose of presentation as gifts to their friends and relations in India. The Central Cottage Industries Emporium has been designated as an agency to handle such mail order business from abroad. The goods sold by or through

this agency under the Scheme will qualify for import replenishment licences to be issued to this agency, in accordance with the Import Policy for Registered Exporters. The agency can make a consolidated application, on quarterly, basis, for obtaining REP licences against items sold by them or through them under this scheme during that quarter. The REP licence will, however, indicate the items and their value separately in respect of each product sold, as admissible in Appendix 17. The documents in support should include a bank certificate showing remittance received in free foreign exchange from abroad and the relevant sale voucher giving clear description of the article, duly attested by the agency.

# Sales at duty-free shops in India

211(1). Sales of goods manufactured in India, namely, cigarettes, liquors, electronic calculators, consumer electronic goods, watches, handicrafts and jewellery at duty-free shops against payment in free foreign exchange will qualify for import replenishment licences in accordance with the import policy for Registered Exporters.

(2) Any goods of foreign make may also be sold at duty-free shops in India against payment in free foreign exchange. Such sales will not be entitled to any REP benefits.

#### Project Exports

- 212. The following categories of contracts will be treated as Projects Exports:—
  - (i) Turnkey projects, namely, those which involve the rendering of services like design, civil construction, erection and commissioning of plant or supervision thereof, along with the supply of equipment.
  - (ii) Engineering services contracts, involving the supply of services alone, such as design, erection, commissioning or supervision of erection and commissioning.
  - (iii) Consultancy services contracts, which may include the preparation of feasibility studies, project reports, preparation of designs and advice to the project authority on specifications for plant and equipment, preparation of tender documents, evaluation of tenders and purchase of plant and equipment.
  - (iv) Civil construction contracts, with or without preparation of designs or drawings for the civil work to be undertaken.

- 213(1). The categories mentioned above are not to be treated as mutually exclusive and a project contract could include supply of services or equipment, coming under more than one of the categories.
- (2) Turnkey projects may involve the extension of deferred payment terms to the buyer abroad, in the sense, that foreign exchange remittance, according to the contract, will not be completed within the time limit, after shipment, stipulated in the Foreign Exchange Regulations. For expeditious clearance of proposals for Turnkey projects, as also supply of equipment, on deferred payment terms, a Working Group of financial institutions has been set up which functions in the Industrial Development Bank of India. The Banks of the intending exporters can themselves clear proposals under powers delegated to them. Details in this regard will be found in the "Broad Guidelines to exporters of Engineering Goods on Deferred payment Basis and Turnkey Projects" published by the Industrial Development Bank of India/Reserve Bank of India/EXIM Bank.
- (3) Similar Guidelines in respect of construction projects, the proposals relating to which are also cleared by the Working Group of financial institutions, have been issued by the Reserve Bank of India,
- (4) Turnkey Project exporters will have to indicate the extent of import of equipment or machinery and related spares, tools and accessories envisaged by them, from a third country, into the project country for supply to the buyer as part of the project, when they forward their proposals for clearance according to the Broad Guidelines. Once the Bank or the Working Group, as the case may be, approves the proposals, necessary permission for remittance of foreign exchange out of India will also be given by the Reserve Bank of India after completion of required formalities. No import licence will be required to be obtained for such third country imports into the project country.
- (5) The project contractors requiring construction equipment, machinery and related spares, tools and accessories for enabling them to execute the projects undertaken may buy such equipments, machinery and related spares, tools and accessories in the project country or from third countries. The proposed purchase of construction equipment, machinery and related spares, tools and accessories will have to be indicated to the Bank or the Working Group and clearance obtained as part of the proposals for which clearance is sought. After completion of the project, such equipments, machinery and related spares, tools and accessories will be allowed to be imported into

- the country by the Customs authorities without production of an import licence or a Customs Clearance permit. The project contractors shall give a declaration to the customs authority concerned that these equipmens, machinery and related spares, tools and accessories imported/reimported were used for execution of the project (name of the project to be mentioned) and were either taken from India or purchased abroad for which necessary permission of the Reserve Bank of India or EXIM Bank of India/ IDBI or the Working Group of the EXIM Bank/ IDBI was obtained. Such contractors will also be allowed to re-import, without production of an import licence or a Customs clearance permit, office equipments which they had used during the course of execution of their contracts aborad for at least one year on production of satisfactory evidence to this effect to the Customs authorities.
- 214. Import replenishment licence will be issued in accordance with para 215 hereunder for the value of the items exported from India, whether or not these are supplemented by third country imports, for executing a project in accordance with para 212 and 213 above.
- 215. The Registered Exporter in such cases will have the option to claim import replenishment either at the rate applicable to the totality of exports covered by the project or at the rates applicable to individual parts of such exports. This option will be available only in cases where the project contract sets down the break-up of plant prices itemwise. When there is no such break-up in the contract, the exporter will be eligible to claim import replenishment only at the rate applicable to the plant as a whole. (These provisions apply to exports made on or after 12th January, 1977).

# Exports through third party

216. In respect of "third party" exports, i.e. where all or any of the export documents contain the names of two parties, the import replenishment licence as admissible under the import policy for Registered Exporters may be claimed by any of these two parties provided (i) the claimant is a Registered Exporter and is otherwise eligible under the policy, (ii) the claimant produces a certificate of "disolaimer" from the other party in his favour, and (iii) the party granting the disclaimer, is not itself debarred from receiving licences etc. under the Imports (Control) Order, 1955.

Note:—It is clarified that the provisions of this para will not apply to import licences having export obligation such as Advance licences.

Special Imprest licences, Imprest licences, Import-Export Pass Books, and export obligations fixed on approved 100% export oriented units.

# Assistance for Products Development through Trade Development Authority

- 217(1). Import of (a) samples, drawings, technical literature and specifications and initial small lots of raw materials, components, consumables, tooling and test equipment for product development may be allowed on the recommendation of Trade Development Authority to its clientele. Import applications will be forwarded by Trade Development Authority, Bank of Baroda Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi, to the regional licensing authorities concerned with their recommendations. Foreign exchange to cover the import will also be released by TDA out of the bulk allocation placed at its disposal by Government for the purpose.
- (2) TDA may recommend to the licensing authorities concerned the applications of its clientele for the grant of advance/imprest licences for import of raw materials and components under the relevant provisions made in this policy.
- (3) TDA may recommend the applications of its clientele for import of Capital Goods against REP licences under the relevant provisions of this policy.
- (4) The details of 'Package of Services' rendered by Trade Development Authority are given in Appendix XIV-M of the Hand Book for Import-Export. Procedure 1985-88.

#### Associate exporters of STC/MMTC

- 218. An exporter securing export order through a public sector agency namely, STC or MMTC, and who exports the goods in execution of that order as associate of such agency can obtain imported materials off the shelf from them as replenishment admissible under the import policy for Registered Exporters, in the following manner:—
  - (a) By handing over to the STC/MMTC the goods intended for export in execution of the export order in question; and
  - (b) By handing over to the STC/MMTC the export documents in respect of the exports made in execution of the export order in question and surrendering his right to apply for import replenishment licence against the same exports.

#### Surrender of valid REP licence

- 219(1). Where a Registered Exporter obtains REP licence for import of any items appearing in Appendices 2 Part-B or 3 of import policy, against his own exports, in accordance with the provisions made in Appendix 17 of this Book, it will be open to him to surrender the licence, within its initial validity period, to the licensing authority concerned, instead of importing the items, in question, against that licence. The unutilised cif value of such surrendered licence will be treated as the fob value of exports of select products of the concerned exporter for the purpose of computing his export performance to enable him to get the Export Performance Certificate referred to separately in this chapter and/or Export House Certificate/Trading House Certificate in accordance with the provisions made in Chapter XXI of this Book. In such cases, only that unutilised part of the surrendered licence will be taken into account, which could have been utilised for the import of items appearing in Appendices 2 Part-B or 3 of import policy, in accordance with the terms and conditions applicable to the licence concerned. Value of REP licences surrendered will be accepted as f.o.b. value of exports for the financial year during which these have been surrendered.
- (2) On surrender of such REP licence, the licensing authority will issue a certificate to the Registered Exporter indicating the unutilised cif value in the licence which could be utilised for import of items in Appendices 2 Part-B or 3 of import policy. The Registered Exporter will make use of this certificate for the purpose of obtaining Export Performance Certificate and/or Export House Certificate/Trading House Certificate in accordance with the provisions made in the policy.

# Exports of new products or to new markets

- 220(1). Registered Exporters exporting a new product or exporting products to a new market, will be eligible for REP licence against such exports under the import policy for Registered Exporters, in accordance with the provisions made in Appendix 17, at the rate of import replenishment higher by 10% of the normal rate i.e. 11 per cent instead of the normal 10 per cent, and so on. This provision will be applicable only in respect of the products and the markets which may be specified for the purpose from time to time. New markets and/or new products specified in this regard are included in Appendix 24 to this book.
- (2) The above facility is intended to overcome the handicap which such exporters are likely to face, con-

sequent upon a comparatively lower fob value which they may be able to realise as cost of first entry.

# Assistance to export oriented units

- 221(1). Several provisions have been made in this policy to assist export production. Licensing authorities will render necessary assistance to exporting units to enable them to obtain their imported inputs in time for timely execution of export orders.
- (2) Manufacturer-exporters whose exports of select products in any of the two previous financial years are at least 25 per cent of their production, subject to a minimum of Rs. 5 lakhs in value (f.o.b.), or whose exports of select products in any of the two previous financial years is at least Rs. 1 crore in value (f.o.b.), will receive special consideration in the matter of their import requirements, particularly for upgrading technology and for product development. Procedural formalities will also be cut down in their case as far as possible.
- (3) For the purpose of eligibility to the various benefits provided in the policy for export-oriented units (i.e. those having a minimum export performance laid down), such units should apply immediately to the Export Commissioner in the Office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, for obtaining Export Performance Certificate. For the purpose of calculation of export performance for the issue of Export Performance Certificate, Gross value of output including all direct and indirect costs of production, depreciation, interest, duties and taxes leviable, profits and over-heads, etc. will be taken into consideration. They will be able to avail of the benefits only on production of such Export Performance Certificate to the licensing authorities concerned. Applications to the Export Commissioner should be sent in the form and manner as given in Appendix XIV-L of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures 1985-88, on or before 31st October of the licensing year.

#### Registration of Export Contracts

222. In order to provide stability for the growth of exports, a scheme is in operation for the registration of export contracts. The details are given in Appendix 20.

## **Duty-free Imports against REP Licences**

223. There is a scheme to provide duty-free imports of raw materials against REP licences issued on the exports of specified products. The scheme is applicable to all Registered Exporters, exporting the products specified. REP licences issued under the scheme will be freely transferable like other REP

licences and will not be subject to "Actual User" condition. Details of the scheme are given in Appendix 21.

## Exports inadmissible for REP

- 224(1). No REP benefits are admissible in the case of imported goods which are re-exported in the same state without undergoing any processing or manufacturing operation in Iudia.
- (2) No REP benefits will be admissible under the Import Policy for Registered Exporters in the case of export of spares as free replacement during warrantee/performance guarantee period. Also, value of such spares is not to be set-off against the REP entitlements of the exporters.

## Utilisation of REP licences

- 225. The REP licence wil be issued in the name of the Registered Exporter only and will not be subject to 'Actual User' conditions, Except for cases covered by paras 195(2), 204, 263(2) and 265(1), a licence holder may transfer the licence in full or part in favour of any other person. The licence holder or such transferee may import the goods permitted therein but the facility of paragraphs 195(2), 196 and 202 shall not be available to any transferee, unless the transferee is himself a registered exporter and can satisfy the custom authorities at the time of clearance of the goods, of his bona fides.
- 226. The transfer of the licence will not require any endorsement or permission from the licensing authority i.e., it will be governed by the ordinary law. Accordingly, clearance of the goods covered by a REP licence issued under this policy, will be allowed by the customs authorites on producton by the transferee of only the document of transfer of the licence concerned in his name. Whenever an REP licence is transferred, the transferor should give a formal letter to the transferee, giving full particulars regarding number, date and value of the licence trans-. ferred and the name and address of the transferee. and complete description of the import items for which the licence is transferred. A copy of the transfer letter should be endorsed to the licensing authority who issued the REP licence, for record. This procedure will also apply to subsequent transfers of the same licence.

## Other Schemes

227(i). Import-Export Pass Book Scheme (ii) Duty Exemption Scheme (iii) Imprest Licensing Scheme

(iv) Gold Jewellery Export Promotion Schemes (v) 100% Export Oriented Units Scheme and (vi) Import Policy for Registered Exporters in Free Trade Zones covered by the Registered Exporters Policy are given as separate Appendices in this Book.

# CHAPTER XV

# IMPORT-EXPORT PASS BOOK SCHEME FOR REGISTERED MANUFACTURER-EXPORTERS

# Objective:

228. A new scheme, known as the Import-Export Pass Book scheme, is being introduced for manufacturer-exporters to provide duty-free access to imported inputs for export production. This scheme is designed to simplify systems for export production by eliminating procedural delays. This scheme which is broader in its coverage than the Advance licensing scheme, will help the regular registered manufacturer-exporters to obtain their requirements of imported raw materials etc. duty free to suit their production/export time schedule. The need to apply repeatedly for Advance/Imprest and REP licences will be eliminated with the issue of this pass book—which will serve as a single all purpose duty free import licence.

## Eligibility:

229. This scheme will be applicable only to registered manufacturer exporters who have been in production and regularly exporting for a minimum period of 3 years and who are otherwise eligible for issue of import licences. Import-Export pass book issued under this scheme shall be treated as a licence under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 and the Orders issued thereunder. The validity of such a pass book for the purpose of import shall be 18 months and for the purpose of exports, 27 months from the date of issue.

#### **Entitlement of Imports:**

230. A separate pass book for each export product shall be issued to the applicant. This pass book will indicate the value and items allowed for import as well as the export obligation thereon. Import of only those items which are actually required in the manufacture and export of products specified in the Import-Export Pass Book shall be allowed. Items falling under Appendix 2 Part A of the Import-Export Policy however, shall not be allowed Notwith-

standing the permission that might have been granted to the holder of a pass book regarding the import of any item, in the event of its inclusion in Appendix 2 Part A, such permission shall cease to operate and its further import from the date of such change of policy shall be disallowed.

- 231. Each pass book holder would be required to give a minimum value addition of 33% on the c.i.f. value of imports or such higher value that might be prescribed keeping in view the import content in the export product. Subject to the minimum value addition, the import entitlement will be worked out on the basis of the import content in the export product. For this purpose, first, for the export product concerned the base of expoprts will be worked out by taking the annual average exports during the preceding 3 years plus 25% thereof or the best year's exports of . that product within preceding three years plus 10% thereof, whichever is more. On this base, applying the import entitlement percentage the annual import entitlement will be worked out. Maximum entitlement which may be allowed for import shall be 11 times of this annual import entitlement.
- 232. The exporters will be free to import within the overall value one or all items indicated in the pass book subject to the respective face value restriction, if any, indicated against individual items.
- 233. All imports against the pass book shall be duty free. The holders of the pass book shall be allowed the facility of executing a legal undertaking and bond accompanied by a bank guarantee may not be insisted upon.
- 234. All import and export transactions under the pass book scheme will be entered in the pass book by the customs authorities.

## Application:

235. An eligible registered exporter would be required to apply to the concerned licensing office which is headed by an officer not below the rank of a Dy. CCI&E within whose jurisdiction, the registered/head office of the company/firm is located. In case the office of the eligible importer falls within the jurisdiction of a licensing office which is headed by an officer below the rank of a Dy. CCI&E, the application shall be directly made to the concerned zonal Jt. CCI&E. The Import-Export pass book may be issued on the payment of an application fee which will be worked out on the basis of the maximum value of imports allowed against the pass book to the registered exporters as per para 231 above

#### Export Obligation :

236. Each pass book will bear a suitable export obligation which shall be worked out in the inverse ratio to the imports entitlement. Shipping bills in fulfilment of the export obligation will bear the pass book number against which such exports are made. Exports made against the pass book in fulfilment of the export obligation mentioned therein will not be entitled for REP licences, nor for duty drawback. The holder of the pass book shall also not be entitled for issue of Advance Licences/Imprest Licences for that export product admissible against exports under the normal provisions of the Policy. Similarly, no REP licences against the excess entitlement that might accrue on account of exchange, price fluctuation, shall be missible. Cash compensatory support benefits, if otherwise admissible, shall be admissible, on the lines of the advance licensing scheme. In other cases the above schemes would continue to be available.

237. The monitoring of the export obligation shall be done on 6 monthly basis by the respective licensing offices which have issued the pass book. In each such licensing office, designated officers will personally review the import and export position as well as the fulfilment of export obligations that have become due at the end of 6 months period.

238. Normally a period of 9 months shall be allowed to complete manufacturing process and effect exports. Therefore, the export obligation period on the imports made in the first quarter shall expire at the end of the fourth quarter, i.e. export obligation on the imports made in the quarter October to December will need to be fulfilled before the end of the quarter ending September of the following year.

239. The pass book shall be finally closed after full and final accounts of all imports and exports have been presented to the designated officer. At the end of 18 months, the pass book shall cease to be valid any further imports. Exports against that pass book can, however, be made till the expiry of the export obligation as per para 238 above but upto a maximum of 27 months. The holder of the pass book within a period of one month from the date of last import/export shipment or 27 months from the date of issue of pass book, whichever is earlier, shall present all relevant documents along with the pass book to the designated officer. Any default in this regard may result in suspension of further imports against this or any other pass book that might have been issued without prejudice to any other action that may be taken in terms of legal undertaking or Imports and Exports 58 GI/85---6.

(Control) Act, 1947 and the Orders issued thereunder. A similar action may also be taken in the event of failure on the part of the pass book holder to remain present at the time of periodical reviews with the required information as asked for by the designated officer, and for non-fulfilment of export obligation due.

240. With a view to maintaining the continuity of production, eligible exporters shall be free to apply for a fresh pass book at the end of 18 months which may be issued if export obligation, due upto that time has been fulfilled.

#### Date of operation:

241. The above provisions are in the nature of broad parameters of the scheme. Since all the relevant details of the scheme are still to be worked out as well as the forms and the pass books required for operation of the scheme are to be printed, the Pass Book Scheme shall be given effect from October 1, 1985 as per provisions and details to be notified in due course before that date.

#### CHAPTER XVI

#### DUTY EXEMPTION SCHEME

242. Duty Exemption Scheme also known as Advance Licensing Scheme was initially introduced in the Import Policy for 1976-77. The details of this Scheme, as amended, with the procedures for issue of different categories of Advance Licences thereunder, are given in Appendix 19 of this policy.

#### CHAPTER XVII

#### IMPREST LICENSING SCHEME

243. The Folicy and Procedures relating to Imprest Licensing Scheme wave been given in Appendix 13, of this Book

#### CHAPTER XVIII

## GOLD JEWELLERY EXPORT PROMOTION SCHEMES

- 244(1). The Scheme for export of gold jewellery against gold supplied by the foreign buyer, which was introduced vide Ministry of Commerce Public Notice No. 39-ITC(PN)/80 dated 14th October 1980 will continue to be in force during 1985—88. The details are given in Annexure I to Appendix 22
- (2) The scheme for export of Gold Ornaments and Articles for sale at approved Exhibitions during 1985-88 has been provided in Annexure II to Appendix 22.
- (3) The Scheme for Gold Jewellery Export Promotion and Replenishment of gold to exporters of gold ornaments and articles (other than coins) during 1985-88 has been provided in Annexure III to Appendix 22
- (4) The Scheme for setting up Special Export Oriented Complexes for manufacture of gold jewellery during 1985-88 has been provided in Annexure IV to Appendix 22.
- (5) The Scheme for manufacture of gold jewellery in Free Trade Zones during 1985—88 has been provided in Annexure V to Appendix 22.

#### CHAPTER XIX

#### 100% EXPORT ORIENTED UNITS SCHEME

245. A copy of the Ministry of Commerce Resolution dated 31st December, 1980, as amended, regarding 100% Export Oriented Units Scheme appears in Appendix 23. For facilitating easy reference, the different provisions relating to the 100% Export Oriented Units have also been incorporated in Appendix 23 of this Policy.

#### CHAPTER XX

### IMPOR'I POLICY FOR REGISTERED EX-PORTERS IN FREE TRADE ZONES

246. The policy and procedure for import of Capital Goods, raw materials etc. by units in Free Trade Zones are given in Appendix 15.

#### CHAPTER XXI

#### **EXPORT HOUSES AND TRADING HOUSES**

#### PART A

#### EXPORT HOUSES

247. The objective of the scheme of registration of Export Houses and the grant of special facilities to them is to strengthen their negotiating capacity in foreign trade and to build up a more enduring relationship between them and their supporting manufacturers.

#### Eligibility

- 248(1). Appendix 16 gives the list of products for export which are treated as "Select Products". All other products shall be treated as "Non-select Products". The eligibility for the grant of Export House Certificates shall be determined on the basis of the exports actually made in the preceding three financial years which shall be reated as the base period.
- (2) Applications will be considered subject to the following conditions:—
  - (a) The annual average f.o.b. value of exports in the prescribed base period of Select Products, should not be less than Rs. three crores or those of non-select Products, Rs. seven crores.
  - (b) The prescribed minimum set down above shall be only Rs. 75 lakhs and Rs. 3 crores respectively in the case of a Small Scale Unit holding permanent registration certificate issued before 1st April of the licensing year by the sponsoring authority concerned as given in Appendix V-A of the Hand Book. At least 50% of the export should be direct exports of its own manufacture.
  - (c) There will have to be exports in each one of the three years covering the prescribed base period; the exports in each one of the three years will have to be at least 10 per cent of the exports in the preceding year. Subject to this, exports of only those products will qualify for recognition as have been made equiarly by the at picant at least during any of the two years of the prescribed three-year base period

- (d) Direct exports made in the name of the applicant, as evidenced by the following documents, will be counted:--
  - (i) Export orders/export contracts (in his own name).
  - (ii) Bank certificates (in his own name).
  - (iii) Invoices (whether or not they indicate the name of the manufacturers of the goods exported) in his own name.
  - (iv) Exports made as an associate of the State Trading Corporation or other similar public sector enterprise may also be counted if such exports are otherwise acceptable provided—
    - (a) all the REP benefits on the exports in question have been made available to the applicant,
    - (b) the name of the applicant appears in any of the relevant documents, with or without the name of the Public Sector Enterprise, and
    - (c) the Public Sector Enterprise certifies that the applicant has made a significant effort in effecting the connected exports
- (e) The value of the export of Select Products may be reckoned for making up any deficiency in the prescribed minimum exports of Non-select Products.
- (f) Invisible earnings of foreign exchange by way of erection charges, consultancy/collaboration fees, ship repair, net foreign exchange earned by way of commission received from foreign buyers towards services rendered to them in execution of export orders placed by them in India, and the like will also count on par with Select Products for determining eligibility. The net earnings by way of commission will, however, be counted only to the extent of not more than 10 per cent of the minimum prescribed fob value of exports on the basis of which Export House Certificate can be claimed under the policy.
- (g) In determining the eligibility of an applicant, other than a small scale manufacturer, the value of the exports of the products made

- by small scale industries will be reckoned at twice the actual f.o.b. value of such exports.
- (h) In determining the eligibility of an applicant, exports of new products and/or to new markets, as defined and laid down, made during the preceding financial year will be reckoned at twice the actual fob value of such exports.
- (i) "Deemed" exports referred to in para 190 will count on par with other exports.
- (j) Foreign exchange earnings on account of royalties for books will be treated on par with exports of select products for eligibility purpose.
- (k) The applicant is registered with F.I.E.O.
- Note: (1) It may be clarified that only a Registered
  Exporter can apply for Export House certificate.
  - (2) For the purpose of granting eligibility certificate or their renewal, the minimum export performance shall be taken as the annual average of the three years of the base period or the exports in the immediately preceding year, provided the applicant tulfils the conditions laid down in para 248(2)(c) above:
  - (3) Re-exports falling under para 224 will not qualify for eligibility purpose,
  - (4) For the purpose of granting eligibility certificates or their renewal and for calculating entitlement for Additional licences, the exports of fresh fruits/vegetables, cut flowers and decorative plants shall be treated on par with the export of select products manufactured by small scale units.
- 249. The following aspects will also be considered in determining the eligibility:—
  - -(a) structure, functioning and trade development programmes of the applicant,
  - (b) his managerial capacity including technical, financial and services resources, testing facilities and other quality control measures adopted by him, etc., and

(c) involvement in the export of the products of small scale industries as well as the assistance by way of availability of imported inputs and the like provided to supporting manufacturers.

Note:---It is expected that Export Houses will distributed their range of export products; however, diversification would not necessarily mean export of goods from more than one product group.

#### **Export Houses of Small Scale Industries**

250(1). To encourage and assist the export efforts of small scale units on their own, such units holding permanent registration certificate granted before 1st April of the licensing year by the sponsoring authority concerned will be permitted to set up Consortia to organise the sales of their own products abroad. Similarly, a co-operative society of small scale units will also be permitted to do so. Such Consortium or a co-operative society of small scale units will be eligible for grant of an Export House Certificate on the following basis:—

- (a) the applicant is a corporate body or a partnership firm or a Cooperative Society having a distinct legal entity and is registered as an Exporter.
- (b) all the members of the applicant Consortium are small scale or cottage units. New members can also join the consortium after the issue of Export House Certificate with the approval of Chief Controller of Imports and Exports. However, there shall be a minimum of two SSI units for a consortium. If the number of such units at any time falls below this minimum limit, the holder of the certificate should immediately inform this fact to the CCI&E. In such a case, the Export House Certificate issued shall also automatically cease to be valid for operation
- (c) the minimum limit prescribed for Select Products or non-select products for grant of the Certificate will be Rs. 75 lakhs or Rs. 3 crores respectively. (The minimum exports may be either in the immediately preceding year or as the annual average of the three years of the base period). There will have to be exports in each one of the three years covering the prescribed base period; the exports in each one of the three years will

have to be at least 10 per cent of the exports in the preceding year.

- (2) Such consortium obtaining REP licences on the exports of products manufactured by its member units, will be eligible to the facility provided in para 204, for the import of raw materials, components, consumables, spares and packing materials required by its member units, subject to the conditions laid down therein.
- (3) For the purpose of granting the first Export House Certificate to the consortium, direct exports of products manufactured by its member units will alone be taken into account, if otherwise acceptable. Thereafter, for the purpose of renewal, the exports made in the name of the consortium alone will be acceptable and atleast 50% of the direct exports should be of its constituents own manufactures.

## Applications for the grant of Export House Certificates

- 251. Eligible applicants should submit their applications to the Chiet Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, on or before 31st May of the licensing year in the prescribed form and manner as in Appendix XXI-A of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88. The statement of exports on which the application is based should be certified by a Chartered or Cost Accountant or Company Secretary who is not a partner, a Director or an employee of the applicant firm or its associates. The following documents should also accompany the application:—
  - (1) The relevant certificate from the public sector enterprise in respect of exports made through them.
  - (2) Detailed information about the applicant's competency as required above.
- 252. In the case of firms/companies, having branches, while the application for the grant of Export House Certificate may be made only by the Registered/Head Office, it will be open to them to have the Export House Certificate issued either in the name of the Registered/Head Office or in the name of any of its branches. Other conditions subject to which an application for Export House Certificate can be entertained under this policy will remain unchanged.

#### Applications for renewal of Export House Certificates

253. A registered exporter holding an Export House Certificate, the validity of which is due to expire in the licensing year or on the last day of the preceding

financial year, may apply for its renewal if the requirements given below are fulfilled. The application should be sent to the CCI&E, New Delhi, on or before the 31st May of the year in which renewal is sought.

- (i) The applicant satisfies the conditions stipulated in the preceding paras regarding grant of recognition as an Export House;
- (ii) The applicant shows a minimum annual average growth rate of at least 20% in the prescribed base period or in the immediately preceding year, as compared to the preceding 3 years of the pre-base period. This annual average growth rate will be calculated on the net foreign exchange realisation in the prescribed base period or immediately preceding year, as compared to the immediately preceding three years in the pre-base period. For this purpose, the net foreign exchange realisation would be the total f.o.b. value of admissible exports minus the c.i.f. values of all categories of Imprest ticences, Advance licences, Special Imprest licences, REP licences and Import-Export Pass Books, if any issued/eligible during the relevant year.
- (iii) The applicant seeks the renewal of export house certificate for the same category for which he was issued this certificate earlier. A switchover to another category for renewal will not be permitted. As such, an applicant recognised as export house earlier on exports of select products will not be eligible for renewal based on exports of non-select products or vice-versa.
- 254. Applications which do not fulfil the prescribed requirements are liable to be rejected. However, in respect of an applicant who has been a recognised Export House continuously for six preceding years, the Export House Committee may consider the request for renewal, in the following types of cases, subject to the conditions prescribed in para 255 below:—
  - (i) The shortfall in the prescribed growth rate is not more than 25% i.e. growth rate achieved is not less than 15%;
  - (ii) The shortfall in the minimum export performance prescribed for each year of the base period is not more than 25% i.e. exports are not less than 7.5% of the exports of the preceding year.

- 255. (1) The renewal of an export House Certificate in the types of cases referred to in para 254 above shall be subject to the infimming conditions:—
  - (i) Renewal will be valid only till the end of the financial year in which it is granted;
  - (ii) The shortfall in the aforestic conditions will be made good over and above the minimum level of performance prescribed during the period for which renewal is granted;
  - (iii) If the shortfall is only in one of the afore-said two conditions in para 254 above, a minimum cut of 1/3rd shall be imposed on (a) the value of the Additional licence due and (b) value of spares permissible for import vide para 265(6) of this Policy.
  - (iv) If the shortfalls are there in both of the conditions referred to in para 154 above, a minimum cut of 2/3rd on (a) the value of the Additional licence due, and (b) value of spare parts permissible for import vide para 265(b) of this Policy, will be imposed.
- (2) Requests for renewal which are not covered by paras 254 and 255 above shall be rejected.
- 256. A registered exporter who has held a valid Export House Catificate for a period of 3 years or more and whose validity expired during any of the preceding three financial years but the Export House Certificate was not renewed because of non-fulfilment of requirements prescribed for renewal in the relevant year, will not be eligible for being considered for grant of a fresh Export House Conflicate in the licensing year. However, he can also apply for zenewal in the licensing year and his request for renewal can be considered if he (a) fulfils the conditions for the grant of an Export House Certificate prescribed in the policy as on the date of application for renewal; and (b) fulfils the conditions for the renewal of the Export House Certificate for the intervening period during which he did not have a valid Export House Certificate as per conditions applicable during that period. In such a case, the renewal, if granted, will be effective from the year in which it is granted.
- 257. The minimum growth rate to be shown for renewal by a SSI Export House or SSI Consortium Export House whose annual average exports of select or non-select products are not less than Rs. 1.5 crores or Rs. 6 crores respectively, or other Export Houses whose annual average exports of select or non-select

products are not less than Rs. 7 crores or Rs. 14 crores respectively will be 15% instead of the normal 20%. If, however, there is a shortfall in the growth rate not exceeding 25% of 15%, requests for renewal of Export House Certificate may be considered subject to the conditions and cuts prescribed in para 255 above.

- 258. The Chief Controller of Imports & Exports may also consider applications for renewal of Export House Certificates in cases where the applicants having achieved the necessary growth rate prescribed, has fallen short of the enhanced minimum export performance limits laid down in paras 248 and 250 above. In doing so, the Export House will be given time for one year (until the end of the financial year in which such renewal is granted) to make up the short-fall in the minimum export performance limit prescribed.
- 259. Application for renewal of export house certificate will be made in the same manner as prescribed above for initial grant of recognition certificate, but in the form prescribed for renewal in Appendix XXI-B of the Hand Book

#### Validity of an Export House Certificate

- 260(1). An Export House Certificate may be valid for a period of 3 financial years in cases where it has been granted on the basis of annual average of 3 years of the base period of export performance. Where an Export House Certificate is issued on the basis of the exports in the immediately preceding year, it will be valid for one year only, i.e., till the end of the financial year in which it is granted. Similarly, Export House Certificates renewed specifically for one financial year as per para 255 will be valid till the end of the financial year in which these are renewed.
- (2) It may be clarified that an existing Export House Certificate valid beyond 30th June, 1985, will continue to be valid till the expiry date even if it is based on an export performance lower than the enhanced minimum export performance limits fixed in this Policy. However, Export House Certificates shall be subject to such amendments in the Policy as may be made from time to time.

#### import facilities available to Export Houses

- 261. Export Houses will be granted the following facilities under this policy:---
  - (i) Import replenishment (REP) licences admissible to them as Registered Exporters:

- (11) Import replenishment (REP) licences transferred to them by others;
- (iii) Import of items placed on Open General Licence in the manner set down here-under;
- (iv) Additional licences as provided hereunder:
- (v) Imprest licence to the extent of 100% of the value of REP licences earned against their own exports made during the previous year;
- (vi) Export Houses may be allowed to import Capital Goods against REP/Additional licences to enable them to set up common servicing centres for the benefit of their supporting manufacturers and other exporting units. Applications for such import will be considered by the Chief Controller of Imports (EP III Section), New Delhi in consultation with the technical authority concerned;
- (vii) Export Houses may also be allowed to import non-OGL Capital Goods (other than those in Appendix 1 Part A) upto Rs. 20 lukhs (cif) during the licensing year as per para 51 of this Policy.
- (viii) Import of one Electronic Telephone Exchange for use in its own office(s) as laid down in sub-para (9) of para 145 of this Policy provided the export house has a mlnimum export of select products of Rs. 5 crores or non-select products of Rs. 10 crores in the preceding financial year;
  - (ix) The export house whose export performance in the previous financial year is not less than Rs. I crore may be allowed to import technical designs, drawings and other documentations for a value not exceeding Es. 10 lakhs for supply to its supporting manufacturers (referred to in para 204(3)(ii) of this Policy) against REP/Additional licences issued in favour of the export house.

#### JRMAC Facilities to Export Houses

262(1). Export Houses whose annual export performance is not less than Rs. 7 crores will be allowed IRMAC (Industrial Raw Materials Assistance Centre) facilities, so that such Export Houses may supply raw materials and components (non-canalised items

- only) to Actual Users off-the-shell against valid import licences held by such Actual Users.
- (2) This facility will also be allowed to Export Houses which show in the preceding year a minimum growth of 50 per cent in their exports of select products, subject to their total exports of select products in the year before the preceding year being not less than Rs. 4 crores in value.

## Import of items placed on OGL

- 263(1). Export Houses will be allowed to import OGL items against REP licences issued in their own name or transferred to them by others. This facility will be available to them for the import of:—
  - (a) Capital Goods (listed in Appendix 1 Part B).
  - (b) Raw materials, components and consumables, which have been placed on Open General Licence for Actual Users (Industrial), in Part II of List No. 8 in Appendix 6 of this Book, as per conditions laid down.
  - (c) Spares which have been placed on Open General Licence for Actual Users (Industrial), as per conditions laid down.
- (2) REP licences against which Export Houses wish to take advantage of the facility provided in sub-para (1) above shall be non-transferable.
- (3) Export Houses who wish to take advantage of this facility of import of OGL items should get the licences concerned endorsed by the licensing authority as under:—
  - "This licence will also be valid for import of OGL items under para 263 of Import-Export Policy, 1985—88 (Vol. I), subject to the conditions laid down, and shall be non-transferable".
- (4) Goods imported by Export Houses under this facility will be disposed of as under:—
  - (i) Capital Goods will be disposed of to eligible Actual Users (Industrial) only and intimation thereof shall be sent to the licensing authority and the sponsoring authority concerned, within 15 days from the date of sale or transfer of goods to the Actual User, giving the following information:—
    - (a) Name and his address of the Actual User (Industrial);

- (b) The address of the factory of the Actual User (Industrial); and the end-product manufactured by him.
- (c) Number and date of industrial licence/ registration of the Actual User (Industrial);
- (d) Description of the Capital Goods sold or transferred to the Actual User (Industreal); and
- (c) Date of sale/transfer.
- (11) Raw Materials, components and consumables will be disposed of to eligible Actual Users (Industrial), and intimation about the same shall be given by the Export House in the periodical returns to be furnished under para 269 of this policy.
- (iii) Spares may be disposed of to any person.
- (5) Import of OGL items by Export Houses under these provisions shall be subject to the condition, inter alia, that the shipment of goods shall take place within the validity of the OGL i.e. 31st March of the licensing year or within the validity period of the import licence itself (without any grace period), whichever date is earlier. This restriction will also apply to licences issued before 1st April of the licensing year, in respect of items which continue to be on OGL in the licensing year. The condition for registration of contract, as applicable to the Import of items under OGL in Appendix 6 will also apply for import of such OGL items by Export Houses under these provisions.
- (6) Export Houses are not allowed to import components placed on OGL, for Actual Users (Industrial) and appearing in Part I of List No. 8 in Appendix 6 of this Book. However, if the Export House has to meet the requirement of imported components for an eigible Actual User (Industrial), it may be allowed to import such components against REP licence with a specific endorsement made thereon by the licensing authority concerned. For this purpose, the Export House will furnish to the concerned sponsoring authority the name and address of the Actual User (Industrial), the description and the number (quantity) of each component to be The sponsoring imported, and their total value. authority will scrutinise the list of components and clear only those items for import as are in conformity with the implementation of the approved phased manufacturing programme of the unit concerned. The

list of such components, duly attested, will be supplied by the sponsoring authority to the Export House, for production to the licensing authority concerned for obtaining the required endorsement on the licence. After importation, such components will be supplied by the Export House only to the Actual User for whom these were meant. The disposal of these components shall be duly reported in a separate part in the prescribed quarterly returns to be furnished to the CCI&E, New Delhi and the licensing authority concerned in accordance with the provisions made in the import policy. (The same procedure will apply for import and disposal of components by Export Houses under the flexibility provided in para 204 of this book).

(7) Goods obtained by Actual Users (Industrial) from Export House under this provision shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition.

#### **Application for Licences**

- 264(1). Applications for Additional Licences in the prescribed form given in Appendix XXI-C of the Hand Book may be made upto 30th September of the licensing year by those holding Export House Certificates valid beyond 30th June of the licensing year. Fresh applicants or those whose certificates expire on 30th June of the licensing year may apply for grant of Additional Licence within two months after securing the Export House Certificates concerned. All applications of Export Houses for Additional Licences shall be made to the licensing authority concerned within the area of whose jurisdiction the address in the Export House Certificate is shown.
- (2) However, in respect of applications for issue of REP licences, wherever eligible, such applications may be made to the licensing authority under whose jurisdiction the registered/head office or branch of the export house effecting the export falls. The branch office will be eligible to apply only if it is separately holding a R.C.M.C. or is included in the R.C.M.C. issued to the registered/head office. All endorsements relating to REP licences other than the endorsements relating to facilities referred to in para 261 (ii) to (ix) above may be effected by the same licensing authority.
- (3) Export House will be eligible for additional licence for the period(s) for which the export house certificate is valid. However, the items permissible will be those allowed under the Policy on the date of issue of the licence. It may not, therefore, be necessary, for an applicant export house to hold a valid export house certificate at the time of submission of

the application for Additional licence, if otherwise due.

#### Additional Licences

- 265(1). The value of Additional licences to be granted in a licensing year under the policy will be calculated at 6% of the net foreign exchange earned on total exports of select products (vide Appendix 16) plus 5% of the f.o.b. value of exports of select products manufactured by small scale and cottage industries, made in the preceding year. Such Additional licences shall be non-transferable. While calculating the value of Additional licence, net foreign exchange earned would be arrived at by deducting the value of Advance/Special Imprest/Imprest/REP licences/Import Export Pass Book issued or their eligibilities for these during the preceding year from the gross f.o.b. value of exports of select products.
- (2) For the purpose of calculating the entitlement for Additional Licence, the value of exports of Select Products carrying import replenishment rate of more than 50% in Appendix 17 of the Import Policy in the preceding year, shall not be taken into account. Also, exports made in discharge of the export obligation against Import-Export Pass Book/Advance/Imprest/Special Imprest licences carrying more than 50 per cent import content, will not be taken into account. The Export Houses should not, therefore, include the value of such exports while applying for Additional Licences.
- (3) In respect of the following export products, if the export house is unable to give the names of manufacturers concerned, his declaration to the effect that the goods exported were manufactured by SSI/cottage sector units, may be accepted for the purpose of determining the entitlement for Additional licence:—
  - (i) Agarbattis, Dhoop and incense.
  - (ii) Leather manufactures including finished leather and paint brushes.
  - (iii) Sports goods.
  - (iv) Spices and curry pewder and pastes.
  - (v) Hand made carpets, druggets, durries, namdhas and rugs.
  - (vi) Ready-made garments and made-up articles.
  - (vii) Khadi.
  - (viil) Hosiery
    - (ux) Hand loom fabrica

- (x) Handicrafts.
- (xi) Canned and frozen marine products.
- (xii) Gem & Jewellery items.
- Note:—Please see Note (4) below para 248. In respect of their exports of fresh fruits/vegetables, cut flowers and decorative plants, it will not be necessary for export houses to give names of SSI units.
- (4) The Additional Licence so granted to export houses will be valid for import of the items appearing in Part II of List 8 of Appendix 6.
- (5) The Additional Licences will also be valid for import of Capital Goods listed in Appendix 1 Part B which have been placed on Open General Licence for Actual Users (Industrial). This facility will be subject to the same conditions as laid down in para 263 above, except that the endorsement referred to it sub-para 263(3) will not be required in the case of Additional licences which are already non-transferable.
- (6) Additional Licences will also be valid for import of spares of the items falling under following Heading Nos. of Schedule I to the imports (Control) Order, 1955 (as reproduced in Appendix I-B of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures):—

84.12	84.51	85.18	
84.15	84.52	85.19	
84.22	84.53	85.20	
84.24	84.54	85.23	
84.25	85.06	85.24	
84.32	85.07	87.01	
84.33	<b>85.0</b> 8	87.02	
84.35	85.09	87.03	
84.41	85.12	Chapter	90
84.47	85.15	Chapter	91
		Chapter	92

The import of these space, shall be subject to the conditions that (I) the c.f. value of the spaces imported shall in all not exceed Rs two lakes per Export House, within the value of the Additional Licence, and (ii) items appearing in the Appendices 2, 3, 5 Part A, 8 and 10 shall not be allowed. The value limit of Rs. 2 lakes will be Rs. 5 takes in the case of export houses whose exports of select products in the preceding manches year were Rs. 5 crores (FOR) in value or above and for Export Houses referred in sub-para 262(2) above.

(7) Goods imported by export houses against Additional licences will be disposed of by them in the same manner and subject to the same conditions, as laid down in para 263 above.

#### Foreign Exchange for promotional activities

- 266(1). The Reserve Bank of linda may allow an Export House to utilise fereign exchange upto 2.5% of the f.o.b. value of its total exports in the preceding year for the following purposes:—
  - (a) Foreign Exchange expenditure on promotional activities permitted under the Code of Grants-in-Aid for export efforts; and
  - (b) Import of testing instruments and equipment for packing and tagging and their spares, duly cleared from indigenous angle, and required for setting up Common Service Centres.
- (2) The permit issued by the Reserve Bank of India in regard to above will be valid for a period of one year from the date of its issue.
- 267. The above limit of 2.5% will be subject to a maximum of Rs. 10 lakhs and any amount in excess thereof shall be adjusted against the REP entitlement of the Export House on its own exports. The upper limit of Rs. 10 lakhs will be Rs. 20 lakhs in the case of export houses whose exports of select products in the preceding year were atleast Rs. 5 crores in value (FOB), and for export houses referred to in para 262(2) above.
- 268. The procedure to be followed in this regard is given in Appendix 18.

#### Reporting and Control

269(1). Every Export House shall maintain true and proper accounts of its exports, imports and disposal of imported nems. These shall be open for inspection by any authority nominated by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi. They shall furnish to Export Houses Cell in Statistical Division, Office of CCU&E, New Delhi, within one month following the close of the period, quarterly statements, in the form prescribed in the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88 (Appendix XXI-D) pertaining to receipt and disposal of imported items against (i) their own licences; (ii) licences transferred by others; and (iii) Additional licences. Copies of such statements should also be sent to the licensing authority/sponsoring authority concerned of each of Actual user (Industrial) to whom the imported goods have been disposed of. Export Houses will also send to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports (E.P. III Section), New Delhi copies of their detailed schemes and action programmes for export and annual returns of export effected, commodity-wise and country-wise, sent by them to the Federation of Indian Export Organisations, as provided in the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88.

- (2) It should be noted that Export Houses have to furnish separate quarterly reports pertaining to import and disposal of the materials brought in under para 204 of this Book, and for the import and disposal of components imported by them against REP/Additional licences in accordance with the provisions made in the policy.
- 270. Any change in the constitution, name or ownership of an Export House shall be forthwith intimated to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, and the licensing authority concerned. In such an event, the Export House shall cease to enjoy the facilities provided under this policy, until and unless the connected Export House status has been got approved by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, in favour of the new or reconstituted body.

# Refusal to grant/renew Export House Certificate and cancellation/suspension of Export House Certificate

271(1). If the applicant has on any occasion during the previous three years, tampered with the import/export licence; or has been a party to any corrupt or fraudulent practice in its commercial dealings or in obtaining any licence; or if any agent or employee of the applicant has been a party to any corrupt or fraudulent practice in obtaining the licence, under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act or any condition of licence granted under Import/Export Control Order or commits a breach of Import and Export Trade Regulations, the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports may refuse to grant/renew Export House Certificate for a period to be specified, after giving a Show Cause Notice.

- (2) An Export House Certificate may be cancelled, amended, or otherwise rendered ineffective:—
  - (a) if the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports is satisfied that it had been obtained by misrepresentation or issued by oversight; of
  - (b) If the Export House commits a breach of the Import-Export Policy; or

- (c) if the Export House is found, on a complaint received from a foreign buyer, to have committed a breach of contract or indulged in unfair trade practices; or
- (d) if the Export House fails to discharge an export obligation undertaken by it, under this Policy or any earlier periods; or
- (e) if the Export House fails to furnish in time the prescribed statements/returns or any other information required by Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi or the sponsoring authority concerned.
- (3) A reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter will be given to the Export House before action as above is taken.
- 272. An applicant who is not satisfied with the decision taken on his application for the grant or renewal of Export House Certificate or for cancellation/amendment/suspension of Export House Certificate can file an appeal to the Export House Committee in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports within 45 days of the date of the said decision. The decision of the Committee shall be final.

#### PART B

#### TRADING HOUSES

#### Objective

273. A new scheme of recognition of Trading Houses was introduced in 1981-82. The objective of the scheme is to develop new products and new markets for export, particularly from the small-scale and cottage industry sectors. Export Houses which have demonstrated export capabilities as laid down, and have facilities for testing and quality control will be eligible for recognition as Trading Houses.

#### Eligibility

- 274. An Export House having a valid Export House Certificate expiring on 30th June of the licensing year or on the last day of the preceding financial year will be eligible to apply for recognition as Trading House, provided it fulfills the following conditions:—
  - (a) The applicant is registered with the F.I.E.O.
  - (b) It has been in the export field during at least three previous years.

- (c) It has an annual average export in the previous three financial years, of atleast Rs. 15 crores in value (FOB) of select products (vide Appendix 16); these exports should be "direct" exports as defined in Part A of this Chapter, and spread over atleast three Product Groups. These exports should include exports of the products manufactured by small scale units to the extent of at least 10% by way of direct exports, or 20% by way of indirect exports of the products manufactured by ancillary units. In determining the eligibility of an applicant, exports of new products and/or to new markets, as defined and laid down, made during the preceding year will reckoned at twice the actual fob value of such exports. Exports of fresh fruits/vegetables, cut flowers and decorative plants shall be treated on par with export of select products manufactured by SSI units.
- (d) Amongst the three Product Groups referred to in (b) above, the f.o.b. value of exports in each Group should not be less than 15 per cent of the export performance level achieved. The condition that the qualifying exports must be spread over at least three Product Groups may be relaxed, on merits, in cases where the products exported technically happen to fall in the same Product Group, but they are distinctly different from each other from the point of view of raw materials used in their manufacture, their production process and technology and the international marketing pattern. For Trading Houses which export select products of f.o.b. value of Rs. 100 crores or more in a single product group, the minimum value of exports of select products in each product group shall be at least 10 per cent of the minimum export performance level prescribed for recognition.
- (e) Invisible earnings of foreign exchange referred to in sub-para 248(2)(1) above may also be taken into account for determining the eligibility for the purpose of recognition, to the extent of not more than 10% of the total minimum export performance on the basis of which recognition as Trading House can be claimed under the policy
- (f) It undertakes to show an annual average growth in experts of minimum 20% to become eligible for renewal of its status.

- (g) It has adequate financial and technical resources, especially in regard to quality control.
- (h) There will have to be exports in each one of the three years covering the prescribed base period; the exports in each one of the three years will have to be at least 10 per cent of the exports in the preceding year. Subject to this, exports of only those products will qualify for recognition as have been made regularly by the applicant at least during any of the two years of the prescribed three year base period.
  - (i) "Deemed" exports referred to in para 190 will count on par with other exports.
  - (j) Exports falling under pate 224 will not qualify for eligibility purpose.
- (k) Exports made as associates of State Trading Corporation or other similar public sector enterprise, may also be counted if such exports are otherwise acceptable, and satisfy the conditions stipulated in sub-para 248(2) (d) (iv) of this Chapter.

### Applications for recognition as Trading Houses

275(1). Applications for the grant of recognition certificate should be made by 31st May of the licensing year, to the Chief Controller of Imports Exports, New Delhi (EP-III Section), in the prescribed form (given in Appendix XXI-A of the Hand Book) and manner. Along with the application, the applicant should also send (i) the statement of exports in the prescribed form certified by Chartered Accountant or Cost Accountant or Company Secretary who is not a proprietor, partner, Director or an employee of the applicant or its associates, (ii) a note (4 copies), indicating the financial, managerial and technical resources of the applicant, especially in regarl to quality control and information with regard to the various aspects mentioned in para 249 of this Chapter; the note should also give information in regard to the number of supporting manufacturers of the applicant in the large and small scale sector, and (iii) the relevant certificate from the public sector enterprise in respect of exports made through them

(2) Applications for recognition of Frading Houses and its renewal will be considered by a Committee headed by Chief Controller of Imports 1867 Experts. The Committee will also monitor the working of the scheme.

#### Applications for renewal of Trading House Certificates

276(1). An applicant holding a Trading House Certificate which had expired during the preceding financial year may apply in the form given in Appendix XXI-B of the Hand Book for renewal of the certificate to the CCI&E (EP-III Section), New Delhi by 31st May of the year in which renewal is sought subject to the fulfilment of the tollowing:

- (a) The applicant satisfies the conditions stipulated in the preceding paras regarding grant of recognition as a trading house.
- (b) The applicant shows a minimum annual average export growth rate of 20% in the base period as against the preceding three financial years of the pre-base period. This annual average growth rate will be calculated on the net foreign exchange realisation in the prescribed base period as compared to the immediately preceding three years of the pre-base period and for this purpose the net foreign exchange realisation would be the total f.o.b, value of admissible exports minus the c.i.f. value of all categories of Imprest, Advance, Special Imprest and REP licences and Import-Export Pass Books, if any, issued during the relevant years or their eligibilities for these in these years.
- (c) The applicant furnishes a detailed account of its performance as a trading house, the type of assistance it has rendered to supporting manufacturers, full justification for import and utilisation of items particularly those appearing in Appendices 3 and 5-Part A of this Policy permitted to trading houses against Additional licences provided in this Policy.
- (2) The applications which do not fulfil the prescribed requirements, are liable to be rejected. However, in respect of an applicant which has been a Trading House continuously for preceding three fianancial years, the Trading House Committee may consider the request for renewal in the following types of cases subject to conditions prescribed in sub-para (3) below:—
  - (a) The shortfall in minimum percentage of exports from SSI/Cottage Sectors is not more than 25% of the prescribed percentage i.e. not less than 7.5% for direct exports and not less than 15% for indirect exports.
  - (b) The shortfall in the prescribed growth rate is not more than 25% i.e. the growth rate achieved is not less than 15%.

- (c) The shortfall in the minimum export performance level for each product group is not more than 25% of the prescribed export performance level achieved.
- (3) The renewal of a Trading House Certificate in the types of cases referred to in sub-para (2) above shall be subject to the following conditions:—
  - (a) Renewal will be valid only till the end of the financial year in which it is granted.
  - (b) The shortfall is only in respect of two of the three categories referred to in sub-para (2) above.
  - (c) The shortfalls will be made good over and above the minimum level of performance prescribed during the period for which renewal is granted.
  - (d) If the shortfall is only in one of the types of cases referred to in para (2) above, a minimum cut of 1/3rd shall be imposed on (i) the value of the Additional licence/s due, (ii) value of spares permissible for import vide para 280(9) read with para 265(6) of this Policy and (iii) value of items in Appendices 3 and 5-Part A vide para 280(6) and (7) of this Policy.
  - (e) If the shortfalls referred to in sub-para (2) above are in two categories, a minimum cut of 2/3rd shall be imposed on (i) the value of additional licence/s due, (ii) value of spares permissible for import vide para 280(9) read with para 265(6) of this Policy and (iii) value of items in Appendices 3 and 5-Part A vide para 280(6) and (7) of this Policy.

#### Period of validity

277. Except in cases covered by para 276(2) above the Recognition Certificate issued to a Trading House may generally be valid for a period of 3 years. (Export Houses getting recognition as Trading Houses will surrepder their export house certificates).

#### Facilities available to Trading Houses

278. Trading Houses will have the following facilities under this policy:—

- (i) Import replenishment (REP) licences admissible to them as Registered Exporters;
- (ii) Import replenishment (REP) licences transferred to them by others:

- (iii) Import of items placed on Open General Licence in the manner set down hereunder;
- (iv) Additional licences as provided hereunder;
- (v) Imprest licence to the extent of 100 per cent of the value of REP licences carned against their own exports made during the previous year;
- (vi) Trading Houses may be allowed as per para 51 of this Policy to import Capital Goods against REP licences/Additional licences to enable them to set up common servicing centres for the benefit of their supporting manufacturers and other exporting units. Applications for such import will be considered by the regional licensing authorities in consultation with the technical authority concerned.
- (vii) Trading Houses may also be allowed to import non-OGL Capital Goods (other than those in Appendix 1 Part A) upto Rs. 20 lakhs (c.i.f.) during the licensing year as per para 51 of this Policy.
- (viii) Import of technical designs, drawings and other documentations for a value not exceeding Rs. 25 lakhs c.i.f. for supporting manufacturers referred to in para 204(3) (ii) against REP/additional licences issued in favour of the Trading House.
- (ix) Import of one electronic Telephone Exchange for use in its own office(s) as Irid down in sub-para (9) of para 145 of this policy against REP/additional licences issued in 123 own name.

#### Import of items placed on OGL

279(1). Trading Houses will be allowed to import OGL items against REP licences issued in their own name or transferred to them by others. This facility will be available to them for the import of:—

- (a) Capital Goods listed in Appendix I Part B.
- (b) Raw materials, components and consumables, which have been placed on Open General Licence for Actual Users (Industrial), in Part II of List No. 8 in Appendix 6 of this Book, as per conditions laid down.
- (c) Spares which have been placed on OGL for Actual Users (Industrial) as per conditions laid down

- (2)-REP licences against which Trading Houses wish to take advantage of the facility provided in subpara (1) above shall be non-transferable.
- (3) Trading Houses who wish to take advantage of this facility of import of OGL items should get the licences concerned endorsed by the licensing authority as under:—
  - "This licence will also be valid for import of OGL items under para 279 of Import-Export Policy, 1985—88 (Vol. I), subject to the conditions laid down, and shall be non-transferable"
- (4) Goods imported by Trading Houses under this facility will be disposed of by them in the same manner as laid down for Export Houses in Part A of this Chapter. Further, the procedure for import and disposal of components laid down for Export Houses will equally apply to the import and disposal of components by Trading Houses under OGL or otherwise.
- (5) Import of OGL items by Trading Houses under these provisions shall be subject to the condition, inter alia, that the shipment of goods shall take place within the validity of OGL March of the licensing year or within the validity period of the import licence itself (without any grace period) whichever date is earlier. This restriction will also apply to licences issued before 1st April of the licensing year in respect of items which continue to be on OGL in 1985-88 policy. The condition for registration of contracts as applicable to the import of items under OGL in Appendix 6 will also apply for import of such OGL items by Trading Houses under these provisions.
- (6) Goods obtained by Actual Users (Industrial) from Trading Houses under this provision shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition.

#### Additional licences

280(1). Applications for Additional licences in the prescribed form may be made upto 30th June, of the licensing year by Trading Houses holding Recognition Certificates valid beyond 31st March of the preceding year. Fresh applicants or those whose certificates expired on 31st March of the preceding year may apply for Additional licence within two months after securing the Trading House Certificate concerned. The provisions in para 264 of Part 'A' above relating to submission of applications for additional/REP licence will also apply to Trading Houses.

- (2) The value of Additional licences for the licensing year to be granted under this policy will be calculated at 10 per cent of the net foreign exchange carned on total exports of select products (vide Appendix 16) plus 10 per cent of the f.o.b. value of exports of select products manufactured by small scale and cottage industries, made in the preceding financial Additional licences shall be nonyear. Such While calculating the value of Additional transferable. licence, net foreign exchange earned would be arrived at by deducting the value of licenses issued or eligibility for grant of Advance/Special Imprest/Imprest/REP licences and Import-Export Pass Books for the preceding financial year from the gross value of export of select products.
- (3) For the purpose of calculating the entitlement for Additional licence, the value of exports of Select Products carrying import replenishment rate of more than 50 per cent in Appendix 17 of the import policy of the preceding year shall not be taken into account. Also, exports made in discharge of the export obligation against Advance/Special Imprest/Imprest licences and Import-Export Pass Books carrying more than 50 per cent of import content, will not be taken into account. The Trading Houses should not, therefore, include the value of such exports while applying for Additional licences.
- (4) In respect of the export products mentioned in sub-para 265(3) in Part A' of this Chapter, if the Trading House is unable to give the names of manufacturers concerned, his declaration to the effect that the goods exported were manufactured by SSI/cottage sector units, may be accepted for the purpose of determining the entitlement for Additional licence.
- (5) Additional licences so granted will be valid for import of items appearing in Part II, List No. 8 of Appendix 6 of this Book.
- (6) Additional licences issued to Trading Houses will also be valid for import of items appearing in Appendices 3 and 5 Part A upto a maximum of 5 per cent of the value of the licence subject to a single item not exceeding Rs. 5 lakhs in value. Single item for this purpose will have the same meaning as defined in para 7 of this policy.
- (7) (i) The limit of 5 per cent for import of items in Appendices 3 and 5 Part A referred to in sub-para (6) above will be 7.5 per cent in the case of Trading Houses which show in the licensing year a minimum growth of 30 per cent (i.e. 50 per cent more than the normal growth rate of 20 per cent) in their exports of select products over the preceding finan-

- cial year. Within this 7.5 per cent, import of items appearing in Appendix 3 shall not exceed 5 per cent of the licence value. The upper value limit for single item will remain unchanged at Rs. 5 lakhs.
- (ii) Trading Houses which have effected exports in atleast 5 product groups during the preceding financial year and exports in each product groups are not less than 15 per cent of the total f.o b. value of their exports, will be allowed to import items appearing in Appendices 3 and 5 Part A, upto 7.5 per cent of the value of the Additional licences, instead of only upto 5 per cent.
- (8) Items imported under sub-paras (6) and (7) above shall be those which are related to the products exported by the Trading House. At the end of each year, the Trading House shall furnish an account of the items imported and the products exported, with their values, to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, for ex-post-facto scrutiny from the point of view of relationship between the imports and exports.
- (9) Additional licences issued to Trading Houses will also be valid for import of spares of the items mentioned in sub-para 265(6) in Part 'A' of this Chapter, subject to the same restrictions as laid down therein, except that the over-all value limit for import per Trading House will be Rs. 5 lakhs, instead of Rs. 2 lakhs for export houses.
- (10) Additional licences issued to Trading Houses will also be valid for import of Capital Goods listed in Appendix I Part B which have been placed on Open General Licence for Actual Users (Industrial). This facility will be subject to the same conditions as laid down in para 263 of Part 'A' of this Chapter, except that the endorsement referred to in sub-para 203(3) will not be required in the case of Additional ficences, which are already non-transferable.
- (11) Goods imported by the Trading Houses against Additional licences will be disposed of by them in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as iald down in para 263 in Part 'A' of this Chapter

# Long and enduring Relationship between Trading Houses and Associate Manufacturers

281. A Trading House which enters into long term arrangements with its supporting manufacturers for a period of not less than 5 years to export select products manufactured by such supporting manufacturers will be allowed higher value of Additional Licences

on exports of products of such supporting manufacturers. (Such supporting manufacturers with whom a Trading House has established long term arrangements of 5 years or more will under this Scheme henceforth be referred to as "Associate Manufac-The value of Additional licences to be granted for the licensing year under the scheme to such Trading Houses will be calculated at 121% of the net foreign exchange earned on exports made during the preceding year of select products manufactured by Associate manufacturers plus 12½ per cent of the f.o.b. value of exports of select products manufactured by those associate manufacturers who are in the Small Scale/Cottage industry sector. Separate Additional licences shall be issued under this provision and no other exports by the Trading House should be taken into account while calculating the value of such Additional licences. A separate record of such Additional licences should be maintained by the licensing authorities. Such Additional licences shall be non-transferable and shall be granted subject to the following conditions:-

- (a) The Associate manufacturer is himself not in the export field and has not exported any of his products either himself or through any other Registered exporter during the last two financial years.
- (b) The Trading House undertakes to export 50 per cent or more of the production of Select products of the Associate manufacturer for a period of five years commencing from 1st April of the licensing year.
- (c) The list of such Associate manufacturers shall not exceed 25 in number (in a year) and will not be allowed to be changed during the period of five years.
- (d) Such Additional licences will be valid for import of items as will be admissible to Trading Houses against their Additional licences under the policy. It may, however, be clarified that import of items appearing in Appendices 3 and 5 Part A would be allowed to an extent of only 5 per cent of the value of such Additional licences. The items imported will be those which go into the production of select products manufactured by the Associate manufacturers and which are to be exported through the Trading House. The materials imported against such Additional licences will be disposed to the Associate manufacturers only.

- facturers will be non-transferable and will be subject to Actual User condition.
- (f) The Trading House shall furnish quarterly returns to CCI&E, Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi giving details of items imported and supplied to its Associate manufacturers giving their names and addresses. of such statements will also be sent by the Trading House to the Sponsoring authorities of the Associate manufacturers. The Sponsoring authorities will be expected to inspect the premises of the Associate manufacturers to whom imported goods have been disposed of by the Trading House and check the utilisation of the imported items. The result of such inspection will be reported by the Sponsoring authoritics the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi.
- (g) The Trading House shall furnish a legal undertaking to fulfil the conditions mentioned above.
- (h) Violation of the conditions will attract action under Imports and Exports (Control) Act and imports (Control) order.

#### IRMAC facilities to Trading Houses

282(1). Trading Houses may be allowed to provide IRMAC facilities for supply of goods (non-canalised items only) against Actual User licences, REP licences and Additional licences.

- (2) Trading Houses may be given certain infrastructural facilities and other facilities to enable them to expand their role in foreign trade.
- (3) Trading Houses may be allowed to certify the quality of their own products for export. This facility may be given to those Trading Houses which have testing arrangements to the satisfaction of the Export Inspection Council.

#### Foreign Exchange for promotional activities

283(1). The Reserve Bank of India may allow a Trading House to utilise foreign exchange upto 2.5 per cent of the f.o.b. value of its total exports in the preceding year for the following purposes:—

(a) Foreign exchange expenditure on promotional activities permitted under the Code of Grants-in-Aid for export efforts;

- (b) Import of testing instruments and equipments for packing and tagging and their spares, duly cleared from indigenous angle, and required for setting up Common Service Centres.
- (c) Setting up warehouses and offices abroad without obtaining prior approval of the Reserve Bank of India (post-facto intimation shall be sent to RBI immediately after setting up the warehouses/offices abroad).
- (2) The permit issued by the Reserve Bank of India in regard to above will be valid for a period of one year from the date of its issue.
- (3) The above limit of 2.5 per cent will be subject to a maximum of Rs. 60 lakhs. Any amount in excess thereof shall be adjusted against the REP entitlement of the Trading House on its own exports.
- (4) The procedure to be followed in this regard is given in Appendix 18.

#### Reporting and Control

284(1). Every Trading House shall maintain true and proper accounts of its exports, imports and disposal of imported items. These shall be open for inspection by any authority nominated by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, They shall furnish quarterly statements, in the form prescribed in Appendix XXI-D of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, for 1985-88, pertaining to receipt and disposal of imported items against (i) their own licence; (ii) licences transferred by others; and (iii) Additional licences. The statement should be sent to Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi (Export House Cell in Statistical Division) within one month of the close of the period to which it pertains, with copy thereof to the regional licensing authority concerned/sponsoring authority concerned of each of the Actual User (Industrial) to whom the imported goods have been disposed of. Trading Houses should also send to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports (EP III Section), New Delhi copies of their detailed schemes and action programmes for export and annual returns of exports effected, commodity-wise and country-wise, sent by them to the Federation of Indian Export Organisations, as provided in Chapter XIV of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.

- (2) Separate statements shall also be sent to CCI&E, New Delhi:---
  - (i) Annual statement regarding imports of items appearing in Appendices 3 and 5

- description and value, item-wise, and the products exported, their names and FOB value product-wise, for ex-post-facto scrutiny from the point of view of relationship between imports and exports.
- (ii) Quarterly statement of imports and disposal of goods imported under para 204 of this Book, as laid down.
- (iii) Quarterly statement of imports and disposal of components, as laid down.

285. Any change in the constitution, name or ownership of a Trading House shall be forthwith reported to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, and the licensing authority concerned. In such an event, the Trading House shall cease to enjoy the facilities provided under this policy, until and unless the connected Trading House status has been got approved by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi in favour of the new or reconstituted body.

#### Refusal to grant/renew Trading Honse Certificate and cancellation/suspension of Trading House Certificate

286(1). If the applicant has on any occasion during the previous three years, tampered with the import/export licence; or has been a party to any corrupt or fraudulent practice in its commercial dealings or in obtaining any licence; or if any agent or employee of the applicant has been a party to any corrupt or fraudulent practice in obtaining the licence, under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act or any condition of licence granted under Import|Export Control Order or commits a breach of Import and Export Trade Regulations, the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports may refuse to grant/renew Trading House Certificate for a period to be specified, after giving a Show Cause Notice.

- (2) A Trading House Certificate may be cancelled, amended or otherwise rendered ineffective:—
  - (a) if the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports is satisfied that it had been obtained by misrepresentation or issued by oversight;
     or
  - (b) if the Trading House commits a breach of the Import-Export Policy; or
  - (c) if the Trading House is found, on a complaint received from a foreign buyer, to have

- committed a breach of contract or indulged in unfair trade practices; or
- (d) if the Trading House fails to discharge an export obligation undertaken by it, under this Policy or any earlier periods; or
- (e) if the Trading House fails to furnish in time the prescribed statements returns or any other information required by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports. New Delhi or the sponsoring authority concerned.
- (3) A reasonable expertunity of being heard in the matter will be given to the Trading House before action as above is taken.
- 287. An applicant who is not satisfied with the decision taken on his application for the grant or renewal of Trading House Certificate, or for cancellation/amendment/suspension of the Trading House Certificate can file an appeal for review to the Ministry of Commerce, Appeal Section, within 45 days of the date of the said decision.

#### CHAPTER XXII

# ENTREPRENEUR MERCHANT EXPORTERS (EMEs)

288. In order to create linkage between domestic production and export marketing and also to support entrepreneurial initiative in exports from the SSI/Cottage sectors, a new scheme for granting certain special facilities was introduced in the Import & Export Policy for 1984-85. This scheme is being continued. Entrepreneur Merchant Exporters will be eligible for Additional Licences on the basis of 5% of the f.o.b. value of their exports of select products manufactured by SSI/Cottage Sector Units subject to the following conditions:—

- (i) The Entrepreneur Merchant Exporter will not be an Actual User (Industrial).
- (ii) The minimum f.o.b. value of eligible exports of select products manufactured by SSI/Cottage Sector Units should not be less than Rs. 20 lakhs in the year before the preceding year and a minimum increase of 20% is achieved in f.o.b. value of such exports in

- the preceding year over the exports in the year before the preceding year. For example, for additional licensing in 1986-87 (licensing year), the FOB value of exports of eligible select products effected in 1985-86 (preceding year) should be atleast 20% more than the FOB value of exports effected in 1984-85 (year before the preceding year).
- (iii) Only such exports of select products manufactured by SSI/Cottage Sector Units will qualify for issue of "Additional licence for EMEs" which carry an import replenishment rate of 20% or less during the preceding two financial years.
- (iv) All such Additional licences shall be non-transferable.
- (v) For the purpose of calculating the entitlement for "Additional licence for E.M.E." the value of exports of high value products e.g. freight containers; air-conditioning and refrigeration equipment; electrical machinery, equipment and apparatus; machine tools; internal combustion engines; pumps and compressors; industrial machinery and components thereof; boilers; motor vehicles and automobile ancillaries; railway equipment; water transport equipment; machine made woollen carpets/silk carpets shall not be taken into account.
- (vi) The Entrepreneur Merchant Exporter shall be required to give a declaration to the effect that the products exported were actually manufactured by SSI/Cottage Sector units, whose names, addresses with Registration numbers, wherever applicable, will also be furnished. Another declaration will also be required to be given to the effect that the E.M.E. is exclusively exporting products manufactured by SSI/Cottage Sector Units.
- (vii) Additional licence so granted will be valid for import of items appearing in Part II of List 8 of Appendix 6 of this policy subject to the condition that import of a single item shall not exceed Rs. 4 lakhs in value. For this purpose, a single item shall have the same meaning as given in para 7 of this policy.
- (viii) Additional licence will also be valid for import of Capital Goods listed in Appendix 1 Part-B and raw materials, compo-

- nents, consumables and spares which have been placed under OGL for Actual User (Industrial) in this policy.
- (ix) The items imported against the additional licence will be only those which go into the production of select products exported by the E.M.E.
- (x) The goods imported against the Additional licence will be disposed of by the licensce to manufacturers whose goods have been exported by him and will be subject to Actual User condition.
- (xi) The EMEs shall be required to maintain proper account of their exports, imports and disposal of imported goods to their supporting manufacturers. These shall be open for inspection by (1) sponsoring authorities concerned and (2) licensing authorities. They shall furnish quarterly statements in the form prescribed for export/trading houses in Appendix XXI of the Hand Book (within one month of the close of each quarter) pertaining to receipt and disposal of imopried items against such Additional licences to

- the concerned sponsoring authorities of the supporting manufacturers to whom the imported goods have been disposed of.
- (xii) The Entrepreneur Merchant Exporters should register themselves as "E.M.Es" with the Registering Authorities in accordance with the procedures laid down in this regard in Chapter XIV of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures 1985-88.
- 289(1). In para 174(ii) of Import and Export Policy for 1984-85, the minimum growth rate prescribed for EMEs was 50%. Accordingly, in the licensing year 1985-86, Entrepreneur Merchant Exporters who have shown a growth rate of 50% in 1984-85 as compared to 1983-84 will alone be eligible for grant of Additional licences provided in this Policy. However, from the year 1986-87 onwards, additional licences for EMEs under the provisions given above will be granted on the basis of a growth rate of 20% as prescribed in para 288(ii) above.
- (2) Applications for Additional licences will be preferred to the licensing authorities concerned in the form prescribed for export/trading houses in Appendix XXI of the Hand Book.

## APPENDICES

### APPENDIX I

### CAPITAL GOODS

#### PART-A

#### LIST OF RESTRICTED ITEMS OF CAPITAL GOODS

	ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code		ITC-Rev. 2 C	CCN Code
1. Chema machinery, the following			(15) Pinisher Card (conventional	ן	
(1) Slide projectors other than remote controlled or auto- matic slide	881.3101	90.09	type). (16) Roll Former. (17) S.W. First Drawing Frame. (18) S.W. Finisher Drawing Frame	<b>724 4903</b>	84,38
(2) Are lamps operating at below 120 amps.	778, 2401	85.20D	(19) S.G. First Drawing Frame. (20) S.G. Second Drawing Frame. (21) T.C. Finisher Drawing	724.5119	84.37
<ol> <li>Dimmerstat for auditorium lights.</li> </ol>	874.8919	90.28	Frame. (22) 41' Pitch S.D. Spinning	4	
(4) Stage lighting equipment.	778.8600	85,22	Frame. (23) 41' Pitch A.D. Spinning		
(5) Emergency lighting system.	778.8600	85,22	Frame. (24) 51' Pitch S.D. Spinning	724.4321	84.3 <b>6</b>
(6) Manual and electric curtain controls.	772, 1029	85.19	Frame.	j	
(7) Automatic or semi-automa- tic film developing and pro- cessing machines except thos with micro processor based system (for black and white		00	Printing machinery:      Paper cutting machines excluding machines with de-		
films).  (8) Incandescent studio lights	881.3900	90.10	vices such as automatic pro- gramme cutting and three knife trimmers.	725, 2001	84.33
fittings below 5,000 Watts.	<b>772.1029</b>	85.19	day A. A. supella, V. st. s. Th. s. and		
(9) 16 mm, 35 mm and 35 mm/ 70 mm complete projection and sound re-production	401.30	<b>70</b> .09	(2) Automatic Letter Press cy- linder printing machines up- to 560 x 790 mm.	726,71 <b>0</b> 9	84.35
equipment.  A. Jute mill machinery, the following	881.22	90.08	(3) Paper varnishing and gumming machine other than automatic type.	726.7209	84.35
			(4) All press metal furnitures		
(1) Softener. (2) Emulsion plant (conventio-	724 . 4202	84.36	including locking up (mechanical) Quions.	726,9902	84.35
nal type).	724.4202	84.36	(5) Lotter Press printing presses		
(3) Flat bed over pick, conventional looms.	724,5111	84,37	(Platen type) treadle and power operated, other than automatic.	726.4209	94.35
(4) Recling machine.	<b>72</b> 4.4321	84.36			
(5) Roll/cone winder—Traverse bar type.	<b>724.432</b> 1	84.36	(6) Perforating and punching presses (hand-fed and power driven).	<del></del> -	<b>84.3</b> 3
(6) COP winding (manual doff- ing conventional type).	724, 4321	84.36	<ol> <li>Hand-fed Letter Press cylin- der printing machines.</li> </ol>	726.4	84.35A & 94.35B
<ul><li>(7) Beaming machine.</li><li>(8) Pre-beaming machine.</li><li>(9) Damping machine.</li></ul>			(8) Table Router for flat surfaces.	₹26, <b>₹209</b>	84.3 <b>5</b> D
(10) Rolling up machine. (11) Inspection machine. (12) Dust shaker.	724.4903	84 38	(9) Wire stitching machines sin- gle-headed.	726.8100	84,32A
(13) Teaser Card. (14) Breaker card (conventional type).			(10) Paper folding machine other than automatic	725.2 <b>0</b> 02	\$4,32

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
,	) Ammonia printing machine.	751,8200	90.10A	(7)	Pneumatic cot grinding/cot mounting including hand		
(12)	Paper cutting knives of all sizes if imported separately.	695.4202	82.06		operated cot-mounting ma- chine.		NA
(13)	All types of hand numbering machines.	726.7209	84.35D	<b>(8)</b>	Non-automatic pirn winding machine.	<b>7</b> 24.51 <b>0</b> 4	84.37
(14)	Graining machines, for gra- ining of offset plates (all			(9)	Ordinary warping machine.	724.5103	84.37
	sizes).	726.3105	841 34A	(10)	Sizing machine including size cooking/mixing equip-		
(15)	Vacuum printing frames for offset plate making excluding those with built-in ultra-				ment except for siring zero twist filament yarn.	724.53	84.37
410	voilet light sources and expo- sure computers	726.3105	84.34A	(11)	Non-automatic plain/Terry Towel/drop box looms except pick-at-will looms.	724.5129	84.37
(16)	Plate whirlers for offset plates (all sizes).	726.3105	84.34A	(12)	1×1 Shuttle Box automatic		
(17)	Retoucher tables	726,3105	84.34A		loom for cotton textile in- dustry upto 260 cms (102")	)	•
(18)	Mounting tables.	726.3105	84.34A		reed space excluding canvas; industrial fabrics/heavy duty	•	
(19)	Paper jogglng machines.	726.7209	84,35D		looms.	724.5101	84.37
• •	Roller washing devices.	726,7209	84.35D	(13)	All types of hand-operated circular knitted machines.	- 724.5209.	84.37
(21)	Paper perforating machines.	726, 2002	84.33	(14)	All types of flat hand-opera-	•	
` '	Lead and Rule cutters.	726,7209	84.35D		ted knitting machines (except those operated with		
(23)	Corrugating machinery, single and double face combined conveyor.	725,1200	84.31	d5	punch card) Reed cleaning and brushing	724.5209	84.37
(24)	Cutting, scouring and slot-	,,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(13)	machine.	728.4809	84.59
, ,	ting machines.	725.2001/20	002 84.33	(16)	Jacquard upto 1200 needles capacity but excluding fine		
(23)	Registering tables except pre-registering systems	726.7209	84,35		pitch Jacquard.	724.6111	84.38
4 Tax	tiles machinery, other than			(17)	Ager machine (excluding flash ager)	724.6119	84 38
	, jute and hemp:/-			ز18)	Batching machine.	724,7419	- 84.40
(1)	Doubler winder upto 152,40 mm (6') traverse for wind-			(19)	Bleaching kiers.	NA	NA
	ing upto four ends.	<b>¥24.4329</b>	84.36	•	Calendaring machine (all		
(2)	Ring doublers for cotton yarn upto 114.30 mm (44) ring diameter and/or 88.90 mm (34) gauge and/or 241.30			` ( *	types) excluding however those for garment/hosiery manufacture.	745.2101	- 84.16
	mm (917) lift.	724.4329	84.36	(21)	Cloth folding, double folding and plaiting machine.	724.7405	84.40
(3)	Recling machine but excluding for stretched/ crimped		t	. (22)	Cloth Inspection machine.	874.5309	90,22
	synthetic yarns.	724 4329	84.36	(23)	Cloth mercerising machine		
(4)	Uptwisters all types except two-for-one twister.	724.4329	84.36		excluding those for knitted goods.	724.7406& .7407	84.40
(5)	(a) Rewinders for winding on flanged bobbings:	724.4329	84,36	(24)	Clothing singeing machine (all types).	724.7903	84.40
	(b) Crimping machines.	724.5304	84.37	(25)	Continuous dyeing Plant.	724.7403& .7404	84.40
	(c) Texturising machines (false twist and crimp- ing only) (d) Draw texturising ma-	724.5304	84,3₹		Continuous bleaching Plant (Rope type).	724.7401& .7402	84.40
	chines (false twist and	724.5304	84.37	(27)	Crabbing machines.	NA	NA
10	Non-automatic warn wind-	(44.23 <b>04</b>	04,37	(28)	Curing/polymensing machine	. 724.7406& .7407	84 40
(0)	Non-automatic warp wind- ing machine (Cone winding machine).	724.5104	84.37		Cylinder drying machine (all types).	724.7419	84 . 4

## APPENDIX 1 PAR 1-A Concld.

		ITC-Rev. 2 CC Code	CN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(30)	Colour mixing and boiling	1		5. <i>Ге</i>	xtile Testing Equipment :		
-(32)	pan.  Damping machine.  Dye Jigger (all types).  Jet dyeing machine.	724.7903	84.40	(1)	Black Board/Taper Board, yarn appearance Tester. Direct Yarn count balance	]	
(34)	High temperature, high/low pressure piece dyeing machine High pressure, high/low temperature dyeing plant for yarn/top dyeing for woollen/worsted/art silk industries.	724.7403 & 7404	84.40	(4) (5) (6)	(Loa). Fabric tearing strength tester. Lea Tester. Twist Tester. Wrap Block. Wrap Reel.	874.530	9 90.22
(36)	Hot flue.	724.7419	84.40	6. M	scellaneous items :		
(37)	Hydro extractor.	724.7419	84.40F	(1)	Etching machine upto 60 x 50	) NA	NA
(38)		724.7403 & .7404	84.40	(2)	cms.  Garage compressors upto 250 cfm.	743,1001	84.11
(39)	Open width breaching plants (all types).	724,7401&' .7402	84.40	(3)	Contact-printing cabinet having tungsten.	881.3900	90.10
(40)	Open width washing and soaping machine (all types).	724.7419· •	84.40	(4)	Fish finders.	894.7109	97.07
(41)	Padding/starch/water mangle including pad dyeing machine.		84.40	(5)	Green leaf threshing plants for processing tobacco	728.4309	84.59B
•		.7407		(6)	Surgical operating tables.	821.2102	94.02
(42) (43)	ing machine. Rope squeezing machine.	724.7419	84.40	(7)	Photographic powderless machine 13 x 38 cms.	NA	NA
(44)		704.744	04.40	(8)	TV pattern generators (Monochrome).	778,8 <b>6</b> 00	85.22
(45) (46)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	724,7411 724,7406& ,7407	84.40 84.40	(9)	Air Pollution and air control equipment.	743,6009	84.18
(47)	Cantabare	NA	NA	(10)	Block ice coolers.	741.4101 -	84.15
(47)				(11)	Dental chair.	821,2101	94.02
(48)	,	NA	NA	(12)	Drawing and mathematical		
	Stamping machine, excluding selvedge stamping/printing.	724.7411	84.40	(13)	instruments.  Air separation plants except	874,21	90.16
(50)	Stentering machine (all types excluding vertical stenter for heavy fabrics).	724.7406&	84.40	(14)	liquid nitrogen plants capaci below 10 litres per hour. Pulling and lifting machines.	728.4802 744.2809	84.59 84.22
	•	.7407		,	Rice and Dal mill machinery		84.29
(51)	Washing machine, square beater type.	724.7419	84.40		Stapling machine.	751.8801	84.54
	ocator types			(17)	<b>-</b>	•	
	Wet Cutton opener Winch dyeing machine.	NA 724.7403&	NA		Manual/semi-automatic/au- tomatic without reduction facility and upto a copying		
(01)		.7404	84.40	•	speed of 20 copies per minute.	751.8200	90.10
(54)	Yarn bundling machine.	<b>724.7903</b>	84,40		Sphygmomanometers.	872.0202	90.17
(55)	Yarn singeing machine.	\$\frac{124.1903}{}	04,40	(19)	Fully automatic bag making machine for LDPE, HDPE and Poly-propylene films	•	
(56)	Yarn dyeing machine for hank cone/cheese/béam.	724 .7403 & * .7404	84.40	(20)	excluding circular looms.  Machine tool accessories 1	728,4209	84.59
(57)	Automatic flat bed/rotary screen printing machine.	724.7419	84.40	, ,	(i) Lathe chucks. (ii) Drill chucks.	736.8001	84.48
/#a\	• -		0.770	(21)	Sliding Head Automats upto 10 mm capacity for watch	736 1203	Q4 4E
(58)	Shearing and cropping machine for cotton fabrics.	724.7419	84.40	(22)	industry.  Centrifuges (Laboratory/re-	736,1302	84,45
(59)	Semi-continuous type of de- catising machines.	<b>724</b> 7419	84 40	(-2)	frigerated type upto 16,000 rpm),	743 500#	84-18

#### APPENDIX-1

PART-B

## LIST OF CAPITAL GOODS ALLOWED UNDER OPEN GENERAL LICENCE

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
1. (i)	Machine Tools 1-		-	(24)	Hob grinders.	736.1919	84.45
(1	) Camshaft turning lathe.	736.1319	84.45	(25)	Gear shaper cutter grinder/		
(2)	Crankshaft turning lathe.	736,1314	84.45		sharpener.	736.1919	84.43
(3	Horizontal Boring, Drilling				Gear shaving cutter grinder.	736.1919	84.45
	and Milling Machine spiu- dle diameter 200 mm. and				Thread Chaser grinder.	736.1919	84.45
	above.	736,1511	84.45	(28)	Camshaft grinding machine.	736, 1929	84.45
(4	Tool room Precision Co- ordinate Jig Boring Machine with or without numerical	•		(29)	Automatic Bevel Gear cutter blade sharpening grinding machine.	736.1929	84.45
	control/computerised num- erical control, other than			(30)	Bille Grinding Machine.	736.1929	84.45
	vertical and horizontal machining centres	736.1513	84.45	(31)	Automatic/Semi automatic clearance grinding machine for shank type cutting tools.	736, 1919	84,45
(2	<ul> <li>Vertical, multi-spindle chu- cking Automatic all sizes.</li> </ul>	736.1305	84.45	(2.2)	Spring end grinding machine.	736.1939	84.45
16	Broaching Machine above			` *		730.1339	. 64.45
	25 tonnes capacity.	736.7109	84 . 45	(33)	Automatic grinding machine for grinding straight and spiral flutes in shank type	•	
(7)	Thread/Worm milling machine	736,1209	85,45		cutting tools.	736.1919	84.45
(8)	Thread/worm grinding maschine.	<b>7</b> 36.1211	64.45	(34)	Optical/CNC profile grinding machine.	736,1929	84.45
(9)	Thread whirling machine.	736.1809	84.45	(35)	Burnishing machine.	736.7909	84.45
(10)	Spline Milling Machine.	736.1205	84.45	(36)	Turret Punch Press.	736.2301	84,45
(11)	Automatic flute milling machine for shank type cutting tools.	736,1409	84.45	(37)	Automatic Multi-station forming machine for manufacture of bolts/nuts, bearing races and other forgings.	736.4809	84.59
(12)	Multi-spindle copying/dup- licating and profile milling machine.	736 1409	84,45	(38)	Turning, milling, tapping and thread chasing machines for watch case manufacture.	736.7909	84.45
(13)	Longitudinal and/or circular marking/graduating machine.	736.7904	84 45	(39)	Hydraulic cold circular saw of bar capacity above 530 mm diameter.	<b>7</b> 36,1 <b>60</b> 3	84.45
	Automatic Crankshaft milling machine.	136,1409	84 45	(40)	Rotary dishing and flanging	•	
(15)	Automatic Camshaft milling machine.	736.1409	84 43		machine.	736.2809	84.45
(16)	Automatic Bevol Gear Gernerating Machine.	736,1209	84,45	(41)	Horizontal upset forging machine above 25 mm bar capacity.	736.2109	84.45
( <b>11</b> )	Gear Tooth Honing Machine.	736,1219	84.45	(42)	Wite not weaving machine,	136, 1909	84.45
(18)	Gear Lapping Machina.	736.1219	84 45		Electro-chemical grinding/	.50,7507	04.45
(19)	Gear/Spline Grinding Ma-	•		(33)	graining machine.	728,4809	84.59
, ,	chine.	736 1211	84.45	(44)	Laser cotting/drilling machine	737,3219	85.11
-	Gear Shaving Machine.	<b>736,1213</b>	84,45	(45)	Electron beam welding machine	737.3219	85.11
(21)	Gear Quenching Press	736,1219	84.45	(46)	Spring Colling machine	728.4809	84.59
(22)	Slideway grinder	736,1912	24.45	/ATN	Automatic Plantine Thread		
	Page and side milling cutter grinders for cutters thore	#14 e^*	سدريوس		rolling mashine	\$36 1805	84,45
	dit mm die .	<b>736</b> , 1913	\$4 45	(48)	Portable pipe bevelling machine	134 1909	E4 45

	ın	C-Rev. 2 CCC Code	IN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 CC Code	CN Codé
(49)	Relleving lathe	736,131 <b>5</b>	84.45	(77)	CNC single Spindle Turning		
(50)	Automatic Tap grinder	736.1919	84.45		machine upto 200 mm dia chuck	736.1301	84.45
(51)	Spline shaft grinding machine	736,1929	84,45	(78)	Double-ended CNC Chuck-		
(52)	Automatic cycle groove grinding machine	736.192 <b>9</b>	84.45		ing Automat with Centre Drive.	736.1305	84 45
(53)	Spline rolling machine	736.1203	84.45	(79)	Vertical Multi-tool CNC chucking Automat upto		
(54)	Horlzontal gear shaping machine	736.1201	84.45	Â	chucking Automat upto chucking dia 500 mm	<b>73</b> 6.130 <b>5</b>	84.45
(55)	Gear rolling machine-external/ internal	736.1203	84.45		Spline Miling Machine.	736,1205	84.45
( 56)	Copy milling machine for watch industry	736.1409	84.45		Polygon Milling Machine/ Polygon Profile machine.	736.1409	84.45
(57)	Cam milling machine	736.1409	84 45	(82)	Creep feed surface Grinding machine with table speeds	•	
(58)	Universal portable type radial drilling machine capacity 50 mm dand above in steel	11a 736.1504	84.45	(83)	lower than 500 mm per minute.  Multi-wheel cylindrical	736.1911	84.45
(59)	Crankshaft Japping Super finishing machine	736,1901 ·	84.45	(/	Grinding machine with wheel span 725 mm and above.	736.19 <b>29</b>	84.45
(60)	Single/multi-spindle honing machine with automatic size control	736,1901	84.453	, ,	Multi-head Rotary table Grinding machine.	736.1911	84.45
(61)	Automatic crankshaft whirling machine	736.1901	84.45	(85)	Centreless Grinding machine with peripheral speed higher than 45 metres/per second.	736.1906	84.45
(62)	Drop forging, double,—acting pneumatics hammer above 5 tons capacity	736.7909	84.45	(86)	Cylindrical Grinding machine with peripheral speed 60-metres per second and above.	736.19 <b>2</b> 9	84.45
(63)	Counter blow hammers.	736.2101	84.45	(87)	Vertical Internal Grinding		
(64)	Transverse roller forging machine	736,2109	84.45	(01)	machine for bore dia above 200 mm.	736,1 <b>905</b>	84.45
(63)	Cylinder Head Valve Seat Cutting machine.	NA	NA	(88)	Moving column Drilling		
(66)	Pulse welding machines.	736.1 <b>9</b> 39	85.11		Centre with 3-Axls CNC and Automatic Tool Changer up-		
(67)	Pulse hardening generators.	7 <b>3</b> 6. <b>1,9</b> 39	85.22		to 12 Tools.	736.1 <b>504</b>	84 .45
, ,	Camshaft lapping/super finishing machine.	73 <b>6</b> .1901	84.45	(89)	Helical Broaching machine below 10 tonnes capacity (other than attachment).	736.7109	84,45
	Crankshaft pin/journal grind- lng machine with facility for crawning and with constant surface speed for manufacture			(90)	Continuous chain type Horizontal Broaching machine.	736.7109	84.45
	of crank shafts	736 1929	84 45	(91)	Super Finishing machine capable of achieving 0.05 RA		•
	Crankshaft Mess Contering Machine.	736.1901	84 45		to 0.1 RA surface finish (other than attachments).	736.1901	84,45
(71)	Gear Tooth chamfering machine.	736 1219	84,45	(92)	Welding Robots.	737.3219	NSO
	Automatic Gear Debutring and Tooth Rounding machine	736.1219	34.45	(93)	Friction Welding Machine capacity above 12 tonnes.	737 - 3219	85.11
	Hobbing Machine 3-Axis and above.	736.1202	84 .45	(94)	Horizontal High speed Band Saw for alloy steel with cut- ting speed (20 metres per	<b>8</b> 02 1201	04 45
	CNC High Gear Shaping Machine 3-Axis and above.	736.1202	84 45	/A =-	minute or more).	¥36,1601	84.45
	Twin Spindle CNC Chucker, Swing 845 mm and above.	736 1305	84 45		CNC wire cut EDM with 4 controlled axis.	736.1101	84.45
	Single Spindle Chucking auto with CNC	<b>7</b> 36 1301	84 45	(96)	Electro-chemical deburring machine.	728 4809	84.45

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC-Rev. Code	2 CCCN Code
(97)	Spark Erosion machine, 3- Axis CNC, with metal re- moval rate above 1000 mm/ minutes.	736,1101	84.45		Precision Universal grinding machine, for tool room, out of roundness 0.00025mm, and straightness 0.0025 mm		****
(98)	Thermal Deburring machine.	728,4809	84.45 .		over 300 mm.	<b>7</b> 36.19 <b>0</b> 4	84.45
(99)	Pulse Hardening machine.	741.3103	84.45	(114	) Precision Jlg grinders for tool room.	736.1929	84 45
(100)	Automatic hydraulic straigh- tening press with programm- uble sequence for checking and straightening.	736.2201	84,45	(115	Profile projector with Co- ordinate table 200X160mm accuracy 5 micron and better.	874 2111	90.16
(101)	Reprogrammable point to	730.4201	,64, <b>4</b> 0	(116	) Spotwelding strength control and checking equipment.	974 5201	00.30
	point for continuous path industrial Robots.	NSC	<b>●84.45</b>	(117	Torque tester cum Calibratur.	874.5301 874.5301	90:28 90:28
(102)	Orbital/Spin Revetting machine. machine.	736.7301	84.45		) Spectrophotometer with/with- out microprocessor control	*874.4004	90.25
(103)	Torque controlled nut runner.	745.1101	84.45	(119	) Chassis dynamometer.	874.8912	{90 16 {90.28
(104)	Torque Controlled Impact			(120)	) Auto headlight adjusting unit	874,8912	NSC
	Wronch.	745.1101	84.45	(121)	Rolling brake tester.	874.8912	∫90.1 <b>6</b>
(105)	Broach sharpening machine for grinding broaches upto			(122)	Cam lobe checking equipment.	874,5109	Ն 90.28 90.16
	250 mm diameter and 2000 mm length and equipped with hydraullcally operated cross-slide for flat broach grinder	736,1919	84.45	, (123)	Vertical Spindle surface Grinder-Table traverse 3M and above.	<b>736</b> .1911	84.45
(106)	Automatic Drill Point der.	736,1919	84.45	(124)	Ram Type Plano Miller with MDI/CNC Control.	7 <b>36</b> .1404	84.45
	Automatic tap and Doore grinding machine.	736.1919	84.45	(125)	Moving Column Bed Type Universal Ram Type Miller.	736.1403	84.45
•	Tool and cutter grinder for spherical radi of end mill cutters, with variable grinding speed of 2000 to 10000 rpm.	736.1919	84.45		High Speed pattern milling machine—Table size IMX1.4 M and above with min. spindle speed 3400 RPM.	7 <b>3</b> 6.1 <b>40</b> 9	84.45
(109)	Sange spindle Die-sinking/ cops in lang machine with ur without CNC with milling		,	(127)	NC/CNC/Optical Profile Oxy-Acetylene Flame cutting machine.	737.3109	85.11
	spindle diameter 130 mm and above—and minimum table load of 10 tonnes.	736.1409	84.45	(128)	Slideway/Splndle Hardening Machine-Flame/Induction,	741,3103 737,3109	85,11
	Precision internal grinding machine for tool room out of roundness 0.000625 mm,	٠		(129)	High Pressure Moulding Machine for Foundry.	737.1104	84.60
	surface finish 0.05 microns Ra value.	736.1905	84.45	(130)	High Pressure Continuous Moulding Machine/Lines/ Systems with or without flasks.	737,1104	84.60
	Precision surface grinding machine, for tool room with longitudinal and traverse accuracy achievable over full working range of 0.005 mm,			(131)	Permanent Mould Casting Machines and Systems for ferrous metals.	. 737,1104	84.60
;	surface finish 0.025 micron Ra Value.  Precision cylindrical grinding	<b>736</b> .1911	84.45	(132)	Vibration Analyser and In Situ Balancing Equipment		
1	machine, for tool room, out of roundness 0.00025 mm, and stralghtness 0.0025 mm over 300 mm.	73 <b>6</b> 1904	84.45	•	Frequency Range 100 to 100000 cycles per minutes amplitude Range 1 to 3000 microns peak to peak and mm per second.	874.8309	\$\begin{cases} 90.22 \\ 90.25 \\ 90.28 \end{cases}

	1	TC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(li	Machine tools for the manufactur and roller bearings, the following :			(13) Glass level controller type pneumatic to control the glass level upto 0.177 alongwith		
(1)	Automatic cycle grinder for grindi external groove/track of bearing inner races	736.1929	84 45	the Controller to control and to regulate the batch filling mechanism (Glass Works	874.8309	90.24 90.28
(2)	Automatic super finishing/honing machine for inner and outer races, rellers of bearings	736.1939	84.45	equipment).  (14) Oil gas air ration Controller and recorder.	727 . <b>220</b> 9	90.24
(3)	Horizontal spindle rotary table surface grinder for bearing races/ rollers	736.1911	84.45	(15) Electronic type vernier calipers.	874.2103	90.28
	Grading machine for balls and rollers of bearings	728.4809	89.59	(16) Leather thickness measuring gauges.	874.5309	90.16
	Heading Machine for Steel ball and rollers of bearings	736.7909	84 45	3. Testing Machines		
	Flashing machine for balls of bearings.	736.7809	84 45	<ol> <li>Universal Testing Machine at 100 tonnes capcity for testing industrial materials</li> </ol>	874. <b>5</b> 301	90.22
	Grinding and lapping machine for balls of bearings.	736.1939	84.45	(2) Metal Creep Testing Machine	874 5301	90.22
(8)	Centreless grinder for taper			(3) Metal Fatigue Testing Machin	ne 874.5301	90,22
	rollers of bearings.	736.1906	84 45	(4) Vickers Hardness Tester	874.5301	90 22
	Cylindrical/spherical grinding machine for rollers of bearings.	736 1904	84.45	(5) Automatic noise/vibration tes	ter 874.8309	90.28
	Double disc face grinder for grinding the face of bearing outer and inner races and			4. Instrument, testing and electronic equipment	054 0010	00.00
	rollers	736 1929	84.45	(1) Amplidyne Generators	874.8919	90.28
2. M	leteorology and Measuring Justrum			(2) Ozone Generator with ozonis cells, lines, wooden tank	741.10009	84.03
(1)	Bevel Gear Tester	874.2109	90.16	(3) Combustible Gas indicator like gas detectors and accessories	:e	
(2)	Gear Profile/Helix Tester	874.2109	90 16	explosimeters etc.	874.8309	90,28
(3)	Bevel Gear Blank Checker	874.2109	90 16	(4) Single pan analytical balance, minimum readability 0.1mg.	•	
(4)	Gear Eccentricity/Rolling Tester	874 2109	90 16	(0.0001 gm.)	874.5109	90,15
(5)	Gear Tooth Spacing Tester	874.2109	90 16	(5) Vacuum type direct reading spectrometer	874.4004	90.25
(6)	Multi-axis co-oridnate/universal measuring machine/instrument	874.2109	90 16	(6) Electron Microscope with or without analyser	871.0301	90.11
(7)	Lead screws measuring machine	874 2109	90.1€	(7) Automatic Direct Reading car	bon	
(8)	Surface finish and roughness testing equipment	874, 2109	90 6	and sulphur determinator (8) Automotic Direct Reading Pa	874 .4009	90.25
(9)	Bearing inspection equipment like	ĭ		size determinator	874,4009	90.25
	(a) Radial clearance checking machine	874.2109	90,16	(9) ESR meter	874.830 <b>9</b>	90.28
	(b) Axial clearance checking	2 <b>54 54</b> 00	191	(10) Master gears	874.8309	90.28
(10)	machine	874.2109	90.16	(11) Digital surface temprature pro	be 874.8309	90.28
	Hob checking/testing machine Roundness testing machine	874.2109 874 2109	90,16 90-16	5. Machinery for manufacture of Garment/Hoslery/Made-ups, the		
(12)	Furnace pressure controller			following:		
ŕ	to control the furnace pressure within $6\pm2.5$ mm Hg. alongwith the chimney Damper and actuate, Electrical Impulser type.	874 3009	90.24 90.28	<ol> <li>Buttonhole Sewing machine.</li> <li>Two Needle Flat Bed Lock- stitch Industrial Sewing Machine.</li> </ol>	724.3103 724.3103	84.41
				HIRGHING.	, m. 1.5.00	57.74

					o-ma,	•	
		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(3)	Power operated flat-bed or circular knowing machines other than those appearing			(22)	High Speed, two needle lock- stitch machine.	724.3103	84.41
	in Part-A of this Appendix, but including socks knitting			(23)	Bar Tacking Machine.	NA	NA
	machines (other than Single cylinder type).	724.5209	84.37	(24)	Single Needle Lockstitch		
(4)	Button Stitch Sewing machine.	724.3103	84.41		Machine built in trimmer, Speed above 4,000 stitches per minute.	<b>724</b> ,3103 ·	84.41
(5)	Class Feed-off-the-arm Indus- trial Sewing Machine.	724.3103	84,41	(25)	Two or three needle chain- stitch machines.	724,3103	84.41
(6)	Two or three needle two thread chainstitch feed-off-			(26)	Power driven, cloth cutting machine/tools.	724.7405	84 , 40
	the-arm machine.	724.3103	84 41	(27)	Tie Making Machines.	724.5302	84.37
	Lock stitch Tacker and Button Sewer.	724.3103	84 41	(28)	Collar Turning and Blocking machine & Cuff Turning and Blocking machine.	724 7419	84 40
, ,	Blind Stitch Machines of various models.	724.3103	84.41	(29)	New Automatic Collar Tur- ning machine, a	724,7419	. 84.40
(9)	Two thread chainstitch for high speed seaming and			(30)	Pocket creasing machine.	724.7405	84.40
	banding operation with gear driven puller feed compound			-	Vacuum Table.	724.7419	84.40
	feed of speed 3,000 stitches and above per minute.	724.3103	84.41	` ′	Blastic Lace making machine.	724.5301	87,37
(10)	Single Needle, cylinder bed upper feed blind stitch machine.	724.3139	84.41		Hook and Bar setting machine.	724.5501	67,37
(11)	Elastic Inserting machine on			(34)	Rotary Ironing machine.	724,7419	84.40
41.0	variety of garment.	728.4809	84.59		Bandknife Cutting machine	724.7405	84.40
(12)	Single needle, drop feed chainstitch machine, speed			4	Cloth Laying machine.	724.7419	84,40
	above 4,000 stitches per minute.	724.3103	84.41		Linking machine.	NA	NA
(13)	Threads chainstitch top and			(38)	Shirt folding tables	724,7905	84.40
,,,,	bottom covering machine.	724.3103	84.41	(39)	Collaratte cutting machine	724.7405	84 40
(14)	Two needle chainstitch or lockstitch machines.	7.24 3103	84.41	(40)	Dias Cutting machine.	724,7405	84.40
(15)	Single needle lockstitch Flat			(41)	Spot Removing Guns.	724.7419	84.40
	Bed Machine, speed above 4,000 stitches per minute	724.3103	84.41	(42)	Thread Cleaning machines.	724,7419	84, <b>40</b>
.(16)	High Speed two thread chain- stitch machine 1, 2 or 3 needles drop feed	724 3103	84.41	(43)	Presses for shirts, trousers and jackets.	724.7419	84.40
(17)	Singly Needle Flat Bed Drop			(44)	Pusing Presses	724.7419	84,40
(18)	feed to which machine  (i) Chainstitch overedging	724.3103	84.41	(45)	Collar Press.	724.7419	84.40
(-0)	machines	724.3103	- 84,41	(46)	Cuff Press.	724.7419	84.40
	(if) Swiety stitch Machines	<b>724</b> .3103	84.41	(47)	Sloove Press.	<b>7</b> 24.7419	84.40
(19)	High Speed twin needle feed lockstitch of speed 3,000 stitches and above	724 3103	84.41		Steam Tables with steam irons.	724.7419	84.40
(20)	High Speed double needle			(49)	Cloth Drills, Notchers	742,7405	84,40
	iap seam felling industrial sewing machine of speed			, ,	Pattern Perforator	NA.	NA.
	3,000 stitches and above per minute.	724 TH)3	84 41	(51)	Multi Head Embroider Machines	724 5303	84.37
(21)	High Speed, needle Peed, two needle flat bed Industrial Sewing Machine	*24 HO3	44,41	(52)	Scalloging Embroidery Machines	T24 5303	84 37

## APPENDIX 1 PART-B-('onia.

		ITC-Rev '	CCCN Coda			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	C CCN Code
(53)	Trycot Embroidery Machines.	724 5303	84 37	(85)	Double jersey circular knit- ting machine	724.5209	84,39
(54)	Embroidery Machines (General).	724 . 5303	84 37	(94)		/24.5205	34.57
(55)	Hemstitch Machines.	724.3103	84 41	(80)	Sewing machine Zig Zag-Flat bed.	724 3103	84 41A
(56)	Saddle Stitch Machines.	724.3103	84 41	(87)	High speed circular knitting machines sinkerbody 18gg		
(57)	Label Stitching Machines.	724.3103	84.41		and above with multifeeders (over 64 feeds) and equipped	,	
(58)	Steam presses with Portable Boilers.	724.7419	84.40		with a positive feed mechanism.	724.5209	84 37
(59)	Heat Transfer Press.	728 7419	84.40	(88)	High speed circular Rib machines (64 feeders and		
(60)	Ticket Printing Machine, other than off-set.	726.7209	84.35		above) logg and above and equipped with a positive feed mechanism.	724 . 5209	84.37
(61)	Pattern Making Machine.	NA	NA	/9n\		124.020	4,12,
(62)	Shade Testing Machine.	NA	AM	(89)	High speed circular interlock machines (64 feeders and		
(63)	Packing Machine.	745 2209	84.19		above) 20gg and above equipped with a positive feed	724 5200	BA 27
(64)	Quilting Machine.	NA	NA		mechanism.	724.5209	84.37
(65)	Pringing Machine.	NA	NA	(90)	High speed circular knitting machines for Terry fabrics		
(66)	Slitting Machine.	724.7405	84.40		with designing facility and equipped with a positive feed		
(67)	Cloth Measuring and Testing Machines.	874.5301	90.22	(91)	mechanism.  High speed circular cyclet	724.5209	84.37
(68)	Knife Sharpening Machines.	736.1919	84.45	(-1)	knitting machines 14gg and above and multifeeders and		
(69)	Pattern Grading Machine.	NA	NA		equipped with a positive feed mechanis.	724,5209	84.37
(70)	Steam Cabinet.	724.7419	84.40	(02)	Shrinkage controlling Machi-		
(71)	Steam froning with or with- out cleaning tables.	724.7419	94 40	(94)	nes for knitting fabrics.	724.7419	84.40
(72)	Checking Presses.	NA.	84.40 NA	(93)	Dyeing machines for tabular	724 7402 B	84,40
	Conveyors.	744 . 2301 &	_		knitted fabrics,	724 .7403 & .7404	04.40
•		. 2302		(94)	Loop driers for tubular knitted fabrics.	724.7419	84.40
	Coller Printing Machine,	724.7419	84.40	(05)	Mercerising machines for		
(75)	Button sewing machine automatic.	724.3 3	84.41	(93)	tubular knitted fabrics.	724 .7406 & .7407	84.40
(76)	Smocking Machines.	724.3103	84.41	(96)	Singing machines for tubular fabrics.	724,7419	84.40
(77)	Calendering Machine.	745.2101	84.16	40.50		, _ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
(78)	Button and Rivet Fixing Machines and/or dies thereof.	NA	NA	(97)	Raising machines for tubular knitted fabrics.	724.7419	84.40
(79)	Cup Seaming Machine.	724.3103	84,41	(98)	Pile cutting machines for knitted fabrics.	724.7405	84.40
(80)	Candle Wick Tufting Machine.	NA	NA	(99)	High speed multiple Needle sewing machine.	724.3103	84.41
(81)	Econe Copier (Pattern Dup-licator).	NA	NA .	(100)	Pintoching High Speed multi- ple needle machine.	724 3103	, 84.41
(82)	Trimo—Trim Master Pitted with Howver motor.	NA	NA	(101)	Automatic pocket weld sew- ing machine.	724.3103	84.41
(83)	Fully fashioned Flat knitting machine (power driven).	724.5209	84.37B		Edge control seamers	724.3103	84.41
(84)	Snap fastners fixing machines and/or dies thereof.	NA	NA	(103)	Automatic serger with speed control devices.	-	-

		APPE	NDIX 1	PART-B	Contd.		
		ITC-Rev 2 Code	C C C N Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	O CCN Code
(104)	Twin added automatic cuff cutton holding-machine.		•-		Hydraulic sulphide applicator		84.42
(105)	Single Cylinder Socks Knitting Machine.	NSC	84.37	(14)	Leather Polishing Machine and Creasing Machine.	724 80 <b>Ö</b> 9	84.42
(106)	High speed needle cock stitch industrial sewing machine of			(15)	Colorimeter.	724.4009	90.25
	speed 4000 stitches and above per minute.	724 3103	84 41	(16)	Pneumatic glazing machine.	724.8009	84.42
(107)	Chain stitch tacker Button				Seco-Therm type drying units.	741.6019	84.17
	sewer.  Sodium chloride bleaching	724 3103	84 41	(18)	Stretching and drying machine with or without conveyor and toggles.	741.6019	84.17
	plants for knitted tabular fabrics complete with all ancil- laries.	NSC	84 40	(19)	Automatic Rotary type spra- ying machine with 4 (four) spray guiss or more	74 <b>5.2</b> 703	84.21
(109)	Socks setting and dyeing machines.	724 7403 7404	84 40	(20)	Automatic/semi-automatic Hydraulic Press (750 tonnes		
(110)	Bag closing machine two needle	e 724 3103 ,	84 41	(21)	or more).  Hydraulic splitting machine	728.4809	84.59
(111)	Component numbering machine.	NSC .	<b>8</b> 4 35	(41)	for leather.	,-	
(112)		50	0.50	(22)	Band knife splitting machine (non-hydraulic)	736 2 <b>3</b> 09 ·	84 42
	machine.	NSC	84 40				
	Paper Press for finishing of fabrics.	NSC	84.40	le	eather footwear machinery, eather goods machinery and achinery for leather apparel ;—		
(114)	Continuous decatising machine.	NSC	84.60	(1)	Strap cutting machine.	724.8001	84.42
	achinery for Leather processing/				Strap folding machine.	724.8001	84.42
	Jshing/manufacture.		-		Upper folding machine.	724.8001	84.42
	anning machines required for ishing units:			·	Insole covering machine.  Flat bed double needle	<b>724</b> ,8001 ,	84.42
(1)	Hydraulic/Injectronic fleshing machines.	724.8002	84.42	, ,	sewing machine.  Post bed-single needle sew-	724.3103	84. <b>41</b>
(2)	Hydraulic/Pneumatic sam- mying machine.	724.8002	84.42	, ,	ing machine	724.3103	84.41
· (3)	Combined hydraulic sammying and setting machines.	724.8002		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Post bed-double needle sew- ing machine.	724.3103	84.41
(4)	Hydraulic/Pneumatic/Inject-		84.42		Post bed-single needle under edge trimming.	724.8001	84.42
	ronic setting machines.	724.8002	84.42	(9)	Raised cord sewing machine.	724.3103	84.41
(5)	Hydraulic shaving machine above 1250 mm.	<b>72</b> 4 , 8002	84.42		Sewing machine Zig Zag- Flat bed.	724.3103	<b>₄84.41</b>
(6)	Vibration Type staking machine.	724.8002	84.42	(11)	Sewing machine cylinder bed.	724.3103	, 84.41
(7)	Leather buffing machines—1200 mm and above.	724.8002	84.42		Automatic lock-stitching cylinder bed bartacker.	724.3103	84.41
-	Curtain coating machine.	745.2709	84.21	1	Coarse stitch arm-type sewing machine for ruffled work and	774 3102	04 41
(9)	Automatic padding machine and drying machine.	741.6019	84.17		genuine mocassin.	724.3103	84,41
(10)	Rotary Ironing machine.	724.8009	84.42	, ,	Pulling over machine.	724,8001	84,42
(11)	Rotary printing machine for leathers.	724.7419	84.40	1	Pulling over and cement asting machine.	724.8001	84.42
(12)	Embossing plates and eng-	724.8009	84 42		Tack lasting mathine  Cambori in lasting machine.	724.8001 724.8001	84.42 84.42
	and the second of the second s			Ç, •			

APPENDIX 1 PART-B—Comd.							1
		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(18)	Outsole stitching machine.	724.3103	84 41	(50)	Button sawing machine.	724.3103	84.41
(19)	Heel seat cement fasting machine.	724.8001	84.42	(51)	High speed twin needle feed lockstich of speed of		
(20)	Mokay stitching machine.	724.3103	84 41		3,000 stitches and above	724 3103	84 41
(21)	Automatic punching and eye- letting machine.	724.8001	84 42	(52)	Testing equipments, namely, Flexometer,	874.5309	90.22 90.23
(22)	String lasting machine.	724,8001	84.59		Lastometer, Penetrom- meter, Permeometer		90 24 90 25
(23)	Buckle stappling machine.	724,8001	84.42		Rub Fastness Tester (wet and dry), Dycing and Tumbling machine		90 28
(24)	Clicking machine hydraulic (bottom).	724 8001	84.42		(laboratory model), Tensile Tester, Sole Adhesion tester, Shrink-		
(25)	Insole attaching muchine.	724.8001	84 42		age Temperature Test- ing machine, Abrasive		
(26)	Fore part lasting machine (Astra type).	724,8001	84.42		Tester for leather/rub- ber soles and sole flex resistance tester.		
(27)	Side Lasting machine (Hydraulic).	724.8001	84.42	(52)	Designer's kit consist-	074 5000 5	
(28)	Edge trimming machine.	724 7001	84 42	(53)	ing of designer's knife, shoe measuring tape.	874.5309	
(29)	Fdge setting machine.	724.8001	84.42		designer's tape, and satra vacuum former		
(30)	Counter moulding machine.	724.8001	84,42		(or y 5 kits in a year can be imported by one		
(31)	Counter tighting machine.	724,8001	84 42		unit).	1	
(32)	Heel breasting machine.	724.8001	84.42	(54)	Hydraulic scudding machines.	Ì	(i) 84.40
(33)	Heel building machine.	724.8001	84.42	(55)	Crimping machine.	874.5309	is for textile
(34)	Stamping machine for upper/ lining/socks.	724.8001	84.42	(56)	Forepart conditioning machine.	874.5309	(ii) 84.42
(35)	Upper forming machine.	724.8001	84.42	(57)		874.5309	leather
(36)	Upper perforating machine.	724.8001	84.42	V ,	ironing machine.	074.0203	
(37)	Pattern grading machine.	724.8001	84.42	(58)	Lining roughing machine	874.5309	
(38)	Upper seam rubbing machine.	724.8001	84.42	(59)	Automatic Taping and Seam Rubbing Machine.	874.5309	
(39)	Upper reinforcing machine.	724.8001	84.42	(60)	Thermo-cementing-cum-	874.5309	
(40)	Upper cementing machine.	724.8001	84.42		folding machine.	ر	
(41)	Mocassin lining trimming machine.	724.8001	84.42		Pattern Making Machines	•	•
(42)	Mocassin preforming machine.	724.8001	84.42	(61)	Pattern binding machine.	<b>724.440</b> 0	84.59
	Folding machine for sides for brief case.	724 8009	84.42		Pettern corper cutting and	,	•
. (44)	Blind eyeletting machine (Automatic).	724.8009	84.42	(63)	binding machine.  Hole punching machine.	728.1209 728.1209	84.47
(45)	High speed corner stitching machine.	724.3103	84.41	(64)	Shears for cutting pattern.	728.1209	84.47
(46)	Suit-case stitching mechine.	724.3103	84.41	(65)	Vice for holding pattern.	695,3919	92.04
(47)	Heavy duty cylinder bed industrial sewing machine.	724,3103	84.41		Punches for Model Room,	695.3402	, 82 04 82 03
(48)	Two needle lock-stitching machine.	724.3103	84.41	(67)	Knife making equipment for cold steel and forged steel.	NA	NA
(49)	Button hole (eyelets end) machine, head only.	724.8009	84.42	(68)	Punches of all varieties.	695,3402	84.03

		/TC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	C CCN Code
	Closing Room Machines			(97)	Loose/nailing machine.	724.8001	84.42
(69)	Upper Embossing machine	724.8009	84.42	(98)	Top lift slugging machine,	724.8001	84.42
(70)	Cementing machine and cementing gun	745. 2709	84.21	(99)	Channel closing machine.	724.8001	84.42
(71)	Upper edge inking machine.	724.8001	84.42	(100)	Humldiffer for uppers.	728.4809	84.59
(72)	Automatic lacing machine	724.8001	84.42	(101)	Ironing and conditioning ma-	724.8001	84.42
(73)	Stitch marking machine.	724.8001	84.42	(102)	Sole levelling machine.	724 8001	84.42
(74)	Lining trimming machine.	<b>~ 724.8001</b>	84.42				
(75)	Toe cap applicator thermo-				Twin Sole attaching machine.	724.8001	84.42
	plastic.	728 - 4809	84.59	(104)	Reactivating plant for shoe and soles.	728.4809	84.59
	Sewing Machines			(105)	Dust Removing machine-		
(76)	High speed (3000 stitches per minute and above) flat bed				pneumatic/hydraulic	728.4809	84.59
	single needle industrial sewing machine.	724.3103	84.41	(106)	Edge-Setting machine.	724 8001	84.42
(77)	High speed (3000 stitches per minute and above) flat bed single needle industrial sewing			(iii)	The following machines for leather	manufacture	o/ woven
	machine with under trimmer.	724.3103	84.41	(1)	Electrical machine for cutting and slanting straps.	774 8002	84,42
(78)	Multiple row upper chain stitching machine i.e. 3 rows and above.	724,3103	84.41	(2)	Automatic machine to coof rol, to slant and to glue leather straps.	/24,8002	84,42
	Units Soles/Counters/Insoles	/Heels		(2)	Electro-Pneuamatic weaving	124.0002	94,44
(79)	Channelling and grooving.	724 8001	84.42	(3)	machine for leather.	724.8002	84.42
(80)	Automatic roughing machine for soles and insoles.	724,8001	84.42	(4)	Bobbin machine with counter.	724.8002	84 42
(81)	Heel attaching machine.	724.8001	84.42	7. De	ental Equipment		
(82)	Welt (Rand) attachine machine.	724.8001	84 42		Casting machine and accessories.	737.1109	84,43
, ,	Heel and sole brushing ma- chine.	724.8001	84.42		Centrifuges and ultra-centri- fuges having speed more than 16,000 rpm	743.5009	84 18
	Heel and sole buffing ma- chine.	724.8001	84.42		Electrical drill, heating fur- nace, electrical pulm, dental.	872.0101	90 17
	Evening and roughing ma- chine for soles and insoles.	724.8001	84.42		Dental high speed cutting and furnishing and polyhing lead.	872.0101	90.17
. (80)	Edge inking machine for soles.	724.8001	84,42				
(87)	Heel nailing machine.	724.8001	84.42	8. Cine	ematographic Studio and Film	n Laboratory I	Equipment
(88)	Edge pre-trimming machine	724.8001	84.42		Film cleaning And/or waxing and/or possibling machines.	881.3900	90.10
(89)	Recessing and roughing soles	724.8001	84.42				
(90)	Recessing welt.	<b>724</b> .8001	84.42	ν-,	Colour Film Printing Machines.	881.3900	90,10
(91)	Scouring and tranding machine	72~ 8 Mil	84.42		Reduction and/or Enlarging printers for picture and sound	881.3900	90.10
(92)	Studs attaching mac uno.	24 8001	84.42	(4) 1	Film Numbering machines.	881.3900	90,10
(93)	Heel building monine	7 4.8001	84.42	(5) \$	Sensitometers of Densitumeters	874.4029	90.28
(94)	Heel covering wante one um tic.	7 4.800)	84.42	` 1	Counters for 11 mm/35 mm/ 174 mm/16 mm/8 mm films	873,2009	QA 27
(95)	Leather cover cutting ma chine for beels.	/24, 001	84.42		measuring film-lengths Colour-temperature meters,	073,4003	90,27
(96)	O	,724.8(0)	84.42	` c	exposure moters, density lewers.	874.4029	90.25

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		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	OCCN Code		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	C CCN Code
(8)	Projection footage counters,	873.2009	90.27	(31) Equipment required for pro- fessional recording studios,		
(9)	Colour film analyses.	874.4029	90,25	the following i-		
(10)	Cinamatograph cameras (70 mm, 35 mm, 16 mm, 8 mm) with attachments in-		•	(i) 35 mm and 16 mm magnetic recorders, recorders/reproducers.	<b>₹</b> 61.8100	92.11
	cluding lenses and 200m lens.	881.2	90.08	(fi) 35 mm and 16 mm optical recorders.	881.2103	90.08
(11)	Intermodulation and/or cross modulation sets for checking film distortion.	881.3900	90.10	(iii) Interlock motors.  (iv) Electronic looping-system	716.2119	85.01
(12)	Animation stand (for trick work).	881,3900	90,10	or Electronic Synchroni- ser/Programmer system	772.1015	85.19
(13)	Magnetic stripping machines (16 mm/35mm/70mm)	881.3900	90,10	(v) 12mm (1°) and 6 mm (1°) professional recorders for stereo and multi-track re- cordings.	881.2	90.08
(14)	70/35 mm film processing machines with accessories (for colour films).	881.3900	90.10	(vi) Tape recorders with 2" magnetic tape.	881.3900	90.10
(15)	Optical printers reduction-blow up and special effect.	881,3900	90,10	(vii) Optical count down assembles.	881.3900	90.10
(16)	Sound Transfer Equipment— Magnetic to optical, tape to tape and tape to disc with c.i.f.			(viii) Advance/retard signal generator.	874.8309	90.28
	value above Rs. 2 lakhs.	881.3900	90,10	(ix) Reverberation unit.	874.8309	90.28
(17)	Sound mixing equipment.	881,3900	90.10	(x) Room simulator unit.	874.8309	90.28
(18)	16 mm Dual/Tripple Dubber.	881.3900	90.10	(xi) Noise gate.	874.8309	90.28
(19)	16 mm Optical recorders.	881,3900	90.10	(xti) Compressor/Limitor.	881.3900	90.101
	Optical effects and trick printing machine (16 mm).	881.3900	90.10	(32) Film Editing machine of flat-bed type costing more	204 2020	00.10
(21)	16 mm colour processing plants.	881.3900	90,10	than Rs. 1.5 lakh c.i.f.  (33) High quality studio condon-	881.3900	90,10
	16 mm Xenon or arc projec- tors with a throw of 60 feet or more for the theatrical studio/ laboratory use.	≠881 . <b>2</b> 102	90.08	sor microphone.  (34) Poot operated film splicers/ hot splicers.	764,2001 881,3900	85.14 90.10
	Automtic or semi-automatic			(35) Loop cabinet or loop tree.	881.3900	90.10
	film developing and process- ing machines with micro proce- cessor based system.	881.3900	90.10	(36) Perforation repair machine.	881,3900	90.10
(24)	Editing machines 16 mm, 35 mm, and 70 mm or com- bined (excluding flat bed type)	881.3 <b>900</b>	90.10	(37) Programme Tape preparation system for use with Colour film printing Machines.	881.3900	90,10
(25)	Notching machines.	881.3900	90.10	(38) Equipment for frame count cueing for use with Colour Film Printing Machines.	881, 1900	90,10
(26)	High Speed Inspection pro- jectors.	881.,2102	90.08	(39) Automatic/semi-automatic		
(2₹)	High speed 35 mm, 70 mm and 16 mm reversible projection equipment.	881 2102	). Pet (18	and printing machines with micro processor based system for still colour photography for Photographic Studios.	881,3900	90.10
(28)	Animation camera with atta- chments and accessories.	881.2102	90.08	9 Tea Inudetry		
(29)	Colour filters, glass, gelating and acetate.	884.11	90.01	(1) Tea bag machine—non-heat- scala paper bags IMA and/or other makes.	745.2209	84.19
• •	Neck tie microphole/cordless microphone.	764.2001	85.14	(2) Fea has muchine for hous-seet paper bags.	745 . 2209	R4,19
58 GI,	/85—-8.					

13   Code printing machinery   725, 1109   84, 35     14   Control sizeal every system comprising of			ITC-Rev. 2 CCCN Code	Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	G CCN Code
10.   Machinery for manufacture of electronic components and equipment   128.4509   84.59	(3)	Code printing machinery.	726,7109	84.35	(14)			
(a) R.F. Distribution Amplifier.  (b) Accessories.  (f) Marker Adder.  (g) Marker Adder.  (g) Stand distributor.  (g) Stand distributor.  (h) Marker Adder.  (g) Stand distributor.  (g) Current probes.  (g) Ville and UHF Sweep Generator (manual substantia Conference of the Standard	10.	(i) Machinery for manufacture and equipment.	e of electronic comp	popents		tio film capacitors.	728.4809	84.59
(a) Accessories. (b) Accessories. (c) Attenuators. (d) Marker Adder. (e) Marker Adder. (f) Marker Generator. (f) William Brown and authoriant Experiment of Capacitors. (g) Vision Brown and authoriant Experiment of Capacitors. (g) Vision Brown and authoriant Experiment Office Capacitors. (g) William Brown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (g) William Brown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (g) William Brown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (h) Marker Generator. (h) Marker Generator. (h) William Brown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (h) William Brown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (h) William Brown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (h) Marker Generator. (h) William Drown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (h) Marker Generator. (h) William Drown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (h) Marker Generator. (h) Marker Generator. (h) William Drown and Capacitors. (h) Marker Generator. (h)	(1)				(15)	for termination of plastic film capacitors (Metallised and	747 2010	04.14
(b) Accessories.  (i) Accessories.  (ii) Marker Adder.  (iii) Marker Adder.  (iii) Signal distributor.  (iii) Signal distributor.  (iv) Courrent probes.  (iv) Olatese probes.  (iv) Automatic printing/Marking equipment for Capacitors.  (iv) Automatic printing/Marking equipment for Capacitors.  (iv) Capacitone.  (iv) Olatese probes.  (iv) Automatic printing/Marking equipment for Capacitors.  (iv) Capacitone.  (iv) Capacitone.  (iv) Capacitane.  (iv) Leakage ourrent.  (iv)	ı		874.8309	90.28	ผล		V3V.321V	84.11
(#) Marker Adder. (#) Signal distributor. (#) Signal distributor. (#) Signal distributor. (#) What are under the probes. (#) What are the probes.		* *			410)		874.8302	90.28
(a) Signal distributor. 874,8309 90.28 (18) Dip Coating equipment for Capaditors. 728,4809 84,89 (27) Capaditors. 874,8309 90.28 (19) Automatic printing/Marking equipment. 874,8309 90.28 (19) Automatic testing machine for capaditors with any of the following test functions: 874,8309 90.28 (20) Automatic testing machine for capaditors with any of the following test functions: 874,8309 90.28 (27) Capaditance. 874,8309 90.28 (28) Capaditance. 874,8309 90.28 (29) Capaditance. 874,831 90.28 (29) Capaditance. 8		(f) Attenuators.	874.8309	90.28	(17)			
(d) Voltage probes. 874.8309 90.28 (d) Automatic printing/Marking equipment. 972.4809 84.59 (d) Voltage probes. 874.8309 90.28 (d) Automatic testing machine for capacitors with any of the following test functions: (d) Central signal supply for TV Testing Comprising of:— (e) Test Generator. 10.3 TV. Synch Generator. 10.3 TV. Synch Generator. 10.4 Test Generator. 10.5 The Generator. 10		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	874.8309	90.28			728.4809	84.50
(d) Voltage probes. 874.8309 90.28 (2) VHF and UHF Sweep Generator (manual automatic channel selection). 874.8309 90.28 (3) Video IF Sweep Generator—with Marker Generator. 874.8309 90.28 (4) Central signal supply for TV Testing Comprising of :— (a) TV Synch Generator Test Pattern Generator Test Pattern Generator (b) Modulator (c) Testing Generator (c) Testing Comprising of :— (a) TV Synch Generator (c) Testing Comprising of :— (b) Modulator (c) Transmitter (c) Testing Generator (c) Transmitter (c)		(iii) Signal distributor.	874.8309	90.28	/1 Do	•	72014005	04.45
(2) VHF and UHF Sweep Generator (manual authorisematic channel selection).  (3) Video IF Sweep Generator—with Marker Generator.—with Marker Generator—with Marker Generator.—with Marker Generator.  (4) Central signal supply for TV Test generator.  (5) More Well-Marker Generator.—with Marker Generator.—with Marker Generator.  (6) More Well-Marker Generator.—with Marker Generator.—with Marker Generator.  (7) Compression cyletting machines for coontact acknehol with power supply and well-head with maxeman energy setflug upto 500 watt seconds suitable for generation with growth with Marker Generator.  (7) Miniahure pneumatio/electrical table mounting off set printing machine. with power supply and well-head with maxeman energy setflug upto 500 watt seconds suitable for generator.  (7) Miniahure pneumatio/electrical table mounting off set printing machine.  (7) Windhard printing machines for produce with power supply and or with power supply and power with with with with with with power supply and powe		(c) Current probes.	874.8309	90.28	(18)		728.4809	84.59
(2) VHF and UHF Sweep Generator (manual authomatic channel selection).  (3) Video LF Sweep Generator—with Marker Generator—with Marker Generator.  (4) Central signal supply for TV Testing Comprising of ferent Generator, Test Generator, Te		(d) Voltage probes.	874.8309	90.28	(10)	A A sale date the st		
(3) Video IF Sweep Generator—with Marker Generator.  (4) Central signal supply for TV Testing Comprising of ;—  (a) TV Synch Generator, Test G	(2)	Generator (manual auto-				equipment.	726.7109	84.35
With Marker Generator.   874.8309   90.28   (f) Capacitance.   874.83   90.28   (g) Capacitance.   874.83   90.28   (g) Target Generator, Test Generator, Test Generator, Test Pattern Generator, Test Pattern Generator, Sed. 8309   90.28   (g) Leakage ourrent.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scated Film Capacitors.   874.83   90.28   (g) Leakage Tester for He	(3)	Video IF Sweep Generator-	874 , 8309	90.28	(20)	for capacitors with any of the		
(a) TV Synch Generator, Test Function Generator, Test Generator, Test Generator, Test Function G		with Marker Generator.	874.8309	90.28		-	074 05	00.00
Test   Generator,   Test   Pattern Generator,   Function Generator,   Function Generator,   Evention Generat	(4)		,	•				
Function Generator.   864.8309   90.28   (if) Leakage ourrent.   874.83   90.28		Test Generator, Test	,			(iii) H. F. Impedance.	874.83	90.28
(c) Transmitter 764.3001 85.15 (21) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scaled Film Capacitors. 874.83 90.28 (22) Automatic solder dipping machine with programmed feeds. 737.3221 85.11 (23) Automatic solder dipping machine with programmed feeds. 737.3221 85.11 (24) Automatic solder dipping machine with programmed feeds. 737.3221 85.11 (25) Automatic solder dipping machine with programmed feeds. 737.3221 85.11 (26) Automatic solder dipping machine with programmed feeds. 737.3221 85.11 (27) Automatic lead welding machines with programmed lead assembly with rivet shank dia. less than 0.125°. 736.7301 84.45 (24) Automatic lead welding machines with programmed lead assembly machines with programmed lead assembly attained and submarined machines with programmed lead assembly attained assembly attained and submarined a		Function Generator.	864.8309	90.28		(tv) Leakage current.	874.83	90.28
(21) Leakage Tester for Hermetically Scaled Film Capacitors. 874.83 90.28 and chines with automatic feed mechanism for eyelets with shank dia. less than 0.065° for contact assembly. 736.7309 84.45 (22) Automatic solder dipping machine with programmed feeds. 737.3221 85.11 (23) Automatic Bar cut-off with stripper attachment. 728.4809 84.59 (24) Automatic Lead welding machines with power supply and weld-head with maximum energy setting upto 500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding. 737.3219 85.11 (25) Automatic Terminal Capping machine. 737.3219 85.11 (26) Automatic Terminal Capping machines with maximum energy setting upto 500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding. 737.3219 85.11 (27) Colour coding machine by helix outting. 728.4809 84.59 (27) Colour coding machine with auto feeder. 728.4809 84.59 (27) Colour coding machine with auto feeder. 728.4809 84.59 (28) Distortion Analyser. 874.8309 90.28 (29) VHF/UHF Modulator. 874.8309 90.28 (20) WOW & Flutter Meters. 874.8309 90.28 (21) Automatic coil or foll winding machine. 728.4809 84.59 (27) Colour coding machine with surface feeder with auto feeder. 728.4809 84.59 (28) Distortion Analyser. 874.8309 90.28 (29) VHF/UHF Modulator. 874.8309 90.28 (20) WOW & Flutter Meters. 874.8309 90.28 (21) Automatic coil or foll winding machine. 728.4809 84.59 (23) WOW & Flutter Wave Analysers. 874.8309 90.28 (23) Torque Gauges/Meters. 874.8309 90.28 (24) Tension Meters. 874.2109 90.16 (25) Noise Meters/Noise level meters/		(b) Modulator	764.3001	86.15		(v) Insulation Resistance.	874.83	90.28
(3) High precision eyeletting machines with automatic feed mechanism for eyelets with shank dia. less than 0.065° for contact assembly.  (4) High precision semi-automatic rivetting machines for oontate assembly with rivet shank dia. less than 0.125°.  (5) High precision semi-automatic rivetting machines for contact assembly with rivet shank dia. less than 0.125°.  (7) Compression rivetters with quick return mechanism.  (8) Capacitance discharge weld-ding machines with power supply and weld-head with maximum energy setting upto 500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding.  (9) Hot-tip tweexer welder for special contact soldering using preformed solder.  (10) Miniature pneumatio/electrical table mounting off set printing machines for product printing.  (11) Leak tester and or vibration testes.  (12) Automatic coil or foll winding machines for product printing.  (13) Temperature Cycling programmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film.		(c) Transmitter	764.3001	85.15	(21)	Laskage Tester for Hermati-		
shank dia. less than 0.065' for contact assembly.  (6) High precision semi-automatic rivetting machines for contact assembly with rivet shank dia. less than 0.125'.  (7) Compression rivetters with quick return mechanism.  (8) Capacitance discharge weld-ding machines with power supply and weld-head with maximum energy setting upto 500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding.  (9) Hot-tip tweever welder for special contact soldering using preformed solder.  (10) Miniature pneumatic/electrical table mounting off set printing machines for product printing.  (11) Leak tester and or vibration tester.  (12) Automatic Bar out-off with stripper attachment.  (24) Automatic Bar out-off with stripper attachment.  (25) Automatic Bar out-off with stripper attachment.  (26) Automatic lead welding machines with programmed lead assembly stations and automatic solder adopter station.  (27) Automatic Terminal Capping machine.  (28) Automatic Resistance value performing machine by helix outting.  (27) Colour coding machine with auto feeder.  (28) Distortion Anaylser.  (28) Distortion Anaylser.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (20) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (20) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (20) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (20) WOW & Flutter Wave Analysers.  (20) WOW & Flutter Wave Analysers.  (21) WOW & Flutter Calibrators.  (22) WOW & Flutter Calibrators.  (23) Torque Gauges/Meters.  (24) Automatic Bar out-off with stripper attachment.  (25) Automatic Bar out-off with stripper attachment.  (26) Automatic Resistance value performing machine by helix outting.  (27) Colour coding machine with auto feeder.  (28) Distortion Analyser.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (20) WOW & Flutter Maters.  (20) WOW & Flutter Maters.  (20) WOW & Flutter Mat	(5)	chines with automatic feed			, ,	cally Scaled Film Capacitors.	874.83	90.28
the rivetting machines for contact assembly with rivet shank dia. less than 0.125'.  736.7301 84.45 (24) Automatic lead welding machines with programmed lead assembly stations and automatic solder adopter station. 737.3219 85.11  (8) Capacitance discharge welding machines with power supply and weld-head with maximum energy setting upto 500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding. 737.3219 85.11  (9) Hot-tip tweexer welder for special contact soldering using preformed solder. 737.3219 85.11  (10) Miniature pneumatic/electrical table mounting off set printing machines for product printing. 726.7109 84.35 (30) WOW & Flutter Meters. 874.8309 90.28  (11) Leak tester and or vibration tester. 728.4809 84.59  (12) Automatic coil or foll winding machine. 874.8109 90.28  (13) Temperature Cycling programmed Head-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film		for contact assembly.	<b>736.7309</b>	84.45		chine with programmed feeds.	737.3221	85.11
(7) Compression rivetters with quick return mechanism. 736.7301 84.45 chines with programmed lead assembly stations and automatic solder adopter station. 737.3219 85.11  (8) Capacitance discharge welding machines with power supply and weld-head with maximum energy setting upto 500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding. 737.3219 85.11  (9) Hot-tip tweexer welder for special contact soldering using preformed solder. 737.3219 85.11  (10) Miniature pneumatic/lectrical table mounting off set printing machines for product printing. 726.7109 84.35  (11) Leak tester and or vibration tester. 728.4809 84.59  (12) Automatic coil or foll winding machine. 874.8309 90.28  (13) Temperature Cycling programmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film	ത്ര	tic rivetting machines for con- tact assembly with rivet shank				stripper attachment,	728.4809	84,59
(8) Capacitance discharge weldding machines with power supply and weld-head with maximum energy setting upto 500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding.  (9) Hot-tip tweexer welder for special contact soldering using preformed solder.  (10) Miniature pneumatic/electrical table mounting off set printing machines for product printing.  (11) Leak tester and or vibration tester.  (12) Automatic coil or foll winding machine.  (25) Automatic Terminal Capping machine.  (26) Automatic Resistance value performing machine by helix outting.  (27) Colour coding machine with auto feeder.  (28) Distortion Analyser.  (28) Distortion Analyser.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.	(7)		736.7301	84.45	(24)	chines with programmed lead assembly stations and auto-		
ding machines with power supply and weld-head with maximum energy setting upto 500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding.  (26) Automatic Resistance value performing machine by helix outting.  (27) Colour coding machine with auto feeder.  (28) Distortion Anaylser.  (29) Whyluff Modulator.  (20) Wow & Flutter Meters.  (20) Automatic Resistance value performing machine by helix outting.  (20) Automatic by helix outting.  (21) Colour coding machine with auto feeder.  (28) Distortion Anaylser.  (29) Whyluff Modulator.  (29) Whyluff Modulator.  (29) Wow & Flutter Meters.  (20) Wow & Flutter Wave Analysers.  (20) Wow & Flutter Calibrators.  (21) Automatic coil or foll winding machine.  (28) Distortion Anaylser.  (29) Whyluff Modulator.  (29) Wow & Flutter Meters.  (29) Wow & Flutter Meters.  (20) Wow & Flutter Calibrators.  (21) Tension Meters.  (22) Wow & Flutter Calibrators.  (23) Torque Gauges/Meters.  (24) Tension Meters.  (25) Noise Meter/Noise level meter/		•	736.7301	84.45		•	737.3219	85,11
500 watt seconds suitable for precious metal welding.  (9) Hot-tip tweexer welder for special contact soldering using preformed solder.  (10) Miniature pneumatic/electrical table mounting off set printing machines for product printing.  (11) Leak tester and or vibration tester.  (12) Automatic coil or foil winding machine.  (13) Temperature Cycling programmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film  (27) Colour coding machine by helix outting.  (27) Colour coding machine with auto feeder.  (28) Distortion Analyser.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (29) WOW & Flutter Meters.  (30) WOW & Flutter Wave Analysers.  (31) WOW & Flutter Calibrators.  (32) WOW & Flutter Calibrators.  (34) Tension Meters.  (34) Tension Meters.  (35) Noise Meter/Noise level meter/	(8)	ding machines with power supply and weld-head with				machine.	728.4809	84.59
precious metal welding. 737.3219 85.11 cutting. 728.4809 84.59  (9) Hot-tip tweexer welder for special contact soldering using preformed solder. 737.3219 85.11  (10) Ministure pneumatic/electrical table mounting off set printing machines for product printing. 726.7109 84.35 (30) WOW & Flutter Meters. 874.8309 90.28  (11) Leak tester and or vibration tester. 874.8919 90.28 (31) WOW & Flutter Wave Analysers. 874.8309 90.28  (12) 'Automatic coil or foll winding machine. 728.4809 84.59  (13) Temperature Cycling programmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film		maximum energy setting upto			(26)			
(27) Colour coding machine with auto feeder. 728.4809 84.59 preformed solder. 737.3219 85.11 (28) Distortion Analyser. 874.8309 90.28 table mounting offset printing machines for product printing. 726.7109 84.35 (30) WOW & Flutter Meters. 874.8309 90.28 (11) Leak tester and or vibration tester. 874.8919 90.28 (31) WOW & Flutter Wave Analysers. 874.8309 90.28 (12) 'Automatic coil or foll winding machine. 728.4809 84.59 (32) WOW & Flutter Calibrators. 874.8309 90.28 (13) Temperature Cycling programmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film			737.3219	85.11	•		728.4809	84.59
(10) Miniature pneumatic/electrical table mounting off set printing machines for product printing.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (20) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (21) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (22) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (23) WOW & Flutter Calibrators.  (24) WOW & Flutter Calibrators.  (25) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (26) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (27) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (28) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (28) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (28) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (20) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (21) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (21) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (22) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (23) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (24) VHF/UHF Modulator.  (25)	(9)	special contact soldering using	#3# en.o		(27)		728.4809	84.59
table mounting off set printing machines for product printing.  726.7109  84.35  (29) VHF/UHF Modulator.  874.8309  90.28  (11) Leak tester and or vibration tester.  874.8919  90.28  (31) WOW & Flutter Meters.  874.8309  90.28  (12) Automatic coil or foll winding machine.  728.4809  84.59  (32) WOW & Flutter Calibrators.  874.8309  90.28  (33) Torque Gauges/Meters.  874.2109  90.16  (34) Tension Meters.  874.2109  90.16	(10)	•		85.11	(28)	Distortion Anaylser.	874.8309	90.28
(11) Leak tester and or vibration tester.  874.8919 90.28 (31) WOW & Flutter Wave Analysers. 874.8309 90.28 (12) 'Automatic coil or foll windings machine.  728.4809 84.59 (13) Temperature Cycling programmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film (35) Noise Meter/Noise level meter/	(10)	table mounting off set printing machines for product print-			(29)	VHF/UHF Modulator.	874.8309	90,28
tester. 874.8919 90.28 (31) WOW & Flutter Wave Analysers. 874.8309 90.28 (12) 'Automatic coil or foil winding machine. 728.4809 84.59 (32) WOW & Flutter Calibrators. 874.8309 90.28 (33) Torque Gauges/Meters. 874.2109 90.16 (34) Tension Meters. 874.2109 90.16 (35) Noise Meter/Noise level meter/	(11)		<b>726.7109</b>	84.35	(30)	WOW & Flutter Meters.	874.8309	90.28
machine. 728,4809 84.59  (13) Temperature Cycling programmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film (35) Noise Meter/Noise level meter/	(11)		874.8919	90.28	(31)	WOW & Flutter Wave Analyses	rs. 874.8309	90.28
(13) Temperature Cycling programmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film (35) Noise Meter/Noise level meter/	(12)		770 40co		(32)	WOW & Flutter Calibrators.	874.8309	90.28
mmed Heat-treatment Oven (34) Tension Meters. 874.2109 90.16 for heat stabilisation of professional grade plastic film (35) Noise Meter/Noise level meter/	£1 Q1		740, 46UY	84.59	(33)	Tor que Gauges/Meters.	874.2109	90.16
(30) (Total Marie Live)	(13)	mmed Heat-treatment Oven for heat stabilisation of pro-			(34)	Tension Meters.	874.2109	90.16
			741.3103	~83.11	(35)			90.28

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code.			ITC-Rev. 2 CO Code	CCN Coss
(36)	Automatic Sleeving and/or assembly machine for capaciants.	<b>728.48</b> 09	84.59	(60)	Precision digital RMS multi- meters and voit meter (6i di- gits and above).	874.8301 & 874.8309	90.28
****	_utomatic Stitcher and/or Winder for electrolytic capacitors.	728.4809	84.59	(61)	Float Zone and CSO Chra- iaski crystal growth equip- ment for growing semicon-		
(38)	Peak millivoitmeter.	874.8309	90.28		ductor single crystal.	728.4809	84.59
(39)	Q Meter.	874.8309	90.28	(62)	Epitaxial reactors for deposi-		
(40)	Inductance Meter.	874.8309	90.28		terials.	<b>728.4809</b>	84.59
(41)	Frequency synthesizer.	874.8309	90.28	(63)	Micro film printing machine.	881.39	90.10
(42)	Stereo multiplex generators.	874.8309	90.28	(64)	Step and repeat cameras.	881.11	90.0₹
(43)	Hetrodyne Voltmeter.	874.8309	90.28	(65)	Laser trimmers.	728.4809	84 59
***	There exides no flow solder			(66)	Stereozoom mleroscope.	871.0409	90.12
(44)	Wave soldering/flow soldering/re-flow soldering/drag soldering systems/machine.	728.4809	84.59	(67)	Spiralling machine/groove cutting machine for resistors.	728.4809	84.59
(45)	Automatic wire cutting, and stripping machine with or without welding attachment.	728.4800	84.59	(68)	Die Bonders and/or wire bonders for semi-conductor manufacture.	728.4809	84.59
(46)	Temperature controlled soid- ering irons.	737.32	85.11	(69)	Wafer scribers or slicers or		
	High Accuracy LCR Bridges (0.01% and above tolerance)			(0),	sawing machines or wafer facturer or any combination of these.		84.59
(48)	Frequency / Wave / Spectrum Analysers.	874.8309	90,28	(70)	Diffusion furnace for semi- conductor manufacture.	▼41.3103	85.11
(49)	AC/DC Standards/Sources.	874.8309	90.28	(71)	Conveyor beit furnace for		
(50)	Multimeter Calibrators.	874.8309	90.28	(11)	manufacture of cermet poten- tiometers, thick film micro-	-	
(51)	Decade Resistance Standards.	874 . 8309	90.28		circuits or semi-conductors.	741.3103	85,11
(52)	Noise generators—ali types.	874.8309	90.28	(72)	Wafer processing and masking		
(53)	Turn tables for polar measurement.		_		equipment for photo resist coating, spinning, exposure, alignment, baking and deve-	•	
(54)	Artificial cars/artificial mastold.	899,6100	90.19		iopment for semiconductor manufacture.	728.4809	84.59
	Carbon and/or metal/cermet track writing/coating machine	728.4809	84.59	(73)	Curve tracer for displaying semi-conductor device charac- teristics.		90,28
(36)	Automatic Vacuum coater, eva- porator including Electron Beam Evaporation system, sputtering unit, heat aided coater for depositing various			,,,,	Automatic testing or brand marking or taping machines or any combination of these.	728.4809	84,59
	metai films, metai oxide films and Photo-resist films.	728.4809	84.59	(75)	Automatic or semi-automatic sorter and/or handler for		
(51)	Laser helixing machine.	728.4809	84.59		transistors, integrated circuits, diodes and capacitors.	728.4809	84, 59
(58)	Auto-capping machine.	728,4809	84.59	(76)	(a) Spin driers/rinser driers.	728.4809	84.59
(59)	Automatic machine for re- sistors with one or more of the following functions vis.:			(10)	(b) Scrubbing machine for wafers.	728.4809	84.59
	(a) Lead welding.				(c) Re-ribbing machine for		
	(b) Lacquering. (c) Testing. (d) Colour coding.	- <b>728</b> .4 <b>80</b> 9	84.59	(77)	printed circuit boards.  Wafer and/or mask inspection	728.4809	84,59
	(e) Sorting.				equipment, including water probers and testers.	728.4809	84.59

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	C CCN Code			ITC-Rev. Code	CCCN Code
(78)	Resistivity type measuring and or sorting equipment for silicon wafers used in semi-	<b>500 4000</b>		(95)	Ageing and/or reforming machine.	728.4809	84.59
(79)	conductor manufacturer.  (a) Automatic capacitance voltage measurement	728,4809	84.59	(96)	Electrolyte impregnating equipment for capacitors.	728.4809	84.59
	equipment.  (b) Junction profilers for semi-conductor manufacturer	874.8309 728.4809	90.28 84.59	(97)	Automatic/semi-automatic epoxy resin injector filler/ encapsulating equipment/		
(80)	Spotplating machine for semi- conductor manufacture/lead frames.			(98)	microdispensing equipment.  Forced air or inert atmospheric hydrogen or vacuum	<b>728.4809</b>	84.59
(81)	Metallurgical microscope for semi conductor manufacture	728.4809	84.59		baking/sintering ovens for semi-conductors, capacitors & electronic tubes manu-		
(82)	(Magnification equal to or greater than 400)  Plasma etchers and/or wafer	871.0301	90.11	(99)	facture.  Atmosphere controlled furnaces with tray conveyance	741.3103	84.11
	etching machines for dry or spray etching of silicon wafers	<b>778.8</b> 600	85.22		for ferrites, electron tube and capacitor manufactures	741.3102	85.11
(83)	Silicon wafer lapping or grin- ding or abraiding or edge pro- filing machines or any combi- nation of these.	728,4809	- 84.59		Puridriers for semi conductor manufacture.  Testing and measuring instru-	741.6019	84.17
(84)	Screen printing machine for screen printing on ceramic & dielectric substrates or silicon			(101)	ments for joud speakers and other audio equipment, consisting of one or more of the following :		
	wafers, used in the manufactu- ture of ceramic capacitors, mica capacitors, semi conduc- tors; cermet potentiometers				<ul><li>(a) Level chart recorder.</li><li>(b) High quality calibrated</li></ul>		
(85)	or thick film micro-oircuits.  Monitor for plated thickness	728.4809	84.34		condensor micro-phone with stand.  (c) Sine random generator.	874.8309	90.28
(86)	or vapour deposited thickness  Ion implantation machine for doping semi-conductors.	874.5 728.4809	90.28 84.59		(d) Gating system.		•
(87)	Temperature cycling and en- vironmental oven for heat stabilisation of electronic				(s) Response test unit.  (f) Spectrum analyser.	, ]	
(88)	components.  First Reduction Camera (up-	741.3103	85.11		(g) Hetrodyne analyser with associated filter.	\$ 874.830	
(89)	to 50 reduction).  Transfer moulding press (Hydraulic) for transistors,	881.11	90.0 <b>7</b>	(102) (103)	Phase meter.  Sound Transfer Equipment	874.830	90.28
	diodes, integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices.	736.2809	84.45		Magnetic to optical, tape to tape and tape to disc with c.i.f. value above Rs. 2 lakhs.	778.8600	85.22
•	Life test equipment for semi- conductor manufacture.	874.8309	90.28		Sound mixing equipment.  Programmable sealer for	778.86 <b>0</b> 0	85,22
	Axial lead straightner and/or sorter.  Oxygen monitor to measure	<b>728.4809</b>	84.59 —		diades.  Photo repeaters with asso-	728.4809	84.59
, (34)	oxygen in gases used in semi- conductor device manufacture with sensitivity 500 ppm or			(107)	ciated cavironmental chamber Plasma deposition system.	881,3900 728 4809	90.10 84 #P
(93)	hetter.  Rotary/Oscillating furnace for ferrites	874,4001 741,3103	90.2# 84.14	(108)	Dust level monitor/Fuma hoods/dust precipitators.	f43. <b>4009</b>	84.18
(94)	Ultrasonic welding machine including plantic welder for	171,2105	04.15	(109)	Isothermal Magifetic Heat Treatment furnace for Alnico/ Cast Alloy Permanent Mag-		Co
	electroule componente.	737 3221	85.11		nets.	741.3102	85.11

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	C CCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(110)	High precision hydraulic presses with variable steps	•		(134)	Watch crystal quality factor tester,	874.8309	90.28
	and variable capacity upto 5 tons suitable for mounting on			(135)	Microprocessor controlled		
	assembly tables.	728.4809	84.59		auto temperature character tester.	874,4029	90.25
(111)	Direct and back geared minia- ture punch presses suitable			(136)	Quartz watch analyser.	874,8039	90.28
	for mounting on assembly tables.	736.2301	85.45	(137)	Mask cleaner for semiconduc- tor manufacture.	728,4809	84.59
(112)	Automatic temperature con-			(138)	Magesonic cleaner for semi-		
	trolled precision moulding press for encapsulation.	728.4809	84.59	(150)	conductor manufacture.	728.4809	84.59
(113)	Diamond Cutting Machine on Metal,	736.1604	84,45	(139)	Forming equipment suitable for anodic forming of 500 mm;	1	i
414		150.1004	04.45		250 mm wide etched alumi- mium foil complete with		
(114)	Automatic/Semi-Automatic Tab making/Setting Machine.	728.4809	84.59		standard accessories.	728.4809	84.59
(115)	Automatic/Semi-automatic Curling Machine.	728.4809	84.59	(140)	Special testing & calibration equipment for electronic milk		
(116)	Automatic/Semi-automatic				analysers, including calibra- tor, milk-o-tester, Homogeni-		
(,	Cutter.	881.3900	90.10		ser Tester, Cuvette Tester and Blectronic circuit Tester.	874.8309	90.28
(11 <b>V</b> )	Automatic/Semi-Automatic	001 7000	90.10		Red Dioen and Suban 143rd.	0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
	Slitter.	881.39 <b>0</b> 0	90.10	(141)	Instruments for electronic		
(118)	Wire forming Machine for Ceramic Capacitors.	728.4809	84.#9		industry, the following t-		
***	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			(i) Field strongth meter/ field level meter.	874,8309	90.28
£119)	Pneumatic screw drivers/ Pneumatic PCB Lead cutters.	745.1109	84.49		(if) Colour analyser/white		
(120)	Printed Circuit Board Post				balance checker/white	874.8309	·90.28
<b>(</b> )	Soldering-Lead Trimming Machines.	737,3221	85.11		, balance tester.  (ili) Degaussing coll.	874.5	90.
/475	Vibration Test-Machines with				(III) Dongarent Con-	974.5	30.
(121)	Auto-Frequency Changes.	874.8309	90.28		4		
(122)	Lead Forming Machines for	728,4809	84.59		(iv) Colour purity meter.	874.8309	90,28
4	Electronic Components.	740,4003	04.55		(v) Pocus checker.	874.8309	90.28
(123)	Thermal Wire Stripping Equipment.	728.4809	84.59		(vi) Video Test signal Tester.	874,8309	90.28
(124)	PCB Lend Cutting & Bending				(vii) Wave form monitor.	874.8309	90.28
(1-1)	tools, Pneumatically or elec- trically operated.	745.1109	84,49		(viii) Vectroscope.	874,8309	90.28
					(ix) Digital LCR Bridge.	874,8309	90.28
(125)	Colour TV Pattern Generator	874.8309	90,28		(z) Standard signal genera-		
(126)	Colour Synthesiser.	874.8309	90,28		tor/source.	874.8309	90.28
(127)	Video Response generator (Burst Generator).	874.8309	90,28		(zi) Distortion measurement control unit	874.8309	90.28
		874,4029	90,25		(xii) Phase delay unit.	874,8309	90.28
(128)	Lux meter.	014.4043	50,25		(ziii) Network analysers	874,8309	90.28
(130)	Character Generator.	874.8309	90,28		(ziv) Microwave sweep signal	4-0-0-0	, == ==
(121)	Hand Crimping Tools.	695.3919	82,04		generatory.	<b>178.860</b> 0	<sup>∞</sup> 85.22
		200.000	- <b>-</b> ,	(142)	Wire wrapping tools,	745,1109	84.49
(132)	Blank cleaning & etching system.	728.4809	84.59/85.17	(143)	Stroboscops.	873,2011	90.27
	·			CT 4.45	Calandering machine for		
(133)	automatic cold weld scaling equipments with high vacuum		0.1. #0.180 41	( h 47 % )	magnetic taps industry with	745 2101	84 18
	system.	728.4809	84.59/58.11		successories,	1-2 44103	0.00 7.5

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	C CCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCN Code
(145)	Semi-automatic/Automatic component insertion machine for PCB's assembly with accessories.	728.4809	84. <i>5</i> 9	(166)	Semiconductor lead frame/ Header handling equipment/ attachments including these for use with bonders.	728.4809	84.59
(146)	Component taping machine with accessories.	728,4809	84.59	(167)	Automatic, semi-automatic test equipment for Solar Cells.	878.4809	90.28
(147)	De-soldering machine/tool for removing of components			(168)	Surge tester for power devices,	874.8919	90.28
(148)	from PCB.  Magnetic tape coating plant	728,4809	84.59	(169)	Optical measuring equipment for inspection of grids, cathe-		
(2.00)	with/without calendering machine and with/without dryer.	728.4809	84,59		des, microwave cavities etc. for manufacture of electron tubes.	728,4809	84.59
(149)	Oscilloscope calibration system.	874.8309	90,28	(170)	High vacuum leak detector (helium) including portable	120.400)	04.35
(150)	In-circuit component testing machine.	874.8309	90,28		type for manufacture of elec- tron tubes.	874.8309	90.28
	Cold chamber minus 30°C and below.	741.4019	84.15	(171)	Vertical and horizontal glass working lathes for manufacture of electron tubes.	<b>728</b> .1100	84,40
(152)	Semi-automatic machine for inserting lead screw into potentiometer housing for potentiometers.	728,4809	84.59	(172)	High speed precision press for the manufacture of magne- tic heads for electronic in-	<b>50.000</b>	24.45
(153)	Semi-automatic machine for assembling cover to potentio- meter tracks.	728,4809	84.59	(173)	dustry.  Automatic handling and sorting machine for capacitors.	736.2829 744.2809	84.45 84.22
(154)	Semi-automatic and auto- matic terminal/pin forming and/or assembling machine			(174)	Bulk eraser machine for magnetic head.	728.4809	84.59
(155)	for potentiometers.  Vapour degreasing for clean-	728,4809	84,59	(175)	Electrostatic epoxy coating machine for manufacture of		
<b>,</b> ,	ing of components.	728,4809	84.59		DC Micromotors.	728.4809	84. <i>5</i> 9
•	Surface roughness tester.  Thickness tester for measur-	874.2109	90.16	(176)	Laminating press for manufacture of multilayer PCB.	736.2829	84.45
(157)	ing the dried print thickness of cermet prints used in the manufacture of potentio- meters and thick film micro-			(177)	Hydraulic blanking machines for manufacture of DC micromotors.	736,2309	84.45
	of cuite.	874,2109	16.90	(178)			•
• - •	Viscosity meter  Machine for rotation of	874,4009	90.25		welding aluminium folis for manufacture of electrolytic capacitors.	737.3219	85,11
	potentiometer shaft during testing.	¥28,4809	84.59	(179)	Multi-alide punching and forming machine.	736.2301	84.45
(160)	used for final sealing of potentiometer and thick film	728,4809	84,59	(180)	Vibro energy mili for manufacture of ferrites.	728,4809	84.59
(161)	micro-circuit packages,  Hot air levelling equipment for PCB production.	728,4809	84.59	(181)	Attrittor for manufacture of ferrites.	728.4809	84.59
	Etching system complete with etchent regeneration in-line			(182)	Hysterals loop tracer for manufacture of fertites.	874.8309	90.28
	ink removal and washing for PCB production.	¥28,4809	84.59	(183)	Double disc grinding machine for manufacture of ferrites.	728,4809	84.59
(163)	Magnetic meter for testing of magnetic tapes.	874, 8309	90,28	(184)	CNC automat, bar capacity		
(164)	Stripper for PCB production.	<b>728.4809</b>	84.59	17	upto 25 mm, for manufac- ture of connectors, relays or		
•	Optical inspection station for in-process inspection of semi- conductor chips, devices and			(184)	switcher.  Thick film printer for semi-	736,1302	84,45
	conquetor emps, davious and lead frames.	<b>728.48</b> 09	84.59		sonded or manufacture.	728, 4809	34, 59

		ITC-Rev. 2 Cede	C CCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	@CCN Code
(186)	Automatic photolithography inspection station for semi-conductor manufacture.	728.4809	84.59	(207)	Temperature test system for manufacture of piezo electric crystals.	874 . 4029	90.25
(187)	Semi-automatic/automatic work holders/handlers and accessories for semi-conductor manufacture.	728.4809	84.59	(208)	Vacuum annealing oven for piezo electric crystal manufacture.	741.3102	85.11
(188)				(209)	Automatic lapping controller.	728,4809	84.59
	semi-conductor manufacture.	874.4029	90.25	(210)	X-ray goniometer.	LLEY	•
(189)	Semi conductor lead frame/ header handling equipment/ attachments including those for use in bonders, for semi-			(211)	Automatic blank sorter for plezo electric crystal manu- facture.	728.4809	84.59
	conductor manufacture.	728,4809	84.59	(212)	Exhaust equipment (pumping		
(190)	Tripple roll mill for manufacture of potentiometers.	728,4809	84.59		system) for electron tube manufacture.	728.4809	84.59
(191)	Board cropping or tagging machine for manufacture of potentiometers.	728.4809	84.59	(213)	Automatic head tinning machine/automatic end tinning machine.	728.4809	84.59
(408)		140.4000	04,05	(214)	Decade capacitance standard.	_	
(192)	Wiper wire straightening machine for manufacture of potentiometers.	728,4809	84.59	` ′	Automatic capacitance correction machine.	728.4809	84,59
(193)	Wiper forming machine for manufacture of potentio-meters.	728.4809	84.59	(216)	Automatic resistor bodies sorting machines.	728.4809	84.59
(194)	Infra-red radiant dryers for			(217)	Third harmonic tester.	874.8309	90.28
	manufacture of potentio- meters.	728.4809	84,59	(218)	Automatic/semi-automatic carbon track and terminal	728.4809	84,59
(195)	Scalant dispensing unit for manufacture of potentio-				assembly machine,	140.4007	04,09
(196)	meters.	728.4809	84.59	(219)	Stacking or aligning or glueing machine for electronic component manufacture.	728.4809	84,59
()	magnetic tape.	728.4809	84.59	(220)	Automatia walding as casting		
(197)	Slurry mixer for manufac- facture of magnetic tape.	728.4809	84.59	(2,40)	Automatic welding or coating or stamping machine for corruct variable resistors.	728.4809	84.59
(198)	Slurry agitator for manufacture of magnetic tape.	728.4809	84.59	(221)	Automatic rider block assembling machine for cermet variable resistor.	728.4809	84.59
(199)	Floppy disc jacket folding machine.	728.4809	84,59	(222)	Sweep oscillator.	874.8309	90.28
(200)	Floppy disc punching machine.	728.4809	84.59	(223)	Rotary dip tester of globule tester for populated PCB testing.	728.4809	* 84.59
(201)	Ultrasonic scaling system for floppy diskettes.	<b>728.48</b> 09	84.59	(224)	RF attenuator.	<b>874</b> .8309	90,28
(202)	Lap cutting or multiflade watering machine.	<b>728.480</b> 9	84.59	(225)	Octave filter with or without amplifier and or Recorder	NGC	00.10
(203)	Quartz crystal slicing machine.	728,4809	84.59		Attachments.	NSC	90.10
(204)	Bevelling equipment for			(II) N	Alsc. CG Items the following 1-		
,,	manufacture of piezo electric crystals.	<b>728.4809</b>	84.59	(1)	Erogonímically designed station for assembly of magnetic heads.	874.8309	84.59
(205)	Autometic test system for crystal filters.	874.8309	91,28	(2)	Gap interface and headpro- filing process equipment com-	874 8309	90.16 90.22
	Automatic frequency plating system.	<b>728</b> ,4809	84 19		plete with accessories for magnetic heads.		90.28

	ITC-Rev. 2 C	CCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 G CC Gode	N Code,
<ul> <li>(3) Playback or crase or record and playback test station complete with accessories for magnetic heads.</li> <li>(4) Automatic or semi-automatic</li> </ul>	874.8309	90.10	(12)	Light sources for cameras and plate making, with or with- out built-in vacuum printing frames and microprocessor based exposure units, such as Xenon Metal Halides, Mer-		
moulding machine with/with- out pulp beater for manu- facture of paper cones for loud speakers complete with	•		(12)	cury halides, but excluding are lamps.	178.2209	85,20
accessories.	874.8309	84.33	(13)	Four colour and above four colour sheet-fed Offset printing machines.	726,7109	84.35C
<ol> <li>Laminating press for manu- facture of multilayer printeds circuit boards.</li> </ol>	874.8309	84.47	(14)	Anti set-off devloes.	726.7209	84.35D
(6) Cleaning equipment with vapour degreasing and ultra- ground cleaning system.		84.59		Registration systems including pre-press registration systems for Offset printing machine.	726.7209	84.35
11. Printing Machinery.	•		(16)	Hand fed wax/film coaters.	881.3900	90.10
(1) Electronic colour scanners with or without chromograph.	. NA	NA	(17)	Web-fed high speed letter press rotary and Offset rotary printing machines having out- put of more than 35,000 com-		¢+
(2) High precision auto focus, auto exposure, computorised Process Cameras and Process Enlargers.		90 07	(10)	posite impressions or copies per hour.	<b></b> -	
(3) Graphic film/plate/paper processors.	881.3900	90.10		Automatic sheet counting and tab-inserting equipment.	726.7209	84.35
(4) Step and repeat machines/	881,3900	90.10	(19)	Direct platemaking cameras and systems for Offset plate making.	726.7209	84.35
(5) Reflection/transmission type densitometers.	874,4009	90,25	(20)	Electronic image assembly and page make up systems.	726,7209	84.35
(6) Pre-press proofing system and flat-bed proof presses other than Rotary sheet-fed-offset printing machines.	726.7101	84.35C	(21)	Cam and Cam Shaft Measuring Machine for inspection Manually operated with digital read-out/automatically operated with computer Control.	874.2109	90,22
(7) Mechanical hot metal line casting/composing machine with built-in or separate key boards.	726.3119	84,34A		Food processing machines, the following :	371.2107	30,24
(8) Book binding machinery for Hard Cover & Paper back binding including automatic				Fruit and vegetables cutting, coring, cubing, slicing, seed- ing, clearing/removing, stem removing machines.	<b>727</b> , <b>22</b> 09	84,30
folding machines, collating machines, adhesive binding machines, saddle Stitching			(2)	Portable package leak tester.	874.8919	90.28
machines, book Sewing Machines, Case making		ı	(3)	Fill height detector.	NA	NA
machinery, Embossing Machines.	726.8100	84.32A		Automatic bottle labelling machine especially for special shape bottle.	745.2202	84.19
<ol> <li>Fully programmed paper cut- ting machine and three kuife trimmers.</li> </ol>	¥25.2001	84.33A		Macaroni, noodles, sphagetti, vermicibil and other paste pro- ducts manufacturing machi-		
(10) Automatic punching machine with sheet feeder (output 3,000 sheets per hour and	<b>43.6</b> #000	04 150		nery.  at proceeding machinery :	<b>727</b> ,2203	84,30
more).  (11) Ticket and label printing	726.7209	84.35D	(1)	Meat processing machines, such as mincing, deboning,		
machines, other than offset with built-in-attachment for numbering and perforating.	726.7109	84.36G		mixing, cutting, chopping, flaking and skinning machines (Industrial Types).	727.2203	84.30

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code	,	ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(2)	Meat Tenderising equipment.	727.2203	84.30	(12) Fancy twisters for manu- facture of loop yarn using	NSC	84.37
(3)	Power saws for cutting of bone in meats.	727.2203	84.30	flowant row for numbered		
(4)	Hamburgers & meat ball for- ming machines.	727.2209	84.30	16. Machinery for Jute Industry:	4	
(5)	Lines for battering and frying			(1) Goods Spreader.		
(-)	of meat items.	727.2209	84.30	(2) Jute Hard Waste Card.		
(6)	Equipment for production of Mechanical Deboned Meat			(3) Jute Short Fibre Feeder.		
	(M.D.M.).	727.2209	84.30	(4) Hopper Feeder.		
(7)	Meat Separator/deboning machine.	_		(5) Full Circular Finisher Card (with five and a half pair rollers and above).	. '	
_ , (8)	Automatic meat filling machine with automatic weighing arrangement.	, 727. <b>220</b> 9	84.30	(6) High Speed Modern Jute 1st Drg. frame.		
(9)	Equipment units for automatic packaging of meat			(7) High Speed Modern Jute 2nd Drg. frame.		
	portions in duplex cartons.	727.2239	84.30	(8) High speed Modern Jute 3rd		
13.	Sheep Shearing machine.	728.4809	194.59	Org. frame.  (9) Ring Spinning Frame for		
14.	Fire extinguishing water drii).	749.2009	84.61	jute.		
15. 7	Cextile machinery the following :		1	(10) Wrap yarn Spinning frame for jute.		
(1)	Transfer printing machine.	724.7419	84.40F	(11) Ring Twisting frame for		*
(2)	Thermo printing machine.	724.7419	84.40F	juto.		
(3)	Micro-Dust Extraction Units Improved Type.	743.6009	84.18	(12) Modern High Speed Automatic Cop Winding machine.		
(4)	Corduoroy looms and Canvas looms of 18 ozs. and above.	724.5101	84.37	(13) Modern High Speed Auto- matic Roll/Cone Winder for jute.	NSC	84.36
(5)	(a) Air jet and Water Jet looms.	724.51	84.37	(14) Doubling Machine for jute.		
	(b) Other types of shurtleless			(15) Jute precision Winders.		
	looms with reed space not loss than 260 cms.	724.51	84.37	(16) Modern Automatic High Speed Jute Loom (Shuttle-		
(6)	Foam finishing machine.	724.74068 .7407	84,40	less or circular).		
##X	Onen Dad Coincin Marty			(17) High Speed Sack Cutting machine.		
(7)	Open End Spinning Machine.	. NSC	84.37			
(8)	Special types of spinning-ma- chinery for cotton/mau-made fibre/worsted sector such as			(18) High Speed Industrial Sewing machine for jute.		
	Air jet spinning, Friction spinning, Wrap spinning, and			(19) Modern Cropping Machine.		-
(0)	twisties spinning.	724.4329	84.36	(20) Wide Calender machine for jute.		
(F)	Micro-wave dyoing/finish- ing machine.	724.7404& .7401	54.40	(21) Baling press (hydraulic).		
(10)	Multished/multiphase weaving machine.	724.5129	84.37	(22) Modern Liminating/Coating Machine.		
(11)	Fully automatic bale hand- ling/plucking/peeling/bending			(23) Tufting Machine for juta carpets.		
	grab equipments with micro- processurs.	728.4809	84,59	(24) Modern Roll-up machine.		

		ITC-Rev. 2 ( Code	CCCN Code		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Codà
17. M	achineryfor 3 ca food Industry	:		(vi) Egg and poultry processing t		
(i) I	Processing units:			<ul><li>(1) Poultry processing plant.</li><li>(2) Egg grading and packing</li></ul>	7	
(1)	Scaler.	727.2209	84.30	material equipment.  (3) Egg washing, breaking, liquid	728.4809	84.59
	Skinning machine.	<b>V27.2209</b>	84.30	egg pasturisation, homogeni- sing packing and freezing equipment.	120.4803	04.37
(3)	Meat separator/deboning machine.	<b>727.2209</b>	84.30		,	
(4)	Smoking klins.	727,2209	84.30	18. Packaging Machinery:  Part-I		
<b>(5)</b>	Inline processing equipments.	727.2209	84.30	(1) Coated/Laminated/Lined		
(6)	Plate Freezers	727.2209	84.15	Carton—forming, Filling, Sealing/Coding / Marking Machinery—Complete and		
(7)	Spliting Machines	<b>7</b> 27.2209	NSC	fully automatic with or with out gas Flushing or Po	•	**
(8)	Filtering Machines.	727.2209	NSC	Sterilising—with maximum operating speeds in excess of		
(9)	Clam boiling.	727.2209	NSC	90 packs/minute.	745 . 2209	84.19
(10)	De-shelling Machines.	727.2209	NSC	(2) Retoratable Pouch/Container System—Including Pre-		
(11)	Weighing and sealing Machines.	727.2209	NSC	Sterilising/Pasteurising, Dry- ing and Packaging—includ- ing Form, Fill, Seal, Code/		
(ii) F	sh Processing 1			Mark and Post Sterilising and/or cartoning.	745 . 2209	84.26
(1)	Fish skinning, gutting and portioning machines.	727.2209	84.30	(3) Automatic Tray Forming, Filling, Ladding/overwrapp-		
(2)	Equipment units for automa- tic packaging of Fish portions in duplex cartons.	745.2209	84.19	ping, Coding/Marking Machine fusing paper boards plastics Coated or laminated.	745.2209	84.19
(3)	Fishing Swivels.			(4) Machine for Lid Scaling, and/or Coding and Marking		
` í	Machinery and equipment for Freexing, cold storage and ice plants :			of Trays/Cups made from paper board/plastics/combinations.	745.2209	84.19
(1)	Prawn grading machine.	727.2209	84.30	(5) Stand up Pouch system— Comprising Form, Fill and Seal and/or Coding and Marking and/or Presterilis-		
	fachinery and equipment for			ing/Post-Sterilising.	745.2209	-
	canning plant :  Cooked prawn grading machine.	727.2209	84.30	(6) Form, Fill and Seal Machines for Flexible Packaging Materials with either vacuu- mising or Gas Flushing or		
(2)	Automatic meat filling ma- chine with automatic weigh-			both.	745.2209	84.19
	ing arrangement.	745.2209	84.19	(7) Gas Flushing Machine for Flexible Packages with or	1	
(3)	Oil filling machine.	745.2209	84.19	without form, Fill, Seal, Code or Marking facility.	745.2209	84.19
(4)	Sauce filling machine.	745.2209	84.19	(8) Gas and Vacuum Packaging System for Flexible Packag-		
	Machiwery and equipment for lab meal plant :			ing not covered at S. No. 6 above.	945 . 2209	84.19
	Continuous fish meal plant with oil recovery unit com- plete with fish chopper, double			(9) Automatic Sabelling machines for s	745.2209	84.19
	screw press, pulveriser cyclon, product collector, bagging		4	(a) Pressure Sensitive Labels	<b>,</b>	
	machine, oil recovery unit sharpless centrifuge, oil puri- fying unit and oil packing unit.	₹2₹.2209	84.30	(b) For other labels of maximum operating capacity over 125/Labels Minute.	1	

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<i>(</i> 1)		~~~	•	1111		CUILLUL

		•	HILMDOL I	111(1)	S		
•	,	ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Cods			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(10)	Coding/Mrrking including Ink-jet Printing Machine (other than over printing				ransportation of frozen foods;		
(11)	machines for cartons/Labels).	745.2209	84.20	(1)	Dry ice (solidified Cc7) presses.	728.4809	84, 59
	Check Weighing—Volumetric/ Gravimetric Filters.	745.2209	84.20	(2)	Dry ice pelletisiers.	728,4809	84.59
(12)	Asoptic Packaging and/or processing Machinery with or without Presterllising/Pastu- rising, Comprising, Forming, Filling, Sealing Coding/				Dairy Industry Equipment t	721.3800	_ 84.2 <del>6</del>
	Marking—fully automatic.	745.2209	84.20	(-)			* <u></u>
(13)	Filling and Scaling Machines for Laminated Collapsible Tubes.	745.2209	84.20	(2)	Butter packing and wrapping machines.	745,2209	84.19
(14)	Filling and/or Lid Scaling Machines for Thermoformed	745 0000	94.70	(3)	Cheese packing and wrapping machines.	745.2209	84.19
	Containers.	745.2209	84.20	(4)	Cappers.	745.2209	84.19
(15)	Filling and Sealing Systems for Bag-in-Box with or with-			(.,			
	out vacuumising/Gas Flushing.	745.2209	84.20	(5)	Pneumatic/electric hammers for powder cones.	NA	NA
(16)	Flat Carton System for Bag-			21.	Machinery for Chemical Indust	iry i	
(17)	ged Items and Solid Products in Pouches.  Case Packing Machine for	745.2209	84.20	(1) E	ixplosimeters of Combustible gasindicator—individual and/	874.4019	90,25
(17)	Wrap Around Case Packaging Machine.	745 . 2209	84.20		or continuous on line type	•	
(18)	High Speed Automatic Wrappers—other than for			(2)	Volumetric Displacement Meters.	874.3009	90,24
,	safety Razor Blades, Cigarettes and Twist Wrap- pers for confectionery—of of maximum operating speeds		•	(3)	Weighing-cum-filling balance for refrigement gases.	745,2202	84,19
	above 120/minute.	745.2209	84.19	(4)	Explosion-proof meters and vibrators of class Ex d3 Gn 5 or their equivalent.	874.4019	90 , 25
,	for Filled Packages—Other than Wholly electronic.	745.2209	84.59	(5)	Special Pneumatic Calibrators	873,1004	90,26
	ckage Manufacturing of Conversion Machinery	728.1		(6)	Filters 1 Continuous Rotary		
	Part-II	,		(0)	Pressure Filter for inflamma- able and /or explosive ma- terials.	<b>7</b> 43,6009	84,18
	Stretch Blow Moulding Machine.	728.1	84.47	(7)	Vaporiser for Sulphur.	741.6019	84.17
	Multilayer Coater/Extruder/ Cast Film Line including auxiliarys Units namely—			(8)	Karbate pumps.	NA	NA
	Slitting, Winding, Treating.	728,1	84.47	>	a . 14 . 1 G . G	#42 1001	84.11
	Printing Machine Flexograph (4 Colours and above for	man i	8 <b>4.35</b>		Contrifugal Gas Compressors  High pressure gas comp-	743.1001	09,11
(4)	fiexible packaging material.  Stand up Pouch Making	728.1		(10)	ressors/root type blowers suitable for combustible gases like ethylene, butylene, hydrogen		
	Machine.  Plastic and Laminate Collap-	728.1	NaC		eto, for pressure above 10 atm.	<b>7</b> 43.1001	84,11
1	playuc and Lammate Conap- sible Tube Manufacturing Plant.	728.1	34.39	(11)	Breathing Apparatus back packstyle.	872.0300	96,18
	Bag-in-Box Manufacturing Machine.	<b>728.</b> 1	84,33	(12)	Multi-gas detector.	874,3009	90,24

		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code	`		ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
22.	Machinery for woollen industry,	the following	ı <b>-</b> -	(22)	Automatic doffing devices/ equipment for worsted ring		
(1)	Wool Opener.	724.4205	84,36		frames.		_
(2)	Blending Hopper feeder with		•		Blender defelter/Blender de- felter red breaker.	_	<u></u>
	automatic quantity control (cither with automatic weight or volume control/combined				Automatic hand knotters/ hand splicers.	_	_
	automatic weight and volume control for woollen worsted			(25)	Multilayer vertical stenter.	NSC	84.59
	card).	724,4205	7 84.36	(26)	Hydraulic flat Paper Press for finishing of worsted fabrics		
(3)		724,4205	84.36		(both continuous and non-continuous).	NSC	84.59
(4)	Machines.	724.7419	84.40	(27)	Tenter (Multilayer vertical Stentor) with or without Heat		
(5)	Tow to Fibre/Top Converting Machine,	724.4205	84:36		Setting Mechanism.	NSC	84.59
(6)		724,4205	84.36	(28)	Hydraulic Flat Paper Press/ continuous Hydraulic Flat Paper Press.	NSC	84.59
(7)	Draw Frame/Roving Frame/Automatic Rubbing frame/Bobbiners/Finishers.	724.4324	84.36	(29)	Conversion equipment for converting shuttle looms into	,	
(8)	Self-Twist spinning Machines/ Sirospinning (2ply spinning)				shuttleless type.	NSC	84.59
	machines/core spinning ma- chines.	<b>7</b> 24.4324	84.36		Multi-needle sewing Machines.	724.3103	84.59
(9)	Pancy Yarn Twisting and Patterning Machine.	<b>7</b> 24.4324	84.36	(31)	Overlasting stitch sewing machine for sewing salvedges of fabrics.	<b>724</b> .3103	84.59
(10)	Jumbo Hank Reeling machine (approx. 4 Kg. Hanks).	724,4324	84.36	23. M watch	lachinery for the manufacture of jewels the following :—	Industrini je v	reis including
(11)	Yarn Brushing Machine	724.4324	84.36	(1)	Automatic slicing/cutting off machine.	<b>7</b> 36.1604	84.45
(12)	High speed intersecting Rotary/ chain/Pin drawing sets/ Gill boxes.	<b>▼</b> 24.4324		(2)	Enlarging machine.	728.4809	
			84 36			120.4009	84 . 59
(13)	Semi-Automatic/Automatic	124,4324	84,36	·	Automatic feeding, recessing and discharging machine.	728.4809	84.59 84.59
(13)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for	, , , ,		(3)			
(13)	Balling Machine, Labelling	724. 4324	84.36 84.38	(3)	and discharging machine.	728.4809	84.59
	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand knitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Wind-	724.4324	84.36	(3) (4) (5)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.	728.4809 745.2709	84.59 84.21
	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand knitting/Crochet Yarn Continuous Yarn Bulking	724.4324		(3) (4) (5) (6)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.  Special purpose automatic/	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009	84.59 84.21 90,27
(14)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand knitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Wind-	724.4324	84.36 84,36	(3) (4) (5) (6)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009	84.59 84.21 90,27
(14)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand knitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Winding Machine.  Grinding Machine for Repeo	724.4324 724.4324	84.36 84.36	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.  Special purpose automatic/semi automatic cutting machine.	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009 736.1906	84.59 84.21 90.27 84.45
(14)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand knitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Winding Machine.  Grinding Machine for Repeo Self-Twist Rollers.  Fibre Opening and Blending	724.4324 724.4324 724.4324	84,36 84,36 84,36	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.  Special purpose automatic/semi automatic cutting machine.  Special purpose gluding automatic hydrautic unit.	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009 736.1906 736.1604	84.59 84.21 90.27 84.45
(14) (15) (16) (17)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand knitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Winding Machine.  Grinding Machine for Repeo Self-Twist Rollers.  Fibre Opening and Blending Machine.  Raising/Brushing Machine.	724.4324 724.4324 724.4324 724.4205	84.36 84.36	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.  Special purpose automatic/semi automatic cutting machine.  Special purpose gluding automatic hydraulic unit.	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009 736.1906 736.1604 728.1100	84.59 84.21 90.27 84.45
(14) (15) (16) (17)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand Enitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Winding Machine.  Grinding Machine for Repeo Self-Twist Rollers.  Fibre Opening and Blending Machine.	724.4324 724.4324 724.4324 724.4205 724.7407	84,36 84,36 84,36	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.  Special purpose automatic/semi automatic cutting machine.  Special purpose gluding automatic hydraulic unit.  Stone grinding machine.	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009 736.1906 736.1604 728.1100 728.1100	84.59 84.21 90.27 84.45 • 84.45
(14) (15) (16) (17) (18)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand knitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Winding Machine.  Grinding Machine for Repeo Self-Twist Rollers.  Fibre Opening and Blending Machine.  Raising/Brushing Machine.  Automatic Looms for weaving plain plush fabrics and	724.4324 724.4324 724.4324 724.4205 724.7407	84.36 84.36 84.36 84.36	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.  Special purpose automatic/semi automatic cutting machine.  Special purpose gluding automatic hydrautic unit.  Stone grinding machine.  Controless grinding machine.  Thickness grading and measuring machine.  Less drilling machine.	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009 736.1906 736.1604 728.1100 728.1100 736.1400	84.59 84.21 90.27 84.45 84.45 84.46 84.46
(14) (15) (16) (17) (18)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand knitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Winding Machine.  Grinding Machine for Repeo Self-Twist Rollers.  Fibre Opening and Blending Machine.  Raising/Brushing Machine.  Automatic Looms for weaving plain plush fabrics and jacquard plush fabrics.  Combined Milling and Scouring Machine.	724.4324 724.4324 724.4324 724.4205 724.7407 724.5122 724.4205	84,36 84,36 84,36 84,36 84,37 84,36	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.  Special purpose automatic/semi automatic cutting machine.  Special purpose gluding automatic hydraulic unit.  Stone grinding machine.  Contreless grinding machine.  Thickness grading and measuring machine.  Less drilling machine.  Threading machine.	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009 736.1906 736.1604 728.1100 728.1100 736.1100 874.2109	84.59 84.21 90.27 84.45 84.45 84.46 84.46 90.10
(14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19)	Balling Machine, Labelling and Packaging Machine for Hand Enitting/Crochet Yarn  Continuous Yarn Bulking Relaxing Setting & Winding Machine.  Grinding Machine for Repeo Self-Twist Rollers.  Fibre Opening and Blending Machine.  Raising/Brushing Machine.  Automatic Looms for weaving plain plush fabrics and jacquard plush fabrics.  Combined Milling and Scour-	724.4324 724.4324 724.4324 724.4205 724.7407	84.36 84.36 84.36 84.30 34.40	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13)	and discharging machine.  Brush polishing machine.  Counting machine.  Automatic centreless grinding machine.  Special purpose automatic/semi automatic cutting machine.  Special purpose gluding automatic hydrautic unit.  Stone grinding machine.  Controless grinding machine.  Thickness grading and measuring machine.  Less drilling machine.	728.4809 745.2709 873.2009 736.1906 736.1604 728.1100 728.1100 736.1100 874.2109 728.1100	84.59 84.21 90.27 84.45 84.45 84.46 84.46 90.12 84.46

			APPENDIX 1	PART-B-Conid.
	,	ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code	ITC-Rev. 2 CCCN Code Code
(16)	Pine enlarging machine.	728.4809	84.59	(7) Continuous filament anneal-
(17)	Rough/fine turning machine.	736.1319	84.45	ing furnace. 728.4809 84.59
(18)	Chamfering machine.	<b>7</b> 36.1939	84.45.	(8) Molybdenum boat filament coil annealing furnace. 728.4809 84.59
	Viachinery required for manufa following :—	cture of spec	tacle frames,	(9) Automatic Coil Winding Machine. NSC 84.59
(1)	Pneumatic Bimanual, milling machines for inside, outside and sculpturing spectacle fronts and sides.	728,1209	84.4 <b>y</b>	26. Equipment for Oil Field Services Sector.
(2)	Wire shooting machine.	728.4809	84.59	(1) Off-shore skid mounted/port-
	Angle milling machine.	728.1209	84.47	able electrologging unit for open hole and cased hole NSC NSC
	Insertion of hinges.	728,4809	84.59	operations.
·	Hot mark ing/stamping ma- chine.	728.4809	84,59	(2) Well head Control equip- NSC 85.19/90.28
(6)	Bending machine.	728.1209	84.47	(3) Auxiliary winch with mono-
	_	728,4809	84,59	cable. NSC 84.22
(T)	Acetone steam polishing.	120.4007	Ø1,55	(4) Dip meter. NSC 90.16/9028
	Soldering machine for metal frame.	737.3221	85,11	(5) High resolution digital and directional equipment. NSC 90.14
(9)	Metal ring forming/shaping machine.	736,2201	84,45	(6) Bore hole geometrary equip-
(10)	Hinges manufacturing plant.	728,4809	84.59	ment. NSC 90.14
(11)	Radial milling machine to simultaneously shape and be- veles CR 39 & all other orga- nic lenses with Automatic feeding and control system or manual system.	728.1100	84.46	(7) Thermal decay equipment. NSC 90.14  (8) Gamma ray positioning equipment. NSC 90.20/90.28  (9) Sonic BBC/Cement bond
(12)	Automatic and/or somi-auto-			equipment. NSC 90.28
	matic machines for manufacture of Sunglass/Safety		-4.44	(10) Variable density equipment. 90.25
	glass/Spectacle lenses.	728,1100	84.46	(11) Formation Teser. 90.16
(13)	Manual or automatic glass lenses cuttig machine.	728,1100	84.46	(12) Side Wall Coring gum. 874.3001 NSC
(14)	Automatic & Manual cutting machine for sunglass lenses in strip form.	728.1100	84,46	(13) Free Point Indicator. to .3009 90.16 (14) Bridge Plug Setting Equipment. 90.16/28
(15)	Semi-automatic shaping and			(15) Slim hole tools. 82.04
	beveiling machine for flat organic lenses with special shapes like masks.	728,1100	84.46	(16) Perforation guns with magnetic positions.
	and the second s			(17) Drill Stem Testing Unit
	fachinery for Electric lamp man	BUINCENTO, UN	I TOTOWNA I	confisting of following tools and accessories - 723.4303 90.28/90.16
(1)	Automatic lamp caps vitri- fying glass insulation filling machine.	<b>128</b> ,4809	84.59	(a) Combination APR-PCT- NRT Test Valve.
(2)	Automatic lamp cap pin fixing and revetting machines.	728.4809	84.59	(b) Pressure recorder. (c) Bar drop subs.
(3)	Continuous coil winding machines.	728.4809	84.59	(d) Reversing sub Pin type.
(4)	Gap coiling machines for coiled coil filaments.	728.4809	84.59	(e) Reversing sub pump out type.
(5)	Retractable mandrel coll winding machines.	728.4809	84.5	(f) TR Jas.
(6)	Electronically controlled automatic coil cutting machines.	728.4809	84.59	<ul><li>(g) Slip Joint Safety valve (different sizes).</li></ul>

	ITC-Rev. 2 CCC Code	CN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(h) Slip joints (different sizes).			(2	7) Machinery for writing instruments (Foutain pens, Ball point pens, sketch pens		
<ol> <li>Positest Casing Packer (different sizes).</li> </ol>				and the like).	728.1	84.59
(j) Heavy Anchor.				<ol> <li>Auto Assembly machines for writing instruments.</li> </ol>		
(k) Tubing Tail Pipe.				(2) Ball pen refill tips		
(1) PCT Sample Chamber.				manufacturing machine.		
(m) Sample Analysis Kit.				(3) Ball point refl assembly machines.		
(n) PCT-Test Kit. (o) Nitrogen Transfer Pumps				(4) Writing test machine.		
-				(5) Hot stamping machine.		
(18) (i) Comenting Unit	723.4303	90.28		(6) Machinery for manu-		
(ii) Accessories such as :		90.16		facturing metal caps/ barrels/clips nibs for		
<ul><li>(a) Recirculating mixer.</li><li>(b) Sub sea comenting head</li></ul>				writing instruments.		
(c) Comenting head with				(7) Metal finishing Machines for writing instruments.		
quick coupler.  (d) Adapter for cementing				(8) Machines for shaping metal refills/metal caps and barrels.		
head. (e) J-Postrieve Packers.				(9) Machinery for manufacture of synthetic fibre		
(f) Retrievable bridge plug with running tools.				tips. (10) Machinery for manu-		
(g) Comenting squeeze manifoid.	-			facture of synthetic filters for sketch pens.		
(h) Acidising Head with lifting head.				Miscellaneous items		
(i) Acid Transfer Pump with container.				Xanon and metal Halide Lamps and equipment.	778.2209	85.20
(j) Martin Decker Pressure				Silver Recovery Units.	728.4809	84.59
Recorder.  (k) Liquid additive System				Laser equipment including laser measuring system.	737.3219	85.11
(I) Radioactive Density Meter.			(4)	Power driven, cloth cutting machine for automobile industry.	724.7405	84.40
(19) H2S Control Services :		90.18	(5)	Fluorimeter.	874.3009	90.24
(i) Breathing Apparatus.		-0.10	(6)	U. V. Spectrophotometer (Double Beam)	874.4004	90,25
(ii) Capsules to Measure H2S.			(7)	High Performance liquid chro-matograph.	874 , 4009	90.25
(20) Acid Stimulation Services :	874.3	84.59	(8)	Liquid nitrogen plants-		
Stimulation Vessel equipped with :—				capacity upto 10 litres per hour.	728.4809	84.59
(a) High Capacity Burners, Air Compressor, Auxiliary Water and Product Pump.			(9)	Automatic chip/flake ice making machine with a capacity upto 200 kgs per day for marine industry.	741.4101	84.15
(b) Blending system, con- trol room facility for remote operation etc			(10)	Bichromatic colour sorting machine.	874.4	90.25
TOTE	<del></del> -		(11)	Air Plasma Cutting machine.	NSC,	84.59

NO

- 1. The ITC-R.2 and CCCN Code numbers have been assigned to facilitate collection of data only.
- 2. These will be reproduced on the Bills of Entry filed by the importer and on licences whenever issued.
- 3. These, however, will not be binding on customs authorities for classification for tariff purposes.
- 4. The interpretation of the Import-Export Policy will, however, continue to be as per description of the items given in this Appen. dix and not according to the Code numbers assigned.

5. NSC stands for Not separately classified.

# APPENDIX 2 RAW MATERIALS, COMPONENTS, CONSUMABLES, TOOLS AND SPARES PART-A

#### List of Banned Items

		ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC R.2 Code	CCCN Code
i.	Tailow, Fat and/or Oils rendered, unrendered or otherwise of any animal			(till) Poultry fats solvent extract	•	091.3000	15.01
(i	origin including the follow- ing: ) Lard stearine, oleo stearine,			(tv) Fats and oll origin whether	s of fish/marine r or not refined	411.1	15.04A
Ì	tallow stearine, lard oil, oleo oil and tallow oil not emulsified or mixed or pre- pared in any way	411.3300	15.03	(v) Margarine, and other p fats of anima	prepared edible	091.4	15.13A
(11)	Neat's foot oll and fats from bone or waste	411.39	15.06	2. Animal renne	t	NSC	29.40
	,		PAR	TB			
			List of Re	tricted Items.			
		ITC Rev.2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
Chemi	cals & Allied items			(15) Caffeine and	its salts	541.4003	29.42
(1)	A.B.S. Moulding Powder	NSC	39.01 to 39.06	(16) Cashew Kern	als	057.7302	08.01D
(2)	Acetanilide	514.7001	29.25	(17) Cellulosic top wasto.		651.8	51.03/
(3)	Acetazolamide	NSC	29.36	•			56.03/ 56.05
(4)	Allyl Isothlocyanate	515.4	29.31	(18) Cocoa—(both			
(5)	Amidopyrine	515.69	29.35	powder)/coco cocoa cake/co	•	072/081.92	18.01/
(6)	Analgin	515.6	29.35			·	18.02/ 18.03
(7)	Aniline/Aniline oil and salts thereof	514.5001	29.22	(19) Coir (fibre/ya	-	265.91/ 651.99/	57.04/ 57.07/
(8)	Benzyl acetate	513.7203	29.14B			654.98	57.11
(9)	Benzyl chloride	511.3904	29.02D	(20) Condensed m		022.4904	04.02
(10)	Benzyl benzoate	513,7902	29.14D	<ul><li>(21) Copper Oxycl</li><li>(22) Cotton Seeds.</li></ul>		523.1205 222.3000	28.30 12.01
(11)	Benzo-trichloride	511.3903	29.02D	(=, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,		423.3000	15.07
(12)	Blended fabrics/Yarn	NSC	NSC .	•	l and mixed h medical and les) and cresote		
, ,	Brewery hops including hop extracts	054.8400/ 292.91	12.06/ 13.03	ortho/meta/pa less than 9' taracids and	res) and cresote ira with purity 7% including 1 cresote olla ing range below		
(14)	Bronze Powder, granules and Flakes	682.2400	74.06	220°C.	· -	512.3612 335.2509	29.06/ 27.07

					V/// .		
		ITC R.2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(24)	Cyano-base and Etho Hepta-			(4)	Azinophos methyl	NSC	NSC
	zine citrate	NSC	NSC	(5)	Benzene Hexachloride	511,3902	29.02
(25)	Cyclamic acid and its salts	NSC	29.30	(6)	Binepacryl	NSC	NSC
( 26)	Diazepam	NSC	29.35	(7)	Calcium Arsenate	523.29	28.41
(27)	Dimethyl sulphate	516.3902	29.17	(8)	Carbophenothlon (Trithion).	NSC	NSC
(28)	2:4 Dinitorchloro benzene	511.4004	<b>2</b> 9.03	(9)	Chinomethionate		
(29)	DNPT (Dinitroso penta-	<b></b>	20.2#	(10)	(Morestan).	NSC	NSC
	methylene tetramine)	NSC	29.35		DBCP	NSC	NSC
(30)	Ethanolamine (mono, di and				l) Dicrotophos	NSC	NSC
	trl)	514.6	29.23 😼		) Dieldrin	NSC	NSC
(31)	Fabrics, made from man- made fibres/yarns (exclud-			Ì	) Disulfotan	NSC	NSC
	ing uninked nylon ribbon			(14	) E.P.N,	NSC	NSC
	tape from 1/2" to 18-1" both the ends electrically welded			•	) Endosulfan	NSC	NSC
	required for the manufacture			(16	) Endrin (Technical).	591.1012	NSC
	of type-writer/computer rib- bons).	653	51.04/	(17	) Ethyl parathion.	591.1017	38.11
			56.07	(18	) Fentin acetate	NSC	NSC
(32)	Flavouring essences—all			(19	) Fentinhydroxide	NSC	NSC
	types (including those for liquors).	551.4	33.04	(20	) Lead arsenate.	523.29	28,41
(22)	•	331.4	33.04	(21	) Leptophos (Phosvel).	NSC	NSC
(33)	Flint buttons (RI-1.625, RI-1.654 and RI-1.700).			(22	) Malathion.	NSC .	29.31
(34)	Folio acid.	541.1002	29.38	·	) Mevinphos (Phosdrin).	NSC	NSC
(35)	Formle Acid.	513.7911	29.14D		) Mephosfolan.	NSC	NSC
	Fused bifocal blanks	664.2	70.18	-	) Nitrofen.	NSC	NSC
	Gelatine (all Grades)	592,2302	35,03		) Toxaphene.	NSC	NSC
' '	Gentamycin Sulphate in-		32,00		) Vamidothion. ) 2, 4, 5—T .	NSC 591.3003	NSC NSC
(36)	cluding gentamycine CCA	NSC	29.,44	•	) 2, 4, 5—1 . ) Synthetic Pyrathroids :—	91.3003	Nac
(39)	Glycerophosphoric acids and			(2,5	(i) Decamethrin.	NSC	NSC
	its salts	516.3102	29.19		(tt) Permethrin. (ttt) Cypermethrin.	NSC NSC	NSC NSC
(40)	Gold in any form	971	71.07/ 08		(iv) Fenvalrate.	NSC	NSC
(41)	Gold chloride	523.32		(30	) Weedicides :— (i) Isoproturon.	NSC	NSC
•••			28.49		(iii) Metha benzthlazuror (iii) Metoxoron	NSC NSC	NSC NSC
,	Grand parent stock (poultry) Groundnut seeds	011.4	01.05	(31	) Any pesticide including		
, ,	Hexachlorophene	512.37	29.07		insecticides, weedicides, fungicides, acaricide,		
	Hexamine	514.8201	29,26		herbicide, rodenticide and miticide, which has		
(46)	Insecticides, Pesticides and Weedicides, the following :	591	••		not been registered of which is prohibited for import under the insec- ticides Act, 1969.		
	(1) Aluminium phosphide			(32)	All pesticides formulations		
	(2) Ammonium sulphamate	562,1300	NSC		other those under entry No. 219(21) in App. 3.		
	(3) Azinophos ethyl	NSU	NSC		Part A.		

	APP	'ENDIX I	PARI-B—Contd.		
	IIO Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Cods		ITC R.2 Code	CCCN Col
Bonconno acid hydravida	541.7937	29.35	(74) Para toluene sulphonic acid.	<b>111.4</b>	29.03
Liquid gold.	971	71 07, 32.08/ 32 13	(75) Phenol/urea/melamine for- maldehyde moulding powder/ tubes/sheets/rods (all types except electrical grade moulding powder).	512.3402/58	19 01 to
liver extract, injectable and					39,06/ 29.06
oral grades.	541 6202/ 629 <sup>2</sup>	30 01	(76) Perfumery compounds/ synthetic essential oils	NSC	33.01
Marble/Granite/onyx.	273 1202	25 15	(77) Phenacetin	514.7013	29.25
Meta-di-nitro-benzene.	511 4001	30 01	(78) Phenyl methyl Pyrazolone	515.6924	29,35
Methapyrilone and its salt.	Nat	টক বম্ব	(79) Practolol.	NSC	NSC
Methaqualone base and			(80) Propranolol hydrochloride.	NSC	NSC
methoqualone hydrochloride	NSC	.70 15	(81) Resorcinol	NSC	29.06
2-Methyl-imidazole.	NSC	29,35	• ,		
2-Methyl4/5 nitro imidazole	MSC	29.35		541.1006	29,38
Metronidazole.	NSC	29.35	(83) Saccharine/Sodium Saccharine.	514.82	29.26
	551.4	33.04	(84) Self-adhesive tapes all types.	341.9102	NSC
Mono chloro benzene.	511.3906		(85) Sodium benzoate.	513.7921	29.14
			(86) Sodium cyanide		
	MAG	29, 13	(87) Sulphacetamide and sulpha-		20.05
Niacinamide/Nicotinamide/ 3-Pyridine-carboxylle acid	5d1 1	20.20	(88) Sulphadimidine (Sulphame-		29 36 29,36
,					
		29 35	(89) Sulphaguanidine.	515.71	29.36
Nitro-benzoue.	511 4013	29.03	(90) Sulphamethoxazole.	NSC	29.36
Organic surface active agents, namely : Sulphonated		,	(91) Sulphanilamide.	515.71	29.36
Dodecyl Benzene/Alkyl Benzene (acid slurry).	554 2	34,07	(92) Sun flower seeds.	223.8008 424 9008	12.01 15 07
Orthonitrochloro benzene.	511.4015	2v 03	(93) Synthetic tops/spun yain/ waste, excluding nylon	<b>*</b> (0.0)	NSC
Ortho nitro toluene.	511.4	29,03		N9C.	Nac
Oxytetracycline.	541 3300	29 44	fn4) TMA (Tri-methoxy benzyl morpholine acrylonitrile).	514.2	29.22
Paper for security printing-			(95) Tetracycline base/Hcl.		-
and other special types.	641	48.01	(90) Thiothlamine	NSC	NSC
Para amino phenol,	514.6018	29.23	(>1) 10-1-1-1		29.36
Paracetamol.	NSC	20.25	(75) 111111111111111111111111111111111111	NSC	NSC
Para-acetyl sulphaguanidine.	NSC	29.36	ments for garments, made- up, knitwear, plastic/leather		- ****
Para nitrochloto benezene	511 4016	29,03	800-	NSC	NSC
	211 4010	A7,03	(100) Typenthet storm	NSC	98.08
Para nitro toluene.	511 4023	50.03	(101) Vitamin B—1 (Thiamine lTCL/Thiamine monouitrate)		,
	Liquid gold.  Jiver extract, injectable and oral grades.  Marble/Granite/onyx.  Meta-di-nitro-benzene.  Methapyrilene and its salt.  Methaqualene base and methaqualene hydrochloride  2-Methyl-imidazele.  2-Methyl-imidazele.  2-Methyl-imidazele.  Mixtures of odoriferous substances/mixtures of resinolds.  Mono chloro benzene.  Morpholino propionitale  Niacin/Nicotinic acid/Niacinamide/Nicotinamide/3-Pyridine-carboxylle acid amide.  Nialamide.  Nitro-benzene.  Organic surface active agents, namely: Sulphonated Dodecyl Benzene/Alkyl Benzene (acid slurry).  Orthonitrochloro benzene.  Oxytetracycline.  Paper for security printing—currency paper, stamp paper and other special types.  Para amino phenol.  Paracetamol.	Liquid gold. 971  Liver extract, injectable and oral grades. 541 6202/6203  Marble/Granite/onyx. 273 1202  Meta-di-nitro-benzene. 511 4001  Methapyrileno and its salt. NSC  Methaqualone base and methaqualone hydrochloride NSC  2-Methyl-imidazole. NSC  2-Methyl-imidazole. NSC  Mixtures of odoriferous substances/mixtures of resinolds. 551.4  Mono chloro benzene. 511.3906  Morpholino propionitate NSC  Niacin/Nicotinic acid/Niacinamide/Nicotinamide/3-Pyridine-carboxylle acid and and and and and and and and and an	### According Code   Code	Code   Code	

# APPENDIX 2 PART-B-Concld.

	ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code	ITC R. 1 CCCM Code Code
(103) Vinyl Acetate.	268.6100	53.04	(114) Tyre tube valves, valve cores, valve caps and accessories,
(104) Vmyl Acetate Monomer	51 01	53 12	other than for heavy duty vehicle 749.2 84.61
(105) Wines, tonic and medicated.	112.1	22, 05/ 06/07/10/ 30, 03	(115) Watches (mechanical) in SKD condition 885.1 91.01/
(106) Woollen fabrics/wool tops/ woollon yarn/wool waste/ wool, knitting.	651.2100	53.05	107/.19  Iron and Steel Items.  Carbon Steel Items (all grades)
ENGINEERING ITEMS			(116) (a) Forging-quality steel billets/bars/rods.
(107) (a) Ball Bearings including components thereof having SKF Nos. or equivalent thereof 6200 to 6213, 6302 to 6310, 6004, 6005, 98305 (1838001), 1209 and 1509 as well as their			<ul> <li>(b) Forged rounds upto 450mm dia.</li> <li>(c) Rolled rounds upto 145 mm.</li> <li>(d) Billets for seamless steel tubes ASTME 45 quality</li> </ul>
derivatives such as baving metallic shields,			Alloy Steel Items (all grades)
grooves, etc.  (b) Taper Roller Bearings of following SKF Nos. or equivalent thereof:	749.1 -do-	84 . 62 -do-	(117) (i) Stainless steel rounds. (ii) Stainless steel flats. (iii) Alloy steel squares and and other sections.
30204, 30205, 30207,	-40-	-410-	(118) Stainless steel wires 304 L 30 gauge and thicker.
30209, 30214, 32211, 32213, 32216, 32307, 30302, 30305, 30312, CK-LM-48548, CK-418, CK-539, KLM-48510 K-414, K-532X, CK-72212, CK-566, CK-580, K-72487, K-563 K-572, 3984/3920 (PAB			(119) Stainless steel strips in sizes ranging from 100 mm to 150 mm and thickness from 0.5 mm to 1.5 mm.  Miscellaneous (120) Any item having another
32913/32912), 11590/ 11520, LM-501349/ LM 501310, 25577/25523, 02872/02820.			chemical name or synonym, but of the same nature, as any of the items covered by this List.  NSC  NSC
(c) Super precision bear- ings viz. P—6 to P—2 or ABEC—5 to ABEC—9 for machine tool industry are ex- cluded.  (108) Electric portable generators	749.1	84, 62	(121) All consumer goods, howso- ever described, of industrial, agricultural or animal origin, not appearing individually in Appendices 3 Part-A and 5 or specifically listed for import under Open General Licence. NSC NSC
upto 3.5 KVA (Electric portable generators above			(122) All consumer goods in SKD
<ol> <li>KVA will be subject to normal CG procedure).</li> </ol>	716.2	85.01	condition NSC NSC
(109) Fasteners—Snap and zip (including in coll form), and components thereof.		98.02/ 01	(123) All defective/scrap material as well as cuttings other than those appearing indi- vidually in Appendices 3, 3 Part-A and 6. NSC NSC
(110) Iron scrap including Pig Iron chips.		01	NOTE !
(111) Measuring rules and tapes— metallic, non-metallic and steel including etched/ printed loose tapes at ran- dom lengths.		90.16	<ol> <li>The ITC R. 2 and CCCN Code numbers have been assigned to facilitate collection of data only.</li> <li>These will be reproduced on the Bills of Entry filed by the importer and on licences whenever issued.</li> </ol>
(112) Farts/Components/Sub-	-	<del>-</del>	<ol> <li>These, however, will not be binding on customs authorities for classification for tariff purposes.</li> </ol>
assembly/assembly of fire arms and ammunition	984.6	93,04/ 06	4. The interpretation of the import-Export Policy will, however, continue to be as per description of the items given in this Appendix and not according to the Code numbers assigned.
(113) Populated/loaded/stuffed printed circuit boards.	NSC	NSC	5. "NSC" stands for Not Separately Classified.

#### APPENDIR 9

# RAW MATERIALS, COMPONENTS, CONSUMABLES, TOOLS & SPARES LIST OF LIMITED PERMISSIBLE ITEMS.

#### PART-A

# RAW MATERIALS, COMPONENTS, CONSUMABLES, TOOLS AND SPARES (OTHER THAN IRON & STEEL & FERRO ALLOYS)

		ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code		ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
t ,40	mical and Alifed Items			22. Ammonium bloarbonate.	523.2401	28.42B
í.	Acetaldehyde	516.21	29.11	23. Ammonium bromide.	523.2909	28.33
2.	Acetarsol.	541.7903	29.32	24. Ammonium carbonate.	523.2402	28.42B
3.	Aceto Acetanilide	514.7002	29.25	25. Ammonium chloride (industria) and battery grades).	523.1202	28.30
4.	Aceto Acet Ortho Chloro Anilide (AAOCA).	514.7003	29.25	26. Ammonium chromate, other than		
5.	Aceto Acet Ortho Totaldine.	514.5037	29.22	analytical reagent grade.		28.47
6.	Acetone.			27. Ammonium molybdate.	523.3119	28.47
7.	Acetyl derivatives of sulpha drugs.	NSC	NSC	28. Ammonium phosphate (mono and di).	523.2219	31.05
8.	Acetylene Black.		<del></del>	29. Amyl acetate.	513.7202	29.14
9.	Acrylic ester monomers, namely ethyl acrylate butyl, acrylate, ethyl			30. Amyl salicylate.	NȘC	29.16
	acrylate, methyl acrylate and 2 othyl hexyl acrylate.	NSC	NSC	31. Angora rabbit hair.	NSC	53.02
10	Acrylic plastic sheets/offcuts, other			32. Anthrallic acid.	NSC	NSC
10.	than Acrylic plastic sheets of 0.85 mm to 1.2 mm thickness	583	39.07/ 39.02	33. Anthrauille acid.	514.6028	29.23
	August A Carbon			34. Anthraquinonc.	516	29.13
	Activated Carbon.  Allyl Isooyanate.	523,2602	28 44	35. Anthraquinone sulphonic acid- sodium salt.	NSC	29.13
				36. Antipyrine benzene sulphonate.	NSC	NSC
13.	All types of PVC Stabilisers such as liquid barium cadmium, organo tin stabilisers, solid Barium Cadmium complex stabilisers and Lead stabilisers.		_	37. Antipyrine benzane supponate.  37. Antipyrine/Phenezone (1-phenyl-2, 3-Dimethyl-5 Pyrazolone).	NSC	29.35
14	Alpha Naphtylamine.	514.5026	29,22	38. Aurantine (or Aurantial or Argeol).	NSC	23.05
	Aluminium chloride.	523.1201	28.30	39. Asbestos jointing sheets (including limpet sheets and beater addition leafstings)		
16.	Aluminium hydroxide gel.	522.5600	28.20	tion jointings).		
17	Aluminium powder/flakes except			40. Bare rubber thread upto 90 gauge.	621.0300	40.07
•••	industrial explosive grade.	684.2400	76.05	41. Barium Carbonate.	523.2403	28.42
18.	Aluminium stearate.	NSC	NSC	42. Barium chloride.	523.1203	28.30
19.	Alpha hydroxyprogesterone and its esters except 17-alpha hydroxy progesterone caproate.	541.59	29.39	43. Barium chromate, other than analytical reagent grade.	523.3119	28.47
20.	Aminoanthraquinone.	514.6006 514.6007	29.23	44. Barium nitrate.	523.2111	28.39
21.	4-Amino diphenyl amine.	514.5021	29 22	45. Barium Polysulphide.	<b>52</b> 3,1 <b>5</b> 11	28.35

124	THE GAZEI	IE OF II	NDIA :	EXTRAORDINARY . [	TARI I	DEC. 1
		APPENI	OIX 3	ART A -Contd		
		TC Rev 2 Code	CCCN Code	'n	TC Rev 2 Code	CCCN Code
46.	Barium stearate.	513-79	29.14	(5) Codmium chromate, other than inalytical reagent grade.	23 1119 2	28 .77
47.	Barium sulphato.	5 <b>23</b> , 1903	28.38		•	28 34
48.	Barlum sulphide.	523.1509	28,35	(1)		NSC 28.39
49.	Belladona extracts.	292.9101	13.03	(0)		28.39
50.	Benzanthrone.	560.2903	29.13C	(2)		28,40
51.	Benzathine peniclllin.	541.31	29.44		513.79	29.14
52.	Benzidine (free base)	514.5003	29.22	(12) Cadmium sulphate.	NSC :	28.38
53.	Benzoic scid.	513.7901	29.14	(13) Cadmium sulphide.		28.35
54.	Benzyl Alcohol.	512,2001	29.05	(,		32.07
55.	Benzaldehyde.		+	(10)		32.07
	Bephenium hydroxynaphthoate.	NSC		77. Calcined Petroleum Coke.	335.4200	27.14
			NSC	78. Calcium Carbide.		
37.	Beta—amino—anthraquinone.	514.6006 514.6007	29.23	79, Calcium Carbonate.		_
58.	Beta Napthol	512.3605	29.06	80. Calcium compounds, the following 1		
59.	Bismuth chromate other than			(+) +	523.1204	28.30
	analytical reagent grade.	523.3119	28.47	(2) Calcium chromate, other than analytical reagent grade.	NSC	28.47
60.	Bismuth citrate.	513.9029	29.16	(3) Calcium D-Saccharate.	NSC	NSC
61.	Bismuth oxychloride.	523.1219	28.30	(4) Calcium lactate.	513.9002	29.16
62.	Bismuth salicylate.	513.9029	29.16	<ol> <li>Calcium phosphate (mono and tri).</li> </ol>	523.2211	28.40
63.	Bismuth sub-carbonate.	523.2419	28,42			29.14
64.	Bismuth sub-nitrate.	523.2119	28.39	81. Camphene.	511.29	29.01
65.	Blue print paper.	NSC	37.03			29.13
<b>6</b> 6.	Borax,	_	_	;	516.2908	
67.	Borneol/Iso-borneol and its esters including bornyl acetate, but ex-			83. Caprolactum	 541.7918	20.02
	cluding Iso-Bornyl acetate.	512.2002 513.7209	29.05	84. Carbersons.  85. Carbon black excluding channel-	241.7716	30.03
68.	Bromide paper (black and white).	NSC	37.03	black and lamp black for rubber	522.1802	28 03
69.	Bromo benzanthrone.	516.2905	29.13	86. Carbon blocks,—electrographitised,		
70	Buchu leaves.	NSC `	12.07	hard carbons and resin bonded carbons.	778.8703	85.24
71	Buclizine and its salts.	NSC	29.35	87. Carbon brushes.	778.8704	85.24
72	Butanol (Normal and Iso) but			88. Carbon tetrachloride.	511.3905	29.02
	excluding secondary and tertiary butanol.	512.1300	29.04	<ol> <li>Carboxy methyl cellulose and its salts, except dental grade.</li> </ol>	NSC	39.03
	. Butyl acetate.	513.7205	29.14	90. Cardamom oil.	NSC	33.01
74	<ul> <li>Butylated hydroxy toluene/difertiary butyl para cresol.</li> </ul>	NSC	NSC	91. Casein (excluding soluble grade).	585,2100	39 04
75	. Butyl titanate.	NSC	28.47	92. Catalyst (organic/inorganic) made of Platinum-rhodium, vanadium		
76	. Cadmium compounds, the following	g :		pentoxide catalyst, low tempera- ture and high temperature carbon		
	(1) Cadmium acetate.	NSC	29.14	monoxide conversion catalyst, and methanation catalyst.	-98-9	38 12
	(2) Cadmium bromide.	NSC	28.33	93. Celery seed oll.	NSC	33.01
	(3) Cadmium carbonate.	NSC	28.42	94. Cellulose acetate moulding powder		
	(4) Cadmium chloride.	NSC	28.30	granules/off cuts/cuttings.	584, 3202	39.03

		AP	PENDIX 1 1/	ART-	A — Contd.		
		ITC Re. 2 Code	CCCN Code		,	ITC Rev. Code	2 CCCN Code
95.	Cellulose film.	NSC	39.01 to 39.06	123	. Citronella Oil.	551.3045 551.3046	33.01
96.	Cement colours.	661.2	25.23	124	. Citronella pure.	NSC	NSC
97.	Cerium nitrate.	NSC	28.52	125	. Citronelyl acetate.	513.72	29.14
98.	Cetrimide	NSC	29.25	126.	. Clofibrate.	NSC	NSC
99.	Chemicals for metal treatment based on phosphoric acid.	522.2401	28.10	127.	. Coal tar disinfectant fluid (black).	335.2101 335.2109	27.06
100,	Chicory seeds	071.2002	21.01/	128.	. Coal tar naphtha.	335.25	27.07
		(roasted) 054.8801	12.05	129	. Cobalt acetate.	513.7102	29.14
		(unroasted		130	. Colchicine.	NSC	29.42
	China clay (other than ball clay).	278.2106	25.07	131.	. Compounded electroplating salts		
	Chloral and Chloral hydrate including preparations thereof.	NSC	29 12/ 29,84		of nickel, copper, silver, zinc, cadmium, tin, chromium, brass, etc. and their brighteners and levellers.	598.9908	38.19
	Chloramphenicol powder and Chloramphenicol palmitate, excluding chloramphenicol stearate and chloramphenicol sodium succinate.	حصي		132.	Conveyor beltings upto 1700 mm width excluding those mentioned in App 6-List 8-Part I.	NSC	NSC
104.	Chloridiazapoxide, its salts and derivatives.	NSC	29.35	133.	Copper Alloy Powder and flakes (other than Bronze Powder).	art seen	*SACTOR!
	Chloridine hydroxide.	NSC	NSC	134.	Copper compounds, the following:-	-	
	Chlorinated paraffins.	NSC	38 19		(1) Copper chloride (cuprous and cupric).	NSC	28.30
	Chlorinated tri-sodium phosphate.	523.2215	28.40		(2) Copper oxides (cuprous and cupric).	522.5904	28.28
108.	1-Chloroanthraquinone.	516.2911	29.13		(3) Copper sulphate.	523.1904	28.38
109	Chlorobutol.	NSC	29.04	135.	Corrugated paper and boards.	641.7400	48.05
110.	Chloroform.	511.3908	29.02	136.	Cotton yarn/fabrics/thread.	651.31 652.14	55.05 55.09
111.	5-Chloro-o-toluidine.	514.6035	29.23			651.3602	55.05
112.	Chlorosulphonic acid.	522.2101	28.06	137.	Cubic Zirconia.	_	
113.	Chlorotetracyline and its salts.	541.3300	29.44	138.	Cumin oil.	551.3041	33.01
114. (	Choline and its salts.	541,1001	29.38	139.	Cyclizine and its salts.	NSC	29.35
	Chrome alum, potash, other than		**	140.	Cyclo hexylamine.		
	analytical reagent grade.  Chrome colour and burns—wick	523.1911	28.38	141.	Cynnamyl acetate.	NSC	NSC '
	green.	NSC	32.07	142.	3—Cynopyridine.	515.6928	29.35
117. (	Chromic acid.	NSC	28.21	143.	Decorative laminates.	NSC	NSC
118. (	Chromium sulphate (basic).	523, 1919	28.38	144.	Decorative Papers.	641.9700	48.11
i	Cinema Arc Carbon, high and low ntensity, including rotating high ntensity.	778,87	₹5.24	145.	Developers and fixing salts for processing of X-Ray films.	882.1	37.08
	Jinematograph film, black and			146.	Diacetone or Diacetone alcohol.	516.2912	29.12
¥	white, not exposed (positive and cound negative).	882,2201	37.02	147.	Diagonostic agentVDRL antigen.	NSC	30.02/ 30.05
121. (	Çıtral.	*16 23	29-11-	116,	1 - 4; I- 2; 1 to Damino-anthra-	514.6041/	29.32
122. (	Itrk noid.	917,44717	39.11			6042	

	ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code		C.I. ITC Rev. 2 CCCN No. Xode Code
149. 4 : 4 Diamino stilbene disulphor acid.	nic NSC	29.22	(15) Para Rod (16) Brown Toper	12070 NSC ) 12071 NSC )
150. 3 : 3 Dichloro benzidine di-hydrochloride base and its salts.	o- NSC	29.22	(17) Signal Red/Red (18) Oil Orange T (19) Toluidine Red	TonorR 12085 NSC 12100 NSC
151. 2 1 5 Dichloro nitro benzene.	511.4002	29.03	(20) Oil Brilliant Scar (21) Oil Scarlet	
152. 4, 7—Dichloroquinoline.	NSC	29.35	(22) Oil Red 2R (23) Pigment Fast Ma	12170 NSC
153. 1-(2 : 5) Dichloro-4-sulphonyi methyl-pyrazolone.	-3- 515,6911	29.35	(24) Permanent Red 1 (25) S.F. Maroon (26) Hello Fast Red 1	· 12350 NSC BB; 12370 NSC
154. Diothyl-carbamazino-and its salts.	. 541.7926	29.35	(27) Permanent Borde F 2R	12385 NSC
155. Diethyl carbanyl chloride.	NSC	29.25	(28) Permanent Red (29) Permanent Carin	nine FB 12490 NSC
156. Diethyl ether.	516.11	29.08	(30) Oil Yellow PX (31) Helio Fast yello	12740 NSC J w 12G 12775 NSC 1 32.95
157. Diethyl malonate.	513.89	29.15	(32) Lake Red D	ן 15500
158. Diethyl meta aminophenol.	514.6044	29,23	(33) Lake Red DBA (34) Lake Red DCA (35) Red Lake C/LC	15500   531,5203 32.06   7Vulcan   7
159. Diethylethanolamine.		-	Red.	15585 j
<ol> <li>Dihydrostreptomycin base and salt.</li> </ol>	lts NSC	29.44	(36) Lithol Red	15630 NSC 32.03
161. 1 : 4 Dihydroxy anthraquine (Quinizarine including lenco qu	one		(37) Brilliant Lake R (38) Rubline Toner (39) Permanent Red (40) Maroon toner	15850 NSC
zarine).		29.13	(41) Golden Yellow (42) Benzidine yellov	GR 20045 NSC w 21090 NSC
162. 1 : 5 Dihydroxy anthraquinone.	NSC		(43) Vulcan Fast yel (44) Benzidine Yello	low CG 21095 NSC
163. Di-methyl benzimidazole.	NSC	29.35	(45) Permanent yello (46) Permanent oran	
164A. Dimethyl Ethanolamine.  164B. D.M.T.	_	_	. (47) Vulcan Fast Re (48) Fast-Orange R	
165. Dinitro stilbene disulphonic acid		29.03	(49) Oil Red G (50) Oil Red	26100 - NSC 26105 NSC
•	NSC	NSC	(51) Oil Black	26150 NSC )
166. Diosgenin.			(52) Peacook Blue	42025 NSC 82,03
167. Dipentene.	511.2902	29.01/ 38.07	(53) Lake Green	42040 531.5206 32.06
168. Diphonylamine.	514,5021	29.22	(54) Lake Violet Tor (55) Oil Violet	
169. Disodium phosphates.	523.22	28.40	(56) Solvent Blue 4	42535B NSC 32,03 44045 531,5205 82,05
170. Duplex Board.	NSC	NSC	(57) Lake Pink	45160 NSC )
171. Organic pigment colours and oil C. (1) Helio Fast Yellow 12 G	soluble colour I. No.	James .	(58) Dibromofluores (59) Tetrabromofluo (60) Quinoline yello (61) Nigrosine	March   Marc
(Pigment Green). (2) Permanent Yellow HR	10 531.5331	32.06	(62) Phthalocyanine (63) Phthalocyanine (64) Oil Black	Green Y4260 NSC 77011 NSC
(Pigment Yellow). (3) Permanent Carmine FBB	83 531.5301		(65) Oil Blue (66) Vat blue I	77450 NSC   73001]
—(Pigment Red)  (4) Quinazarine Green Base 1	146 531.5312 656 NSC		(67) Indigo vat blue (68) Reduced Vat bi	
	006 NSC ( 006 531.5331	NSC 32,06	(69) Metal Complex	dyes, the
(6) Oil yellow AM 110 (7) Hansa Yellow 5G 110 (8) Hansa Yellow 10G 111 (9) Oil Brilliant yellow 111 (10) Hansa Yellow G 111 (11) Oil yellow AR 111 (12) Oil Brown D 120	020 NSC 660 NSC 710 NSC 800 NSC 860 NSC 920 NSC	32.05	following	14880
	053 NSC 060 B1 750X	1	\$ <b>FE.</b> \$3 <b>i-viny!</b> hangen de pol <b>igio-es</b>	2 <b>年1976年 (2015年</b> ) 2 <b>7</b> 年(2月15年)

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A—Contd.

		Rev. 2 (	CCCN Code			ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
173	E.D.T.A. and its sodium salts.	NSC	NSC	201.	. Glybenclamide.	NSC	NSC
174.	Electrocast refractorles with Zirconia content less than 40%	_	-		. Glyoxal 40%	NSC	29.11
173.	Emetine hydrochloride.	NSC	29.42	203.	Gold cyanide.	_	-
176.	Esters/salts of para hydroxy benzoic acid including Methyl, Ethyl, Propyl.	~	<del></del>	<b>2</b> 04.	Graphite crucibles (clay bonde upto size 300.	i)	~ <del>-</del>
177.	Ethinyl estradiol.	NSC	NSC	205.	Graphite Crucibles (Silicon carbic bonded) upto size 100.	663,7001	69,03
178.	Ethyl Acetate.	513.7206	29.14	206.	Graphite electrodes excluding the	16	
179.	Ethyl elcohol.	512.1601 512.1602			sizes 21" diameter and above an graphite anodes (excluding midge carbon electrodes).	et NSC	85.24
180.	Ethylamine (mono, di, tei.)	514.5049	29.22	207.	Guaicol glyceryl ether.	516.11	29 08
181.	Ethyl chloride	511.3914	29.02	208.	Halogendied derivatives of		
182.	Ethyl oleate.	NSC	NSC		Hydroxyquinoline, the following t-		
183.	Ethyl/Methyl aceto acetate.	· –	_		(t) 5, 7-Di-lodo-3-hydroxyquinoli (ii) 5-Chloro-7-iodo-8-hydroxy-	110	
184.	Ethylphenyl acetate.	NSC	29,14		quinoline. (iil) 5, 7-Dibromo-8-hydroxyquino	- 511.39.	29 29.02
185.	Ethylene diamine and its derivatives, namely, diethylene triamine, triethylene tetramine and polyamines.	<b>5</b> 14, <b>50</b> 23	29.22		line. (Iv) 5, 7-Dichloro-8-hydroxyquino line.	)- }	
			31.02	209.	Heparine.	\$85,2901	39.06
	Ethylene urea.	NSC		210.	Heptaldehyde (fatty aldehyde).	516,21	29.11
	Eucalyptus oil (all grades).	551 3015		211.	Hyaluronidases.	541.7932	30.03
188.	Eugenol acetate.	NSC	29.08	212.	Hydrate of alumina and glass white	NSC	'NSC
189.	Ferric chloride.	523.1206	28.30	213.	Hydrazine Hydrate/Sulphate.	522,5906	28.28
190.	Perrous compounds, the following :-	-		214.	Hydrazine hydrochloride.	NSC	28.28
	(1) Ferrous fumarate.	513.7908	29.14D	215.	Hydrochloric acid.	522,2102	28.06
	(2) Ferrous gluconate.	NSC	NSC	216.	Hydrofluoric acid.	522,2913	28.13
	(3) Perrous sulphate.	523.1906	28.38		Hydroquinone.	512.3602	
191.	t'oum compounds, mechanical (pro- rein based for fire fighting).	NSC	NSC		Hydroxy citronellal.	512.1902	
192.	Formaldehyde (other than para formaldehyde).	516 2108	29,11	219.	Insecticides, pesticides and weeds	1-	
193.	Fumaric sold.	NSC	29,15		(1) Alpha Napthyl Acetic Acid.	512.3604	29,06
<b>1,84.</b>	Profesa).		_		(2) Aurofungin.	NSC	NSC
193.	Fur-solidene,	NSC	29.35		(3) Barlum Carbonate.	523.2403	28.42
196,	Gambier Extracts.	\$32.2101	32.01		(4) Carbaryl.	NSC	29,25
197,	Carmain).	512,1904	29.04		<ul><li>(5) Carbendazim/MBC technical.</li><li>(6) Chlormequate Chloride include</li></ul>	NSC L	NSC
198.	Garagy acotais.	NSC	29.14		ing Cycocell.	NSC	NSC
	Glass boads/chatons/faise pearls.				(7) Copper Aceto Arsenate.	NSC	29.45
	except sintered glass beads (cylin- drical rings)	665.8202	70.19		(8) Copper Oxychloride.	523,1205	28.30
n A ch		200 . (Java)	17.25		(9) Coumachlore.	NSC NSC	NSC 20.30
74 <b>4</b>	and chopped strauds/mats and				(10) 2,4D.	1494"	29.39
	attiches ando thetefrom including the glass are charitened, but expert			J	(31) D.D V.P. (Vipons)	Mac	— .9.31
	thore measured to Apromise it is a Past i	164 <b>94</b> 0)	r0,20/1		(13) Diagon.	1.74	1

# APPENDIX 3 PARY-A--Conid

	1	TC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code		T.	TC Rev. 2 CO Code	CCN Code
(14)	Ethion	NSC	29.31	224.	Iso Nicotnic acid.	541.7937	29 38
(15)	Ethylene dichloride and carb tetrachloride mixture.	on 511.3 <b>915</b>	29.02	225.	Isophane.	NSC	NSC
(16)	Ethyl mercury chloride.	511.3914	29.33	225.	Iso propyl antipyrine	·····	Avaced
* * *	Fenitrothion	NSC .	NSC	227.	Isoxamine.	NSC	NSC
• •	Fenthion			228.	Ketonic resins		
` '	Ferric dimethyldithio carban te (Ferbam).	na- NSC	29.31	229.	Laboratory glassware other that those made of quartz glass.	in 665.8102	70.17
(20)	Fluchloralia.		enter.	330	Lactic acid.	513.9003	
(21)	Formulations of those pesti- which are based on tech- pesticides included in OGL		-	211.	Lanolin anhydrous/Adeps lan Wool fat (all grades) excluding wo grease.	c/	
(22)	Lindane	591.1015	38.11	232.	Lanthanum oxides/salts.	NSC	28 05
(23)	Lime Sulphur	522.1503	28.00		·		
(24)	Manganese Ethylene bis dithicarbarmate (Manab).	o- 689.9914	81.04		Laurylperoxide.	NSC	29.14
(25)	Metaldehyde.	NSC	29.11	234.	Lead nitrate.	NSC	28.29
• •	Methoxyethyl mercury chlorid		29.33	235.	Lead stearate.	513.7929	29.11
• •	Methyl Parathion	591.1018	38.11	236.	Lemon grass oil.	551.3025	33.01
	Monocrotophos (Technical).	NSC	NSC	237.	Lignocaine and lignocaine hydro	)	
*** *	Nickel chloride.	NSC	28.30		chloride.	541.7916.	30 03
, ,	Nicotine sulphate.	541.1017	29.42	238.	Litharge/Red lead/White lead.	522.4702	28 27
(31)	Oxydemeton-O-Methyl (Metasystox).	·VCcompt	-	23).	Magnesium compounds, the follow	to .4709 ving:—	
(32)	Para di-Chloro benzene	NSC	29.02		(1) Magnesium carbonate (heavy	) <b>52</b> 3. <b>2</b> 405	28.42
(33)	PCP	NSC	NSC		(2) Magnesium chloride.	523.1207	28.30
(34)	Paraquat dimethyl sulphate/paquat dichloride.	ira-			(3) Magnesium chromate, other than analytical reagent grade	. NSC	28.47
(35)	Phenyl mercury acetate.	NSC	29.33		(4) Magnesium hydroxide.	522.5503	25 18
	Phosalone.	**F Savall	4		(5) Magnesium sulphate (Epsom		
	Phosphamidon Technical.	NSC	NSC		sait).	523.19	2, 38
	Phorate.  Pyrethrum-preparations conta	NSC	29.31		(6) Magnesium sicarete.	513.7929	24 13
(37)	ining this item.	292.4026	12.07;	240	(7) Magnesium trisilicate.  Mateic arrhydride.	541.7942 513.8100	26.49
(40)	Quinalphos	NSC	38.11 NSC		Meclozine and its sairs.	NSC	29.35
	Streptocycline	NSC	29.44				
	TCA	NSC	NSC	242.	Molembe	515,6918	29.33
	Thanite. TMT (Thiuram).	NSC 591.2004	NSC 38.11	243.	Menthol, all grades.	112.2004	25.05
• •	Warfarin.	NSC	NSC	214.	Meprobamate.	Production	W-
	Wettable sulphur/sulphur dus		25.03	245.	Mercurochrome.	NSC	29,24
	Zinc phosphide.  Zinc dimethyl dithio-carbama (Ziram).	523.9201 to 591.2006	28.55	246.	Mercury chloride (mercurous and mercuric).	i 523.3119	28.47
	Zinc ethylene bis dithio-carbo			247.	Mercury iodide.	NSC	28 34
	nate, (Zineb) other than Zinet Technical 85% and above.	591.2005	38.11		Mercury unide	522.5908	28.28
220. Iono ionoi	ne 100% including pseudo ne.	NSC	29.13	249.	Meta-amicophenoi.	514,6017	29 23
	amrocolum citrate	C)1 7934	29.11 28 +		Make chlore phrayl math	91 715 4	29 3°B
222. Iron 223. Iso-h	oromide atyl phonyl acetata	NSI NSI	3 14		More state to		
awa mana	mand a beautiful management	2.47%	* **	, er #	Property MRT MTT		

#### APPENDIX 3 PART A-Conta.

	rre	C Rev. 2 f C Code	CCCN Code				ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code.
252.	Metal Graphite Carbon Blocks.	<b>778</b> .8703	85.24	283.	4N	itro diphenyl amine	NŚC	<b>29</b> .03
253.	Metallised Polyester Films	age and the		284.	Nitro	-furatoin.	NSC	NSC
254.	Metanillic acid	514.6054	29.23	285.	Nitro	-furazone.	NSC	29.35
255.	Metanitro chloro benzene	511.4014	29.03	286.	N-me	thyl piperazine.	NSC	29.35
256.	Meta nitro para toluidine	514.5034	29.22	287.	N :	N dimethyl aniline.	514.5007	29.22
257.	Meta nitrotoluene.	511.4021	29.03	288.	Nitro	so diphenylamine.	514.5021	29.22
258.	Metaphenylene diamine.	514.5032	29.22	289.	Non-	woven fabrics used as inter-		
259.	Methacarbamol.	NSC	NSC		lining	s both plain fusible and polywaddings.	657.2/	59.03)
260.	Methanamine mandelate.	NSC	NSC			v	657.31	59.07
261.	Methylamine (mono, di and tri).	NSC	29.22	290.	norm	nal human serum albumin and al immunoglobulin serum	500 GG. 0	
262.	Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide.	516.2400	29.13B			in (Gamma Globulin).	592.2209	35 02
263.	Methyl, ethyl and propyl esters of parahydroxy benzoic acid	513.7907	29.14D	291.		a/Polyester fibre tips and synfibre for sketch pens.	895.2109	98.03
264.	Methyl ionone.	NSC	NSC	292.	Nylo	n moulding powder/chips	582.4101	39.01
265.	Methyl phenyl acetate.	NSC	29.14	293.	Octyl alkox	-titanate and other titanium ides.	NSC	NSC
266.	Methyl salicylate.	513.9011	29.16	294.	Oleor	resin capsicum.	292.2247	13.02
267.	Methyl testoterone,	541.5904	29.39D	295.	Oleon	esin ginger.	292.2244	13.02
268.	Milk powder (all types).	022.43	04.02	296.	Oleor	esin pepper.	292.2245	13.02
269.	Mirrors, all types.	664.8	70.09			nic surface active agents, the		
270.	Mohair fabrics/tops/yarn/waste.	651.2	53.05		following :			
271.	Mono chloro acetic acid and its salts.	654.2 513.7103	53.11 29.14			Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AFFF)	NSC	NSC
272.	Mono methyl amino antipyrine.	NSC	29.35		(ii)	Ethylene Oxide Condensates (a) Ethylene Oxide Condensate	516.1300 s	29.09
273.	Mono-sodium phosphates.	523.2217	28.40			of Alkyl Phenols (Octyl, Nonyl, Dinonyl etc.)	NSC	34.02
274.	Musk ambrettee.	511.4007	29.03			(b) Ethylene Oxide Condensa-		
275.	Naphthol colours.	NSC	NSC			tes of Fafty Alcohols (Lauryl, oleyl, oetyl Ceto Stearyl, Cetyl, stearyl etc.).	NSC	34.02
276.	N-Acetyl sulphanilyl-chloride.	NSC	NSC			(c) Ethylene Oxide conden-	1450	34.04
277.	N-Butyl diethyl malonate.	NSC	29.15			sates of Fatty Amines (Cocoamine, Stearyl Amine)		
278.	N-Butyl malonic acid.	513.8904	29.15			etc.).	NSC	34.02
279.	Napthionic acid/sodium naphthionate.	514.6034	29.23			Imidazolines, Betairs, Propiona tes, Amino Oxides.	NSC	34,02
280.	Natural diamond in powder form.	277.2100	71.04		1	Quaternary Ammonium Com- pounds like Alkyl Triethyl Am-		
281.	Nickel compounds, the following:-					monium Chloride etc. or any speciality compounds.	514.8102	34.02
	(1) Nickel ammonium sulphate.		28.38			Sodium lauryl ether sulphate	N (C/C)	24.00
	(2) Nickel carbonate.	NSC	28.42		1	and Sodium lauryl sulphate.	NSC	34.02
	(3) Nickel formate.	NSC	29.14			Tri-cthanolamine lauryl	NIES	14 02
	(4) Nickel sulphate.	NSC	28.38			sulphate.	NSC	34.02
383	Nitro-cellulose.	361, 2101	39 (13	298.	Ortho	unlsidme.	314 61Qn	29 73

# APPENDIX 3 PART-A-Gontd

	n	Code	CCCN Cods			ITC-Revi 2 Code	CCCN Code
299	. Ortho dichlorobenzeue	511,3913	29.02	- 333.	. Phenyl acetic acid	513.7211	29.14
300.	Ortho nitro aniline.	514.5028	29.22	334.	. Phenyl acetamide.	NSC	29.25
301	Ortho nitroanisole.	516.1111	29.08	33 <b>5</b> ,	. Phenyl butazone	NSC	29.25
302.	Ortho phenylene diamine.	NSC	29.22	336.	Phenyl ethyl acetate.	NSC	29.14
303.	Ortho toluene sulphonamide.	15.7100	29.36	337.	. Phenyl ethyl alcohol.	512.2005	29.05
304.	Ortho tolvdine (O.T. liquid)	PPOS	Printed	338.	. Phenyl ethyl phenyl acetate	NSC	29.14
305.	Oxalic acid.	13.8905	29.15	339.	Phosphorous pentoxide.	522.2402	28.10
306.	Oxyphenyl butazon	NSC	29.75	340.	Phthalate plasticisers.	598 9915	38 19
307.	Paints.	13.4219	12.1	341	Phthalic anhydride (PAN)	513.8200	29.15
308.	Paints driers (naphthenates, octoates	i,		142.	Phthalyl sulphathiazole	541.7955	30.03
	linoleates, etc. of lead, cobalt, man- ganese, zinc, calcium, etc.).	NSC	32-11	143	Picoline, alpha	515,69	29.35
309.	Palmarosa oil.	551.3051	33 91	344.	Pine oil.	598 1302	38.07
310.	Palladium chloride.	NSC	29.56		Pine tar	598.1901	38.09
311.	Papain.	5.6.9103	29.40	346.	Plasticizer Alcohols (C.h. to ( straight chain.	3.12) NSC	NSC
312.	Paper stationery items.	631.21	48.01	147.	Plastic woven tapes/sacks	NSC	NSC
313.	Para amino salicylic acid and as salts	tii Ails	49 16	348.	Polyamide/Polyester chips o and plastic grades.	l texals NSC	39.01
314.	Para anisidine	v an		349.	Polyester resins (unsaturated	))	
	Para cresyl acetate	NSC	29.14	350.	Polyethylene glycol	582.J103	39.01
316.	Para nitro phenol and lis sairs.	ə12 3/12	29.17	351.	Polypropylene film (plain/mother than those required for		
317.	Paranitrotoluene-o-sulphonic acid.	511.4024	29 03		tronic industry.	NSC	39.02
318.	Paraphenetidine.	314.6063	29 23	352.	Polyurethane foam/sheets inclaminations thereof.	cludin <b>g</b> NSČ	39.01
319.	Para toluene sulphonamide.	513,7100	29. 4	147			27.01
320.	Para toluidine.	511,5038	29.22	133.	Polyvinyl chloride plastic file sheets, all sorts (upto 70°C		iu An
321.	Pearl essence.	NSC	32.09	2 5.a	softening point).  Poster and water colours.	533,5200	39.02 32.10
322.	Penicillin G (sodium/potassium/ procaine) and phenoxy methyl peni- cillin.	341,4400	27. 44		Potassium Compounds, the ingi-		
272	Pentachlorophenol and its Sudian				(i) Potassium acetate.	NSC	29.14
¥4,5.	salts.	NSC	29. 17		(2) Potassium bitartarate.	513.9012	29.16
324.	Pentagrythritol (all grades)	512.191.	29.04		(3) Potassium bromide (oti		1.3 1 1
325.	Pepper oil.	521 3033	33.e1		photographic grade).	523.2901	28.33
326.	Peppermint of (ex Memba Arresis).		33 0		<ul><li>(4) Potassium citrate.</li><li>(5) Potassium ferricyanide.</li></ul>	513.9013 523.2504	29.16 28.43
32T.	Peptone.	372,2401	35 04				40.45
	Phonazopyridine.	Nai	29.33		(6) Potassium hydrogen ta (Cream of Tarter).	513.902y	29.16
	Phonazopyridine bydrochloride.	NSC	NSC		(7) Potasslum Iodide.	523 2912	28.34
330.	Phenobarbitone	A54	29,25		(8) Potasalum permangana	ir. 523.3102	28.47
	Phenolic/urea/melam/ne/alkyd/maten resins/compositionsf/synthetid)	4169.51	71.83		(9) Posassium sodium terta (Rochelle salt)	rate 541.7953	29,16
\$32.	Phonothiazine included a state of zine dispersible		* > ~ \$		rest to me that a white spele	* 1 2 3	28.48

#### APPENDI 8 PARY-A-Contd

	ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code		TC Rev. 2 ( Code	CCCN Code
(11) Potassium guracol Sulphonat (Thiacol/Potassium Sulfoguiac			(ii) Antioxidants:-	598.9902	38.19
late).	516.1113	29.08	(1) N-Phenyl-N-Isopropyl-P- phenylene diamine.	NSC	29.22
(12) Potassium dichromate.	523.3101	28.47	(2) N-1, 3-di-methyl butyl-N-		a,
(13) Potassium gold cyanide	-	***	phenyl-p-phenylene diamine.	NSC	29.22
356. Precipitated silica (excluding collection dal and fumed).	NSC	28.13	(3) Condensation product of acetone and di-pheny-lamine (solid and liquid.)	NSC	29.22
<ul> <li>357. Printing and writing inks including ball pen inks (but excluding heat-set hot carbonised printing in for printing industry only).</li> </ul>	g	32.13	(4) (a) Mixture of N-phenyl-N- tolyl-p-phenylene diamine N-phenyl-N-phenyl-p-pheny-		
358. Probenocid.	NSC	29.36	lene diamine and N-tolyl- N-tolyl-p-phenylene diamine.	NSC	38.19
359. Products made of cork, natural of waste excluding shuttle cork bottom	m <sub>.</sub>		(b) 1, 2-dihydro-2, 2,4, trimehyl quineline polymerised.	NSC	NSC
and cork powder of 200 mesh as fineness.	na 244.0	45.01	(5) Phenyl beta naphthyl amine.	514.5034	29.22
360. Progesterone.	541.5905	29.39	370. Rubber products inclusive of products from natural and/or synthetic		
361. Propantheline bromide.	- NSC	NSC	rubber and accessories excluding	621	40.05
362. Prussian blue.	NSC	32.07	(i) Oil seals, bushings, O Rings		
363. PTFE sheets/rods.	NSC	39.01	and tyres/tubes (including flaps in equal numbers) for auto-		
364. PVC compounds except for the manufacture of gramaphone record		39.02	(ii) Drive rubber belts, rubber	NSC	NSC
365. PVC leather cloth of all sorts i cluding PU leather cloth.	n- 657.3201	59.08	rings, rubber cushions and rubber rollers for tape recor- ders/tape deck-mechanisim.	NSC	40.10
366. Rare earth fluoride.	524.9200	28.52	(ili) Rubber blankets, for drafting machines and condensors		1
367. Rare earth pure.	278.9908	25.32	rubbing aprons woolen cards.	NSC	40.16
368. Refractory bricks and shapes mine lith ramming masses mortars in	O+		371. R. Salt.	278.3001	25.01
cluding dead burnt magnesite wit more than 6% silica content		69.03	372. Saffron.	075.2804	09.10
349. Rubber chemicals, the following:	- 598.9917	38.19	373. Salicylamide.	541.7968	30.03
(i) Accelerators:-	598.3300	38.15	374. Sandal wood oil including synthetic sandal wood oil.	551.3035	33.01
<ol> <li>2-Mercaptobenzothazole and its Zn salt.</li> </ol>	NSC	29.35	375. Santonia.	NSC	29.35
(2) Dibenzothlazyl disulphid	e. NSC	29.31	376. Sera and vaccines, the following :		
(3) Tetramethyl Thiuram dis	rul- 591,2004	38.11	(1) Anti-influenza vaccine.	541.6429	30.02
(4) N-Cyclothexyl—2-Benzo thiazyl sulphenamide.	•		(2) Anti-rable vaccine.	541.6429	30.02
(5) Benzothiazyl-2-tert-butyl		29.22	(3) Anti-venom serum (4) Cholers veccina	541.6429 541.6411	30.02
sulphenamide.  (6) Benzothiazyl-2-Suiphone	NSC	29.35	(5) T.A.B. vaccins	-	
pholide and its blend w Diabenzothiazyl disulphi	dth .	38 15	(6) Tetanus sati-tona	541 6414 541 6415	
(Y) Benzothiazyl-2-decyloher Sulphenamide.	ryl NSC	NSC	(7) Triple vaccine	541.6429	
(8) Bieno o Dibenzothlazyl sulphid ith Diphenyl g gldite	di- rua NSC		377. Shecis/tapes/strips—Polyethylene, Polystyrene, PVC and ABS	<b>1</b> 93 1301	19 02
'9) Za-N-Distay Dishlocer	7.34 <sup>178</sup> 4.	NSC	378. Milita gel	322 2916	28 13
<b>为金四年</b>	NW	M&L	379. El se su ruselationes	NSC	in of

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A—Contd

		17 C-Rev. 2 Code	JCCN Code			17C-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
190 Silk fa	orics/thread yarn/waste/nort	5 654 1	to 09		(29) Sodium dichromate.	523.3105	28.47
381. Silver	nitrate.	323 3201	23.49		(30) Sodium Gold cyanide	And after	-
382. Silver	protein, mild and strong	5	**		(31) Sodium borate	404-	regions rigs
	•	-SC	) / (),	385.	Sodium Metal		
383. Sisal			3. 01	386.	Sorbitol.	512, 1915	29.04
384. Sodiu	m compounds, the following	3 ° 5 A		387.	Soya acress reducing pressed		N. (*)
(1) 1	Sodium acetate.	j ~ '{;	9 [1		secondary tertury and quater a		<b>NSC</b>
	Sodium alginate, other in in- dental grade.	\$ 200	) 1)0	358	Stores		
(3)	Sodium alummate.	) 31(13	20 41		<ul> <li>a) Emerala-jubies and sapplusemi precious and precio</li> </ul>	ous 667,3101	71.02 71.02
(4)	Sodium amide	NBC	23 55		stones, pearls (real or culture and rough diamods; and	red) 657,2900 667,1004	71.02 71.01
(5)	Sodium azide	NbC	25.57		(b) Synthetic stones (other the	is ses	
(6)	Sodium bicarbonate.	523 2408	25.42		synthetic ruby, unworked; finished/unworked.		N8C
(7)	Sodium bi-sulphite.	123.1702	29,37	389.	Stralyl acetate (Phenyl met		
(8)	Sodium carbonate, fused blo	cks. 523.2419	28 42		carbaryl acetate).	NSC	NJC
19)	Sodium citrate.	NSC	34.16	390.	Strontium carbonate	523 2214	28.49
(10)	Sodium formate.	NSC	29*14	391	Strontium nitrate.	NSC	28,38
(11)	Sodium hexametaphosphate	. NSC	28 40	392	Styphenic acid.	NSC	29-07
(12)	Sodium hydrosulphite.	523.1703	28.37	393.	Styrenated phenois.	NEC	NSC
(13)	Sodium iodide.	NSC	28.34	394.	Sub-merged are welding fluxes.	NSC	38 13
(14)	Sodium lauryl sulphate.	NSC	34.02	195.	Succinates other than Succinate,	inyl NSC	29.15
(15)	Sodium metabisulphate.	N°-C	28,42	396	Sulfamic acid.	NSC	28 13
(16)	Sodium molybdate.	523,3106	28.47		Sulphadiazine.	541.7965	29 36
(17)	Sodium nitrate.	523.2101	28 39		Sulphamethazole	NSC	29 36
(18)	Sodium nitrue	.:SC	28 39		,		
(19)	Sodium orthosigicate	NSC	25 45	399	Sulphantlic acid	514 6074	29.22
(20)	Sodium perborate.	NSC	28 46		. Sulphaphenazole	NSC	<b>29</b> .36
(21)	Sodium phosphate (muno di).	323. <b>22</b> 17	"ð. 4C	401.	Sulphate of alumina (terric iron free).	and 523,1901	28.33
(22)	Sodium sesquisilicate.	NSC	28.45	402	. Sulphathlazole,	541 <b>796</b> 4	29/30
	Sodium silicate (sodium in silicate).	nts 513.2701	23 15	403	Sulphonated salphated acraise and nated products of neats foot codliver oil and sperm oil	oil,	
(24)	Sodium salico fluorido	523 HW	28.29	46.1	. Synthetic for exchange—cation	-	
(25)	Sodium salphide	+_1.13(1)	20 35	107	change reams only.	NSC NSC	NSC
(26)	Sodium sulphue, all grade.	5 > 1704	25.57	405	. Ianno soid	NSC	32.02
(27)	Sodinia : negulphate the co			406	Te, party is and	313 7213	29.14
	phile of sodia	1 1+1	3	4 17	168 +541	*1 · 21X):	29 05
{781	Sodium tripoly a pate	Ψ.,	į	*438	Ternary buty catechol	14 VC	29 0-

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A--Contd

		, 12 2 352 15			01111			
		11C Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code				ITC-Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
ŧ09.	Testosterone, testosterone propio- nate, testosterone valerate and testo				(5)	Mass miniature films	MSC	NSC
410.	Tetramisole Hydrochloride.	NSC	NSC			35 cm a gatto and receive for five duplicating of man Personal monitoring films.		NSC NSC
	Theophylline ethanonte of pipera-	NSC	NSC			Special types of films used i		NSC
412.	Thiacetazone.	NSC	29.31	434.		Yara (beta napthol meth	nyl	
413.	Thorlum compounds (thorlum	48.4 AAAA			ether		NSC	29.08
114	nitrate and thorium oxide).  Tobacco-unamanufactured/filter.	524,9200 121.1	28.52 24.01			imbine hydrochloride.	NSU 278.9908	29.42 25.32
	·	121.1	21101				210.3300	23.32
415.	Transformer oil (non inflammable/ synthetic).	NSC	27.10			chloride.	NSC	28.30
416.	Tri-calcium phosphate.	523.2213	28.40	438.	Zinc	oxide.	522 4101	28.19
417.	Tricholine Citrate.		₩-	439.	Zine	stearate	NSC	NSC
418.	Trichlorobenzene.	NSC	29 02	440.	Zinc	sulphate		
419.	Tricholoroethylene.			441.	Zino	undecylenate.	NSC	NSC
420.	1:7:7 Trimethyl blcyclo [2, 2, 1] -2 Heptanone and/or1:7:7 Heptono	NSC	NSC		Engi	neering and altied Items :		
421.	Triple superphosphate (industrial grade).	562.2200	31.03	442.		C/ACSR conductors and alumn busbars.	ni- NSC	85.19
422.	Trisodium phosphate	523,2215	28.40	443.		starters upto 660 Volts ratin upto 250 AMP (for L.T. app		
423.	Ultramarine blue.	NSC	30,07		catio		778.3106	85.08
	Undecylenic acid.	513.7924	29.140	444.	Actu	ators for valves.	NSC	84.61
	Uninked nylon ribbon tape from			445.	Agri	icultural steel discs.	NSC	73.40
	1/2" to 18-1/4" both ends electrically welded required for the manufacture		0.4.55	446.	Air a	and gas compressors.	743.1001	84.11
	of Typewriter/Computer ribbons.	759.1100	84.55	447.		ypes of electrical lighting fitti iding chokes, starters and refle		
426.	Vanadium pentoxide/Vanadium pentoxide Catalyst.	NSC	28.28		tors,	_ ,	771.2201	85.0i
427.	Vetlver acetate.	NSC	29.14	448.	Alte	rnators upto 2000 K.V.A.	NSC	85.01
	Vetiver oil.	551 3037	33 01	449.	Alun rigid	ninium collapsible tubes, cans and containers.	634.2500	76.06
429.	Viscose filament yarn 600 denier and above, including viscose tyre yarn.	651.7119	51.01	450.		omblies/Sub-assemblies, the		
430.	Vltamin B-12.	541.1015	29.38		(1)	Electric motor—all types not elsewhere specified.		08.01.4
431.	Waxed paper.	641 8911	48.07D		(8)		716.01	85.01A
432.	Wood preservatives of the type of solignum and gold chloride.	NSC	NSC		(2)	Cable recling drum.  Compressors all types.	NSC 743,1001	NSC 84.11
422		NSC	NSC		(3)			
455,	X-ray films (medical) excluding the following types:—	882.2101	37.01		(4)	Cold Box/Chamber.	NSC	NSC
	(1) Cine angiographic films.	NSC	NSC		(5)	Column as required in indumachinery including chemic	al	NGC
	(2) Copylng films.	NSC	NSC			and air-separation plant.	NSC	NSC
	(3) Dental films.	NSC	NSC		(6)	Cooling coils and tube bund	lles, NSC	NSC
	(4) Films for use without screens.	NSC	NSC		(7)	Complete engines including pansion engines.	ex- NSC	NSC
	(5) to-dose mammographic films	NSC	NSC		(8)	Circuit breakers	NSC	85.19

#### APPENDIX & PART-A-Gontd.

		1	EG Bev. 2 Code	CCGN Code			ITC Rev. 2 Code	CEGN Code
	(9)	Turbines, all types	718.8200	84.07		thereof having internal dia, 8 mm to 85 mm excluding the following:	749.1	84.62
(	10)	Furnaces, ovens & killer, all types in sizes.	741 . 3201	84.14		(f), Bearings equivolent to SKP Nos. NU-206, NU-212, NU-		
(	11)	Ball and roller grinding mills.	737.2100	84,44		214, NUP-309 N. NUP-310 N. NJ-310. NJ-311. NJ-313.		
(	12)	Evaporators.	NSC	NSC		SKF No. 309397, 39565 E, 3205, 362123, 51205, 51203, Clutch release bearing No. 05		
(	(13)	Rope drum assembly.	NSC	84 22		3151049 001, SKF 16007, SKF 1203, 4303 ANR TN 9,		
(	(14)	Mechanical hoist drives and boom hoist.	NSC	84.22		612645 E, NA-44143/44363 D. T-1260, RNU-306, BN- 15759, SKF 8211, SKF 1308,		
(	15)	Trolly assembly.	NSC	NSC		UM-7207-B-101, UM-1306-B- 104, Nippon Selko bearing		
(	(16)	Hydraulic control Assembly.	NSC	NSC		No. 35 TMK 29 CI/C330309, TIMT-126 (Axial Roller Bear-		
(	(17)	Heat-Exchanger	~ •			Ing), FAG-CD 521618, CD- 521618 T, FAG 3309 DAMA, STEYR-1933211 SKF NU-		
(	(18)	Pressure Vessels		■		2305 CJ 2, SKF N 309 CM 86, NJ-2211 CAM-6, SKF		
(	19)	Driers		and.		K-492A CUP, K-497-Cone, 495/493, 395/S/394 AS, 43125/43312, 02473/02420,		
(	(20)	Dished Ends				212047/212010, 51108×N6153 V3, TIM T-126, TIM T- 97W, SFK 210-ZZ NR,		
	Aut Ingi	omotive components, the follow-				Polard ZZ 155, Hoffmann 6160K/2 NSR 40 Y 9886 D 14, Pollard MJ 1.1/8 37425/		
	(1)	Fans.	775,7203	85.06		37625.		
	(2)	Cables for speedometers and taximeters.	NSC	NSC		(II) Super precision bearings viz. P-6 P-2 or ABEC-5 to ABEC-9 for machine tool		
	(3)	Cut outs and regulators	775,7901	85.06		industry are excluded.	,	
	(4)	Filters/cleaner assembly air fuel or lubricating oil.	334. <b>5</b> 101	84.18	453.	Battery climinators.	NSC	NSC
	(5)	Electric horns and components there of except tungsten disc and tungsten contacts.	778.3202	85.09		Bicycle dynamo sets including lamps.	785.3909	
	(6)	Hub caps.	NSC	NSC	430.	Bloycle tyres/tubes	625.4001, 4002	40.11
	(7)	Reflectors including rear view mirrors.	664.8	70.09	456.	Bimetal/trimetal multimetal bearings and bushes including engine		
	(8)	Shackles, shackle pins, U-bolts, centre bolts clip and pressure plates (i. e. those used on the leaf string assemblies exclud-			457.	bearings and bushes, semifinished/under-sized/oversized.  Binocular heads, other than stero-	NSC	84.63
	401	ing those of clutch assemblies).	699.32	73.34	450	zoom type.  Brake cables and control cables,	871.0102	90.05
	(9)	Silencers or mufflers, tail pipes and extensions thereof.	NSC	NSC	,-	Brass and bronze electrodes rods/	NSC	NSC
	. ,	Silent channels.	NSC	NSC	<del>7</del> ンプ・	wires.	682.2112	74.03
	(11)	Spark plugs excluding avlation spark plugs.	778.3105	85.08	460.	Bright steel bars/rounds/rods/squares Flats/hexagons/Octagons and other	5	
	(12)	Taxi fare meters.	873,2002	90.27		profiles of steel/carbon and alloy steel including free cutting quality		
452.	and	il, cylindrical, taper, spherical 1 other roller bearings including nponents thereof having internal				and Stainless/heat resisting steel in all grades.	673.24 7	3.15
	dia nec	. 10 mm to 85 mm and die roller bearings, needle bushes I needle cages and components			461.	Bright steel rounds of non-cobalt bearing high speed steel 6 mm to 40 mm dia in any finish.	NSC	73.15

#### APPENDIX 3 FARY-A-Conid

		ITC Res. 2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
452.	Cables and wires:			473	Components of refrigeration/air-		
	(a) All types of pleutrical cabina and wires for ratings upto and				conditioning compressors, the following:		
	including 132 KV but exclud- ing flat/flat flexible cables				(1) Crank shaft and its assembly	NSC	84 63
	other than those for T.V. antenna connections.	773 1	85 23		(ii) Connecting rods and its assembly.	NSC	84 63
	(b) Tele-communication cables and wires all types including				(III) Cylinder,	NSC	84.11
	telephone cables and cordages.	773 1	85.23		(iv) Piston	NSC	84,11
463.	Cadmium metal.	_	~~		(v) Compressor body shell/		
464.	Carbon steel flanges discs. of all sizes upto 1000 mm and rings of all sizes upto 1500 mm nominal bore				housing and compressor cast- lng/housing top and bottom.	NSC	84 11
	and O D. 2000 mm,	NSC	NSC	476.	Components of time-pieces (other		
465.	Cast fron and cast steel rolls (finish-	•			than those in Appendix 6 List 8 part—I) and clocks (excluding electronic components).	885.1400	NSC
	ed weight per roll upto 30 tonnes), for industrial use.	NSC	73.40	2 <b>49 4</b> 0	Components of guestiand master		
466.	Cast fron spun pipes upto 750 mm dia.	678.1	73.17	477	Components of overload protec- tion relays for air-conditioning and refrigeration application, the follow- ing 1—		
467.	Centrifugal pumps, upto $100 \text{mm} \times 100 \text{mm}$ size.	742.2001	84.10		(/) Bimetallic disc.	NSC	NSC
468.	Cold rolled hard drawn phosphor bronze rods upto 50 mm dia/sq.	682.2122	74.04		(II) Sheet metal components.	NSC	NSC
469.	Components of air conditioning and refrigeration equipment other				(##) Plastic moulding cases and components.	NSC	NSC
	than those specified in Appendix 6 List 8 Part—I.	741 .49/ 741 5	84 12/ .15		(1v) Power element/assembly.	NSC	NSC
		741 3	.19		(v) Planges.	NSC	85,19
470.	Components of photo-copying machines excluding electronic components.	NSC	NSC		(vi) Contact plates	NSC	85.19
471.	Components of Camera (other than video camera and Cinematographic camera), the following 1 1—				Components of vacuum cleaners/scrubbers.		
	1. Main body/case back cover	NSC	90 07	479	Components of solenoid valves for air-conditioning and refrigeration		
	2. Shutter system.	NSC	90,02		application, the following !		
	3. Lens system.	NSC	90.02		(/) Sheet metal components	NSC	NSC
	4. View finder.	NSC	90.07		(ii) Colls/colls assembly.	NSC	NSC
	5. Film transport system.	NSC	90.07		(III) Switch assembly	NSC	85.19
	6. Range finder.	NSC	90.14		(iv) Outer Casing/press components	. NSC	NSC
472.	Components of domestic vacuum flasks.	NSC	NSC	480	. Components of expansion valves		
473.	Components of footwear excluding unit soles.	NSC	NSC		for air-conditioning and refrigera- tion application, the following:—		
474	Commence of themselves for				(I) Valve housing.	NSC	84.61
474.	Components of thermostats for air-conditioning and refrigeration application, the following 1—				(#) Spindles	NSC	84 61
	(1) Boliow assembly	NSC	83.08		(III) Stainers	NSC	84.18
	(#) Switch assembly.	NSC	85.19		(1r) Bollow assembly	NSC	83.08
	(iii) Sheet metal components	NSC	NSC	481	Components of electric fans	NSC	NSC
	((r) Shoot metal casings	NSC	NSC	704	Components of Jute Mill Machinery	724 4903	NSC
	ton ander meren cuarriba	14.5C	(7) 74	46.4	CAMBOROUS OF LARD MIN MECHINGLY	144 4701	14347

		ITC Rev 2	CCCN Coli			ITC Rev 2	CCCN Code
183	Components of pressure and safety out-on the first and ditioning in I refrigate in Page to tion, the following:				'ty cells batteries based on marchiese d'oxide and by a control Lomp cape.	. J. 1112	85.03
	(i) Bellow assembly.	4.6	32.0"		Electric motors totally enclosed fan	· ·	-00-64B
	(ii) Contact housing	NSC	35 19		cooled and screen protected, squirrel cage upto 100 HP other than with insulation class F and H including		
	· ·		30 & ·		grated types	716 21 8	35 018
	(iii) Springs.	، دڻ	NSC	501.	Electric resistance (nickel-chro-		
	(iv) Terminal controls.	.1a.C	.85.19		mium based) wires, wire rods, rods and strips.	MSC	NSC
	(v) Heat thermostats for domest'o appliances.	rsc	90-24	502.	Electrodeposited copper foil of thickness 0.017 mm and above.	abore sides	Name and
484.	Compressors of refrigeration and			503.	Flectroformed nickel screens	NEC	NSC
	air-conditioning—all types.	71 .1001	31.13	504	Framelled/super enamelled copper/		
485	Condensors.	17   81	25.18		soldering/insulation type or class 11.	682 2101/	74.03
486.	Condenser bushings upto 245 KV rating.	a-repor				684.2119 & 771 1001	
487.	Contactors of all ratings.	NSC	35.19	505.	Expanded metal made of Iron/steel.	693 5111	73.28
-	Copper/aluminium bimetal strlps.	632 2202	NS I	506.	Expansion joints/bellows/connectors for Diesel locomotives		
	•• /	037 ZMZ	1437	507.	Eye-Picces of all types with mount-	2-1-2	
489.(i	) Copper and copper alloy (all types of alloy like cupro-nickel, alumi- nium brass, aluminium bronze) in the form of pipes tubes and hollow			•	ings except Zoom eye-pieces, wide field eye-pieces and stereo objectives for microscopes.	834,12	90.02
	section excluding capillary tubes and finned copper.			508.	Fan balts	NSC	NSC
c.ix	Copper and copper alloy plates and			509.	Feed water heaters.	775.8200	85.12
(11)	sheets (less than 1200 mm width), strips and foils of thickness 0.06mm and above and manganin strips for			510.	Finned Copper and copper-Nickel tubes.	682,25	74.07
	use in electrical instruments with thickness not more than 2.5 mm.	632.2101	74.03	511.	Fluid couplings upto 400 HP.	NSC	NSC
490.	Copper and copper alloys—solid sections.			512.	Forged shafts of dia 250 mm and above.	749.3005	84.63
491.	Compared bars/ i bars/ but excluding copper beryllium strips.	NSC	NSC	513.	Fractional horse power electric motors excluding micro motors, brake motors, stepper motors upto rating not more than 20 watts.	NSC	85.04
492.	Current and potential transformers,	, ,,,,		514.	Fuses—LT and HRC-except those suitable for diodes and thyristors.	NSC	85 19
	excluding those for medium/high frequency applications.	NSC	85.01	515.	Grab Buckets.	<b>:</b>	unt
403	Cylinder and cylinder heads of			516.	Halogen lamps and infraared lamps.		edoptra
	power driven pump.	NSC	84 10	517.	Hardware and pipe fittings made uf copper, zinc, aluminium and alloys thereof.	NSC	NSC
494.	Damping roller hoses excluding shrink warp sleeves for alcohol damping units of offset machines.	621 0501	40 09	518.	Heating elements all sorts for domestic appliances.	775.82	85.12
495.	Diesel/gas engines upto 4000 H.P.	713 32	84.06	519.	Heat exchangers including the following:—	NSC	84.17
496.	Domestic sewing machines and components thereof	724 3	84 41		<ul><li>(i) Columns.</li><li>(ii) Storage Tanks.</li><li>(iii) Dryers.</li></ul>		
497.	Drill chucks/lathe chucks	778 8102	84 48		(iv) Evaporators		

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A-Conid.

		ITC Bar. 3				ITC Rev.	
		Code	Gode	£0.5		Code	Code
	Hose assembles with end metal fittings.	NSC	NSC :	<b>535</b> .	<ul> <li>(a) Line pipes and tubes ERW variety, upto 508 mm (exclud- ing boiler quality).</li> </ul>	NSC	73.18
3/1.	Hypodermic syringes needles, other than for dental/special medical application.	872.021€	90,17		(b) Boiler tubes, ERW variety: 8 mm to 80 mm O.D.		
522.	Impellers of power driven pumps.	NSC	34.10	<b>53</b> 6.	Locks suitcase fittings and metal		
523.	Industrial valves, the following:— (1) Gate, globe and check valves				fittings (other than stainless steel fittings) including spectacle hinges.	699.1101	83.01/ 83
	of cust Iron.  (#) Gate, globe and check valve of alloy steel upto 200mm size	749.2603	84.61	537.	Mechanical seals excluding those required for open type air-condi- ditioning refrigeration compressors.	NSC	NSC
	and upto pressure class 600. Gate globe and check valves			538.	Mercury vapour lamps.	778.220?	85.20
-	of forged carbon steel upto 50 mm size and upto pressure class 800. Gate valve of carbon steel upto 600 mm size and upto pressure class 400/500. Globe valve of carbon steel upto 200 mm size and	749.2003	84.61	539.	Metal caps, clips and barrels for pens (including ball point pen), pen nibs (for handwriting) and ball points refills.	895.21/22	98.03/ .04
	pressure class 300.			540.	Metal clad switches/switch fuse units/fuse switch units-all types.	NSC	85.19
	(iii) Plug valve upto 600 mm size.	NSC	84.61	541	Mild steel nuts and bolts.	694.0201	73.32
	(iv) Ball valve upto pressure class 600 and upto size 130 mm;	NSC	84.61		Mild steel wood screws/machine screws.	694.0213	73.32
	(v) Butterfly valve upto300 mm siz	e		543.	Miniature circuit breakers.	NSC	85.19
524.	Insulators and components thereof			544.	Molybdenum wire rods and wires 15 mm dia and below.	699.9201	81.02
	(i) Insulators and Components			545.	Moulds for tyres, tubes, bladders,	NSC	NSC ,
	thereof for transmission lines upto and including 420 KV.  (ii) Insulators for transformers, switchgears and other electrical equipments of rating upto and including 245 KV.	NSC	85.25	546.	air bags and flap for tyre industry.  Nails, tacks, staples and staple pins, hook nails, corrugated nails, spiked clamps, studs, spikes drawing pins of iron and steel and Boot and Shoe grindery.	694	73.31/ .32
<b>5</b> 43.	frontalloy iron powder.			547	Nickel and nickel based alloys and fron based super-alloys, (including		
- #/ *	Iron and Steel castings bachding rought/proof machined.				inconels, incoloys, nomonics, hast- alloys and udimets) in the form of ingors, blooms, billets, slabs, bars, rounds, rods wires, plates, shoets		
527.	Isolating switches and isolators, off load and on load types, upto				and strips.	633	75.01 .02
	220 KV rating.	772.1	85.19	540	Nickel Cadmium batteries and		
	Jewels for instruments.	NSC	NSC	J40.	components, parts thereof.		
<b>5</b> 29.	Jewels (finished/semifinished) for watches, time-pieces, and clocks			549.	Objectives upto magnification X-45.	NSC	90.02
	when imported alone.	NSC	NSC	550.	On load tap changer of continuous		
530.	Lamps/bulbs—all types (excluding prefocussed types and automobile head lamps)—of rating below 24 volts.	778.2	85.20		current rating of 300A or less and rated service voltage of 73 KV or less for application to transformers with star or delta or single phase connection.	NSC	85.01
531.	Lord acid storage batteries.	778.1201	85.04	551	Permanent magnets (all types) excluding those by pick-up catridge		
532	Lead-in-viron for GLS, minimizers and fluorescent tubes.			ata m	and DC micro motor manufactures Petrol/Kerosone/gas engines upto	NSC	85.02
422	Lighting arrestors upto 220 KV			:34.	25 HP.	¥13.8	84.06
2.73	rating.	772.1021	85.19	553	Phosphor bronze/Tambac brass		
	Limit switches. I/85—10.	NSC	85.19		wires, 30 SWG and thicker.	682,2123	74. 03
20 0.							

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A—Contd.

		ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code			ITC Rev. 2	CCCN Code
554.	Photographic lens 180 mm; f/4,5, excluding Zoom lens.	884.1201	90.02		(d) Seamless alloy steel tubes/ casings/hollows drill tubes and pipes and blanks thereof and	•	
555.	Photovoltale Cells panels/modules.	NSC	85,21		any other cylindrical hollow shaped steel in both hot/cold		
556.	Pneumatle time delay units.	NSC	85.19		finished in sizes 40 mm to 159 mm O.D. excluding those		
557.	Pre-heater.	NSC	NSC		required by power boilers and ball bearing manufacturers.	678.22/ 678.2300/	73.18
558.	Pressure Vessels and multi-wall and multi layer vessels.	NSC	73,25			678.2400/ 678.2500	
	Power and distribution transformers other than east coil rectifiers/excitation transformers.  Power capacitors—all types, ex-		85.01		(e) Scamless alloy steel tubes of composition equivalen to SAE 52100 and in the size range of 45 mm to 48 mm outer dia. and 70 mm to 86 mm. outer		
500.	cluding those for medium/high frequency applications, high voltage				dia.	NSC	28.04
	application, commutating and filter capacitors	778.8502	85.18		Selenium metal (including powder form).  Sheet glass.	522.1206 664.7001	28.04 70.08
561.	Push button switches excluding lighted push button switches. Printed circuit board mounting multi-station push—push or interlocking types.	772.1016	85,19	574. <i>A</i>	A Soft or high purity Iron in the form of ingots billets, bars, rods, wires, sheets and strips other than pure Iron (unwrought form) for remelting purposes.	672.51	73.07
562.	Rayon spluning pots.	NSC	84.38	574.	B Solder wires.	_	_
563.	Reflectors for Bicycles and auto-			575.	Spectacle frames and components thereof including fronts and sides.	884.2	90.03
564.	mobiles.  Reformer tubes and assemblies.	785.39 NSC	87.12 NSC	576.	Spoke/nipples/tyres-tubes valves, for bicycles.		-84.61
565.	Reformer type assembly and fitt-				<b>G</b>	785.3909 J	
	ings.	NSC	NSC		Static convertors/Invertors. Sterillzers.	771,2101 741,6011	
566.	Rivets other than bifurcated and tubular.	694.0221	73.32		Steel forgings all kinds.	679.3	73.40
<b>5</b> 67.	Rollon and pilfer proof caps.	NSC	83.13	580.	Steel tubing:—  (1) brazed, double walled, copper		
568.	Rubber hoses.	621.0509	40.09		coated 3 mm to 10 mm OD and wall thickness 0.71 mm.	NSC	73.18
569.	'S' nickel.	683.1021	75.01		(#) brazed double walled, copper coated 3 mm to 7.94 mm OD		
570.	Scale reading device (optical read- out).	NSC	NSC	491	of wall thickness 0.89 nm.  Steel and Iron castings including	NSC	NSC
571	(a) Scamless stainless steel pipes			561.	finish machined for cement industry		
5/1.	and tubes 4.5 mm to 220 mm OD and 0.5 mm to 10 min wall			582	Surgical blades.	NSC	90.17
	thlekness.	678.2	73.18	583	Switchbaard and control panels and distribution fuse boards and		
	(b) Welded stainless steel pipes and tubes including various sec- tions, like U tubes of 4 mm to 600 mm OD with wall thickness of 0.05 mm to 7 mm	699.7906	<b>7</b> 3.40			772.1015 NSC	85.19 84.62
	(c) Seamless carbon steel tubes/ casings hollows/drill tubes and pipes and blanks thereof and any other cylindrical hollow shaped carbon steel in both hot/cold finished in wall thick- ness of 3 mm to 40 mm in sizes 31 mm to 230 mm outside dia- meter, excluding ready to hone tubes required by hydraulic				SKF Nos. 51102, 51103, 51104, 51105, 51106, 51107, 51107X, 51108, 51109, 51110, 51111, 51112, 51202, 51203, 51204, 51205, 51206, 51207, 51208, 51209, 51210, 51211, 51212, 52204, 52205, 52206, 52306, AETNA No. A2013 (equivalent to JP 1054) and AETNA No. A2256 (equivalent to DG/PR/108).  Timer and time delay relay all cate-		
	cylinder manufacturers.	678.21 <b>7</b> 3	. 18		gories including motorised.	NSC	85.19

ITO	C Rev. 2 Co Code	CCN Code		ITC I Cod	Rev. 2 CCCN le Code
586. Tin containers and components thereof.	NSC	NSC		those ndix-6	
587. Titanjum anodes.	689.9922	81.04	List 8 Part—I	693.3	3104 84.46/ 84.57
<ul><li>588. Titanium baskets.</li><li>589. Titanium metal, titanium products and titanium alloys in any form</li></ul>		81 .04	(17) Industrial diamond single point dressers, and glass cutters.		
including titanium grids, frames, rings, sleeves and any other fabricated structures and components thereof other than titanium sponge, Titanium and titanium alloy pipes, tubes and castings.		81.04	(18) Involute type gear cutter cluding bevel gear cutting and gear hobs and gear or required in the manufact watches, clocks and time-	tools cutters ure of	2 84.45
590. Tools, the following:			(19) Metal and wood working saw blades, other than	n bi-	1 82.02
<ol> <li>Ali types of coated abrasives other than coated belts.</li> </ol>	NSC	NSC	metallic band saw blades.		1 02.02
(2) Bench vices.	NSC	NSC	(20) Reamers above 1.2 mm other than, adjustable ar panding type.		124 82.05
(3) Broaches,	NSC	84.48	(21) Slitting saws 1 mm and ab	oove. NSC	82.02
(4) Cuble Boron Nitride tools.	NSC	NSC	(22) Solid tungsten Carbide	-	V2V2
(5) Diamond wire drawing dies.	695.4112	NSC	drills.	745.11	102 84.49
(6) Diamond mining/coring drill bits including oil field drilling/ coring bits.	695.4123	82.05	(23) T.C. wire, tube and bar of ing dies, nibs, pallets and ling dies.	head-	112 82.05
(7) Engineers' steel files and rasps, other than jeweller's files and needle files.	695.3300	82.03	(24) Threading taps 1.6 mm and above.	dia. NSC	NSC
(8) Forged hand tools—spanners, wrenches, sockets, screw drivers, hammers, pliers, chain			(25) Tricone rock roller bit sizes 159 mm. 216 mm. 251 311 mm. and 445 mm.	NSC	NSC
dongs, punches, chisels, allen wrenches, C. clamps.	695.32	82.03	(26) Tungsten carbide tips, ti tools, and indexable tools.	. 695.43 .4301	126/ 82.07
(9) Gear hobs: 0.3 to 17 module excluding gear hobs and gear cutters required in the manufacture of watches, clocks and	NSC	84_48	(27) Wood working saws knives.	and NSC	NSC
time-pieces.	Nac	04.40	591. Transmission line hardware.	_	-
(10) Gear shaper cutters: 1 to 10 module excluding gear hobs			592. (1) Tungsten filaments.	_	_
and gear cutters required in the manufacture of watches, clocks and time-pleces.	NSC	84.48	(ii) Tungsten filament wire 0.8 mm and below dia.	of —	-
(11) Grinding wheels (other than those in Appendix 6 List 8 Part-I	663.1	68.04	593. Tube type heat exchanger of steel etc. for varied heat tra applications.	nsfer NSC	NSC
(12) HSS twist drills above 0.2 mm dia and other types of HSS drills.	778.4001	85.05	594. Tyre tube valves, valve cores, caps and accessories for heavy vehicles.	valve duty —	_
(13) HSS and tungsten carbide tipped milling cutters and End			595. Umbreila ribs and compor thereof (including Cloth/Cover)		03 66.03
mills	736.12	84.45	<ol> <li>V. Belt/belting including reinfo with synthetic fibre.</li> </ol>	orced NSC	NSC
(14) HSS tool bits.	NSC	NSC	597. Voltage regulators and stabilise	rs. 775.79	001 85.06
(15) Hand and machine operated hacksaw blades.	695.1/ 695.3	82.01/ .02	598. Watch cases made of brass co Rs. 60 or less per dozen cif.	sting 885.14	00 91.09

#### APPENDIX 3 PARI-A-Contd

		ITC Rev . Code	CCCN Code		ITÇ Rev. Code	2 CCCN Code
599.	Watch dial crystals without tension ring and windling knobs, for waterproof type watch cases when imported separately and as a part of watch assembly or sub-assembly.	885,1400	91.09	<ul> <li>(6) EHT Transformers for black and white TV receivers above 36 cm.</li> <li>(7) Ceramic Discs/plates (Slivered or control of the control of</li></ul>	<b>7</b> 78.1	85.01
600.	Wire cloth/sieve cloth upto and including fineness of 200 mesh excluding endless tripple wire mesh of			unsilvered for ceramic capacitors  (8) Carbonised/Metallised roots for	). <u> </u>	
	65/195 or finer,	NSC	73.27	resistors.	_	_
601.	(a) Welded steel link chains and components thereof for hoisting, anchoring, etc. upto 70 mm slze.	NSC	73.29	(9) Electrolytic capacitors of ratings not exceeding 63 V; with value upto 4700 mfd.	78 <b>8402</b>	85.18
	(b) Welded steel link chalns &			(10) Ferrites 1— N	SC	NSC
	components thereof for mining applications upto 20 mm size.	NSC	73.29	(a) Antenna rods for radio receiver.	15	85.21
602.	Wrist watch dials costing not more than Rs. 48 per dozen (c.i.t.).	885.29	91.11	(b) Pot cores of sizes 18×11 mm & 26×16 mm.		
603.	X-ray tubes medical diagnostic type of rating from 15 MA to 500 M.A.	774,2002	90.20	(c) Toroidal cores of type T-10, T-27, T-30 and T-45.	_	-
604.	Zinc dust/grannulations	-		(d) UI/UU cores of types UU 52 and UU 57.		_
605.	Zinc callots.	_		(44) December of Provide Remains		
606.	Air Conditioning and Refrigeration equipment except the following:—			<ul><li>(11) Precalcined Ferrite Powder.</li><li>(12) (i) Integrated circuits CA</li></ul>	_	-
	(a) Absorption type refrigeration equipment.	NSC	NSC	3068 and CA 920 I	NSC	NSC
	(b) Electronic air filters.	NSC	NSC	types; Voltage regulator (No. 723), operational amplifier (No. 741).	NSC	NSC
	(c) Turbo compressors and air cycle system for use in aircraft and acroplane.	NSC	NSC	(13) Integrated circuits of the types:—Radio Receiver (No	. 150	
	(d) Air conditioner for crane used only in steel plants.	NSC	NSC	700), Audio amplifier upto 7 watts. (No. 810); TV Sound IF amplifier and output stage		
607.	Electronic Items :-			(No. 1190).	-	
	<ol> <li>All discrete silicon semi-con- ductor devices like diodes, transistors, thyristors, recti- fiers, bridges, stacks, SCRs,</li> </ol>			(14) Loudspeakers (cone type) 2½. to 12".	764.2002	85.14
	Selenlum rectifiers, but ex- cluding those appearing else- where in the Policy	776.3009	85.21	(15) Metal film/metal oxide film resistors of rating upto 2.5 watt. and 1000 volts.	4SC	85.19
	(2) Audio cassette without tape (c-o).	NSC	NSC	(16) Microphones for public address system.	764,2001	85.14
	(3) Video cassette without tape (c-o).			(17) Phenolic/Phenolic based copper		•
	(4) Audio magnetic tape in reels, cassettes, jumbo rolls, hubs,			clad laminates.	_	_
	cassettes, junior form, muos, cartridges and pancakes, and in any other form, excluding 35 mm and 16 mm sprocketed			(18) (1) Single slded printed circult boards	NSC	85.19
	tapes.	59 <b>8.3101</b> and 898.3109	92.12	<ul><li>(ii) Double sided printed cir- cuit boards with or with- out plated through hole</li></ul>		
	(5) Cerumic/magnetic cartridges				NSC	85.19
	and stylus for record players/ changers.	764.99	92,13	(19) RF/IF colls for radio and TV.	NSC	NSC

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A-Contd

		ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code		ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
roo san	b-assemblies, modules or om temperature vulcanised dwitches' made of/on used semi-conductor chips.	NSC	NSC	CTZ 22A CTZ 24A CTZ 27A CTZ 30A		
(21) Tar	be deck mechanisms of cif- ue Rs. 100 or below.		92,11	CTZ 33A CTZ 5.6A		
ratii cap:	ntalum capacitors of voltage ngs 6 to 50 VDC and acitance range 0.1 mfd to mfd.			CTZ 6.2A CTZ 6.8A CTZ 7.5A CTZ 8.2A CTZ 9.1A		
(23) Tele	escopic and TV Antenna.	NSC	85.15	CTZ 10A		
	: ting and cleaning cassettes.	NSC	92.12	CAZ 30IA/IN 3529/		
(25) T.V	, Picture tubes/CR ΓCs' for W Television sets.			IN5256B/IN972 CAZ 5.1A/IN3511' IN 5231/IN 751A		
and	deflection coils for bluck white picture tubes above cm size.	NSC	85.1 <b>5</b>	CAZ 4.3A/IN 3509/ IN5229B/IN749/IN749/ CAZ 5.6A/IN 3512/ IN 5232B/IN 752A	4	
• •	. tuners other than elec- nic T.V. tuners.	NSC	8 <b>5</b> .15	CAZ 4.7A/IN 3510/ IN 5230B/IN 750A		
(28) Uni	t Horns.			CAZ 7.5A/IN 3515/ IN 5236B/IN 755A		
(29) Vide	eo cassettes.	NSC	92.12	- CAZ 8.2A/IN 3516/		
	eo magnetic tapes in hubs reels	NSC	92.12	IN 5237B/IN 756A CAZ 16A/IN 966		
(31) Wir	e wound resistors			IN 5536/IN 4110/ IN 5221/BZX83C16/		
	etronic components, the lowing :			BZX 97C16 CAZ 20A		
(1)	Diodes			CAZ 6.8A/IN754A		
	(a) Low Power, Small Signal OA79, OA72. OA90, OA95, CA28/ IN251	NSC	85.21	CAZ 15A/IN 9 5B CAZ 6.2A/IN 753A CSZ 47A, 5.1A, 5.6A, 6.2A, 6.8A, 7.5A, 8.2A, 3.1A		
	CT 283/285/286/IN 5194/IN5195/IN5196			IN 4732A	•	
		NIC :	on on	IN 4733A IN 4734A		
	(b) Voltage Regulator: CAZ 3 3A CAZ 3.6A CAZ 3.9A CAZ 9.1A CAZ 10A CAZ 11A CAZ 12A CAZ 13A CTZ 3.3A CTZ 3.6A	NSC	90,28	(c) Switching, Low Power N CA44/IN91 I/IN4148 CA 52/IN 903 CA57/IN 903A/IN4152 CA59/IN916A CA72/IN4089 CA74/IN3654/IN 4151 CA77/IN3606/IN4152 CA79/IN3731/IN449 CT 52,57,59,72,74,77,79	nsc ns	c <sub>.</sub>
	CTZ 3.9A CTZ 4.3A CTZ 4.7A			(d) Switching, Special types 1 GO-3	NSC NS	C
	CTZ 5.1A CTZ 11A CTZ 12A CTZ 13A CTZ 13A CTZ 15A CTZ 16A CTZ 18A CTZ 20A			(e) Diodes, High Current Roctifiers (5 200A) 6Wk R2 1N1344B 1N1-34B 1N1348B 1N13998 IN3990		

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A—Contd.

	ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code		ITC Res. 2 Code	CCCN Code
(f) Diodes, Sil Switching,	lcon, Fast	Coue ,	(e) Field effect junction BFW 10/11/61		
^Rectifiers.			,		
IN3890			(f) Field Effect, MOS	* *	
IN3891			3N200		
(ii) Transistors :	776.3001	85.21	(III) Thyristors (SCR's) SS685	NSC	85. <b>2</b> 1
(a) Low Power		06.31	SS688	~	
Purpose.	NSC	85.21	SS690		
2N918			SS692		
2N2484					
2N869 2N2102			<b>SS</b> 694		
2N3866					
2N2270			(iv) (a) Microcircuits (IC's)	NSC	85 19
BC177A/B	C178B		Linear Voltage Regulator		
BCJ07A/10			CA 723, 3085A, 3085B		
AC126			BMC 1002, 1012, 1030		
BF115			BMC 1005,		
	L 100P/BEL100N		CA3028A-Defferential		
KN100/KF	·		Amplifier,		
<u>-</u>			CA 641 Operational Aprel		
(b) Low Power	r General		CA-641 Operational Ampl		
	Switching. NSC	85.21	BMO-25-Bulanced Modula		
2N718A	Ownoming.		CD 4011-Quad 2-Input No CD-4011-Quad 2-Input No		
2N720A			CD-4012-Tripple 3-input N		
2N1613			CD-4013-Dual 'D' Flip-Fli		
2N1711			CD-4030-Quad exclusive C		
2N1890, 21	N1893		CD-4835 CMOS Shift Reg		
2N2218A			- 1111	,	
2N2219A			(b) Linear, Preamplifier, Aug	lio	
2N2221A			BMC 1003		
2N2222A					
2N2369A			(v) Connectors	NSC	85.19
2N2904A					
2N2905A			(a) Connectors, electrical, printed wiring board	•	
2N2906A			printed withing board		
2N2907A			(1) Edge connectors.		
2N3019			PC 64-231-17		
2N3251A			PC 131-11		
2N4033			PC 211-17		
2N697 2N3500			PC 121-11		
2N3636			PC 213-17		
2N708			PC 113-11		
2N3439			133-501-H		
2N3440			133-503-H		
2N3501			143-1204-H/N		
			143-502-H		
(c) Power (unt	o 50 watts) NSC	85.21	143-1203-Н		
2N3054	0 30 Walls) 1100	05.21	143-1 <b>2</b> 06-H/N		
ECP055/E0	CNOSS		143-1 <b>205-</b> H/N		
ASZ15/18			(0) (1		
2N33/5			(2) General purpose		
2N3553			Types S: 250-A-2 and		
21,0000			S: 200-A-1		
(d) Downer lake	ve 50 watts) NSC	85.21	Types 143-012-01-H		
(a) Power (abo 2N3055	10 JU Walls) 113C	03.21	and 143-022-01-H		
2N5071/2N	3772		Types 039 125195, 0191252, 0192252.		
2143071/214	J 1 1 44		0191232, 0192232.		

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A--Contd

ITC Rev. 2	CCCN
Code	Code

ITC Rev. 2 CCCN Code Code

		Cod
	Circular	
(1)	Multipin with threade coupling of following types:	xd
	types:  MS 3102R-14S-5P-H MS 3102R-14S-5S-H MS 3106R-14S-5P-H MS 3106R-14S-5S-H MS 3102R-16S-1P-H MS 3102R-16S-1P-H MS 3106R-16S-1S-H MS 3106R-16S-1S-H MS 3102R-18-1P-H MS 3102R-18-1B-H MS 3106R-18-1B-H MS 3106R-18-1B-H MS 3102R-22-14P-H MS 3102R-18-11P-H MS 3102R-18-11P-H MS 3102R-18-11P-H	
	MS 3106R-18-11P- H&S-H MS 3102R-14S-SP-	
	H&S-H MS 3106R-14S-5S-	
	H&P-H MS 3102R-22-19P- H&P-H	
	MS 3106R-22-19S- H&P-H	
	MS 3102R-22-14S-H MS 3106R-22-14-P-H MS 3106R-22-14S-H	
	MS 3100R-10SL-3P-I MS 3100R-10SL-3S-I	

MS 3101R-10SL-3P-H

MS 3101R-10SL-3S-H

MS 3102F-10SL-3P-H

MS 3102F-10SL-3S-H

MS 3106F-18-IP-H

MS 3106F-18-1S-H

MS 3106F-22-19-P-H

MS 3102F-22-19S-H MS 3106F-28-21S-H

MS 3102F-28-21P-H

MS 3102E-14S-7P

MS 3102E-14S-7S

MS 3106E-14S-7P

MS 3106E-14S-7S MS 3102E-14S-6P

MS 3102E-14S-6S

MS 3106F-14S-6P

MS 3106H-141 %

MS 3108E-145-711

MS 3108E-14S-7S

MS 3108E-14S-6P

MS 3108E-14S-6S MS 3101E-14-6P&S MS 3102E-28-11P MS 3102E-28-22P MS 3102E-18-3P MS 3102E-10SL-3P&S MS 3106E-10St -3P&S MS 3108E-10SL-3P&S MS 3102E-16S-1P&S MS 3106E-16S-1P&S MS 3108E-28-10P MS 3108E-28-10S MS 3108E-28-11P MS 3108E-28-11S MS 3108E-28-22P MS 3108E-28-22S MS 3102E-28-10P MS 3102E-28-10S MS 3102E-148-2P MS 3102E-14S-2S MS 3102E-22-19P&S MS 3106E-22-19P&S MS 3102E-14S-5S

(2) Miniature, Bayonet coupling of following types:

62 GB-14-12-3P-H 62 GB-16F-12-3S-H 62 GB-12F-14-19P-H 62 GB-16F-14-19S-H 62 GB-12E-24-61 I&S 62 GB-12E-24-61 I&S 62 GB-12E-14-19P&S 62 GB-16F-14-19P&S 62 GB-16F-10-6S-H 62 GB-16F-16-26S-H 62 GB-16F-12-3P&S 62 GB-16F-12-3P&S 62 GB-14E-12-10P&S 62 GB-16F-12-10P&S

- (c) Connectors, electrical, general purpose type SS, 5 Pin.
- (d) Connectors, electrical, rack and panel.
- (1) Miniature, polarised shoil:

  17-102-01-1

  17-102-1-1

  17-102-61-1

  17-10500-H

#### APPINDIN 3 PMAN + Emil

#### C-Rev. 2 ITC Rev 2 CCCNCor CCCN Cods Code 17-20090-H 31-3377 17-20150-H 31-4238 010202 17-20250-H 015915 17-20500-H 014212 U13211 3290951 0194), 3280901 3291551 (J) Series INC Type 024 002 3281501 St. aight plug TNC Type-020101 3292551 3282501 square Panel Socket TNC, Type-023001 3295051 328 5001 (4) Series N, following types : HN080102 (2) Other than polarised HN083010 shell of following type. HN080304 8 contacts, types 25-183-H and 26-182-11 O, Senes SMA, follow 24 contacts types Al? ing types P 4030 24M and AD-24F P 4001 26-159-24P-H P 4040 26 190-24S-H P 4050 (e) Counciers Radio Fre-CORRECTORS Ai Jic que wy ! .eouency 164-181 H (1) 83-1SPN H 164-229-H 83-1P H U 183/UHCL 33-1SP-C U-120 OH: L P-601 M-602 A 192 1014 82 9 (vi) Rel ys r S101-UP \$101-1 R commune, herrel cally scaled Type 30, 1970T, Coarse Rating, 2A of 23 V do, 3 3A of 115 V to, Co. Voltage 12 V pr 12t 5 e) Armature, 030/01 033211 33C4K-+ PL 250 502 0 DG 88 U UG 62C H UG 62C H UG 52C H UG 62SC H UG 62SC H UG 19AA U HCU UG 19AA U HCU UG 19AA U HCU V 16 Aim south has hormometrs residited on the type of M3°K/17 19151 | ac 4, cc 2 fact 15 ting 1A at 255 Vice 4nd 2c Vide Cont Villag 1 12 18 and 26.5 Vide 44-110V 24-00% \$10 \$10 1 20 0364A : đọ. Type 67, DPI 1 and 1 PDT contacts 1 state 1 attent 3 A st 1 N + c and 2 A V dc; 1 oft foltage 1 6, 9 12 12 2 and 48 V do. LICHT SIO VE T SIO VE T 1 4 type y type stee, Bracket mornie, you Oldot. 010 o 013211 'cl Tyre Are 6 Bing-10 014:11 PRIA I Type i'i. - 43 24 £ &-16.

#### APPENDIX 3 PART-A-Concld.

#### ITC-Rev. 2 CCCN Code Code

ITC Rev 2 CCCN Gode Gode

- (6) Types:
  ER 23154-C0717, B104
  ER 23154-C0720-B104
  ER 23154-C0721-B104
  ER 23154-C0722-B104
  ER 23154-C0726-B104
  DPDT contacts, contact rating:
  1A max and 100 V
  max, subject to power limitation of 30 max;
  Coll Voltage: 9, 12, 18, & 26.5 V dc.
- (7) Types:
  ER 23154-D0715-B110
  ER 23154-D0717-B110
  ER 23154-D0719-B110
  ER 23154-D0712-B110
  ER 23154-D0722-B110
  4 PDT contacts, contact rating
  1A max and 100 V
  max, subject to power limitation of 30 W
  max, Coil Voltage:
  6, 9, 12, 18 and 26.5 V dc.
- (c) Reed, type DRM, 1No and 2No contacts, Contact Ratings: 200 V max, 500 mA max subject to a power limitation of 14W: Coil Voltages: 6V, 5V, 12V and 24V do.

#### (viii Switches t

NSC 85 19

- (a) Rotary wafer, following types:
  AM
  OM 1, 2, 3, 4
  J
  JC
  HM-1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- (b) Capsule, dry reed, following types 1 MRR-2 MSRR-2 DRA-200

### (viii) Resistors

NSC 85.19

- (a) Carbon film resistors (insulated/non-insulated) of rating 1 watt or below and of values 10 ohms to 1 meg. ohms
- (b) Non-insulated wirewound resistors of the following types: 2.5W Power rating of values 1.0 ohms to 10E ohms

6.0W Power rating of values, 10 ohms to 20K ohms 9W Power rating of values 1 ohms to 68K.

12W Power rating of values 1 ohm to 100K ohms

15W Power rating of values 10 ohms to 6.8K ohms

25W Power rating of values 10 ohms to 18K ohms

50W Power rating of values 10 ohms to 39K ohms

100W Power rating of values 15 ohms to 91K ohms

- (c) Resistors, variable, wirewound, Adjustment type of 0.75W power rating in values 10 ohms to 10K ohms
- (d) Wirewound, variable resistance range 10 ohms to 10K ohms Power ratings 0.5W and 1.0W.

#### (ix) Capacitors :

- (a) Metallised plastic, dielectric;
- (1) Polyester Non-hermetically scaled, Tubular, axial leads upto 630 V de rating Capacitance range 0.00082 to 10/uF
- (2) Polyester Non-hermetically scaled, Box type, radial leads Upto 630 V de rating Capacitance ranges 0.0047 to 6.8/uF
- (3) Polycarbonate Nonhermetically scaled, flat oval axial leads 100 V dc Capacitance range 0.033/UF to 10/UF
- (b) Ceramic dielectric, General purpose

#### (1) Disc type

Voltage rating	Capacitan: •
500 V dc	220 to 270 PF 3300 to 4700 PP 6800 to
300 V du	10000 PF 470, 1000, 1800, 470¢PF

## APPENDIX 3 PART-A-Contd.

ITC Rev. 2 CCCN Code Code

ITC-Rev. 2 CCCN Code Code

(c) Ceramic dielectric, Temperature compensating

Voltage	Capacitance		
rating	range		
500 V dc	1.5 to 220 PF		

- (d) Polystyrene dielectric
- (1) Non-hermetically sealed, Tubular axial leads

Voltage rating	Capacitance range
63 V dc	100 PF to 603000 PF
250 V dc	100 PF to 150000 PF

(2) Non-hermetically sealed, box type, Radial leads

Voltage rating	Capacitance range		
100 V dc	100 to 250000PF		
200 V dc	100 to 100000 PF		
500 V dc	47 to 55000 PF		

(e) Capaciters, Mica dielectric

Voltage	Capacitance
rating	values
500 V	1 to 4700PF

Solid Tentalum Capa-

Voltage	Capacitance	
Rating	Values	
6 to 50 V	0.1 to 330 u/F	

(x) Electron Tubes:

- (a) Magnetrons 7008 5J26
- (b) Voltage Regulators S90/40/CV287 85A2
- (c) Transmitting 60 1000 4000 100 8438/400 250 CX
- (d) Receiving, Pentodes EF 91/CV 5654 EL 84/CV 4014
- (e) Receiving, Triodes ECC82 ECH81
- (f) Numerical Indicator ST 12C MF 31D/B5870
- (g) Rectifiers 3B 24/03a EZ80 EZ81 CZ 34 2a 2a-1 5a 5a-1
- (h) Thyratron 5544
- (xl) Cathode-Ray tubes:— 130 C1 P1 180 C1 P7 260 C1 P7 180 C2 P7 300 C1 P7
- (xii) Crystal Unit, Quartz Styles Type KXL P7007, Frequency range 0.5 to 20 MHZ

CR-52A/U Frequency range 10MHZ to 61 CR-62A/U MHZ

608. Components of textile machinery other than jute and hemp t

-	Machinery	Components				
(1)	Blow Room Machinery	All components except those required for fully automatic Chute feeding type blow room.	NSC	NSC		
(2)	Revolving Flat Carding Engine for Cotton/Manmade fibre.	All components except for those for high production cards with feeding Chute auto leveller/auto can changer.	NSC	NSC		

## APPENDIX 3 PART-A-Contd.

	Machinery		Components	ITC Rev. Code	2 CCCN Code
(3)	Draw Frames/Speed Frames, other than those required by woollen textile industry.	1.	Fluted rollers for Darw and Speed Frames Ex- cluding Helical fluted rollers.	NSC	84.38
		2.	Spindles.	NSC	84.38
		3.	Flyers for Speed Frames,	NSC	84.38
		4.	Rubber cots and aprons for drafting system.	NSC	NSC
<b>(</b> 4)	Ring Frames	1.	Spindles	NSC	NSC
		2.	Lappers	NSC	NSC
		3.	Separators	NSC	NSC
		4.	Part of Pneumatic under clearers.	NSC	NSC
		5.	Fluted Rollers	NSC	84.38
		6.	Rings for Ring Frames and Doubling Frame for cotton textile industry.	NSC	84.38
		7.	Ring Travellers for cotton textile industry.	NSC	84.38
		8.	Rubber cots and aproms for drafting system.	NSC	84.38
		9,	Spindle inserts of dia below 10 mm.	NSC	NSC
(5)	Winding Machine	1.	Metallic Traverse Drums for High Speed Warp Winding Machine.	NSC	84.38
		2.	Becklite Traverse Drums of 127mm (5") and 152.40mm (6") Traverse for Warp Winding Machine.	NSC	94 20
		3.	Meter/Yardage Counters.	NSC	84.38 90.27
(6)	Warping Machine		Warper's Beams excluding laminated or plastic flanges for High Speed Warping Machine.	NSC	84.38
		2.	Moter/Yardage Counters.	NSC	90.27
			Warping Combs other than zigzag types.	NSC	84.38
			Lease Reeds.	NSC	84.38
(7)	Sizing Machine.	1.	Sizing Combs other than zigzag types.	NSC	NSC
• /	•		Meter/Yardage counters, except out marking counters.	NSC	NSC
		3	Moisture Meter.	NSC	NSC
		4.	Sizing Cylinders.	NSC	NSC
		5	. Lease Reeds.	NSC	NSC
(8)	Loom parts/Accessories	1.	Shuttles excluding for Tape/Ribbon/Grippers looms.	NSC	34.38
		2.	Pick Counters/Meter Counters and all such counters.	NSC	90.07
		3	Pitch/bound/steel/brass/handloom reeds.	NSC	34.38
	4.	All Metal Recds excluding special types such as those for Air-Jet, Water-Jet and Needle loom and reeds above 350s counts.	NSC	34.38	
		5	Cotton healds/wire healds/flat steel healds, excluding doup healds and healds for air/water jet looms and special types such as those for narrow weaving/needle looms.	NSC	34.38
		6	<ul> <li>Drop Wires for Warp Stop Motion excluding special types such as those for narrow wenving needle looms.</li> </ul>	NSC	NSC

## APPENDIX 3 PART-A-Contd.

Machinery	<del></del>	Components	TC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code
	7.	Pickers.	1	
	8.	Buffen, excluding Hydraulic buffen.	}	
		Picking Sticks.	Ì	
		Picking Bands.		
	11.	Check Straps	NEC	Nec
	12,	Heald Cords.	NSC	NSC
	13.	Heald Knitting Needles.	-	
	14.	Jacquard Harness Needles.	}	
	15.	Linen Cote.	1	
	16.	Jacquard Cards excluding special types such as those for narrow weaving/needle looms.	]	
	17.	Following parts of looms other than-		
		(a) Swivel and Lappet Looms.	7	
		(b) High Speed Narrow Fabric Looms.		
	1	(c) Tyre Cord Looms.	}	
		(d) Fustian Looms.	1	
		(e) Circular Looms.	1	
		(f) Shutteless Looms.		
		(g) Moquettee Looms.	1	
		(h) Imported Automatic Looms.	NSC	84.3
		(i) Velvet Loom 1	1	
		(i) Loom sides.	-	
		(ii) Top Rails.	{	
		(III) Cross Rails		
		(Iv) Binder Rails.		
		(v) Sley Swords.		
•		(vi) Swing Rails and Bushings	Ì	
		(vii) Breast Beams.		
		(viii) Take-up Rollers	}	
		(ix) All Metal Sleys.	!	
		(x) Crank Shafts and Bushes	NSC	84,63
		(x/) Tappet Shafts and Bushes	NSC	84.63
		(xii) Picking Bowls.	NSC	NSC
		(xill) Picking Tappet Shells. (xlv) Picking Tappet Nose Bits	NSC	NSC
		(xv) Picking Shafts.	NSC NSC	NSC NSC
		(xvi) Picking Tappet Bose Keys	NSC	NSC
		(vvii) Picking Tappet Bose.	NSC	NSC
		(viii) Loom Temple	NSC	84.38
	. 0	(xix) Parts of West Replenishing Mechanism		NSC
		Loom spindles.	NSC	84.38
		Looms Springs namely Swell, Box and Box-end springs.	NSC	NSC
		Side West furk other than welded type.	NSC	NSC
		Porcelain eyes of shuttles		
		Weaver's Beams.	1	
		Shuttle tips.	LNO	04 25
		. Weft grates	-NSC	84.38
		. Wolf grates.		
	20	<ul> <li>All Metal Heald Frames excluding special types such as those for narrow weaving/needle looms.</li> </ul>	i	

#### APPENDIX 3 PAR1-A---Contd.

Machinery	Components	ITC Rev.2 Code	CCCN Code
	27. Perforated Steel Strips.	NSC	NSC
	28. Emery Fillet.	NSC	NSC
	29. Shuttle Tongue.	}	
	30. Lease Rods.	}	
	<ol> <li>(i) All types of ShuttleEyes excluding Ruti and Honex types.</li> <li>(ii) All types of Shuttle Jaws.</li> </ol>	NSC	84.38
(9) Power operated circular machines (under-wear)	<ol> <li>Cylinders for non-sinker plain web machines/ sinker body machine of 24 gauge.</li> </ol>	NSC	84.38
	<ol> <li>Cylinders for sinker non-sinker plainweb machine upto 22 gauge.</li> </ol>		
(10) Others	<ol> <li>Wooden/metallic Bobbins/Prins, Cones and Tubes.</li> </ol>	NSC	NSC
	2. Paper Tubes/Cones.	NSC	NSC
	<ol> <li>Jacquard Neck cords other than continuous length.</li> </ol>	7	
	4. Auto Pilers.	1	
	5. Cotton/Paper/Woollen Calcader Bowls.		
	6. Cloth Guiders.	NSC	84.38
	7. Colour Mixing Pans.		
	8. Copper Printing Rollers.	1	
	9. Drying Cylinders.		
	10. Hank/Cloth Expander.	j	
	11. Pre-Heaters and Heat Exchangers.	}	
	12. Raising Fillets.		
	<ol> <li>Rubber sleeves for Compressive shrinking Range/ Santforizing machine.</li> </ol>	NSC	NSC
	14. Rubber/Ebonite Rollers.		1150
	15. Selvedge Uncurlers	}	
	16. Vacuum Strainer.	NSC	84.18
	17. Weft Straighteners other than Bow and skew type	es 7	
	18. Doctor Blades.	NSC	84.38
	19. Dyeing Beams and Carriers.		34,25
	<ul><li>20. Stenter Clips</li><li>21. Nickel Perforated Screens 640 mm and 914 m</li></ul>		
	repeat in sizes.	NSC	75.06
	22. Card clothing for cotton waste cards	NSC	84.38
	23. Nose bars for ring frames	NSC	NSC
209. All electronic equipment/systems, however, describe those specifically allowed under OGL in this policy or	24. Spindle tapes  d (including consumer and professional types) excluding executive also where	NSC NSC	NSC
610. Kits/ready to assemble sets, assembles, sub-assemble items (excluding items mentioned in App. 6 List	les, modules, and combination thereof of all electronic 8—Part I appearing at Sr. No. 609 but excluding		1440
electronic discrete components (unless individually me	ntianed elsewhere in this Appendix).	NSC	NSC
Any item having another chemical name or synonym, List. (The synonyms mentloned in this entry refer only	but of the same nature, as any of the Items covered by this to those of chemicals and allied items).	NSC	NSC

Notes 1 (1) Entry No. 171 above applies, equally to dyestuffs having the same colour indices as those stated therein and of different manufacturers.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Type Nos. set down against the respective items and componens in Entry No. 607 above represent internationally accepted specifications and could therefore include all such items and components of different manufactures.

### APPENDIX 3 (Contd.)

#### APPENDIX 3 PART—B

### RAW MATERIALS (IRON AND STEEL AND FERRO ALLOYS)

#### Carbon Steel Items

- All grades of carbon steel (carbon less than 0.6%) strips in hardened and/or tempered condition.
- 2. High Carbon (carbon 0.6% and above) hardened and/or tempered steel strips for saw blades/cutting tools.

All grades of carbon steel wires in galvanised/black/annealed/drawn/copper/tin/bronze/brass/plastic/Vinyl coated condition in sizes 0.46 mm dia (26 SWG) and thicker and round reed wires and also wires for manufacture of tyre beads but excluding bright annealed wires in size 0.5 mm dia (25 SWG) for manufacture of wired glass/wiremesh for wired glass.

- (a) Cold heading Carbon Steel Wire rods.
  - (b) Rolled rounds above 145 mm.
  - (c) Carbon Steel Flats in sizes of  $8 \times 40$  mm to  $40 \times 200$  mm.
  - (d) Carbon Steel squares in sizes ranging from  $8 \times 8$  mm to  $25 \times 25$  mm
  - (e) Forge rounds above 450 mm.
- 5. (a) API quality Steel (Plates).
  - (b) Plates in Spec. ASTMA 588 Gr. A.
  - (c) Plates above 8 mm thick WSTE-36.
  - (d) Plates IS-2062 (Weldable quality).
  - (e) Plates above 1500 mm width IS-226.
- 6. (a) Copper bearing Sheets/Coils in Spec. ASTMA 588 Gr. A.
  - (b) CR Coils and sheets to IS 513 Grade 'O'.
  - (c) Cold Rolled D/DD/EDD quality sheets/coils.
  - (d) Hot rolled Colls/Sheets/Skelps.
  - (e) Cold Rolled Steel Strips 12 mm wide and below.

- (f) Cold Rolled High Carbon (Carbon 0.6% and above) Steel Strips unhardened and untempered.
- 7. (a) Electrical Steel Sheets CRGO Spec. Gr. M4.
  - (b) Electrical Steel Sheets Gr. M2H.
- 8. Tin Plate Prime OTS quality.
- 9. Tin Plate waste waste.
- 10. All grades of Carbon Steel Wires Galvanised/black annealed/drawn/ Copper coated of sizes thinner than 0.46 mm but excluding tyre bead wires.
- 11. Tram tyres/wheels.
- Boiler/pressure vessel quality plates/Coils in Hot rolled/Cold rolled condition in all grades of carbon steel in thickness 5 mm and
- 13. All Seconds/second grades/ defectives/cuttings/Circles of sheets/plates/Coils/Strips in any shape/Section/form not elsewhere stated in coated/plated or uncoated condition including tin/Zinc/Aluminium/aluminium alloy coated/plated and commodity marketed as tin free Steels in the description above stated.

#### Alloy Steel Items.

- High sulphur free cutting/semifree cutting steel billets/squares/ rounds/rods.
- 15. High Speed Steel (non-cobalt grades):—
  - (t) Wire rods in coils 3.5 mm to 40 mm, dia; and.
  - (ii) Wires in any finish 3.5 mm and above dia.
- 16. High Speed Steel (non-cobalt grades) rounds to any finish in sizes 6.0 mm to 120 mm dia.
- 17. High Speed Steel flat/squares in all grades.

## APPENDIX 3 PART-B-Concld.

- 18. Alloy steel wires in all grades other than stainless/heat resisting steel of size 0.46 mm dia (26 SWG) and thicker but excluding:
  - (a) Hosiery needle wires.
  - (b) High Speed steel wires in sizes less than 3.5 mm dia.
  - (c) Wires in ground condition.
- Forged/Rolled Tool & die steel and die blocks as under :—
  - (a) Round section 500 mm and below dia.
  - (b) Rectangular/Square shape of cross section 250,000 square mm & below.
- Stainless/heat resisting steel wires of size 0.31 mm dia (30 SWG) and thicker but excluding wires in copper/tin coated condition.
- 21. (a) Cold heading quality alloy steel wire rods.
  - (b) Turbine Blade Flats.
- 22. (a) Stainless steel plate of thickness above 12 mm and width above 1.25 meters.
  - (b) Alloy steel plates/sheets/strlps/ coils (excluding SS/heat resisting steel HR/CR).
  - (c) Stainless Steel Strips (AISI 304 quality) less than 0.3 mm thickness for manufacture of Capillary tubes.
- Alloy steel plates—hot rolled/ cold rolled in all grades (excluding stainless/heat resisting/high speed steels) not elsewhere stated.

- 24. High speed steel as under :--
  - (I) Rounds/wires in cobalt bear. ing grades 6.5 mm dia to 120 mm dia.
  - (ii) Hexagons/octagons/blooms/ billets.
- 25. Forged/rolled tool and Die Steel and Die blocks as under :—
  - (a) Round Section above 500 mm
  - (b) Rectangular/square shape of cross section above 250,000 square mm.
- 26. Alloy Steel rounds.
- Stainless Steel Scrap to Specification AISI-316, CF 3M/316L, Alloy 20 and HV-9.

#### Ferro Alloys

- 28. Ferro Alloys In form other than powder form as under:—
  - (a) Ferro Manganese excluding the grades with carbon less than 0.1%.
  - (b) Ferro Sillcon excluding atomised ferro-silicon.
  - (c) Ferro Chrome excluding the grades with carbon less than 0.03%.
  - (d) Silico Manganese.
  - (e) Silico Chromo.
  - (f) Ferro Titanium all forms.
  - (g) Ferro Molybdenum.
  - (h) Ferro Vanadium.
  - (1) Ferro Tungsten.
  - (j) Forro-Columbium/Nlobium.
  - (k) Ferro-Sillcon Magnesium.

#### Note :--

- 1. The ITC R. 2 and CCCN code numbers have been assigned to facilitate collection of data only.
- 2. These will be reproduced on the bills of entry filled by the importer and on licences whenever issued.
- 3. These, however, will not be binding on customs authorities for classification for tariff purposes.
- 4. The interpretation of the Import-Export policy will, however, continue to be as per description of the items given in this Appendix and not according to the code Numbers assigned.
- 5. "NSC" stands for Not Separately Classined.

## APPENDIX 4

Deleted

## APPENDIX 5

## CANALISED ITEMS

## PART—A

## LIST OF ITEMS, IMPORT OF WHICH IS CANALISED THROUGH PUBLIC SECTOR AGENCIES

	ITC Rev. 2 Code No.	CCCN CodeNo		ITC Rev. 2 Code No.	CCCN Code No.
Balmer Lawrle & Company			14. Fluorspar (acid grade).	278.5403	25.31
1. Paraffin wax.	335.120	97.13	15. Lead.	685	78.01 to 78.05
Central Silk Board			45 - 1		•
2. Raw Silk.	226.3001/ 3002	50.02	<ol> <li>Primary and Secondary Nickel, all types, Nickel scrap and Nickel powder.</li> </ol>	671.6912 683	73.02 75.01
3. Silk worm (cocoons).	261.4100	50.01			.05
Cotton Corporation of India.			17. Platinum.	681.2	71.09/
4. Raw cotton.	263.1	55.01			.10
National Film Development Corporation			18. Palladium.	NSC	71.09
<ol> <li>Cinematograph films, not exposed, all types and sizes, excluding the following:—</li> </ol>	882.2201 882.2202	37.02	<ol> <li>Sulphur, non-processed elemental/ non-refined including sulphur re- covered as a by-product of petro- leum refining.</li> </ol>	274.1000	25.03
(1) black and white positive and sound negative.			20. Tin.	687	80.01 to
(2) 8 mm (colour); and					.05
(3) 8 mm black and white negative.			21. Zinc (or Spelter).	686	79.01 to
Jute Corporation of India					.04
6. Jute Pulp	NSC	47.01	State Traging Corporation of India		
7. Raw Manila homp (fibre).	265.5000	57.02	<ol> <li>Alkyl benzene including linear alkyl benzene/dodecyl benzene.</li> </ol>		.01/29.04 3.19
8. Raw sisal fibre.	265.4001	57.04		3.	,
<ol> <li>Raw jute including mesta and cut- tings.</li> </ol>	264.0001 264.0002 264.0003	57.03	<ol> <li>All synthetic non-cellulose fibres excluding polyester fibre/tow, nylon fibre/tow, acrylic fibre/tow and polypropylene fibre/tow.</li> </ol>	266,5100 ,5902 ,5903	56,01 to .04
Minerals & Metals Trading Corporation of India.				.5909 .6100 .6909	.01
10. Aluminium including aluminium rods.	684	76.01 to 76.07	•	.7100 .7909 267	
11. Antimony metal.	689.9901 699.9901	81.04	24. Calcium borate.	523.2809	28.46
12. Asbestos raw.	278,4	25.24	25. D.D.T. Technical and 75 wdp.	511.3912	29.02
13. Copper including copper rods (wrought or unwrought).	682	74.01	26. Methyl Methacrylate Monomer (virgin/regenerated).	519.1007 NSC	38.11 29.14
		to 74.08	27. Methanol, all types.	512.1100	29.04

## APPENDIX 5 PART-A-Contd.

	ITC Rev. 2 Code No.	CCCN Code No.	ITC Rev. 2. CCCN Code No. Code No.
28. Polyester Filament yarn excluding base flat—first quality (Fully/partially oriented), Nylon filament yarn and thread excluding:—	651.41	51,01/	<ul> <li>(ii) Carbon Steel flats In sizes of 8 × 40mm to 40 × 200mm.</li> <li>(iii) Carbon Steel squares in sizes</li> </ul>
	to 651,49	.02/.03/ .05/.06	ranging from 8 x 8mm to 25 x 25mm.
(t) Base flat-first quality (fully/ partially oriented) and; (tt) Industrial nylon yarn of 210			(/v) Forging quality steel billets/ bars/rods.
denier and above.			(v) Billets for Seamless steel tubes ASTME 45 quality.
29. Titanium dioxide (both Anatase and Rutlle grades).	522.4601 .4602	28.25/ 32.07	(vi) Wide flange beam.
40 No. of million	000	40.01	(vil) Tee Section.
30. Natural rubber.  31. Writing and Printing Paper—all types excluding Art and chrome	232	40,01	40. Plates/coils hot rolled/cold rolled in all grades of carbon steel of thickness 5 mm and above exclud- ing plates/coils to boiler/pressure
Paper and Art and chrome Board.	641.1 641.2*	48 *exclud- lng 641.2101/ 2202	vessels quality specifications excluding the following:  form the following
<ol> <li>Acetate Fllament Yarn excluding first quality.</li> </ol>	651.72	51.01/ .02/.03/ 56.05/ .06	<ul><li>(I) API Quality Steel (plates).</li><li>(II) Plates in specification ASTMA 588 Gr. 'A'.</li></ul>
Metal Scrap Trade Corpration Ltd.			(III) Plates above 8 mm thick
33. Sponge Iron	671.32/	73.05	WSTE-36.
	.33	75,05	(Iv) Plates IS 2062 (Weldable Quality).
34. Carbon steel melting scrap of all grades.	282.6900	73.03	(v) Plates above 1500mm width IS—226.
<ol> <li>Carbon steel re-rollable scrap of all grades.</li> </ol>	-do-	-do-	(vi) ARMCO soft Iron plates.
<ol> <li>Alloy steel (including stainless) heat resisting/high speed steel) melting scrap but excluding re-</li> </ol>			(vii) Ship building quality plates conforming to Lloyds grades B/C/D/E.
rollable scrap.	282.02	73.03	41. All coated/plated including gal- vanised, aluminium and aluminium
37. Old ships, vessels, etc., for break-	793.3000	89.04	alloy coated and uncoated sheets/ strips/coils of all grades of carbon steel hot rolled or cold rolled not
Minerals & Metals Trading Corporation			elsewhere mentioned but excluding: 672.72 73.08/ 675.02 ,09/
38. Pig Iron (all grades other than pig iron centaining phosphorous not more than 0.1%).		73.01	. 12/ . 13/ . 15
Carbon Steel Items (all grades)		•	(1) Plastic/vinyl coated sheets/
39. Ingots/slabs/blooms/blliets/sheet bars			strips/colls.
bars and rods (including rods squares/flats/hexagons/octagons/ wire rods) and structurals (includ- lng angles/beams/channels/jolsts/			(#) Copper Bearing Sheets/Colls In specification ASTMA 588 Gr. 'A'.
tees/sheet piling Section/ 'Z' section) excluding the following:—		<b>(*73.06</b> /	(iii) CR colls and sheets to IS 513 Grade 'O'.
	673.12 673.22	₹ .10/   .11/	(iv) Cold rolled D/DD/EDD quality sheets/coils.
	673.37	L.15	(v) Hot rolled Coils/sheets/Skelps.
(t) Cold heading quality carbon steel wire rods.	í		(vt) Cold Rolled Steel strips 12mm wide and below.

(a) High speed steel.

(ii) Stainless steel scrap to specification AISI-316, CF 3M/316L, Alloy 20 and HV-9.

672.44

73.15

50. Alloy steel ingots/blooms/slabs/billets excluding the following:

(b) Stainless/heat resisting steel. (c) Hollow drill steel bars/ sections.

		APPENDIX	5 PART-A—Concia.	
	(10 C)	ITC Rev. 2 CCCN Code No. Code No.		ITC Rev. 2 CCCN Code No. Code No.
	(vii) Cold Rolled high carbon (Carbon 0.6% and above) steel strips, unhardened and untempered.		(d) Leaded free cutting steel flats/ hexagons/octagons (including specifications which contain both lead and high sulphur	
	(viii) Copper Coated Cold rolled low Carbon steel strips for manufacture of Bundy Tubes.		in the same specification).  51. Alloy Steel wire rods in colls in all	
42.	Coated steel sheets/strips/coils marketed as tin free steel and marketed as printed steel/sheets/		grades including high speed steel wire rods (cobalt grade) but ex- cluding the following:—	673.15 73.13
	strips/coils.	NSC NSC	(a) To specification IS-4454 (Part III)-1975.	
43.	Galvanised/alumintum alloy coated iron/steel sheets/strips/coils in corrugated shapes.	NSC NSC	(b) Non-cobalt grade high speed steel wire rods.	
44.	Electrical steel sheets/strips/coils (all grades including alloy steel grades) hot rolled/cold rolled nongrain oriented and grain oriented excluding the following:—	NSC NSC	(c) Leaded free cutting steel wire rods (including specifications which contain both lead and high sulphur in the same speci- fication).	
	(I) Electrical Steel Sheets CRGO Spec : Gr. M4.	1150 1150	52. Hot rolled/cold rolled colls, strips, plates and sheets (including those folded in any shape), in stainless/	
	(#) Electrical Steel Sheets Gr. M 2H.		heat resisting steels in all grades ex- cluding the following:—	672.74 73.15 674.14/
45.	Tin Plate Prime (Non-OTS Quality).	687.2200 80.03	(t) Cold rolled strips in colls of	.15
	y Steel (all grades) Ingots/slabs/blooms/billets/sheet bars/bars and rods including rods/ squares/flats/hexagons / octagons/ and structurals including angles/ channels/beams/joists/tees/'z' Sec- tion in stainless/heat resisting steel of all grades excluding Stainless Steel flats.	672.43 672.44 673.24/ 25/37/38/ } 73.15	width 5.00 mm—22.40 mm and thickness 0.10—0.13 mm for razor blades.  (ii) Stainless/heat resisting steel strips/flats conforming to AISI 303 and 304 in width below 51mm and in thickness below 10 mm for manufacture of watch cases.  (iii) Stainless/heat resisting steel strips conforming to AISI	
47	Stainless/heat resisting steel wire	39 672.54, 672.55	304 and 316 in width below 51mm and thickness below 0.4 mm for manufacture of pen nibs,	
٠,٠	rods in coils.	673.14 <b>¥</b> 3.15	(tv) Stainless steel strips conform-	
48.	All seconds/second grades/defeo- tives/cuttings/circles of all grades of alloy steel (including stainless/ heat resisting/high speed steel) to any specification/analysis in coar-		ing to AISI 304 in thickness 0.233 to 0.314 mm and width 75 mm max. for manufacture of watch strap.	
	ed/uncoated condition in any form/ section/size/category including re- rollable scrap but excluding melt- ing scrap.	282.0200 73.03/	(v) Stainless steel plate of thickness above 12 mm and width above 1.25 meter.	
49.	All grades/compositions of alloy/ stainless/heat resisting/high speed steel scrap including re-rollable	282.0900 ,15	(vi) Stainless steel strips (AISI 304 quality) less than 0.3 mm thickness for manufacture of capillary tubes.	
	scrap but excluding.  (1) melting scrap.	282.02/09 73.03	(vii) Stainless steel strips in sizes ranging from 100mm to 150 mm	
	(I) Stainless steel scrap to speci-		and thickness 0.5 mm to 1.5	

Notes:—(1) The terminology and definitions for iron and steel (including ferro-alloys) items are in accordance with those appearing in the Customs Tariff Act, 1975.

mm.

(2) Non-ferrous metals canalised for import through MMTC will be in "unwrought" form only. Their import in wrought form will be governed by respective entries in other Appendices.

## PART-B

# VETROLEUM PRODUCTS, FERTILISERS, DRUGS, FEATURE FILMS/VIDEO FILMS, OIL/SEEDS, CEMENT, CEREALS, NEWSPRINT, FATTY ACIDS ETC.

			•				
	leum Products					ITC Rev. 2 Code No.	
ed by	The following items will be import- only the Indian Oil Corporation Open General Licence, on the basis	Code	ev.2 CCCN Code	(20)	All types of petroleum jellies.		
of for	eign exchange released by Govern- in its favour. Imports, distribution			(21)	Toluene.	511.2300	29.01
and t Indiar ted po	heir pricing will be made by the of Oil Corporation as per the conec- plicy of Government in the Minis- Petroleum:	•		(22)	Transformer oil other than synthetic and Transformer oil base stocks of both mineral and synthetic origin.	334.5	27.10
				(23)	Turbine oil,	334.5	27,10
				(24)	White oil.	334.5	28.10
(1)	Aviation specialities of both synthetic and mineral origin.	334.1	27.10	, ,	Raw petroleum Coke.	334.4200	
(2)	Base lubricating oil.	334.3	27.10	(26)	Bitumon (asphalt)—Paving grade,	335.4100	27.14
(3)	Benzene.	511.2200	29.01	(27)	Crude spiked with LPG.	335.4100	27.14
(4)	Crude oil.	333.0000	27.09	Fertiliz	Are ·		
(5)	Metal Working/Machining Oils.	NSC	27.10		n the case of the following items,		
(6)	Greases (other than petroleum jellies) of all grades and types excluding watch greases.	334.52	00 27.10 34.03	imports will be made by Minerals & Metals Trading Corporation on behalf of the Government of India in Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development under OGL. Foreign			
(7)	Heat transfer oil—all types, mineral origin.	334.5	27.10	Exchange required for the purpose will will be released by the Government in favour of MMTC. The imports, distribution and their pricing will be made by the MMTC as per the connected policy of the Government in the Ministry of Agriculture, and Rural Development			
(8)	Kerosene.	334.2100	27.10				
(9)	Liquid paraffin including pharmacopocial grade,	335.1201	27.13				
(10)	Lubricating oil and greases of			(i) Niti	ogenous:		
` '	both synthetic and mineral origin, packed grade.	334.5	27.10 34.03	(1)	Ammonium sulphate.	562.1300	31.02
an	Microcrystalline wax.	335,1209	27.13	. ,	Urea,	562.1600	
•	Mineral oils.	334.5	27.10	(3)	Ammonlum sulphate nitrate,	562.1200	31.02
•	Mineral oil for the manufacture	334.3	27.10	(4)	Calcium ammonium nitrate.	562.9900	31.02
(13)	of insecticides.	334.5	27.10	(5)	Nitrate of ammonia (ammonium nitrate)	562,1100	31.02
(14)	Motor Spirit.	334.1100	27.10	(6)	Nitrate of soda.	271.2000	31.02
(15)	Naptha.	335.2502	27.07	(7)	Nitrate of lime.	562.1401	31.02
(16)	Oil for batching of jute, wool or other fibres.	334.5	27.10	(8)	Calcium cynamide.	562.1500 523.9903	31.02 28.58
(17)	Shock absorber oil.	334.5	27.10	(it) Ph	osphatic		
(18)	Graphited oil for lubrication of glass moulds.	334.5	27.10	(1)	Rock phosphate.	271.3109/ 3 <b>2</b> 09	25.10
(19)	All types of lubricating oils in	724 5	27.10	(2)	Triple-super-phosphate.	562.2200	31.03
	bulk.	334.5	27.10/ 34.03	(3)	Mineral phosphate.	562,2900	31.03

222.4000 12.01 423.6000 15.07

222.3000 12.01 423.3000 15.07

(8) Sunflower oil; and

(9) Cotton seed oils.

(9) Ethambutol.

(10) Methyl dopa.

[भाग ]	—- संद 1]		_	भारत का राजपन्नः असोधारण		15.
<del></del>		AP	PENDIX	5 PART-B—Contd.		
•		ITC Rev. 2 Code No.				CCCN Code No.
(4)		562.2200 562.2100		(11) Piperazine (diethylene diamine) anhydrous hexahydrate. NS	SC	29.35
(3)	Basic siag.	302,2100	31.03	(12) Streptomycine sulphate. 541	1 . 3200/ 04	29.44
(ttt) P	otassic :			(13) Vitamin A and Pre-mixes of		
` '	Sulphate of potash.	562.3200	31.04	Vitamin A. Vitamin D-3, Vitamin E and its derivatives, Menadione, Menadione—Sodium		
(2)	Muriate of potash (potassium chloride other than industrial grade).	562.3101	31.04	bisulphite and Aceto menadlone	1.1/ )3	29.38
(tv) (	Complex 1				2.2401/	
(1)	Di-ammonium phosphate.	562.9200	31.04	883	1	37.05/ 37.07
(2)	Ammonium phosphate of various grades.	562.9200	31.05	4. In the case of feature films includ- ing Video rights of foreign feature films and Video Films (except Video films		
(3)	Ammonium nitrophosphate of various grades.	523.2219		imported by Door-Darshan), import will by made only by the National Film Deve- lopment Corporation under Open Gen-		
(4)	Mono ammonium phosphate.	562.9200	31.05	eral Licence, on the basis of foreign ex-		
(5)	NPK-complex fertilisers of various grades.	562.9100	31.05	change released by the Government in its favour. Imports, distribution and their pricing will be made by the National Film Development Corporation as per		
Drugs				the connected policy of Government in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting		
Import Frading under Cof forei ment in and the as per Govern	in the case of the following items, will be made only by the State of Corporation of India (STC), Open General Licence, on the basis ign exchange released by the Govern its favour. Imports, distribution ir pricing will be made by the STC the connected policy of the ament in the Ministry of Chemid Fertilizers:—			Oils/Seeds  5. In the case of the following items, whether edible or non-edible, import will be made by the State Trading Corporation of India (STC) / Hindustan Vegetable Oils Corporation, New Delhi (A Govt. of India Undertaking) under Open General Liecence on the basis of foreign exchange released by the Government		
(1)	Acetyl salicylic acid.	541.7904	29.16	In its favour. Imports, distribution and their pricing will be made by the STC/		
(2)	Amovacillin (including Amoxacillin Trihydrate) excluding Amoxacillin sodlum.	541.3909	29.44	Hindustan Vegetable Oils Corporation, New Delhi as per the connected policy of the Government, in the Ministry of Food and Civil Supplies, Department of Civil Supplies:—		
(3)	Ampicillin trihydrate and Ampicillin anhydrons excluding Ampicillin sodium.	541.3909	29,44	,	.3000	15 07
(4)	6-APA.	NSC	29.44	(2) Copra. 223	3.1000	12.01
(5)	Chloroquin phosphate and di- phosphate excluding chloro-				.4/22.1	15.07 12 01
(6)	quin sulphate.  Doxycycline base, its hydrate/hydrate/hydrochloride/calcium	541.7911			. 2000/ i . 2000	
(7)	complex and intermediates thereof  Dapsone di-amino diphenyl	NSC	29.44		.6000 .9100	
, ,	sulphone Erythromycln (base), erythro-	541.7924				12.01 15.07
	mycin estolate and erythro- mycin stearate, excluding Ery- thromycin ethyl succinate.	541 . 3902/	29.44		2.2000 3.2000	
		7103		(8) Supflower oil and 222	.4000	12.01

29.23

29.23

NSC

NSC

## APPENDIX 5 PART-B-Concid.

	IT Rev. 2 Code No.	CCCN Code No.		ITÇ-Rev.	
All other oils/seeds, whether edible of non-edible including vegetable fats, no specifically mentioned above or elsewhen in this policy, (but excluding Tung oil		Cour IVO.	STC as per the connected policy of Gov- ernment in the Ministry of Industry and Company Affairs.	Code l	Code
China Wood oil and natural essential oils will also be imported only by STC/Hindu			(I) Lauric Acid	431.3	15,10
stan Vegetable Oils Corporation, New Delhi under these provisions.	•		(#) Oleic Acid	513.7916	29.14
Newsprint			(#I) Stearic Acid	.7917	_
6. In the case of newsprint, import wil	1		(Iv) Palmitic Acid	.7923	
be made only by the State Trading Cor- poration of India (STC) under Open Gen-			(v) Palm Fatty Acid	_	_
eral Licence on the basis of foreign ex- change released by the Government in its		10.044	(vI) Palm Acid Ofl	-	-
favour. Imports, distribution and pricing will be made by the STC as per the connected policy of Government in the Min-	042/041/	.10.01/ .02.03	(vii) Palm Kernel Oil	424,4000	15.07
istry of Information and Broadcasting.	. 043	/.04/.05/ 06/.07	(viii) Palm Stearine	431.2009	15.10
Cereals			(ix) Other Fatty Acids, pure or mixed including Acid Oils, all types	431 3	15,10
7. In the case of cereals, import will be made only by the Food Corporation of India (FCI) under Open General Lic	1		(x) Soap stocks	NSC	15.17
ence on the basis of foreign exchange re- leased by the Government in its favour Imports, distribution and pricing will be made by FCI as per the connected policy of Government in the Ministry of Food and Civil Supplies (Deptt. of Food).	, 1		(xi) Tallow amines including primary, secondary, tertiary and quarternary	NSC	NSC
Cement including clinker but excluding Oll Well Cement required by ONGC Oll India Limited.		25,23	(xii) Hydrogenated tallow amines, inc luding primary, secondary, tertlary and quarternary		NSC
8. In the case of cement including clinker but excluding Oil Well Cement required by ONGC/Oil India Limited, the import will be made only by the State			(xiii) Oleyl amines including primary, secondary, tertiary and quarternary	NSC	NSC
Trading Corporation of India (STC), under Open General Licence, on the basis of foreign exchange released by the			(xiv) Stearyl amines including primary, secondary, tertiary and quarternary	NSC	NSC
Government in its favour. Imports, dis- tribution and pricing will be made by the STC as per the connected policy of Government in the Ministry of Industry	!		Nutmeg/Mace	075.240/ j.2402	0.908
9. In the case of the following items import will be made only by the Stat Trading Corporation of India (STC) under Open General Licence on the basi of foreign exchange released by the Government in its favour. Imports, distribution and pricing will be made by the	) 3 -		10. In the case of Nutmeg/mace, the import will be made only by the National Agricultural Co-operative Marketing Federation of India (NAFED), New Delhi, under Open General Licence on the basis of foreign exchange released by the Government in its favour. Imports, distribution and pricing will be made by the NAFED as per the connected policy of Government in the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development.		

## Note 1-

- 1. ITC Rev. 2 and CCCN code numbers have been assigned to facilitate collection of data only.
- 2. These will be reproduced on the bills of entry filled by the importer and on licences whenever issued.
- 3. These, however, will not be binding on oustons authorities for classification for tariff purposes.
- 4. The interpretation of the Import-Export policy will, however, continue to be as per description of the items given in this Appendix and not according to the code Numbers assigned.
- 5. "NSC" stands for 'Not Reparately Classicad's

#### APPENDIX 6

## IMPORT OF ITEMS UNDER OPEN GENERAL LICENCE

	Items	Categories of eligible importers
1.	Raw materials, components and consumables (non- iron and steel items) other than those included in the Appendices 2, 3 Part-A, 5 and 8.	Actual Users (Industrial)
2.	Iron and steel items other than those included in the Appendices 2,3 Part-B and 5 Part-A.	Actual Users (Industrial) and Oil Refinerics.
3.	Capital Goods covered by Appendix 1 Part-B	Actual Users (Industrial and Non-Industrial).
4.	Permissible spares (i.e., items other than those included in Appendices 2, 3 Part-A, 8 and 10).	Actual Users (Industrial and Non-Industrial).
<b>5</b> .	Raw materials, components, consumables, machinery, equipment, instruments, accessories, tools and spares excluding office machines.	Research and Development units, scientific or research laboratories, institutions of higher education and hospitals, recognised by the Central or a Stat Government.
	ligs, fixtures, dies and patterns, moulds (including moulds for discasting), and press tools (other than those in Appendices 1 Part-A, 2 and 3 Part-A) and parts thereof.	Actual Users (Industrial).
7.	Teaching Aids, the following:  (i) Microfilms and Microfiches of educational nature, with or without readers cum-printers; and  (ii) Film strips/slides of educational nature with or without audio cassettes; audio cassettes/video tapes of educational nature and video discs of educational nature.	Recognised educational, scientific, technical and research institutions, libraries of such institutions Central or State Government departments, industria units engaged in Research and Development work registered medical institutions, hospitals, consultants recognised Chambers of Commerce, Producityity Councils, management associations and professional bodies.
8.	Computer/Computer based system costing below Rs. 10 Lakhs (c.i.f.).	By all persons for their own use.
9.	Spares for computer systems	Actual Users and others as permitted in Chapter V
10.	Poultry vaccines, all types.	Poultry farms/hatcheries approved by the Departmen of Agriculture and Cooperation, New Delhi.
	Raw materials, components, consumables, machinery, equipment, instruments, accessories, tools and spares.	Oil & Natural Gas Commission (ONGC)/Oil India Ltd.,/Gas Authority of India Ltd. (GAIL), Bhara Gold Mines Ltd., and those public sector under takings receiving off-shore/on-shore contracts from ONGC/Oil India Ltd./GAIL, as per condition stipulated.
12	Capital Goods, components, raw nuterials, consum- ables and sparce	Ship repairing units, registered with Director Genera of Shipping, Bombay (working in customs bonded promises),
	Any item required as raw material, component, consumable (including consumable tools) or spares, in the manufacture/repair of ship (other than those items appearing in Appendices 1 Part A, 2, 3 and 5.	Industrial undertakings engaged in ship-building repairing, subject to Actual User condition. In respect of electronic items, prior clearance of the Departmen of Electronics, New Delhi, as required under the import policy would be obtained and produced to the customs authority at the time of clearance.

14. Capital Goods/machinery.

M/s Coal India Ltd,
M/s. Neyveli Lignite Corporation Ltd.
M/s. Bharat Coking Coal Ltd
M/s. Central Coalfields Ltd

## APPENDIX 6-conta.

	Items	Categories of eligible importers
		M/s. Eastern Coalfields Ltd. M/s. Western Coalfields Ltd. M/s. Central Mine Planning & Design Institute Ltd. M/s. Singareni Collieries Company Ltd.
15.	Machinery, equipment, testing apparatus, tools and implements required for gem and jewellery industry as per List 1 of this Appendix.	Registered Exporters of Gem and Jewellery, Cooperative societies of goldsmiths and artisans and Export Promotion Council for Gem and Jewellery for use in the Institutes set up by the Council and Regional Training Institutions connected with Gem and Jewellery industry.
16.	Medical gas cylinders 10.2 litres and below water cs pacity.	Actual Users (Industrial) having Industrial Licence/Registration for manufacture of medical gas (oxygen) and/or Nitrous Oxide and having valid licence issued under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940.
1 <b>7</b> .	CO <sub>2</sub> Gas cylinders upto 15 litres water capacity for fire extinguishers.	Actual Users (Industrial) having Industrial Licence/ Registration for manufacture of fire extinguishers.
18.	Greases/lubricating oils	Actual Users (Industrial) provided cif value of such goods imported in a financial year shall not exceed Rs. 10,000 subject to production of "No-Objection Certificate" from Indian Oil Corporation, Marketing Division, Bombay.
19,	Drugs and medicines.	(1) By hospitals or medical institutions for their own use, provided the c.i.f. value of such goods imported at any one time shall not exceed twentyfive thousand rupees;
		(2) By any individual for his personal use provided the c.i.f. value of such goods imported at any one time shall not exceed one thousand rupees; and
		(3) By registered medical practitioners for their own professional use provided the c.i.f. value of such goods imported at any one time shall not exceed rupees five thousand.
20.	(a) Medical including surgical, optical and dental instruments, apparatus and appliances and replacement parts and accessories thereof; and dental materials.	<ul> <li>(i) By hospitals or medical institutions for their own use, provided the c.i.f. value of such goods impor- ted shall not exceed two lakh rupees in a financial year;</li> </ul>
	(b) Sutures and needles for surgical purposes, as per List 5 of this Appendix.	(ii) By registered medical practitioners for their own use, provided the c.i.f. value of such goods impor- ted shall not exceed five thousand rupees in a financial year.
21.5	K-Ray intensifying screens.	By hospitals and radiological clinics for their own use, provided the c.i.f. value of such goods imported at any one time shall not exceed fifty thousand rupees.
22.	Scientific and measuring instruments and chemicals.	By professionals in the fields of science, technology engineering and medicine, for their own purposes (to which effect evidence shall be produced to the customs authorities), provided the c.i.f. value of such goods imported shall not exceed ten thousand rupces in a financial year.
23.	Testing equipment testing instruments and chemicals.	Testing laboratories approved under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, of a total value not exceeding Rs. 50,000 (c.i.f.) in a year for their own use on production of recommendation of State Drugs Controller.

#### **Items**

#### Categories of eligible Importers

- 24 Spur parts of motor vehicles and agricultural tractors.
- 25. Amateur radio communication equipment including kits, accessories (including antenna, retarary motors, feed lines, standing wave ratio bridge) instruments, spares and components. The equipment is to conform within the following frequency ranges and power limitations.

By persons owning imported vehicle/agricultural tractor upto a c.i.f. value of five thousand rupees in a financial year, for their own use.

By licensed radio amateurs for their own purpose (evidence shall be produced to the Customs authorities to this effect), provided the ci.f. value of such goods imported in a financial year does not exceed Rs. 15,000. Goods imported shall not be transferred to any individual or party without prior permission of the Wireless Planning & Coordination Wing of the Ministry of Communication, Govt. of India.

## I. High frequency (H.F.)

Meter Band	Frequency range	Output power limit
160 m	1.8 to 2.0 Mhz	150 Watts
80 m	3.5 to 4.0 Mhz	150
40 m	7.0 to 7.5 Mhz	150 ,,
20 m	14.0 to 14.50 Mhz	150 ,,
15 m	21.0 to 21.50 Mha	150 ,,
10 m	28.0 to 30.00 Mhz.	150 ,,
II. Very	High Frequency (VHF)	
2 m	144 to 146 Mhz	25 Watts.
III. Ultra	High Frequency (UHF)	
70 cms	430 to 440 Mhz.	25 watts.
в : The H.	F. transreceivers also inc	orporate either

NOTE: The H.F. transreceivers also incorporate either 10 Mhz or in 15 Mhz standard frequency reception facility for calibration purposes.

- 26. Gibberellic Acid
- 27. Grape Guard Paper
- 28. Broken Electric motors.
- 29. Electromagnetic Water conditioning system.
- Photographic chemicals—developers, fixers, intensifiers, reducers, toners and cleaning agents.
- 31. Instruments and equipment required by the blind, including Braille typewriters.
- 32. Educational, scientific and technical books and journals, news-magazines and newspapers (vide list 7).
- Life saving equipment as per List 2 of this Appendix. and their spares.

State agricultural development corporations, cooperative societies of farmers and Associations of farmers recognised by the State Government, for distribution to grape growers.

Metal Scrap Trade Corporation Ltd. for supply of salvage materials to actual users.

Local bodies (Municipal Corporations etc.), Government Departments and other Public Sector Undertakings.

- (1) Actual Users registered under the local law applicable to Shops & Establishments.
- (#) Studios film processing laboratories and testing laboratories certified as such by the State Director of Industry.

By all persons.

By all persons.

By all persons.

#### APPENDIX 6-contd

#### Categories of eligible Importers Rema 34. Family welfare equipment/instruments, appliances. namely the following: (i) (a) Laproscope; (b) Culdscope; (c) Hysteroscope; (d) Vacuum suction apparatus; (e) as well as their accessories and spares; (ii) Rubber contraceptives (diaphragms only). By all persons. (iii) Intrauterine Contraceptive Devices (other than the Lippes' Loop and Cu-T200), coloured condoms, diaphragms, jelly and foam tablets, as approved by the Drugs Controller (India), New Delhi. (tv) Falope rings (silastic bands). 35. Finished drug preparations, life saving and anti-By all persons. cancer drugs, as per List 3 of this Appendix. 36 Homoeopathic medicines in finished form or Homo-By all persons. eopathic drugs (single) in basic form and/or of any potency, including "Sugar of Milk" in bulk and biochemic medicines. 37. Crude drugs required for making Ayurvedic and By all persons. Unani medicines as per List 4 of this Appendix(Import of jade, pearls, and corals will be allowed only in powder form and of non-fewellery quality only). 38. Pulses. By all persons. 39. Spices, the following 1— By all persons. (1) Cinnamon/Cassia. (2) Cloves, 40 Dates (wet or dry) imported by Indian sailing vessels. By all persons. 41 Rock Salt. By all persons. 42. (1) X-ray films (medical) the following: (i) Une angiographic films. (2) Copying films (for Copying X-Ray radiograph) (3) Dental X Ray tulm (4) Films for use without screens (5) Lo-dose mammographic films. (6) Mass miniature film. (7) 35 mm negative and reversal types for duplicating films Personal monitoring films By all persons. (9) Special types of X-Ray films used for changers (10) X-ray films for oat Scanners (ii) Aerographic films. (Hi) Photo-type-setting R.C./stabilisation paper. (iv) Thermographic polymid raising and embossing powder for printing industry (v) Microfile films (vi) Infra-red and Ultra-violet films. (vii) Kidney surgery films. Rudraksha beads By all persons. 44. Lubricating Oils for watches, clocks and time pieces By all persons. and house service meters.

## APPENDIX 6-(contd)

45. (a) Non-fictional educational and instructional films, (including video films) certified by the Central Board of Film Certification to be "pre-dominantly educational and non-fictional".  (b) Fictional, educational and instructional films in 16 mm gauge of 800 meters or less in length, certified by the Central Board of Film Certification to be "pre-dominantly educational".  46 Spares, except these included in the Appendices 2, 3, Part-A, 8 and 10, of :  (1) Printing machinery.  (2) Machine tools for cutting, forming, abrading and polishing metals, wood, glass and plastice including any standard or annelliary equipment.  (3) Cinematographic equipment including the following:  (4) Picture and sound printing lamps,  (6) Picture and sound printing lamps,  (7) Picture and sound printing lamps,  (8) Picture and sound printing lamps,  (9) Picture and sound printing lamps,  (1) Wind driven generators.  (3) Solar Energy equipment including systems and devices working on/used for Renewable and Alternate sources of energy, the following:  (1) Wind driven generators.  (3) Solar Energy equipment  (4) Parabolic focussing systems of the automatic electronic tracking type, including photoelectric sensors.  (5) Portable exhaust gas and combustion analysers  (6) Solar Energy equipment  (7) Picture and Sound printing lamps,  (8) Solar Energy equipment  (9) Photographic film (colour)  8 Somoke meters—Hartridge and Bosch types—for automobile exhaust.  51. Exhaust Gas Analysers for measurement of CO, HC, NOX, CO2 (one or more of these pollutants) coming from vehicular exhaust—for automobile exhaust.  52. Photographic films (black and white) other than 126 and 620 size rolls.  54. Choematographic films, not exposed the following:  (1) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (10) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (11) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (12) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (13) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (14) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (15) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (16) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (17) 8 nm (c-i ur) and  (18) 8 lishing hooka.  85 pall persons.  87 all persons.  88 pall persons.  89 all	Jtems .	Categories of eligible Importers
2, 3, Part-A, 8 and 10, of i- (1) Printing machinery. (2) Machine tools for cutting, forming, abrading and polishing metals, wood, glass and plastics including any standard or ancillary equipment. (3) Cinematographic equipment including the following:— (4) petture and sound printing lamps, (4) petture and sound printing lamps, (4) projection lamps—Xenon or tungsten, (41) lenses/room lenses including cinemascope lenses, and (iv) projection volume indicators. (4) Trawlers.  47. Energy saving/conservation equipment, including systems and devices working onjused for Renewable and Alternate sources of energy, the following:— (1) Wind driven generators. (3) Solar Energy equipment (4) Wind driven generators. (4) Solar Energy equipment (4) Portable exhaust gas and combustion analysers (v) Steam trap leak detectors. (vi) Ultrasonic leak detectors. (vi) Ultrasonic leak detectors. (vii) Solar boat control films.  48. Ozone Generating Apparatus 49. Photographic film (cotout)  50. Smoke meters—Hartridge and Bosch types—for automobile exhaust.  51. Exhaust Gas Analysers for measurement of CO, HC, NOX, CO2 (one or more of these pollutants) coming from vehicular exhaust—for automobile exhaust.  52. Photographic films (black and white) other than 120 and 620 size toils.  54. Chemakographic films, not exposed the following:— (1) 8 mm (cotour) sand (10) 8 mm (cotour) sand (11) 8 mm (cotour) sand (12) 8 mm (cotour) sand (13) 8 mm (cotour) sand (14) 8 mm (cotour) sand (15) 8 mm (cotour) sand (16) 8 mm (cotour) sand (17) 8 mm (cotour) sand (18) 8 mm (cotour) sand (19) projection (19) projection (19) projection (19) projection (19) projection (19) projection (10) projection (10) projection (10) lenses(projection (10) lenses(projection (10) lenses(projection (10) lenses(projection (10) projection (10) len	(including video films) certified by the Central Board of Film Certification to be "pre-dominantly educational and non-fictional".  (b) Fictional, educational and instructional films in 16 mm gauge of 800 meters or less in length, certified by the Central Board of Film Certification to be "pre-	By all persons.
systems and devices working onjused for Renewable and Alternate sources of energy, the following:  (I) Wind driven generators. (II) Solar Energy equipment (III) Parabolic focussing systems of the automatic electronic tracking type, including photoelectric sensors. (IV) Portable exhaust gas and combustion analysers (V) Steam trap leak detector. (VI) Ultrasonic leak detex for. (VI) Ultrasonic leak detex for. (VI) Solar heat control films.  48. Ozone Generating Apparatus 49. Photographic film (colour) 50. Smoke meters—Hartridge and Bosch types—for automobile exhaust. 51. Exhaust Gas Analysers for measurement of CO, HC, NOX, CO2 (one or more of these pollutants) coming from vehicular exhaust—for automobile exhaust. 52. Photographic films (black and white) other than 129 and 620 size rolls. 53. Photographic films, not exposed the following:— (I) 8 mm (colour) and (II) 8 mm (colour) and (II) 8 mm (colour) and (III) 8 mm (colour) and (IIII) 8 mm (colour) and (IIIII) 8 mm (colour) and (IIIIIII) 8 mm (colour) and (IIIIIIIII) 8 mm (colour) and (IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	2, 3, Part-A, 8 and 10, of :—  (1) Printing machinery.  (2) Machine tools for cutting, forming, abrading and polishing metals, wood, glass and plastics including any standard or ancillary equipment.  (3) Cinematographic equipment including the following:—  (1) picture and sound printing lamps,  (11) projection lamps—Xenon or tungsten,  (111) lenses/zoom lenses including cinemascope lenses, and  (112) projection volume indicators.	By all persons.
49. Photographic film (colour)  50. Smoke meters—Hartridge and Bosch types—for automobile exhaust.  51. Exhaust Gas Analysers for measurement of CO, HC, NOX, CO2 (one or more of these pollutants) coming from vehicular exhaust—for automobile exhaust.  52. Photographic colour paper.  53. Photographic films (black and white) other than 120 By all persons, and 620 size rolls.  54. Cinematographic films, not exposed the following:—  (i) 8 mm (colour) and  (ii) 8 mm (colour) and  (iii) 8 mm (colour) and  (iiii) 8 mm (colour) and  (iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	systems and devices working on/used for Renewable and Alternate sources of energy, the following:  (I) Wind driven generators. (II) Solar Energy equipment (III) Parabolic focussing systems of the automatic electronic tracking type, including photoelectric sensors.  (IV) Portable exhaust gas and combustion analysers (V) Steam trap leak detector.  (VI) Ultrasonic leak detector.	By all Persons.
50. Smoke meters—Hartridge and Bosch types—for automobile exhaust.  51. Exhaust Gas Analysers for measurement of CO, HC, NOX, CO2 (one or more of these pollutants) coming from vehicular exhaust—for automobile exhaust.  52. Photographic colour paper.  53. Photographic films (black and white) other than 128 By all persons, and 620 size rolls.  54. Cinematographic films, not exposed the following:—By all persons, (1) 8 mm (colour) and (11) 8 mm (black and white-negative).  55. Dental items as per list 6 of this Appendix.  56. Ophthalmic items as per list 9 of this Appendix  57. Records for learning of languages.  58. Fishing hooks.  By all persons.  By all persons.  By all persons.  By all persons.	48. Ozone Generating Apparatus	By all persons.
automobile exhaust.  51. Exhaust Gas Analysers for measurement of CO, HC, NOX, CO2 (one or more of these pollutants) coming from vehicular exhaust—for automobile exhaust.  52. Photographic colour paper.  53. Photographic films (black and white) other than 128 By all persons, and 620 size rolls.  54. Cinematographic films, not exposed the following:—  (i) 8 mm (cot or) and  (ii) 8 mm (cot or) and  (iii) 8 mm (cot or) and  (iii) 8 mm (black and white-negative).  55. Dental limm as per list 6 of this Appendix.  56. Ophthalmic items as per list 9 of this Appendix  57. Records for learning of languages.  58. Fishing hooks.  By all persons.  By all persons.  By all persons.  By all persons.	49. Photographic film (colour)	By all persons,
HC, NOX, CO2 (one or more of these pollutants) coming from vehicular exhaust—for automobile exhaust.  52. Photographic colour paper.  53. Photographic films (black and white) other than 120 By all persons, and 620 size rolls.  54. Cinematographic films, not exposed the following:—  (I) 8 mm (col ur) and  (II) 8 mm (col ur) and white-negative).  55. Dental term as per list 6 of this Appendix.  56. Ophthalmic items as per list 9 of this Appendix  57. Records for learning of languages.  58. Fishing hooks.  By all persons.  By all persons.  By all persons.  By all persons.	automobile exhaust.	By all persons.
53 Photographic films (black and white) other than 128 and 620 size rolls.  54. Cinematographic films, not exposed the following:  (i) 8 mm (cot or) and  (ii) 8 mm (cot or) and  (iii) 8 mm (high and white-negative).  55. Dental items as per list 6 of this Appendix.  By all persons.  56. Ophthalmic items as per list 9 of this Appendix  By all persons.  57. Records for learning of languages.  By all persons.  By all persons.  By all persons.  By all persons.	HC, NOX, CO2 (one or more of these pollutants) coming from vehicular exhaust—for automobile	By all persons.
and 620 size rolls.  54. Cinematographic films, not exposed the following:  (1) 8 mm (cold or) and  (11) 8 mm (block and white-negative).  55. Dental items as per list 5 of this Appendix.  56. Ophthalmic items as per list 9 of this Appendix  By all persons.  57. Records for learning of languages.  By all persons.		By all persons.
(II) 8 mm (cold or) and (III) 8 mm (black and white-negative).  55. Dental ison as per list 5 of this Appendix. By all persons.  56. Ophthalmic items as per list 9 of this Appendix By all persons.  57. Records for learning of languages. By all persons.  58. Fishing hooks. By all persons.	53 Photographic films (black and white) other than 120 and 620 size rolls.	By all persons,
56. Ophthalmic items as per list 9 of this Appendix  By all persons.	(t) 8 mm (coi or) and	By all persons,
57. Records for learning of languages.  By all persons.  By all persons,		By all persons.
58 Fishing hooks. By all persons,		By all persons,
	- <del>-</del>	By all persons,
59. Out-board Motors upto 10 HP By all persons.	-	By all persons,
	59. Out-board Motors upto 10 HP	By all persons.

#### Conditions governing Imports under Open General Licence

- (1) Actual Users importing Capital Goods, Jigs etc., raw materials, components, consumables and spares, as are covered under Open General Licence, shall be subject to "Actual User" condition. Imports under OGL should be made only in conformity with the conditions laid down. Actual Users shall also ensure that their imports under OGL are strictly in accordance with their phased manufacturing programmes and the conditions of their industrial licences/registrations with the sponsoring authorities concerned.
- (2) In the case of Capital Goods listed in Appendix 1 Part B, and Jigs, fixtures etc., vide item No. 6 in this Appendix, import of second-hand items may also be allowed under OGL, subject to the conditions laid down in the policy.
- (3) In the case of Capital Goods, eligible Actual User may import the following also:—
  - (a) Spares of the relevant Capital Goods (whether of the permissible or restricted types) upto 10% of the value of the main equipment;
  - (b) Accessories and toolings required for the operation of the relevant capital goods, upto 10% of the value of the main equipment. If such accessories/ toolings are required for a value more than 10%, the Actual User should obtain written clearance from the DGTD, New Delhi, indicating the actual value upto which such accessories/toolings may be allowed for the main equipment under OGL, and produce the same to the Customs Authority for clearance.
  - (c) Import of standard accessories which are essential part of the main equipment and are required for its operation, without which the machine cannot function, may be allowed to be imported under OGL with the main equipment without being restricted to 10% value limit.
  - (d) Spares, accessories and toolings under these provisions may be allowed to be imported either alongwith the main equipment or subsequent thereto, but not before the arrival of the main equipment.
- (4) In the case of jigs, fixtures, etc, vide item No. 6 in this Appendix, the eligible Actual User may import spares (whether of the permissible or restricted type) upto 5% of the value of the main item.
- (5) In the case of computer/computer based system costing below Rs. 10 lakhs (c.i.f.) vide item No. 8 above, import will be allowed by all persons, for their own use (but not for stock & sale purpose), subject to the Actual User Condition. The concerned

importer shall import the following minimum configuration in one consignment:—

Each Central Processing Unit will include -

- (i) Operating System Software and adequate memory therefor.
- (ii) Computer console.
- (iii) Two disk/cartridge/tape drives and associated controller (excluding floppy and cassette drives).
- (1v) One printer with Platon width 80 print positions or more per line.

Import of second-hand computer/computer based system shall not be allowed.

- (6) In the case of machinery, equipment etc. for gem & jewellery, nde List I of this Appendix—
  - (a) Import of second-hand items may also be allowed under OGL, subject to the same conditions as have been laid down in the policy for import of second-hand items of other OGL Capital Goods;
  - (h) Import of supporting spares of these equipment etc. may be allowed upto 5% of the main equipment.

(7)(a) Research and Development units, scientific or research laboratories, Institutions of higher education and hospitals, recognised by the Central or a State Government should ensure that only the essential items required for their own bona fide purpose are Import of no consumer goods, howsoever described, will be allowed against this facility. Import of office machines will not be allowed. Also import of items covered by Entry No. 607(32) in Appendix 3 Part-A will not be allowed. Besides only Research and Development units and scientific or research laboratories may import prototypes/samples and pilot plant items. (In the case of import of the live and attentuated micro organism in any form for R & D purposes, prior permission from the Animal Husbandry Commissioner to the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture & Cooperation should be produced to the satisfaction of the Customs authorities at the time of clearance).

- (b) Import of Computers/Computer-based systems and spares for computers will be allowed to eligible R&D Units etc., as referred to above, as per the policy applicable to other Actual Users.
- (c) R & D units etc. importing their requirements under Open General Licence shall furnish periodical returns of the imports made as prescribed by the Department of Science & Technology under intimation to Chief Controller of Imports & Exports.

#### APPENDIX o-Conta.

- (8) In the case of Capital Goods, equipment and permissible spares covered under Open General Licence, vide Items 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 13 and 14 above, if the eligible Actual User importer enters into a firm contract for import up to the last date of February of the licensing year, but the goods cannot be shipped on or before 31st March of the licensing уеаг on account of the longer delivery period involved, the shipment may be allowed upto 31st March of the following licensing year in pursuance of such firm contract, provided the contract, in question, is duly registered with a foreign exchange dealer (Bank) on or before the last date of February of the licensing year. (In specific cases, where the delivery period is still longer, CCI&E, New Delhi may allow shipment under OGL upto a further extended date in consultation with the technical authorities concerned).
- (9) In the case of Capital Goods, components, raw materials, consumables and spares vide item No. 12 above, by the Customs bonded Ship repairing units, registered with Director General of Shipping, Bombay, import will be subject to the conditions that the imported goods shall be used in the repair of ocean going vessels, whether Indian or foreign, in the customs-bonded premises and subject to the other condition indicated in the registration certificate.
- (10) to the case of insecticides, pesticides and weedleides, the Actual User (Industrial) concerned shall, within seven days of the clearance of each consignment, intimate to the Department of Agriculture & co-opration (Plant Protection Division) New Delhi, particulars of the items imported, the quantity and the c.i.f. value Above of
- (11) In the case of all man-made fibres, tow and yarns allowed to be imported under Open General Licence, all eligible importers, Actual Users (Industrial) and others, shall be required to register their contracts with the Textile Commissioner, Bombay Imports shall be made only after the connected contracts have been stamped by the Textile Commissioner, Bombay as evidence of such registration. For this purpose, two copies of the contract should be lodged with the Textile Commissioner and he will return one copy to the importer duly stamped on each page, for production to the customs at the time of clearance of goods. At the time of registration of a subsequent contract, the eligible importer should also furnish a statement indicating the progress made in Import and utilisation/disposal of the imported material in respect of all the contracts earlier registered for information/record of the Registering authority.
- (12) In the case of raw wool/greasy wool/scoured wool, not carded or combed, angora goat hair (mohair), woollen rags/synthetic rags/shoddy wool in completely pre-multilated condition, allowed to be imported under Open General Licence, the Import contract shall be registered with the Textile Commissioner in the same manner, as laid down in condition (11) above.

- (13) Imports of non-canalised man-made fibres, tow and yarns, under Open General Licence may also be made by the State Trading Corporation of India (STC), New Delhi for distribution to eligible Actual Users subject to the condition regarding prior registration of contracts with the Textile Commissioner as laid down in (11) above.
- (14) In the case of educational, scientific and technical books the following conditions shall apply:—
  - (1) Import will not be permitted by any one importer (including his branches) of more than 1000 copies of a single title during the licensing period without the prior written clearance of the Ministry of Education, New Delhi. This restriction will not, however, apply to the English Language Books Society titles and books under the Joint Indo-Soviet Text Books Programme;
  - (#) Import of foreign editions of books for which editions of authorised Indian reprints are available will not be allowed;
  - (tti) Import of foreign reprints of Indian publications will not be allowed without a specific prior written permission of the Ministry of Education, New Delhi.
  - (iv) Import of only such navigational charts of Indian coastlines will be allowed as are specifically cleared by the Chief Hydrographer to the Government of India, Dehra-Dun:
  - (v) Books, magazines, journals and pre-recorded cassettes containing pornographic material or depicting sex, violence, etc. will not be allowed for import.
  - (vi) Import of unauthorised reprints of books published abroad will not be allowed.
  - (vii) Import of records/pre-recorded cassettes forming an integral part of the book, which are of purely educational nature, can be made by institutions subject to the condition that the supplier has certified that records/pre-recorded cassettes form an integral part of the book and the connected invoice indicates the details of records/pre-recorded cassettes.

At the time of clearance through Customs, the importer shall furnish a declaration to the effect that the books imported do not include those which are not allowed as per import policy, 1985-88.

- (15) In the case of poultry vaccines, the import shall be subject to the following additional conditions t—
  - (i) The importer shall, at the time of clearance of goods from the customs, furnish a specific recommedation from Animal Husbandry

- Commissioner to the Government of India. Department of Agriculture, & Cooperation New Delhi regarding the essentiality of the material (description/quantity/value) to the party concerned;
- (ff) The importer concerned shall, within 15 days from the date of the clearance of the consignment from Customs, intimate to the Department of Agriculture and Cooperation, New Delhi, particulars of the items imported, the quantity and the c.i.f. value thereof;
- (tii) The imported material shall be subject to "Actual User" condition at the hands of the poultry farm/hatchery concerned.
- (16) (a). In the case of Dates, import will also be allowed in traditional small packing. This will not, however, apply to spices, etc.
- (b) Import of Homoeopathic medicines, antieancer drugs, life-saving drugs and crude drugs permitted under Open General Licence, can be made in small packing also.
- (17) The facility for import of permissible spares under OGL available to Actual Users, can also be availed of by shipping companies and Port Trusts governed by the Port Trusts Act, 1963 for operation and maintenance of craft and equipment.
- (18) The facility for import of permissible spares under OGL available to Actual Users, can also be availed of by Hotels (One Star to Five Star) and Restaurants (independent of Hotel) approved by the Department of Tourism, Government of India New Delhi, for operation and maintenance of the equipment used therein.
- (19) The facility for import of permissible spares under OGL available to Actual Users, can also be availed of by:
  - (f) Cinematographic film studies which have been registered for at least three years under the local law applicable to Shops and Establishments; and
  - (ii) Establishments holding a licence for at least three years under the local law relatting to exhibition of cinematographic films to the public at authorised premises.
- (20) Import of raw materials, components and consumables, vide items (1) and (2) above, is allowed under Open General Licence to Actual Users (Industrial) in accordance with the conditions laid down. However, in respect of certain items, out of these, import under OGL can also be made by others, apart from Actual Users. This is with a view to facilitate off-the-shelf supply of the required inputs for amail industries through stock and sale. (Please see List 8 in this Appendix)

- (21) In the case of raw materials, components, consumables permissible for import under OGL by Actual Users (Industrial) vide items 1 and 2 above, the eligible Actual Users may be allowed to effect shipment upto 30th June of the following licensing year against firm orders for which irrevocable letters of credit are opened and established on or before the last date of February of the licensing year. This facility will also be available in the case of raw materials allowed for import under OGL by all persons, where the importer is Actual User (Industrial) and imports the goods for use in his factory with 'Actual User' condition.
- 22. (a) All Actual Users at the time of clearance of goods shall furnish to the customs authority a declaration giving particulars of their Industrial Licence or Registration as an Actual User with the concerned authorities namely, the number and date of the Industrial Licence/Registration and the endproduct(s) of manufacture, and affirming (i) the Industrial Licence/Registration has not been cancelled or withdrawn or otherwise made in-operative and (ii) the items imported under OGL are strictly in accordance with the terms and conditions of their industrial licence/registration with the sponsoring authority concerned as an industrial unit and their approved phased manufacturing programme. In case no phased manufacturing programme has been approved for them, they should say so in the declaration. In cases, where separate registration number is not allotted by the sponsoring authority concerned, the importers shall produce other evidence to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that they are registered as industrial units and eligible to the import Actual Users (Industrial) shall also furnish, at the time of clearance of goods, a certified copy of phased manufacturing programme, if any, approved for them by the spons ring authority or other conceined anthority
- (b) Actual Users (Industrial) registered with DGTD/Textile Commissioner, and subject to a phased manufacturing programme, shall also furnish a list of components at the time of clearance through the customs, duly attested by DGTD/Textile Commissioner or a declaration of their own, where the list furnished to the DGTD/Textile Commissioner for attestation was not received by the Actual User within the stipulated period of 30 days, as laid down in the List Attestation Procedure in Chapter V of this Book
- (c) All Industrial Units in large scale sector shall submit to the DGTD, New Delhi or other sponsoring authorities concerned, and the Department of Electronics, New Delhi, as appropriate to the item, periodical returns, indicating the description and the value of raw materials, components and consumables imported under OGL. Industrial units in the small scale sector should send similar returns to the regional licensing authorities concerned. These returns shall be furnished as on 30th September, and 31st March

of the licensing year. Each such return shall be furnished within 15 days of the close of the period indicated.

- (d) In the case of spares imported under OGL, the Actual Users shall furnish periodical returns as on 30th September, and 31st March of the licensing year to (i) sponsoring authorities concerned in the case of Industrial units in the large scale sector, and (ii) regional import licensing authorities concerned, in the case of other Actual Users, indicating (a) the total c.i.f. value of items imported and (b) description of such of the items imported of which the total c.i.f. value exceeds Rs. 2 lakhs. Each such return shall be furnished within 15 days of the close of the period indicated.
- (e) In the case of Capital Goods imported under OGL, the Actual Users shall furnish periodical returns in the proforma prescribed in Appendix—III-K of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures 1985-88 to the Director of Statistics, Office of the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, giving the description of Capital Goods and their c.i.f. value as on 30th September and 31st March of the licensing year. Each such return shall be furnished within 15 days of the close of the period indicated.
- (23) Actual Users (Non-Industrial) shall at the time of clearance of the goods, furnish to the customs authorities, the original or a photostat copy of the (currently valid) Registration Certificate held by them under the Shops and Establishments Act, Cinematographic Act or concerned local statute.
- (24) Export Houses & Trading Houses are not allowed to import those items of raw materials, components and consumables which can be imported under Open General Licence by Actual Users (Industrial) only, vide Part I of List No. 8 in this Appendix In the case of components, however, a dispensation has been allowed subject to certain conditions and procedures laid down in Chapter XXI of this Book.
- (25) For Import of permissible spares under OGL, the eligible Actual Users importer shall furnish a declaration to the customs authority at the time of clearance that the spares imported are required for operation and maintenance of the machinery installed or in use by him as on 1st April of the licensing year.
- (26) Registered Exporters of Gem and Jewellery will furnish to the Customs authorities at the time of clearance of goods, a declaration giving particulars of their registration as an exporter with the Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council and affirming that such registration has not been cancelled or withdrawn or otherwise made inoperative. A Co-operative Society of goldsmiths and artisans and Regional Training Institutions connected with Gem and Jewellery industry will, likewise, furnish a declaration about its registration as a co-operative Society, etc.

- (27) In the case of medical instruments, etc., spare parts of motor vehicles and agricultural tractors and scientific instruments etc., vide items 20, 22 24, and 25 the eligible importer shall, at the time of clearance, be required to give a declaration to the customs authorities to the effect that the c.i.f. value of such goods already imported during the same financial year does not exceed the respective maximum value limit laid down.
- (28) In the case of spare parts of motor vehicles and agricultural tractors vide item No. 24 above, the importer shall also produce to the customs authorities at the time of clearance the valid registration certificate for the vehicle or tractor concerned, with evidence of up-to-date payment/exemption of taxes under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939.
- (29) In the case of raw cashew-nuts, it shall be a condition that, the import contract shall also be registered by the importer with the Cashew Corporation of India within a period of 7 days of its execution.
- (30) Export Houses and Trading Houses which may be importing raw cashewnuts against their REP/Additional licences under the import policy in force, for distribution to Actual Users (Processing Units), shall register their import contract with the Cashew Cor-poration of India within a period of 7 days of its execution.
- (31) Cashew Corporation of India is also eligible to import raw cashewnuts under OGL for distribution to Actual Users (Processing Units) in accordance with the policy in force in this regard.
- (32) In the case of TPA imports will be allowed under OGL by Actual Users (Industrial) and other eligible under the policy, only on the basis of import contracts registered with the Mini try of Petroleum). Imports shall be made only after the connected contracts, have been Ъv the Ministry of Petroleum. New Delhi as evidence of such registration. For this purpose, two copies of the contract should be lodged with the Department of Petroleum and they will return one copy to the party duly stamped on each page for production to the customs at the time of clearance of goods. At the time of registration of a subsequent contract, the eligible importer should also furnish a statement indicating the progress made in import and utilisation/disposal of the imported material in respect of the contracts earlier registered, for information/record of the registering authority.
- (33) In the case of soda ash, PVC resins, wood pulp, caustic soda, and copper scrap/copper mill scale, vide entries in List 8 of this Appendix, all eligible importers, Actual Users (Industrial) and others shall be required to register their contracts with the DGTD (Import & Export Policy Cell), Udyog Bhavan, New Deihi. Import shall be made only after the connected contracts have been stamped by the DGTD as evidence

of such registration. For this purpose, two copies of the contract should be lodged with the DGTD and they will return one copy to the importer, duly stamped on each page, for production to the customs at the time of clearance of goods. At the time of registration of a subsequent contract, the eligible importer should also furnish a statement indicating the progress made in import and utilisation/disposal of the imported material in respect of the contracts earlier registered, for information/record of the registering authority.

- (34) In the case of Rifampicin, the concerned importers shall be required to register their contracts with the Joint Secretary and Development Commissioner (Drugs), Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilisers, Office of the Development Commissioner (Drugs), Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi-110001. Import shall be made only after the connected contracts have been stamped by the Office of the Development Commissioner (Drugs), as evidence of such registration. For this purpose two copies of the contract should be lodged with the Office of the Development Commissioner (Drugs) and they will return one copy to the importer, duly stamped on each page for production to the Customs at the time of clearance of goods. At the time of registration of a subsequent contract, the eligible importer should also furnish a statement indicating the progress made in import and utilisation of the imported material in respect of contracts earlier registered for information/record of the registering authority.
- (35) In the case of Vitamin B.6 (Pyridoxin HCL/Pyridoxin base) and intermediates of Pyridoxin, all eligible importers shall be required to first place an order to the extent of 33% of their total requirements with M/s. Indian Drugs and Pharmaceuticals Limited. Customs will allow clearance of the balance requirement namely 67% of the concerned importer on the basis of documentary evidence of the firm order placed on M/s. I.D.P.L. or Letter of Credit opened in their favour.
- (36) In the case of pulses, all eligible importers shall be required to register their contracts with the National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India (NAFED). Imports shall be made only after the connected contracts have been stamped by NAFED as an evidence of such registration. For this purpose, two copies of the contract should be lodged with the NAFED; they will return one copy to the importer, duly stamped on each page, for production to the Customs at the time of clearance of goods. At the time of registration of a subsequent contract, the eligible importer shall also furnish a statement, indicating the progress made in import and utilization/disposal of the imported material in respect of all the contracts earlier registered, for information/record of the registering authority.

- (37). (1) Import of Woollen Rags/shoddy Wool/synthetic rags will be allowed only when these are imported in completely pre-mutilated condition.
  - (#) Definition of woollen rags is as follows:---
  - (a) 'New'—waste woollen cloth whether woven or knitted which is left after a garment had been cut out including genuine tailor cutting piece ends, discarded pattern bunches and sample bits.
  - (b) 'Old'—Rags of woollen textile fabrics (including knitted and crocheted fabrics), which are required for manufacture of shoddy yarn and may consist of articles of furnishing or clothing or other clothing so worn out, soiled or torn as to be beyond cleaning or repair.
- (tti) The above definition shall also apply mutatis mutandis to synthetic rags.
- (38) In the case of all carbon steel and alloy steel items importable under Open General Licence, the eligible importers—Actual Users (Industrial) required to others—shall be their import contracts with the Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta or with any of his regional offices, within thirty days from the date of entering into such contracts, or the date of shipment of goods, whichever is earlier. Imports shall be made only after the connected contracts have been stamped by the registering office of the Iron and Steel Controller as evidence of such registration. For this purpose, two copies of the contract should be lodged with the registering office of the Iron and Steel Controller and they will return one copy to the importer duly stamped on each page for production to the customs at the time of clearance of goods. At the time of registration of a subsequent contract, the eligible importer should also furnish a statement indicating the progress. made in import and utilisation/disposal of the imported material in respect of the contracts earlier registered for information/record of the registering authority
- (39) Importers wanting to have video rights of cducational films covered by entry No. 45 above, should approach the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, New Delhi and the R.B.I. for prior permission.
- (40) In the case of brass/copper pipes and tubes imported as scrap, their size shall not exceed 15 cms in length unless they are imported as scrap in hydraulically pressed briquettes.
- (41) (a) In the case of medical gas cylinders the following conditions shall apply:—
  - (f) Imported medical gas cylinders shall be used only for medical purpose for compressing and supplying medical gas.

#### APPENDIX o -- Conta.

- (#) Cylinders and valves fitted thereto to be imported must be of a type as approved by the Chief Controller of Explosives and accepted for use under the Gas Cylinders. Rules, 1981.
- (#I) Cylinders imported should not be used for any gas service other than the medical gas for a period of 10 years from the date of importation.
- (iv) The importers shall obtain necessary permission from the Chief Controller of Explosives as required under the Gas Cylinders Rules, 1981.
- (b) The conditions referred to in (ii) to (iv) above shall also apply in the case of CO<sub>2</sub> gas cylinders upto 15 litres water capacity for fire extinguishers.
- (42) In case of Polysiticon, Single crystal Silicon Ingots/Bars/Rods other than metallurgical grade silicon, Silicon Wafers other than Diffused Wafers, Dices, and Chips, covered by OGL vide entry in List 8 of this Appendix, Actual Users (Industrial) shall be required to register their import contract with the Department of Electronics, Lok Nayak Bhavan, New Delhi before opening letter of credit. Imports shall be made only after the connected contracts have been stamped by the Department of Electronics as an evidence of such registration.
- (43) In case of unmanufactured ivory, importable under Open General Licence, imports shall be allowed only under the regulations of Convention on Inter-

- national Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES). Such imports would be permitted only on inspection by the Regional Deputy Director, Wild Life Preservation, Department of Environment.
- (44) In the case of Energy saving/conservaion equipment, including systems and devices workug on/used for Renewable and Alternate sources of energy, the importer shall furnish to the Department of Non-Conventional Energy Sources, Block No. 14, Lodi Road, CGO Complex, New Delhi-110003, the following information pertaining to the equipment imported, within 15 days of the clearance of goods from the Customs (
  - (1) Description of the equipment imported.
  - (ii) Its c.i.f. value.
  - (III) Amount of Customs duty paid on the imported equipment.
  - (1v) Country from which imported.
- (45) The goods are shipped on through consignment basis of India on or before 31st, March of the licensing year, without any grace period, whatsoever.
- (46) Nothing in the Open General Licence shall affect the application to any goods, of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import thereof, in force, at the time when they are actually imported

#### LIST 1

List of Machinery, Equipment, Testing apparatus, Tools and Implements, which will be allowed under Open General Licence to Registered Exporters of Gem & Jewellery and Cooperative Societies of Goldsmiths & Artisans,

- 1. All types of dichroscopes refractometers and accessories.
- 2. All types of gauges, etc., for measuring size of diamonds or precious stones jewellery.
- 3. All types of loupes and lenses.
- 4. All types of spectroscope and accessories,
- 5. Automatic machines for making bracelets.
- 6. Automatic soldering machine with motor.
- 7. Balancing machine.
- 8. Ball burnishing vibration (for polishing chains).
- 9. Boart crushers.
- 10. Bruting or girdling machine-single and double spindle.
- 11. Bull's eye condenser with stand.
- 12. Calibrating machine.
- 13. Carving machine.
- 14. Centrifugal/Vacuum casting machine, manual/automatic.
- 15. Ceres diamond probe or equivalent.
- 16. Chain hammering machine (for decoration of chains).
- 17. Cleaver's Box with shell and lead block.
- 18. Colorimeter (for rough diamonds).
- 19. Colour Grader.
- 20. Colour master.
- 21. Combined callbertating and bevaling or chamforing machine.
- 22. Combined conveyor belt and wire annealing furnace with controlled atmosphere.
- 23. Complete automatic chain making machine.
- 24. Continuous casting machine of gem and jewellery.
- 25. Dops all types.
- 26. Dial Micrometer.
- 27. Dlamond compound kit.
- 28. Diamond counting machines.
- 29. Diamondlite.
- 30. Dopping press or machine.
- 31. Drilling machines.
- 32. Electroplating units for flash plating.
- 33. Faceting machine or faceter.
- 34. Forming machines.
- 35. Gem Carving machines.
- 36. Gem mini lab.
- 37. Gem print.
- 38. Gem Sllcing machine.
- 39. Gem Testing lamps.
- 40. Gluing apparatus.
- 41. Grinding machine.
- 42. Hydrogen welding machine with flame temperature high frequency.
- 43. Jewellers' microscope-stereo-zoom type and accessories.
- 44. Lapping machines.
- 45. Multiple stones bearers.
- 46. Multiple wire drawing machine with diamond dies.
- 47. Pearl Drilling Machines/Pearl processing machines.
- 48. Point Grinding machine.
- 49. Polishing machines.

#### List 1-Concld.

- 50. Polishing Tangs.
- 51. Powder Rollers.
- Preclous balance electrically operated/hand weighing balances weighing in carats and grams (giving minimum reading capacity 0.05 gm or less).
- 53. Proportion scope/proportion meters.
- 54. Quartz lamps for testing precious stones.
- 55. Roundiam (Roundist machine).
- 56. Saws, blade, laps, grinding wheels, dressers, discs and other tools, diamond impregnated or otherwise specially designed for machines listed at S. No. 12, 31, 33, 34, 35, 38, 41, 44, 64, 66 and 72,
- 57. Sawing Blades for diamond sawing machines.
- 58. Sawing Machines.
- 59. Sawing Spindles.
- 60. Scalfes.
- 61. Scife cutting lathe.
- 62. Scouring machine.
- 63. Semi-automatic stone setting machines.
- 64. Shaping machines.
- 65. Sieves for diamonds, pearls or precious and semi-precious stones.
- 66. Slab and Trim Saws.
- 67. Steel pots, steel counter pins.
- 68. Strip runner.
- [ 69. Suction equipment for diamond dust.
- 70. The illuminator polariscope.
- 71. The "SONBIP".
- 72. Tumbling machines.
- 73. Tweezers.
- 74. Wire runner.

#### LIST 1

#### List of Life Saving Equipments allowed for Import under the Open General Licence

- Defibriliators for internal and external use and Fasconakers and their accessories including Patient cable, internal defibrillator
  paddles 45 mm and 55 mm sizes but excluding ECO recorders, cardioscope, cardiac monitors and ECO monitors of any type.
- 2. Endotracheal tubes.
- 3. Sngstaken tubes-both adult and paediatric sizes.
- 4. Taracheostomy tubes both plastic and metal
- 5. Cardlac Catheters with guidewires.
- u. Cardio-vascular sutures.
- V. Fogarty and embolectomy catheters.
- Respirators including ventimeters with accessories including aebulleers, T connections, respirators and ventimeter to patient connecting tubes and connections.
- 4. Implantable cardiac pacemaker with accessories
- Wearable or portable self contained breathing resugnitation equipment for use in area with toxic and dangerous or explosive gases.
- 11. Portable Intermittent positive pressure breathing apparatus with accessories/compressed air breathing apparatus sets and other breathing protection equipment used by the fire services.
- 12. Hydrocephalus shunts.
- 13. Vascular grafts.
- 14. Heart-valve proathesis including valve frames
- 15. Portable Haemo-dialyser including disposable or kill Haemodialyser.
- 16. Hemafiltration instrument/Haemodialysers and accessories/spares thereof.
- 17. Small portable pumps for giving slow infusion of anti-center drugs
- 18. Ventilator used with anaesthesia apparatus.
- 19. Pulmoficator.
- 20. Heart lung machine and accessories including Y and straight connections, heat exchanger, arterial and venous reservoirs filters and extra carporeal circulation catheters.
- 21. Intravenous canulae and tubing (for long term use).
- 22. Clips for ancurysms and clips applying forceps in neurosurgery.
- 23. Instruments and implants including self-curing acrylic Bone Coment for replacement and bonding of hips, knee and other joints for severely crippled and handicapped
- 24. Blood gas analyser and accessories."
- 25. Double/Triple/Quadrupl/cate blood plastic bags.
- Blood cell separators.
- 27. Cardiovascular special instruments such as 1-
  - (I) Electrical or gas operated sternal cutters.
  - (ii) High Pressure stop cocks and connectors for pressure reading.
  - (III) Vascular Tissue forcep.
  - (tv) Vascular Scissors straight or angled.
  - (v) Vascular Bull-dog Clamps.
  - (vi) Vascular Clamps.
  - (vii) Vascular Needle Holders.
  - (vili) Coronary Perfusion Cannulae.
- 28. Intra-Arterial Catheters and galdewired for selective carebal anglo-graphy, spinal anglo-graphy etc.
- 29. Omayya reservoirs for intra-ventricular investigations therapy.
- 30. Intra-cardiac patches.
- 31. Suction Catheters.
- 32. Plastic Disposable 3-way Connectors,
- 33. Tubing to record pressures.
- 34. Nobulisers.
- 35. Humidiflers.

#### APPENDIX 1- COMO.

#### List 2-Eoacid

- 56. Oxygenator and accessories such as : -
  - (f) Filters.
  - (#) Arterial Vanous Tubing.
  - (##) Coronary Canulae.
  - (17) Silastic tubes for microsurgery.
- 37. Endoscopic equipment of all types (Cystoscope, Laproscope etc.)
- 38. Ostomy products (appliances) for managing colostomy, illeostomy, illeostomy, ileas conducts prostomy stoma cases such as bags, belts, adhesives seals or rolls adhesive remover, skin barriers micropore surgical tapes, bag closing clamps, Karaya scals paste or powder, irrigation sets, plastic or rubber face plates. Sanges, male or female urinary incontinency sets, skin gels, in parts or sets.
- 39. Marlex Mesh.
- 40. Pacemakerwires
- 41. Patient Cable for pacemaker.
- 42. Fibreoptic endoscopes (Thorsele and gastrolatestizet Genitocrisery) with scopes of significant sizes
- 43. Steridraps
- 44. Castrators
- 45. The following items required by the spinsi patients and other categories of physically handicapped people i-
  - (1) Folding wheel chairs with detachable arms and footrests—Special light wheel chairs for easy handling and aports man
    - --- motorised wheel chairs.
  - -special purpose for stairs climbing standing for tetraplegies and paraplegie werkers.
  - (2) Incontinence aids like non-allergic sillicron-Medical Adhesives aprays.
    - -button adjusters for condom urinals.
    - -- Urinal leg bags with valves for easy emptying
  - (3) Aids for disabled ake folding walking frames.
  - (4) Aids to extend reach to pick up small items (with small magnet pick up)
  - (5) Specialised fixtures for orthopaedic and spassic, tetraplegics for masoenvering and providing dexierity to fingers and write,
  - (6) Turning beds for prevention of pressure screen.
  - (7) Emulsion cushions for tetraplegies and working paraplegies to avoid pressure socces
- 46. Disposable Monitoring Electrodes to use with the monitoring machine for diagnosing heart disease.
- 47. Patient cable & patient leads to use for diagnosing heart disease.
- 48. Portable intermittent traction machines.
- 49. Artificial electronics larynx instruments.

#### APPENDIX o-Lonia

#### LIST 3

List of Finished arm, preparations, life saving and anti-cancer drugs, import of which will be allowed under Open General Licence.

- 1. Actinomycin-D Injection
- 2. Aminocaproic Acid Injection.
- 3. Aminopterine Sodium Injection,
- 4 Amiphenazole injection.
- s Amphotericin B Injecti a
- d Antihaemophyllio Globalin faje tem,
- 7 Anti-Haemophilic fac or Concentrate (voi & in).
- 8 Aprotinin Injection.
- 9. Azathioprine tablets an 1 injects is
- bemeer de Injecte n
- 11. Bethanechol Chloride Table's
- 12. Bleomy an Injection
- 13. Busulphan Tablets
- 14. Calcium Discodium Bdeta Injection
- 15. Canine Distemper Vaccine
- 16. Carbenicillin Sod um in a
- 17 CCNU (Lomustine
- 18. Cholestyramine for oral suspension
- 19. Chlorambucil tablets.
- 20. Chorionic Ganadotrophin ampoules.
- 21. Colistin Sulphate Injection and Colistin Sulphomethate Sodium Injection,
- 22. Conjugated Estrogen-Injection of
- 23. Corticotrophia (ACTH) Injection
- 24. Cytarabine Hydrochloride Inject on
- 25. Daunorubibin Hydrochloride Injection
- 26. Desferrioxamine Injection
- 27. Diagnostic agents, the following
- (A) Biological Diagnostic Agents, namely 1-
  - (1) A giutinable Suspensions.
  - (2) Agglutinating Sera excluding he following i-
    - -(1) Anti 'A' Sera
    - (il) Anti 'B' Scra
    - (iii) Anti 'D' (Rho) Sera.
  - (3) Costridium Diagnostic Sera
  - (4) Diagnostic Regents for veneroal diseases, namely i
    - (1) Freis Antigen
    - (ii) Kahn Antigen.
    - (ill) Wassermann Antigen
  - (5) Horse Scrum
  - (6) Species Precipitating Sera.
  - (7) Streptococous grouping Sera
  - (b) Viral Antigen and Sers.
  - (9) The following agents, maniety is
    - (/) Antis reptolyan 'O
    - (II) Bovine A tan 1
    - (III) Count and 11
    - (h) immune a leurquent de soit n Rengents.
    - (") Koch old Tuberculin.
    - (vi) toager for Casoni's tex-
    - (vii) Streptolysin C

#### List 3-Contd.

#### (B) X Ray Diagnostic Agents, namely 1-

- (1) Acetrizok Acid Injection.
- (2) Calcium I podate Sachets.
- (3) Diodone Injection.
- (4) Ethyl Iodophenylundecylate Injections.
- (8) Injection of Sodium and Meglumine Salts of Iodamide.
- (6) Iodipamide Methylglucamine Injections.
- (V) Iodexyl Injections.
- (8) Megiamino lothalamate injection
- (9) Phenobutiodil tablets.
- (10) Propyllodone Injection
- (11) Sodium Iothalamate Injections
- (12) Sodium Ipodate Capsules.
- 28. Dimercaprol (BAL) Injection.
- 29. DHL Vaccine (Distember, Hepatitis, Leptospirosis Vaccine)
- 30. Doxyrubicin Hydrochloride Injection.
- 31, Edrophonium Chloride Injection.
- 32. Fluorouracil Injection.
- 33. Follicie Stimulating Hormone (FSH) and Lutinising Hormone (LH) Injection.
- 34. Gas gangrene anti-toxin injection.
- 35. Glucagon Injection.
- 36. Highly purified neutral insulin injection (Porcine Insulin).
- 37. Highly purified insulin zinc suspension injection (Porcine Insulin).
- 38. Highly purified neutral insulin injection (Bovine Insulin).
- 39. Highly purified insulin zinc suspension injection (Bovine Insulin).
- 40. Highly purified Isophane insulin injection (Bovine Insulin).
- 41. Histamine Injections.
- 42. Human Thrombin.
- 43. Hydroxyurea preparations.
- 44. Isoproterenol hydrochloride Injections.
- 45. Iso metamidium chioride.
- 46. L-Asparaginase Injection.
- 47. Leucoverine Calcium Injection.
- 48. Levarterenol Bitartrate Injection
- 49. Levadopa with carbidope Tablets.
- 50. Lincomycin Hydrochloride Injection.
- 51. Mannomustine Hydrochloride—Injections and tablets of.
- 52. Measles vaccine S. Strain with diluent
- 53. Measles, mumps and lubella virus vaccine, live with dilucut,
- 54. Melphalan Injection and tablets.
- 55. Mercaptopuring tablets
- 56 Metarminol Tartrate Enjections.
- 57. Methicillia (Sodium Salt) Injection
- 58. Methotroxate tablets and injections
- 59. Methoxy Fluraine is bottles

#### List 3-Goncid.

- 60. Motrizamide Viai with sowers
- 61. Mitomycin C Injection.
- 62. Mustine Hydrochloride ampoules
- 63. Pavulon (Pancuronium Bromide)
- 64. Penicillinase injection.
- 65 D. Penicillamine hydrochloride chreuien
- 66. Pilcarpine eye drops.
- 67 Pollomyelitis Vaccior (Sahar-
- 68 Policmyelites had ne chell?
- 69. Posy atala dutions of at the of
- 70. Pretidodico Chiminae de Gille et a conte
- 71. Protamus Suiphers telegras.
- 72. Procarbazine hydrochloride Capsules.
- 73. Quinidine gluconate intra renous injections.
- 74. Raceinic Phenyiamine Nitrogen Mustard Hydrochioride-Injection and tablets of
- 75. Serum Gonadotrophin ampoules.
- 76. Streptokinase-Streptodornase Tablets and Injections.
- 77. Succinylcholine Chloride Injection
- 78. Suzethonium Bromide---ampoules of.
- 79. Famoxifen citrate tablets (Anti-capeer orugs).
- 80. l'estolactone preparations.
- 81. Thermiserine (Cyloserine), Pronicid (Prothionamide) and Reganicid (Ethionamide) f
- 82. Tubocurarine Chloride injections.
- 83. Thio-Tepa Injections.
- 84. Thromobokinase with Calcium-Tablets of
- 85. Tretamine Tablets and Injections
- 86. Trimetaphan Camsylate Injectious
- 87. Vasopressin Injections.
- 88. Vincristine Sulphate Injection.
- 89. Vinblastine Sulphate Injection.
- 90. Veterinary life saving drugs, the following :--
  - (i) Combined vaccine against distemper hepatitis, ioptosiprosis and rabies.
  - (ii) Homologous standards,ed antiserum against Distemper and Hepatitis.
  - (#i) Coumaphos Wettable Powder/Suspension,
  - (h) Suramin Powder.
  - (v) Penbendazole Bolus/Suspension, Powder.
  - (vi) Oxyclozanide liquid.
  - (vii) Inactivated Ranies Vaccine (prepared from Culture of Rubles virus on human disploid calls).
- 91. Naganol (m-umicolbongoyi-za-meshyi bonzoyi).
- 92. Diasoride mier.: &
- 93. Mistogrycerin On inter-
- 94. Usokibana to i im ercu
- 95. Pat minuiti. us . . i. 13 1 ve . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
- 96. Sodium A moth omalate injects.

37, Jadwar Nirotsi (Boos,

#### APPENDIX 6-Contd.

## LIST 4

List of items allowed for import as 'Crude drugs' under O.G.L. Ayurvedic/Unani name of the crude drugs in clusive of parts Scientific and/or English name of the drug 31 No. ŧ A. PLANT ORIGIN DRUGS Bambusa Bambos Druce Syn. B. Arundiracea Wild. t. Vansalochan, Tabsheer (Manus) Bamboo Manna, Borago officinalis Linn. ?. Gaozeban (leaves, flowers) Colchicum luteum Baker Colchicum Suranjan (Corams) Commiphora myrrha (Nees) Engl. Myrrh. & Boi, Mur Makki (Gum rezin-7 Sagmonia (Resin) Convolvalus, seammonia Linn Scammony. Glycyrrhiza glabra Linn Liconke 8. Yashtimadhu, Mulethi (Roois) V. Hauber, Abbal (Berries) Juniperus communis Linn Juniper Berries. Mathiola incana R.B. 9. Todri (Seeds) Orchis laxiflora Lam, Salep. 9. Salab Misri (Tubera) Buzidan Pastinaca secacul Linn. Wild Parship, Secacul. 10. Shaqaqui Misri (Root) 11. Kababchini (Fruits) Piper, cubèba Linn, f. Cubeb. 12. Mastagi Roomi (Gum-resin) Pistcia tentiscus Linn, Mastich. 13. Maya Phaja, Mazt (Galls, Quercus infectoria Oliv. Oak. Smilax china Linn China Root. 14. Chobchini (Root) 15. Unnab (Fruits) Zizyphus sativa Gaertn Jujube. 16. Agargarha (Root) Anacyclus pyrothrum Dc. Pollitery. 17. Bahman Safaid (Root) & Surkh (Red & White var ) Contaurea bohen Linn. 18. Darronaj Agrabi (Root) Dorpulcum pardatianches Linn Roman Leopard's Bane. 19. Hing (Gum-resin) Ferula Footida Regel Assafoetida. Rheum emodia Wall Rheum, Rhubarb. 20. Usara Revaud (Extract) Boyandchini (Root) 21. Ustokhuddus (Plant) Lavandula stoechas Linn, French Lavander, Paurus nobilis Linn, Laurd, 22. Habb-ul-Ghar (Berries) 23. Habb-ul-Ass (Berries) Myrtus communis Linn. Myrtle. 24. Ood-e-Saleeb (Root) Passella officinalis Linn. Paconia Root. 25. Bisfayej (Root, Rhizoms) Polypodium sulgare Linn Polipody \*6. Ushbah Maghribi (Root) Smilax aristole-chiaefolia Millet Maxcian Sarsaparilla. 27. Turanjabeen (Manna) Alhagi psoud-alhagi (Bieb) Desv Sya. A. Camelorum fisch. 28. Zarishak (Fruis) Berberis vulgaris Linn Borbery. Commiphora opobalsamum (Lina.) Bagi Balsam Tree. 29. Balsan (Habb Seeds, Baughan-oil) 30. Sheer Khisht (Manna) Praxiaus oraus Lian. 31. Ushaq (Oho-gum-resis) Dorema ammoniacum D-Don. Ammoniacum. 32. Gul-e-Ghafis (Flower) Gentique olivieri Grisch Gentian. 33, Habb-al-Mahlab. (Fruit, Seeds) Presus mohaleb Lina. Mahalab Tres. 34. Paranj Mushk (Pruits, Seeds) Dracocophalum Moldivica Lian 35 Badiyas-Khatal (Prois) Illelum verum Hook P id Biranjasii Achilles mittfelters I ins Milf- U.

Delphinium denudutum Wall,

#### APPENDIX 6 -- Contd.

Lant 4- Concta.

i		3		
	Turmus Saica	Lupinus albus Lina White lupin,		
	Gulnar Parsi (Flower)	Punica Granatum Linn PomGranate.		
	Satar Fais (Plant)	Zatarla multiflora Boise		
	Zaitun (Tel-oll)	Otea europoea Linn, Olive		
	Kabruba (Resm in fossil form)	Pinus succimitora (ropport Ambet (Fossilised)		
	Damm-ul-Akhwain (resinous exudate)	Praecona cinnabari Baif 1. Dragon's Blood Plant.		
	Naryai Daryace	Ladolcoa moidivica Pors. Syn. L. Seychellarum Lastin		
	Gul-e-Pisto (Flower)	Platacia vera Lum Pisrachio plant.		
	Loban (Balsamic resin, Bonzoin)	Styrax benzoin Dryand Olibanum or Benzoin Tree		
	Darchini (Bark)	Cinnamonum zoylanicum diume Cionamon Bark.		
	Lavang, Laung (Flower bud)	Syzygium atomaticum (Linn.) Merr. & L.M. Porry. Cloves.		
	Zeera Siyah, (Fruit) Krishan Jirak	Carum carvi Linn Black Caraway, Black Cumin.		
	Anisoon (Fruit)	Pinginalla anisum Linn Ani fruits,		
	Sarjarsam (Gum-tesin)	Vatoria Indica Linn.		
	Ratanjot (Rhizome) Zoofa (Plant)	Onosma echioides Lana.		
	Shaqiqoot (Mushroon)	Hyssopus officinalis Linn Hyssop		
J7.	20844400m (Matamiootti)	Polyporous officinalis Fries Editale Mushroom		
55.	Long Pepper	Piper Longum Linn.		
B.	Mineral origin Drugs :			
1.	Shilajit	Black Bituman, Mineral Pitch Bituman		
2.	Hoora-c-Armani	Bole Armeniac, Armenian Bole.		
3.	Saindhava Namak, Namak Lahori.	Rook Salt, Black Salt.		
4.	Hajr-ul-Yahud.	Fossil Enerinate.		
3.	Zahar Mohra	Serpentine.		
6.	Yaqoot (Choora)	Ruby.		
7.	Parwala, Munga, Shaakh-e-Marjan, Bekh-e-Marjan, Byssad.	Coral (Colralium rubram).		
8.	Mukta, Moti	Pengl		
9.	Sang Yashab	Jado.		
10.	Hingul, Shangrai	Cinaphar		
11.	Gil-e-Makhtoom.	Clay		

Notes :- (1) if any of the items appearing in this list also appear in Appendix 3 Part A its import will not be allowed under OGL.

(ii) Import of Jade, Pearis and Corals only in Powder form and of non-jewellery quality alone will be allowed

#### APPENDIX 6-Conta

#### L181 ·

List of Sutures and Needles for surgical purposes allowed under OGL vide item 20(b) in this Appendix.

- Dexon Polyglycolic acid suture Nos. 0, 2/0-3/0-4/0, 5/0, 6/0 on cutting needle, also available without needle and on round bodied needle.
- 2 Surgical Gut infid chromic (marked 'Opthalmic') No upto 6/0; length 18' on 3/8 circle reverse cutting needle.
- 6 Ethilon micro-point spatula 5 mm needle 9\* No. w 1/21. Micropoint spatula 6 mm double needle 10\* No. w 1719.
- w. Prolene Micro point spatula 6 mm double needle 9. No. w 1710.
- 5 Micro sutures with micro taper point Nylon/Polyester Reference.

DM DM	201 202	04917 \ 04920 \( f	12/0 on	0.05 mm 3/8 circle. 0.07 mm needle.	
Nylon /Polyster Reference	<b>26</b>				
RM 212	02294	10/0 cm	0 10mm 1	1/2 circle	
RM 222	02296	10/0 оп	0.14mm 1	/2 circle	
(DM) 212	02304	10/0 on	0.14mm3/8 circle needle.		
Nylon/Polyster Reference	,		4		
GM 201	06042	11/0 on	0.05mm		
GM 202	06040 6039	11/0 on 10/0	0.07 mm	Straight needle	

6. Silcon rubber strips for rational detachment

D 1570/40	3.5mmx0.75mm
D 1570/41	2.0mmx0,75mm
D 1570/42	4.0mmx1.25mm

#### APPENDIX 6 -- Contú.

#### LIST

## List of Dental Equipment, Dental Instruments & Appliances allowed for import under Open General Licence

#### DANTAL BOULPMENT

- Air Motor/Turbine Hand piece and Control Box with Poot Control.
- 2. Air Rotor/Turbine complete with or without Air Com-
- Body contoured self-adjusting electrically operated dental chair.
- 4. Cassettes for X-ray Films.
- 3. Cryosurgery equipmees.
- 6. Dental Engines:
  - (a) for laboratory work
  - (b) for chairside clinical work on patients.
- 7. Dental Furnaces and casting machines.
- 8. Dental Operating Lights & fibre Optik Lights.
- 9. Dental unit with all attachments fixed to it.
- 10. Electric casting furnace and accessuries for dentel castings
- 11. Electro-surgery units.
- 12. Equipment for chronic cabelt work
- 13. Evacuator unit.
- 14. Fibre optic light equipment with attachments for denial work.
- 15. Flexible cable arms.
- 16. Gold foil consensing instruments
- 17. High speed mobile suction apparatus.
- 18. Hot air sterilizers.
- 19. Hydrocolloid conditioners equipment or heating ubit.
- 20. Model surveyor.
- 21. Model Trimmers
- 22. Moto—Tool with or without variable speed (Reguns for drilling)
- 23. Orthodontic blow pipe.
- 24. Orthodontic trimmers.
- 25. Orthodontic polisher with auxiliary function outlets.
  - (a) Annealing jack.
  - (b) Auxilliary cables
  - (c) Heat-treat table.
  - (d) Plug-to vise.
- 26. Preheating porcelain furnace.
- 27. Porcelain furnace.
- 28. Porceisin vacuum pump
- 29. Pulp Tomus.
- 30. Send blasting equipment for Dental use
- 31 Three in the water agricult
- 12 Translatin Red (Council a Copies observance)
- 33. Ultrasonic amalga a kit.

- 34. Ultrasonic inserts.
- 35. Ultrasonic orthodontic kit and root canal kit.
- 36. Ultrasonic scalors of all types.
- 37. Vacuum investing equipment for dental castings.
- 38. Vibratures for dental use.
- 39. Spot welders for dental run with suxilliary function outlet
  - (a) Anneating jack
  - (A) Authory cable.
  - ic) Man arest table.
  - 1. 野狗猪 唯朝中

#### LIST OF 'NS CHUMBNIS POR DENTAL USB .

- 40 Air Turbing sagle sdoptors.
  - (2 to 3 hole) Borden.
  - (4 to 2 hose)
- 41. Air Turbing Churks.
  - (a) Plastic chucks.
  - (b) Quet-air moiai chacks Compa...

—Companic Standard
Potura or ultra
Miniator S
Standard

#### 42. AIR TURBINE HEAD/CARTRIDGES

- (a) Borden turbiges
- -Regular cartridge
- (b) Borden turbines
- -Silenese cartridge
- (c) Quies air turbice
- -Compact Misiature Sendent
- 43. Amalgamaton.
- 44. Emalgamator capsules and postle
- a5. Amalgam carriers
  - (a) Double ond-Regular of large.
  - (b) Single end-regular or large.
- 46. Amalgam condensors.
- 47. Bur blocks for bolding burs.
- 48 Cartridge Syringe needles-Disposable and sterile
  - (a) Dental injugation
  - (b) Disposable seringes
- 49. Caring polis and accomories
  - (ii) Copper saids
  - (5) Curing anit.
  - (c) Deniure flack with classes.
  - (d) Electroformer
  - (e) Flask courress
  - (f) Plant Matter.
  - visse & girl da ia.
  - 1) Euversol liquid.

## APPENDIX 6-Conta

#### Link 5-Quard

## 50. Dentai Abrassive polishing and finishing instruments

- (a. Composite finishing kit F/G.
- the Composite point kit C/A.
- (c) Cold polishing kit H/P.
- (d) Silicone brownie cups C/A.
- (d) Silicone beo vale man po nts O/A
- (f) gillicone brownie cups F/G.
- (g) Silicone brownie mini pts. F/G.
- (h) Silicone greenie mini pts. C/A.
- (i) Silicone Greenie cups C/A.
- (f) Silicone greenle mini pts. F/C
- 51. Dental anesthetic syringes.
- 52. Dental burs of all varieties of various shapes and sizes.
  - (a) Carbido.
  - (b) Diamond
  - (c) Steel.
- 53. Dental Handpieces for
  - (a) Air motor.
  - (b) Air turbine.
  - (c) Drilling engines (clinical and laboratory) for filling, packing and condensation purposes.
  - (d) Micromotor.

## 54. Oral surgice<sup>1</sup> i

- (a) Rone files.
- (b) Burnisher.
- (c) Carvers.
- (d) Composite filing instruments.
- (s) Condensors.
- (f) Crown removers.
- (g) Curettes.
- (h) Cutting cavity prep.
- (1) Elevatory -- periostent.
- (j) Excavators
- (k) Forceps.
- (I) Hemostate.
- (m) Mallets,
- (n) Mouth glass.
- (o) Needle holders.
- (p) Packing instrument.
- (q) Plastic filling
- (r) Pliers -office and laboratory

## 5 Oral Surgical Conservative instruments :

- (a) Plier, copper band removes.
- (b) Pliers cotton and fressing.
- (c) Plinger, amaigam
- (d) Probes.
- (e) Ronguere
- (f) Root tip picks.
- (g) Scalers.
- (h) Scissors collar and crows.
- (i) Scissors, gum.
- (1) Snatulas, cement.

- (k) Spatulas, impression paste
- (i) spatulas, pastor
- (m) Spetulas, wax
- (n) Sterillzer forcer
- (a) Tape, instrument identification.
- (p) Towel clamps and napkin holders

#### 56. Developing tarks for dental X-ray (Automatic & Ordinary)

- Endodontic Instruments (Root Canal Instruments) Bronches, reamers and files, fillers/wideners and pluggers.
- 58. Engines, handpieces and burs
  - (a) Carbide burs
  - (b) Engine belts.
  - (c) Engine- bench models.
  - (d) Handpieces—dorlot type.
  - (c) Labours.
  - (f) Model trimmer.
  - (g) Model trimmer abrasive discs.
  - (h) Model trimmer wheels.
  - (/) Moto flex model.
  - (/)) Moto tool model.
  - (k) Rheostate foot models.
  - (1) Sediment tray.
  - (m) Speed control foot operated
  - (n) Speed control table model.
  - (o) Sterlab handplece
  - (p) Steel burs.

## Fxplorer sharpened

- f.0. Film holders-Dental X-Ray Film Holders.
  - (a) Angulators, Adult and child.
  - (b) Blaceting angle instrument with and without bite wing.
  - (c) Bite blocks.
  - (d) Illuminators-slimline-desk or wall mount
- 61. Furnaces for dental use.
- 62. Glass dippon dish products for dental use,
- 63. Knives and spatulas.
  - (a) Blade plaster
  - (b) Green line plaster knives
  - (z) Surgeous blades.
  - (d) Surgical handle.
- 64. Laboratory burner and turches.
- 65. Lathes, schucks and accessories for dental use a
  - (a) Attachments for auto chuck.
  - (b) Auto chuck handler.
  - (c) Bench top type-Portă vac
  - d) Chucks
  - (d) Gypsom dispensers.
  - (/) Jacobs type chuck
  - (g) Lab is the
  - (h) Precision chucks
  - (1) Splash guards
  - Splash bood.

#### APPENDIA 6-Contd. .

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#### t.let 6-Gontd.

66.			A	-1-	
nn	M	жп	cir	ен.	

- 67. Matrix instruments and materials-of all types i
  - (a) Bands.
  - (b) Strips.

#### 68. Mixers 1

- (a) Alginate mixer.
- (b) Mechanical mixer.
- (c) Power mixers.
- (d) Vacuum investing machine.
- (e) Vacuum investor and power mixer.
- Mouth Mirrors and Mirror Handles—of all types for dental use.

#### 70. Orthodontic Instruments :

- (a) Acrylizers.
- (b) Arch former.
- (c) Bow devider.
- (d) Bracket holder.
- (c) Cephalometric tracing pencil.
- (f) Direct bonding adhesive remover.

#### 71. Orthodoptic instruments :

- (a) Glass beat sterilizers.
- (b) Hand scalers and instruments for periodontal treatment including gingivectomy knives.
- (c) Hand setter-director-adaptor-pusher.
- (d) Impression trays-all sizes.
- (e) Marking files.
- (f) Mechanical tooth separators.
- (g) Model former-metal/rubber bass.
- (h) Orthodontic and pedodontic pliers
- (1) Scissors.
- (/) Stress and tension gauge.
- (k) Tweezers.
- (1) Typodent.
- (m) Reamers, broaches, files, fillers and excavators for roor canal treatment for both hand use and with reciprocal action handpieces.
- (n) Pins for amalgam restorations.
- (a) Chrome cobalt alloy dental implants.
- (p) Seemless copper bands.
- (q) Handcutting instruments for cavity such as chisels of various types, hatchats, hoes files, gingival marginal trimmers.

# 72. Plaster bowls-Small medium, large.

#### 73. Pliers and Scissors 1

- (o) Baud remover
- (b) Crown and collar
- (a 'Diagonal wire cutters
- (# Plaster nipper
- (s) Plate shear.
- · (/) Universal scissor.
- (a) Wire outles.

#### 14. Prosthetic materials i

- (a) Glass lau.
- (b) Lingual and palatal bara.
- (c) Performed bars and clasps
- (d) Tray inserts for cabinet.
- (e) Tumbler holders,
- 75. Root canal anchor pins and pin retention kits.

#### 76. Rubber 'dam supplies :

- (a) Hygenic ready cut dam.
- (b) Hygenic rubber dam rolls.
- (c) Rubber dam clamps.
- (d) Rubber dam clamp forceps.
- (e) Rubber dam frames and holders
- (f) Rubber dam punch.
- (g) Rubber dam napkins.
- 77. Saliva Ejectora.
- 78. Bulbs for dental lights (including fibre Optik Lights
- 79. Tongue depressors.
- '80. Trays--Impression trays.
- 81. Tray impression Accessories:
  - (a) Cabit tray.
  - (b) Instrument trays.
  - (c) Tray adhesives.
- (d) Trays cabinet, instrument and unit,
- (e) Tray clearners.
- (f) Tray racks.
- (g) Tray release agents
- (h) Unit trays.
- 82. Bite-Wing Loops and Tabs for Dental X-Rays.
- 83. Developer and Fixer

--do--

84. Film Dispenser85. Film Hangers

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# LIST OF DENTAL MATERIALS

## 86. Abrasives and Polishing Materials :

- (i) Abrassive strips.
- (ii) Acrillustre polish.
- (III) A crylic base plate wheels.
- (iv) Arbor bands.
- (v) Buffs.
- (vi) Burlew discs---dry foil.
- (vii) Ceramic points.
- (viti) Cutting discs.
- (to) Cuttle lines.
- (x) Diamond coated super flexiform disc.
- (x1) Disc.--pin hole center.
- (xii) Finishing strips.
- -(xtti) Hand separator.
- (x/v) Heatless wheels -grinding
- (zv) Inter prox wheels.

## APPENDIX 6-Conid.

#### List 6-Gontd.

- (xvi) Justl milling polishing čream.
- (xvii) Knife edge rubber wheeis.
- (xviii) Metal lightning.
- (xix) NM slims.
- (xx) Point mandrel.
- (xxi) Polishing brushes.
- (xxii) Rubberised abrasives.
- (xxiii) Ruby carvers.
- (xxiv) Separating discs.
- (xxv) Slitter cut off wheels.
- (xxvi) Tooth grinding wheels
- (xxvii) Touch-ups.
- (xxviii) Tripoli.
- (xxix) Ultra thin discs.
- (xxx) Ziroon trimmers.
- 87. Acrylics-Regular, Standard, Powder, Liquid.
- 88. Acrylics and plastics for dental use.
- 89. Air turbine handpiece cleaners, conditioners and lubricants:
  - (a) Airotor cleaner.
  - (b) Airotor lubricant.
  - (c) Lubricant.
  - (d) Lubricant syringe.
  - (e) Spray a-day.
  - (f) Tru torc conditioner.
- 90. Alloys-Fillings and Pellets (Precious and Non-Precious)
- 91. Angle and handpiece cleaners and lubricants:
  - (a) Handpiece cleaner.
  - (b) Handpiece ease (tube).
  - (c) Handpiece lubricant.
  - (d) Lubricating oil perfumed.
- 92. Articulating papers.
- Articulating paper and accessories and dental floss dispenser.
- 94. Bite applicators and sticks.
- 95. Cavity liners and bases.
- 96. Cements—Zinc Oxide, Zinco Phosphate, Carboxylate, Calcium Hydroxide & Resin.
- 97. Compressor oils.
- 98. Copper or Aluminium or plasting bands.
- 99. Cynoacrylate sprays for surgical use.
- 100. Crown and Bridge and Denture Aids ;
  - (a) Color transfer applicators.
  - (b) Hi-spot spray indicator.
  - (c) Indicator paste.
  - (d) Pressure indicator pasts.
  - (e) Silicons liquid.
- 101. Crown forms and temporary crowas i
  - (a) Anterior assortment.
  - (b) Crowns.
  - (c) Dispensors.
  - (d) Plastic transparent crown forms.
  - (e) Polycarbonate complete packing

- 102. Crown shells (Material and plastic).
- 103. Dental abrassive, polishing and finishing material a
  - (a) Abrassive paste.
  - (b) Amalgloss.
  - (c) Brass centre spindle stand disc asst.
  - (d) Brass centre disc asst.
  - (e) Disc separating.
  - (f) Discs and strips of all kinds—paper, brass coner stand disc asst.
  - (g) Paper disc asst.
  - (h) Strips, finishing linen, cuttle.
  - (1) Strips, lightening.
- 104. Dental cotton pellets and rolls.
- 105. Dental filling material 1
  - (a) Composite resin—self curing and light curing (with ultraviolet gun).
- (b) Fisher's scalants.
  - (c) Glass ionomer cements.
  - (d) Self curing and light curing.
- 106. Dental mercury.
- 107. Denture repair and reline materials:
  - (a) Denture liner and repair kit.
  - (b) Jet repair acrylic.
  - (c) Minit weld—powder and liquid.
  - (d) Minlt weld repair kit.
  - (e) Self-cure repair material.
- 108. Germicidals and sterilizing aids.
- 109. Hemostatic packs for dental use.
- 110. Impression materials and bite registration materials and accessories.
- 111. Lubricants;
  - (a) Resin materials.
  - (b) Tray material (Blue).
  - (c) Tray material (Pink).
- 112. Mouth guards and materials for mouth guards.
- 113. Mouth Mirror De-Fogging Liquids.
- 114. Mouth props.
- 115. Oral evacuation products:
  - (a) Aspirator tips.
  - (b) Cleaning agents.
  - (c) Dri-clave.
  - (d) Oral evacuator tips.
- 116. Orange solvent.
- 117. Orthodontic materials:
  - (a) Band materials—preformed bands, conjoured bands band strips/rolls.
  - (b) Bonding systems and accessories—all kinds of pastes sealents, etching liquid, finishing accessories, mesh pade.
  - (c) Bracket and tubes.
  - (d) Coll springs and other types of springs, Jigs and locks,

#### APPENDIX 6-CONIG

#### List 4 - Could

- in Expansion crews of all types
- i) Lighture when and separating with
- (g) Muscle anchorage appliances.
- (h) Orthodontic accessories—hooks, eyelets, cleats, buttons, clasps, chin caps, head gears, clastic head gears, strips, face-bows
- (1) Orthodonotic rubber positioners
- (1) Orthodontic wires all types and preformed arches.
- (k) Rubber and synthetic elastics, elastometic threads, chains and elastic separators of all types
- (1) Solders silver/statinless steel, fluy-paste liquid

## 118. Permanent dental coments and surgical cements/packs

### 119. Porociain and plastic:

- (a) Llquid.
- (b) Powder.

## 120, Prophylaxu supplier.

- (a) Angles.
- (b) Bridge cleaners.
- (c) Disclosing products
- (d) Floss.
- (s) Flouride gels and solution.
- (f) Flouride trays and inserts.
- (g) Prophy pastes.
- (h) Prophy tablets
- (1) Prophy scalers.

#### 121. Prosthetic materials :

- (a) Casting investment for dental castings.
- (b) Chrome cobalt alloys, non-precious technic alloy and white motal for dental restorations.
- (c) Green/brown compound sticks for crown and bridge impressions.
- (d) Gutta percha sticks and root canal points.
- (e) Platinum foils for dental use.
- (f) Pulp caps, celluloid, metal and temporary acreylic crowns.
- (#) Rubber base and silicone impression material
- (h) Rubber moulds for preparing models

#### 122. Sealer or cement i

- (a) Alcohol torch needle flame
- (b) Base plate material pink
- (c) Block out compound
- (d) Clear material.
- (e) Coping material.
- (f) Endodontic implant material
- (#) Gutta percha points.
- (h) Mouthguard material.
- (/) Precision vacuum adapter unit
- (/) Rosin materials
- (k) Root canal filling material.
- (1) Root canal scalers and comounts
- (m) B.C. Silver poliste.
- (a) Temp Splint material.

#### 123, Sponger.

## 124. Staining materials

- (a) Brush tim only
- (b) Brushes-angled
- (c) Brushen-complete Lis
- (d) Brushes-straight
- (e) Minute stain kit
- (f) Opaquer-powder and fiquid
- (g) Stain kit

#### 123. Surgical sutures, blades and scalpets 1--

- (a) Sutures exodontia.
- (b) Sutures needles.
- (c) Suture speed

#### 126 Tray material :

- (a) Instant tray mix
- (b) Tray material

#### 127 Vacuum forming materials and supplies s

- (a) Accessories.
- (b) Denture adhesives
- (c) Precision vacuum adapter
- (d) Resin bur.
- (e) Resin materials.
- (f) Stone plaster gypsum for accurate models

#### 128. Waxes:

#### Rasoplate wax

- (b) Bauxing wax- strips and run-
- (c) But year
- (d) Casting was
- (a) Impression was
- (/) Sticks
- (g) Tubes and aluminium wax
- (h) Wax sticks and tubes

#### 129. Wodges.

## 150. X-Ray films-all types t

- (a) Bits wing
- (A) Extraoral
- (e) Intersoral,
- (d) Doctoral.
- (d) Connecession,

# APPENDIX 6-Contd.

#### List 6-Concld.

- 131. X-Ray mounts.
- 132. Anaesthic cartridges for dental usc.
- 133. Dental drugs 1
  - (a) Disclosing tablets.
  - (b) Eugenoi free gingvectomy packs.
  - (c) Medicament bottles
  - (d) Para chlorophenol.
  - (e. Poly antibiotic paste.
- 134. Drugs and Medicaments :
  - (a Ammonia inhalanta,
  - (b) Calcium hydroxide for dental use.
  - (c) Campborated para chlorophenol.

- (d) Chlorinated soda with KOH.
- (a) Creosote.
- (f) Crosanol.
- (#) Cresatin.
- (A) Desensitizer.
- (1) Devitalizing Pastes and Coments.
- (/) Dry socket paste.
- (A) Endo Preparations.
- (1) Bugenol for dental use.
- (m) Formo cresol.
- (n) Glyozide liquid.
- (o) Mummyfping & devitalizing pastes.
- (p) N-2 cement.
- (q) Zinc Oxide for Dentalsuse.

## APPENDIX 6-Lonta.

#### List.

#### Illustrative List of Educational Scientific and Technical Subjects

1. Agriculture Science & Animal Husbandry.

- (a) Animal Husbandry/Livestock.
- (b) Agriculture Botany.
- (6) Horticulture & Gardening.
- (d) Dairy Farming & Dairy products.
- (e) Batomology.
- (1) Perestry & Wood Technology.
- (§) Plant Pathology & Cytology.
- (h) Poultry Farming.
- (1) Stock breeding
- (1) Canning & Preservation of fruit and fruit products.
- (k) Sericulture.
- ( , ) Bee keeping.
- (m) Fisheries.
- (n) Natural History.
- (a) Handicrafts
- (b) Photography & reprography.
- (c) Commercial Acts.
- (d) Civic and Landscape Arts.
- (e) Plastic and Graphic Arts
- (f) Furnishing and Interior Decoration.
- (g) Dance, Drama, Stage Craft and Choreography.
- (h) Music (both vocai & Instrumental)
- (1) Painting and Drawing
- (1) Modelling and Sculpture.
- (k) Textile Designing
- (1) Needle Work & Sewing.
- (m) Cinema & Theatre.
- (n) Fottery,
- (o) Educational scientific and technical books and gems and jewellery and Rapidary.

3. Applied Science.

2. Applied & Fine Arts.

- (a) Archaeology.
- (b) Museology.
- (c) Archival Science.
- (d) Printing Bindian & Publishing.
- (e) li grashsin
- (1) Library Science.
- igh Maza Maria & Campanication
- 4. Business Organisation, Industrial Management and Public Administration.
- (a) Accounting Andring Accountancy
- (b) Business Managements,
- (c) Banking and Finance.
- (d) Commerce,
- (d) Publicity and Advertisement,
- (f) Sales & Distribution,
- (g) Civil & Public Administration,
- (h) Organisations & Methods.
- (1) Insurance,
- (1) Operational Research,

#### APPENDIX 6-Conta.

#### List 7-Contd.

5. Education

6 Engineering and Technology.

- (a) Educational Psychology.
- (b) Pedagogy-theory & Practice.
- (c) Physical Education & Recreation.
- (d) Teaching Arts.
- (e) Methodology of Education.
- (a) Aeronautica.
- (b) Town & Country Planning and Architecture.
- (c) Chemical Engineering and Technology.
- (d) Automobile Engineering.
- (a) Electrical Engineering.
- (f) Electronics, Radio, Wireless and Television.
- (g) Mechanical Engineering.
- (h) Mining Engineering.
- (1) Nuclear Energy.
- (1) Petroleum Engineering.
- (k) Textile Engineering.
- (1) Material Engineering.
- (m) Nuclear Engineering and Technology.
- (a) Hydraulics.
- (o) Telecommunication.
- (p) Civil and Structural Engineering.
- (q) Highway Engineering.
- (r) Transport Engineering.
- (a) Refrigeration and Neumatic Technology.
- (1) Workshop Practice.
- (u) Machine & Machine Tool Designing & Construction.
- (v) Instrument Technology.
- (w) Mineral Engineering.
- (x) Automation and Servo-Mechanism.
- (y) Cybarnetics.
- (x) Metallurgy.
- (aa) Textile Technology.
- (bb) Manufacturing Process.
- (cc) Plastic Technology.
- (dd) Silicate Technology.
- (ee) Coramica,
- (f) Leather Technology.
- (gg) Agriculture Engineering.
- (AA) Applied Geology & Goophysics.
- (#) Navat Architecture & Dockyard Construction.
- ( //) Reproduction Engineering.
- (42) Assembly & Coustraction Technology.
- ( !! ) Spage Research & Saiellite Hugimeering,
- (mm) Computer Bolemor.
- (as) System Bagineering.
- (ee) Bovironmental Salence.

## APPENDIX 6-Contd.

## "." 1 "-Coust.

7. Humanities.

- (4) Civios.
- (b) Philosophy—Eastern & Western,
- (c) Logic.
- (d) History.
- (e) Geography & Cartography.
- (1) Law & Legal Affairs (National & International).
- (g) Ontology & Methodology.
- (h) Ethics.
- (1) Standard Literary Criticism.
- (/) Religion.
- 8. Medical Science. (a) Anatomy & Physiology.

6

- (b) Childcare & Paediatrics.
- (c) Dentology.
- (d) Ear, Nose and Throat.
- (e) Embryology.
- (f) Health.
- (g) Gynaecology & Obstetrics.
- (h) Nursing.
- (1) Histology.
- (1) Ophthalmology.
- (k) Psychiatry.
- (1) Pharmacology.
- (m) Pharmacy.
- (n) Therapeutics and Texicology.
- (v) Medicine.
- (p) Surgery.
- (a) Biology.
- (r) Biochemistry.
- (s) Hospital Administration, Medical Care Administration, Health Administration, Public Health Administration and Nursing Administration.
- ( f ) Hospital/Health Planning.
- · (u) Rehabilitation.
  - (2) Cener.
  - (\*) Pio-medical Engineering.
  - (n) Human Genetics.
  - (7) Health Feonomics.
  - (e) Social Sciences.
- (aa) Hospital Conting.
- (bb) Neurology and Neurosurgery.
- (cc) Cardiology and Cardiothorocis.
- (dd) Paediatric Surgery.
- (ee) Naxio-facial and Plastic Surgery.
- (f) Urology.
- (gg) Ortho-paedics.

## APPENDIX b-Contd.

#### List i-concid

9. Milltary Science and its History

- (a) Air. Naval and Military Engineering and Technology.
- i) Arms & ammunition and equipment.
- ) Military History.
- .4) Military Strategies and Modern Techniques of warfare.

10. Pure Science.

- i thysics
- 61 Chemistry.
- (c) Math matics.
- (1) but also and Dourseenissee.
- (2" Astronomy and Allied Science.
- FILE P Services.
- e l'anterige.
- Al Zuology
- . /) i cology
- (/) Busz.

11. Reference Books.

- (a) Bibliographics.
- (a) Who's who and Current Affairs.
- (c) Gazetters
- the tanger pacone
- , ... 171 24 168.
- (1) Adasos
- (g) Map
- (h) Language & Phaise Books.
- (1) B ks in prints & Catalogues.
- (1) Books it classification of Books.
- (k) is sm . . The
- 1. As techniques mornibles.
- gr . Ti set, to Pave in - i iras.
- , 4 F 24 + 41

12. Social Science

- (a) Pysch I gy inclu lingpara & pseudo psychology
- (b) Anthropology.
- (c) Political seguet.
- (d) Economics.
- (e) Home Science.
- (f) i Uningy & Social Institution
- (2) Culture & Civil -attou
- (h) Crimisology & Invenire actionency
- 13. Text books including books of fiction which are prescribed or recommended for studies in Educational Institutions by a recognised Educational Board of Auth rity
- 14. Children books covered by subjects specified above.
- 15. Back volumes of Scientific Technical Legal and then call a most second hands.

# APPENDIX 6-(Contd.)

#### LIST 8

## PART---I

# ITEMS OF RAW MATERIALS, COMPONENTS, AND CONSUMABLES ALLOWED FOR IMPORT UNDER OPEN GENERAL LICENCE BY ACTUAL USERS (INDUSTRIAL) ONLY, SUBJECT TO ACTUAL USER CONDITION

#### Chemical and Allied Items:

- 1. Absorbable gelatine sponge.
- 2. Acetoacet Compounds, the following t-
  - (1) Acetoacet diethylamide.
  - (2) Acetoacet dimethylamide.
  - (3) Acetoacet monomethylamide.
  - (4) Acetoacet-M-xylidide.
  - (5) Acetoacet-O-Anisidide.
  - Acetophenone (also known as methyl ketone or acetyl benzene).
  - Acetyl sulphanyl chloride.
  - 5. Acrylic plastic sheets of 0.85 mm to 1.2 mm thickness and acrylic plastic scrap (crushed).
  - Acrylic fibre tips, polyacetal tips and ink catridges for writing instruments.
  - 7. Activated alumina.
  - 8. Agar agar (other than pharmaceutical grade).
  - 9 . Alfamyl Cinnamic aldehyde.
  - 10. Alpha Pinene.
- 11 Aluminium oxide (including polishing powder) synthetic.
- 12. Aluminium powder/flakes of industrial explosive grade.
- 13. Amino iso gamma acid/salt
- 14. 1-Amino 2-Naphthol 4-Sulphonic acid/salt.
- 15. 1-Amino 6-Nitro 2-Naphthol 4-Sulphonic sold/
- 16. Amino-Phyline.

- Ammonium thiocyanate (Ammonium sulphocyanide thiocyanate of Rhodanide and Rhodantum)
- 18. Amobarbitol.
- 19. Amoxacillin sodium.
- 20. Amphetamine sulphate.
- 21. Ampicillin sodium.
- 22 . Amyl alcohol.
- 23. Androstenolone.
- 24 Androstenedione.
- 25. Animal glue and belt dressings.
- 26. Anti-corrosive Agents (other than ethylene diamine
- 27. Antimony oxide.
- 28 Art and chrome paper and Art and chrome board.
- 29 Azo-Ribitylamine
- 30. Barbitol
- 31. Battery depolarized Chemical of gamma variety.
- 32. Benzophenoue.
- 33. Benzoyl Peroxide
- 34. Benzoyl-J-acid/salt.
- 35 Benzyl cyanide.
- 36. Betamethasone and its salts.
- 37. Beta naphthylamine.
- 38. Billiard cloth, rubber cushions for Billiard tables.
- 39. Bismuth.

- 40. Black Paper (Photographic grade)
- 41. Bleaching Earth.
- 42. Bromine.
- 43. Bronidiol (2-Bronio-2-nitro propune-1,3-Dic..).
- 44. Butylated hydroxy a Rol
- 45 Calamine
- 46. Calcium citras.
- 47. Calcium gluconate, i pectagli propi
- 48 Calcium manganese dicon alloys.
- 49. Carbons, Arc Air Gauging.
- 50. Carbon black—for printing ink, paint and carbon paper manufacturers only.
- 51. Carbon electrode blocks, green/baked/kili ed.
- 52. Carbon electrode paste (Soderber paste)
- 53. 3-Carboxy-1-(p-sulph -pho yt)-3-by race.ope
- 54. Case hard ning compounds.
- 55. Casein based grazings and dressings for math. finishing.
- 56 Catalysts (organic/morganic) —order, than those in Appendix 3 Part A
- 57. Cathode blocks
- 58. Cellulose acetas usyrusz romacodu ig powder
- 59. Cellulose acetate tlakes/powder/-/tips
- 60. Cellulose acetate/nitrate sheet.
- 61. Cellulose powde. melucing micro-systalilac cellulose powder.
- 62. Chart paper/Recording paper
- 63. Chloramonenical Stearate and choin whenico Sodium Saxinate.
- 64. Chlorhexidine bay
- 65. Chloro dimethory benzear.
- 66 Chloro-dimethoxy mico benzene
- 67 3 Chloro-4 Methoxyphenyl Isocyanan.
- 68 Obtained drubb reaching recover
- 69 2-(A-chlore N-methy aceter of a Schill, makes otherwise
- 70. 2-chloro-2, 6-diethyl-N methyl acctambde (Azo methane

- Chloro para nitro toluene, chloro para amino toluene.
- 12. Chlorpheniramme maleate.
- 73 Chloroquin Sulphate.
  - 74. Clay bonded graphite crucibles size above 300.
- 15 Cocoamine.
- 76 Colloidal graphite.
- 77. Condensor insulating and impregnating oils.
- 78. Condensor, Rubbing Aprons for Woollen Cards and Rubber Blankets for printing industry.
- 79 Conveyor beiting, other than conveyor belting upto 1700 mm width.
- 80. Colloidal and fumed silica
- 81. Copper cyanide.
- 82. Cortisone acetate.
- 83. Cotton linters.
- 84. Cumidine Isocyanate.
- 85. Cushion felts and soft sponge sheets with or without cotton ply.
- 86. Cyanuric Chloride.
- 37 Cyclobarbitul.
- 88. 4-Cynopyridine.
- 89. Decaicomania Papers/Transfers,
- 90 DHA acetat:
- 91 16-DPA
- 92 Dexamethasone.
- 33. Dextian powder.
- 94 Dextroamphetamine and its salts.
- 95. Dozwose annydrous
- 96. Dextrose monohydrate.
- 97 Dialys I so alac moulding compound.
- 98. 4. Le bour phonon.
- (1) i syl annhalom
- 100 Di-Calcium phosphate.

- 101. 2 1 4 Dichloro benzoic acid.
- 102. 2, 4 Dichloro bensoyl chloride.
- 103. 2, 4 Dichloro toluene.
- 104. Di-ethylsulphate.
- 105. Di-J-acid/salt (Rhoduline acid/salt).
- 106. Dimenhydrinate.
- 107. Dimethyl acetamide.
- 108. 2 1 5 Dimethyl-4-chlorophenyl thioglycolic acid
- 109. Dimethyl Chloro-tetracycline.
- 110. 2: 5 Dimethoxy aniline.
- 111. 2 i 5 Dimethoxy nitro benzene.
- 112. Di-oxyazine.
- 113. Diphenhydramine hydrochloride.
- 114. Dichloro acetic acid.
- 115. Di-tertiary butyl meta cresol.
- 116. Divinyi benzene monomer.
- 117. Drawing reproduction films including matted polyester film, trading/drafting films and diazosensitised films.
- 118. Dyes/dye-stuffs/organic pigments and colours, other than those in Appendix 3 Part-A.
- 119. 2—Ethyl Hexanoic acid (Octoic acid).
- 120. Ebonite rods, sheets and tubes.
- 121. Electrical insulating materials—all types, but excluding condensor and capacitor tissue paper.
- 122. Electrocast refractories with Zirconia content 40% and above.
- 123. Electrolytic manganese dioxide.
- 124. Empty hard gelatine capsules.
- 125. Ephedrine hydrochloride.
- 126. (1) Epoxy/Epoxide resin.
  - (ii) Coumarone indene resin.
  - (ttt) Terpene indene resin/Polyterpene resin.
  - (iv) Epoxy/Epoxide moulding compounds.
- 127. Epoxy Plasticizers.
- 128. Ergot Sclerotia (Ergot of Rye)
- 129. Erythromycin ethyl succinate.

- 130. Estradiol Bengoate.
- 131. Estrone.
- 132. Etching chemicals i.e. additive filming agents—for "Printing units only".
- 133. Bihinyl estradiol.
- 134. Ethisterone.
- 135. Ethoxymethylene malonic acid ester (EMME).
- 136. Ethylene glycol mono ethyl ether/acetate.
- 137. Ethyl monochloro acetate.
- 138. Ethylphenyl cyanoacetic ester.
- 139. Ethylphenyl malonic ester.
- 140. Fat liquors.
- 141. Filter Aids.
- 142. Filter paper including impregnated.
- 143. Filter paper for tea bags heat-seal/non-heat seal type—for manufacturers of tea bags only.
- 144. Film Splicers.
- 145. Flocculating agents based on poly acrylamide (dispex).
- 146. Fluo boric acid.
- 147. Frusemide (Furosemide).
- 148. Furfuralamine.
- 149. Glass fibre articles, the following:-
  - (1) Fibre glass filter bags.
  - (#) Fibre glass cylinders and fibre glass insulalated tapes used in switchgears and rotating machines.
  - (iii) Fibre glass reinforced cryogenic necks and tubes for cyro containers.
  - (iv) Aluminised glass fibre fabrics.
- 150. Glass wool (other than 1-micron dia).
- 151. Glutethimide.
- 152. Glycol ethers.
- 153. Glycerine.

- 154. Granulated cork.
- 155. Graphite electrodes 21" diameter and above.
- 156. Griscofulvin.
- 157. Gum Rosin.
- 158. Halothane including Halothane in bottles.
- 159. Heat absorbing filters,
- 160. Heatset/hot carbonised printing inks.—for printing industry only.
- 161. Heat transfer oil, (synthetic).
- 162. Hexachloroethane.
- 163. High density alumina grinding media.
- 164. Hydrocortisone.
- 165. Hydrocortisone acetate.
- 166. Hydrogen peroxide.
- 167. 8-Hydroxyquinoline.
- 168. Indomethacin.
- 169. Impregnating oil for electric paper board insulators and cable filling oils/compounds—for units engaged in cable industry only.
- 170. Industrial diamonds including powder (other than gem variety).
- 171. Iron/Alloy Iron Powder—for sintered products manufacturers.
- 172. Insecticides, pesiticides and weedleides, the following:—
  - (1) Aldicarb
  - (2) Benomyl.
  - (3) Captan.
  - (4) Dalapon.
  - (5) Dicofol
  - (6) Fdisenphos
  - (7) Ethylene Di-bromide.
  - (8) Mancozeb.

- (9) Phenothoatc.
- (10) Propanil
- (11) Propoxur
- (12) Zineb Technical 85% and above.
- 173. Industrial Nylon Yarn of 210 denier and above.
- 174. Industrial X-ray films.
- 175. labsitol,
- 176. Insulating oils (synthetic) including chlorinated diphenyl other than transformer oil synthetic.
- 177 Investment castings waxes.
- 178. Isoamyl alcohol.
- 179. Iso bornyl acetate.
- 180. Isobutyl acetate.
- 181. Iso propyl alcohol.
- 182 Iso propyl ether.
- 183. Iso propyl-methyl-exy-pyrimidine.
- 184, J-acid/salt.
- 185 J-acld urea/sait.
- 186. Jumbo rolls of width 1 metre and above of the following:—
  - (i) Cinematographic Colour films (unexposed) positive.
  - (ii) Amateur Rolls films.
  - (iii) Graphic Art films.
  - (iv) Industrial X-Ray Film.
  - (v) Medical X-Ray Film.
  - (vi) Photographic Colour Paper.
- 187 Kanamycin.
- 188. Laboratory & reagent chemicals, the following:-
  - (1) Methyl lodide, pure quality.
  - (#) Potassium amyl xanthate.
  - (iii) Potassium ethyl xanthaie.
  - (iv) Potassium roctabisulphite, anatar quality.
  - (v) Sodium bisulphate, pure and analar quality
  - (vi) Sodiem ethyl ranthate.
  - (.ii) Sodium Iso-propyl aanthate.
  - (vill) Sodium metabisuiphite, pure-and analyr quality.

- 189. Lacquers and varnishes—including emulsions thereof.
- 190. Lasamide (2,1 dichlory 5-Sulphamoyl benzole acid).
- 191. Laurents acid.
- 192. Lustre colour.
- 193 Magnesia insulating materials.
- 194. Magnesium carbonate, light.
- 195 Magnesium oxide, light.
- 196. Mandelamin.
- 197. Mandelic acid.
- 198. Manganese dioxide, chemical synthetic/monda grade/natural.
- 199. Manganese oxide, chemical/synthetic/monda grade.
- 200. Magnesium Powder
- 201. Matrix boards/Stereo flongs.
- 202. Mebavarine Hydrochloride.
- 203. Mebendazole.
- 204. Melamine impregnating paper.
- 205. Melton cloth for tennis balls.
- 206 Mephenesia (glycoryl orthocrosyl etner).
- 207. Metachloro aniline.
- 208. Meta nitrobenzene Sulphonic acid.
- 209. Meta nitro chloro benzene.
- 210. Meta-phenoxy benzaldehyde.
- 211. Metallic acctates.
- 212. Metallic Yarn.
- 213. Mata substituted alkyl phonoi (Carbonol).
- 214. Methamphetamine.
- 215. Methyl anthranilite.
- 216. Methyl chloride.
- 217. Methyl dichloro acetate.
- 218. Methylene chlorid:
- 219. Methyl ctnyl pyriden.
- 220. Methyl formas.
- 221. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone
- 222 4-Methyl-5-Thiaz de-ethan
  - 223. Metol.
  - 224. Micro-cellular sheets including PVC battery separators.
- 225. Misch metal.
- 226. Molecular sieves.
  - 227 Molybdenum based greases and intercants

- 228. Monoethylene glycn'.
- 229. Ausk keiene
- 230. Musk xylol.
- 231. Naptha (solvent grade).
- 232. 2-Naphthyl thioglycolic acid,
- 233 Natural graphite carbon blocks
- 234. NN Diethyl aniline.
- 235 N—(P. (Beta(2 methoxy-5 chloro benzamide ethyl) phenyl sulphenyl urea.
- 236. Nikethamide.
- 237. Nitrazepam
- 238 4-Nitro, 2-amino pheno!
- 239. Nylon 66 · moulding powder having melting point 260°C and above.
- 140 www acidicals
- 241. Nylon Mono-filament bristles.
- 24?. Nylon partially oriented yarn (NOY).
- 243. Nylon waste—for actual user (Industrial) engaged in recovery of Caprolactum as certified by DGTD, N. Delhi.
- 244 ( St. d
- 245. Oil well cement—For ONGC & Oil India Ltd. only.
- 246. Optical glass (18W).
- 247. Optical whitening agent-
- 248. Organic surface active agents (other than soap), and also excluding those mentioned in Appendix-3 Part A
- 249. Orteo arang Preside
- 250 Orth who amiline
- 251. Ortho-cn. 101 : i ... uipuophenyl)-3-methyl-3 py-razolone.
- 252. Inthis callet rantho antline.
- 253 Ortho-chloro phenol.
- 254. Ortho-denoiding
- .. 55 Ortho phenatians.
- 256 UXXXV
- 457 Cr Do tomman di-hodrochloride base.
- 258. I was a consist glutanile acht.
- 59 P-Chlerobenzyl cyanide
- 260. Panthenols.
- 26). Paper Wasto-for Units engaged in the manufacture of pulp paper and paper board.
- The Prepared to pur has seen
  - 263 Pare amino benzoic acid

- 264. Parachloro aniline.
- 265 P-chlorobenzone Sulphenyl urea.
- 266. Para chloro Benzyl cyanide.
- 267. Parachloro ortho nitro-aniline.
- 268 Parachloro phenol.
- 269. Para cresyl phenyl acetate.
- 270 Para cumidine Isocyanate.
- 271 -- Deleted-
- 272. Para formaldehyde.
- 273. Paraffinic/napthenic/aromatic rubber plasticisers.
- 274. Para hydroxy benzoic acid
- 275. Paraldehyde.
- 276. Para nitro aniline.
- 277. Para nitroanisole.
- 278. Para nitro benzoic acid.
- 279. Para toluene sulphonyl chloride.
- 280 Para toluidine meta sulphonic acid (PTMS).
- 281. Para Toluidine-5 sulphonic acto and its salk.
- 282. 1-(P-Sulphopnenyl)-3-methyl-5-pytazolone.
- 283. Pentabarbitol.
- 284. Perchloro ethylene.
- 285. Pethidine Hydrochloride.
- 286 Peri acid/salt.
- 287. Phenetoin sodium and Diphenyl Hydantoin.
- 288. Pre iiramine maleate
- 289. Phenol formaldehyde resinous tubes, whether paper bonded based or fabric based and/or paper based rods
- 290. (i) Phenrol Formaldehyde moulding powder (electrical grade).
  - (ii) Urea Formaldehyde moulding powder (electrical grade).
  - (iii) Melamine Formaldehyde moulding powder (electrical grade)
- 291. Phenoxy aceric acid and its salts.
- 292. Phenyl hydrazine.
- 293. Phenyl J. acidisalt.
- 294. Phenyl peri acid|salt
- 295 Phosphorous (red)

- 296. Phosphorous (amorphous) i.e. white/yellow phosphorous
- 297 Prosphorous pentasulphide.
- 298 Phophorous trichlorid.
- 799. Phe spherie acad (Industrial grade)
- 300 Proline buta and gamma
- 301. Pig iron containing phosphorous not more than 0.1%.
- 302. Pigment finishes for leather.
- 303. Plain polyester film.
- 304. Plain, felt sheets.
- 305 Polyethylene resin/moulding powder/granules (all grades)
- 306 ester Staple Fibre.
- 307 Polymethyl Methaervlate noulling pellets (Aerylic Pollets)
- 308 Polypropylene fibratiow.
- 309 Pelypropylene/polyethylene tilament yarn tall types).
- 310. Polystyrene resin/granules/moulding powder.
- 311. Polyvinyl acetate/acrylate and co-polymers.
- 312. Polyvinyi alcohol
- 313 Polyvinyl buryfal resm sheets.
- 314 Potassium Compounds the following: --
  - (1) Potassium bicarbi nate.
  - (2) Pour own fluctuate.
  - (5) Parassium fluoride AR and teclinical grade
  - (d) Potassium meta bisulphit
  - (5) Potassiam silicate
  - of the fate of states the con-
- 315 Producern .
- TIK P. wisone
  - 317 Pregnenolone

from

## APPENDIX 6 LIST 8 PART-I-Contd.

- 318. Pressphan paper (electrical and industrial grades).
- 319. Primidone.
- 320. PTFE tapes.
- 321. PTFE tubes.
- 322. PVC film with embossing, engraving and texturised finish.
- 323 PVC separators.
- 324. Pure Iron (Unwrought form) for remelting purposes.
- 325. (a) Pure ortho or pure para or pure meta cresols (both chemical and technical grades) each of purity not less than 97%.
  - (b) High boiling far acids and cresote oil haring boiling range above 220oC.
- 326. Pyrazinamide.
- 327. Pyridine.
- 328. Quality Control film strips and targets—for printing units only.
- 329. Quartz and fused blanks, slabs, sheets for making prisms and 'enses, etc.
- 330. Radio Active material For actual users on
- 331. Rare Earth Oxide incluproduction of recomding rutile sand. mendation Depat. of Atomic
- 332. Rayon grade woodpulp.
- 333 Rangolite C, sodium salphoxide formaldehyde

Energy.

- 334 Recording Chart/E.C.G. recording paper.
- 335. Refractories -tar bonded impregazed basic Refractories, Fused Cast directirehanded basic refractories including DBM with ale a content upto 6%
- 336. Refractory Specialities like monoliths and refractory raw materials like mullite, Sintered alumina, Sintred mullite but excluding calcined bauxite.
- 337. Ribitylamine.
- 338. Rifampicin.
- 339. Rose crystals (trichloromethyl phonyl carbinyl acetate).
- 340. Rough opthalmic blanks (other than those made of polymethyl methacrylate plastic) exchading fund refocal blanks
- 341. Rubber blankers all types (other than those for for sulai gaining
- 342. Rubber conveyor Belting upto 1700 mm width reinforced with cotton/cotton nylon.

- 343. Rubber chemicals such as accelerators, curing agents, anti-oxidants, retarders, peptisers and re-claiming agent; (except those mentioned in Appendix-3 Part-A).
- 344. Rubber thread, the following types:—
  - (1) Bare rubber thread above 90 gauges.
  - (ii) Heat resisting rubber thread.
- 345. Salbutamol.
- 346. Salicylic acid including sodium salicylate.
- 347. Schaeffer's acid/salt.
- 348. Secobarbitone.
- 349 Secobarbitone sodium.
- 350. Shuttle cock bottom.
- 351. Silicon carbide grains.
- 352. Silicon carbide graphite crucible size over 100 and carbon bonded graphite crucibles.
- 353. Silicone compounds/fluids/oils/resins (excluding chlorosilanes).
- 354. Silver cyanide.
- 355. Sintered glass beads
- 356. Slidegate Refractory plates other than magnisite based plates (excluding well blocks and nozzles and nozzles of all types), fused silica refractories and carbon refractories.
- 357. Sodium bromide.
- 358. Sodium chlorate.
- 359. Sodium chlorite.
- 360. Sodium fluoride.
- 361. Sodium methoxide.
- 362. Sodium mono fluro phosphate.
- 363. Sodium salt-oxal acetic ester/oxal acetic ester/ oxal acetic ester sodium salt.
- 364. Sodium Sulphate.
- 365. Solvent naptha.
- 366. Soya lecithin.
- 367. Specialised tissues the following:
  - (a) Carbonising tissues and
  - pectoral cigarette tissues. (b) Coloured and
- 368. Spin/fibre/textile finishing oils-all types whether organic surfactant in nature or otherwise, as long as they are needed for natural and man made fibre industries.

- 369. Stamping feils.
- 370. Stencil paper.
- 371. Stickers, lables and gummed pro-
- 372. Succinic acid.
- 373. Succinyl chlorine chloride
- 374. Sulphadimettic side
- 375. Sulphafurazele
- 376. Sulphamethoxypyroa. ite.
- 377. Synthetic bleaching agent, (, the exam bleaching powder or hypo-chlume).
- 378 Synthetic ion exchange resins except water exchange resins.
- 379. Synthetic organic tanning ageists.
- 380. Synthetic Pyrethrum (including synthetic pyrothroids other than decamethrin, permethrin, cypermethrin, fenvalrate).
- 381. Synthetic red oxide and Persan easif
- 382. Synthetic rubber except butyl rubber, Neoptet of chloroprene, Hypalon, Viton, Bromobatyl, chlorobutyl, PTFF and E.P.D.M.
- 383. Synthetic ruby, unworked.
- 384. Tagboard.
- 385. Teleprinter perforated paper, roll and tape.
- 386. Terbutaline sulphate
- 387. Tetra coloroethane.
- 388. Tetra sodium pyrophosphate and other polyphosphates of sodium
- 389. Theophyllines.
- 390. Thiazole/thiazole guanidine derivative.
- 391. Thionyl chloride.
- 392. Thiuram derivatives.
- 393. Thymol.
- 394. Titanium sponge.
- 395. Tinidazole.
- 396. TIOC (Erithromycin thiocynate.
- 397. Tobias acid/salt.
- 398, Transfer press-phan paper.
- 399. Tri-alkyl phosphate.
- 400. Tri-aryl phosphate.
- 401. Tri-methyl Phosphate.
- 402. Triethanolamine titanate and is appropri titanate.

- 403. Trimethyl phosphite.
- 404. 3. 1, 5 Trinethony but History
- 405. Tris Nonyl Phenyl phosphite.
- 406. Turistr ()1
- 407. Unsaturated alcohal (C-13 to C-18).
- 408. Used/Scrap rubber tyres/tubes (each tyre/tube subjected to atleast one cut before shipment from the exporting country or before clearance from the customs)—for units engaged in reclaiming rubber.
- 409. Vanillin/ethyl Vanillin (including mixed lignin aldehyde).
- 410. ( in or ) of note.
- 411. Viscose staple fibre including polynosic fibre/tow.
- 412. Vitamin B-6 (Pyridoxin H.1/Pyridoxin base) and intermediates of pyridoxin.
- 413 V P.1 pape
- 414 Vercame d'à re vicets, run ind unes.
- 415. Watch greases.
- 416. Wax emulsions.
- 417. W // greass
- 418. Woollen rags/synthetic rags/shoddy wool in completely pre-mutilated form only.
- 4.9 Woven textile feits ariuding paper maker felts
- 420. Zue esmide.
- 421 Zirconium dicate and zirconium opecifiers, molading zacoman dour moorum powder and give powder.

# Ungireering and Affed Heins

- 422 Aeros of valves, when then metered type.
- 423. (i) 3490/3420 Taper Roller Bearings 38.1mm.
  - (ii) 02475/0240 Taper Roller 31.75mm.
  - (iii) 2585/2523 S Taper Roller Bearing 33.338mm
  - (iv) 32305 Taper Roller bearings (Outer bearing FRT hub 25 mm).
  - (v) Split type Roller Bearing.
- 424. All other ball cylindrical, taper, spherical and other refler bearings including needle roller bearings needle bushes and needle cages and components thereof not specified anywhere else.

- 425. All germanium devices
- 426. Aluminium/Aluminium alloys in solid Sectionary pages and tubes (all extruded aluminium items) other than aluminium collapsible tubes, rigid cans and containers.
- 427. Aluminium capillary tubing.
- 428. Aluminium rolled products, sheets, strips, circles and slugs.
- 429. Aluminium foils (including etched and formed foils)
- 430. Aluminium slats for venetian blinds.
- 431, Anti-corrosion packing paper.
- 432. Ballpen refill tips nozzles
- 433. Berryllium Copper wire/rods/tubes/coils/strips/sheets with or without plating.
- 484. Bifurcated and tubular rivets.
- 435. Bimetal/multi-metal strips of all composition including ferrous and non-ferrous composition with or without steel backing excluding strips for thermostatic type bimetal/tri—metal/multi-metal strips and copper/aluminium bimetal strips.
- 436. Blades for Shearing and tropping machines—for textile mills only.
- 437. Brazed aluminium plate and fumed heat exchangers for—Air separation plants.
- 438. Buttweld type pipe fittings less than 15" dia.
- 439. Carbon are lamps which operate at 120 amps, and above, complete with or without their cooling systems
- 440 Cartridge fuses—250 V and upto 10 amp, of the type Time Delay/slow Blow and Antisurge 1 a t Acting
- 441. Centrifugally cast seamless steel pipes and tubes (including stainless steel) up to 375 mm
- 442 Chains:-
  - (a) Roller chains and components thereof
  - (b) Whip chairs, holating chains viz. coverought from and steel, stud link chains, welded

- link chains for anchoring, hoisting and mining applications, including all other types of link chains and components thereof other than those which are covered under Appendix 3 Part-A.
- 443. Chemical porcelain ware and ceramics for over 1200°C temperature applications.
- 444. Charge Nickel all sorts including Ferro Nickel and Nickel Oxide Sinter.
- 445. Civil Engineering instruments the following:
  - (1) Strain transducers.
  - (2) Stress transducers.
  - (3) Displacement transducers.
  - (4) Pressure transducers.
- 446. Clay graphite and graphite stopper heads and nozzles including fire clay stopper heads and
- 447. Commutators for motors and generators including commutator segments.
- 448. Condenser bushings above 245 KV rating.
- 449. Consumables for foot-wear and leather goods manufacturers:—
  - (1) Pre-punched cards used in leather foot-wear.
  - (2) Plastic/PVC/Nylon tests with or without steel hinges.
  - (3) Cutting and clicking dies.
  - (4) Polyethylene/Nylon/PVC/Polyester hytronic type clicking boards.
  - (5) Aluminium shoe forms with or without heating element.
  - (6) Silver marking pens.
  - (7) Industrial sewing machine needles with leather.
  - (8) Harness needles for hand sewing.
  - (9) Bell/skiving knlvos.
  - (10) Plastic patterns.
  - (11) Band knife for splitting machines.
  - (12) Stamping whools.
  - (13) Hand sewing awls.
  - (14) Plastic|Nylon tipped hammers.
  - (15) Thermoplastic Cement such as Polyamide, Polyurethane, Resins in rods or granules.
- 450. Copper Aluminium micro-metal sheets used in the manufacture of blocks for printing units only

- 451. Copper clad wire (Dumet) dia 0.2mm to 1.00mm.
- 452. Copper and copper alloys in he form of plain sheets wider than 1200 m.a and foils of thickness below 0.06 mm.
- 453. Copper moulds (for continuous billet casting)—
  for integrated steel plants, mini-steel plants and
  electric arc furnace.
- 454. Corner Castings of freight containers.
- 455. Cupro-nickel (like German silver, Nickel silver) semis flat products and wire.
- 456. D.C. Circuit breakers/field breakers.
- 457. Dies for teeth mould-electroform.
- 458 Dry cell batteries other than those based on manganese dioxide
- 459. Door seals far freight containers.
- 460. Electric resistance alloys (ferrous based) in the forms of rods, wires and strus-
- 461. Electromagnetic c'utches and cluich ol de
- 462. Endless triple wire mesh of 65/195 or finer.
- 463. Filter segments.
- 464 Flame proof 'explosion proof slipring (including geared) motors.
- 465. Flame-proof cable half couplers straight and bent adopters.
- 466. Tractional Horse Power Electric Motors excluding instrument cooling fan motors, micromotors, brushless D.C. motors, stepper motors, Servo motors, electrical brake motors upto rorque rating not exceeding 200 march 11 (15 Kg. cm)/or upt 20 Witt Ating
  - 467. Fresnel lenses condensors.
  - 468. Fuses, fast acting, suitable for diodes and thyristors.
  - 469. Gas lighter elements.
  - 470 Glassmetic terminals for compressors upto 0.5 HP
  - 471. Glass micro fibre paper filters.
- 472 Glass when for GEO latin

- 473 Glass Screens and contact screens (Grey and Mageta)/Colour fillers—for printing units only.
- 47.4 Glass Tubing for Hypodermic syringes.
- 475 Gun metal bushes.
- 476 He, ting elements evoluting those covered in Appendix 3 Part A
- 477. Auga tensile boit, with mid studs.
- 478. High efficiency DC and brushless Motors
- High efficiency pumps for solar energy equipments.
- 430 (a) Horological Brass strips with accurate flatness, bright regular surface and sheared edges, thickness tell rance of T-3 and width tolerance of B-1B grate thickness range 0.10 to 2.00 mm.
  - (b) Horological Brass rods, bright drawn or centrel se ground finish in perfectly-straight in dd lights note 3 metres with diameter toll rane 11. 17 grads. Diam ter range—0.60 to 11.0 mm.—For watch/clock/Timepieces manifacturers (incehnical and Quartz Aralogurs)
- 481. Indicating instruments (dash board instruments) and components thereof for antomotive vehicles/ equipments and stationary engines.
- 182 En to 1 14.15 . Il 181 . 1 1.
- 433 for the form of and gear boxes
- 484 (1) 1
- 435. Items of carbon steel flanges, discs of all sizes above 1000 mm and rings of all sizes above 1500mm nominal bete and above O.D. 2000mm.
- 436 Instrument Cooking Fan Motors.
- 137 and retine with a region with its Appendix 3
- To Inter Red Stuffia
  - 489. Insulator for Pollution Control equipment.
- 190 Insulators for transformers switch gears and other electrical equipments of rating 400 KV and above
- 491. Inverters.
- 112 Kerlin precition dell and

- 493. Lead alloys.
- 494. Lead Glass Tubing.
- 495. Lead scrap including ash, skimming, blowings and dresses.
- 496. Lifting magnets.
- 497. Lithographic coated plates.
- 498. (i) Litho rules for perforating slitting creasing etc.
  (ii) Anti off-set spray powder.

  For printing units only.
- 499. Long life batteries for PV application.
- 500. Low wattage, high intensity electrical bulbs and tubes for PV application.
- 501. Mail eyes—for printing units only.
- 502. Metal plates for rotary press.
- Micanite insulating materials including V-Rings, cones, shells, tubes and separators.
- 504. Micro motors/brake motors/stepper motors/AC motors, upto 20 Watts rating excluding those for electronic watches.
- 505. Midget carbon electrodes.
- 506. Miniature button cells.
- 507. Mirror/reflectors, water cooling filaments and associated filaments for carbon arc lamps.
- 508. Multimesh disc filters (spinneret filters) and elements.
- 509. Needles for industrial sewing machines.
- 510. (i) Nickel plated steelwire dia 0.05 mm to 1.5 mm.
  - (ii) Nickel plated silicon Bronze wire (VERNKO) dia 0.05 mm to 1.5 mm.
- 511. Nickel cadmium batteries and components, parts thereof.
- 512. Non-ferrous alloys, ingots, castings and forgings other than those elsewhere specified.
- 513. Non-liner field discharge resistors.
- 514. Phosphor bronze sheets/strips.
- 515. Phosphor bronze/Tambae brass wires thinner than 30 SWG
- Plastic extruded/moulded/fabricated components or products.
- 517. Plate/Float Glass.

- 518. Pneumatic/hydraulic equipment (such as pumps, motors, cylinders, valves, accumulators, power packs etc.) and components thereof.
- 519. Polysilicon, single crystal silicon ingots/bars/rods other than metallurgical Grade silicon.
- 520. Point and quantity wheels used in dispensing pumps.
- 521. Potentiometers and rheostats—all types.
- 522. Power driven pumps including high pressure water jetting equipment but excluding those mentioned in Appendix 3 Part-A.
- 523. Pressure and non-pressure pipes and tubes:-
  - (1) Welded pipes and tubes other than sizes ranging above 500 mm OD.
  - (ii) Seamless alloy and carbon steel pipes and tubes 31.0 mm to 220 mm including ball bearing steel tubes other than those covered by Appendix 3 Part-A
- 524. Profiles:
  - (a) SKF type I.
  - (b) Platt Profile type II.
  - (c) Platt Profile type III.
    - (d) Nose bar 33.2 mm long made from steel.
    - (e) Nose bar dig: NOSKF/3023 profile.
- 525. Quartz glass and products thereof.
- 526. Relay, other than time delay relays of all categories.
- 527- Rupture Discs
- 528. Selector switches, rotary switches, control switches, centrifugal switches, wheel switches, single or ganged P.C.B. mounting push button switches.
- 529. Sensors/transducers.
- 530. Servo Motors.
- 531. Silicon wafers other than diffused wafers, Dices, and chips.
- 532, Shock Pulse Meter.
- 533. Metallurgical grade silicon
- 534. Slip rings for use in rotating electrical machinery.
- 535. Soda lime glass shells for GLS lamps and tubular shells for flourescent tube lamps.
- 536. Solar absorbers for solar energy equipment.

- 537. Stainless steel fittings, pipes and tubes other than those covered by Appendix 3 Part-A
- 538. Star washers and spring washers.
- 539. Steel balls including stainless steel balls.
- 540. Stopper heads and nozzles other than fire clay stopper heads and nozzles for integrated steel plants.
- 541. Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes plaited bonds, slings and alloy iron and steel wire excluding insulated electric cables.
- 542. Surgical rubber goods.
- 543. Synthetic self-adhesive fastners including hook & loop and mushroom type.
- 544. Test films for testing purposes t.e. SMPTE films and other standard films for 35 mm, 16 mm, 8 mm super and 8 mm projectors and studio recording equipment.
- 545. Thermocouples, thermometers including resistance elements and temperature recorders and other related items, except clinical thermometers.
- 546. The following items for Automobile Manufacturers:

#### I. Mechanical Group

- (1) Timing Bors and Timing Pulleys.
- (2) Automatic Indexing Turret including rotating tool heads.
- (3) Flexible couplings for ball screws.
- (4) Telescopic epiral protection covers for ball screws.
- (5) Liners for guideway application in the form of sheets/compounds.
- (6) Recirculating Roller pads for guideways
- (7) V-rings and V-Packings.
- (8) Precision face couplings.
- (9) Quick setting cement for foundation bolts.
- (10) Pneumatic clutches and brakes or combination.
- (11) DU bushes of various sizes.
- (12) Feeding systems for presses and components thereof.
- (13) Ball transfers and tolerance rings.

## II. Sub-Systems Group

- (14) Centralised automatic lubrication system.
- (15) Refrigeration type air-conditioning system for electrical cabinets.
- (16) Automatic tool changer.
- (17) Auto back gauge units.

## III. Tooling Group

(18) Tool presetting units.

## IV. Hydraulic Group

- (19) High torque hydraulic motors.
- (20) Hydraulic accumulators.
- (21) Counter balancing and unloading hydraulic valves.

## V. Monitoring Systems Group

- (22) Laser measurement system.
- (23) Adaptive control systems for CNC machines.
- (24) Tool life and tool breakage monitoring systems.
- (25) Touch sensor probes.
- (26) Motion detectors and brake monitors.

# VI. Electricals Group

- (27) Controller for DC servomotors.
- (28) DC servomotors.
- (29) Controller for AC servomotors
- (30) AC servomotors.
- (31) DC motor for spindle drive.
- (32) AC variable speed motor for spindle drive.
- (33) Multi-core flat cables, shielded cables.
- (34) Sealed type limit switches an microswitches.
- (35) Stepper motors.
- (36) High stability motor generating sets for CNC machine power supply.

## VII. Electronics Group

- (37) Feed back elements, synchro resolvers, linear scales with or without reading heads optical glass scales, infra-red transmitter receivers, tachogenerators, linear and rotary magnascale.
- (38) Magnetic/optical tape readers.

58 GI/85—14.

- (39) CNC/Precision rotary tables.
- (40) Photo electric guards.
- (41) Piano electronic type overload safety and tonnage indicator.
- 547. Timing Belt.
- 548. Titanium and titanium alloy Pipes, tubes and castings.
- 549. Tools, the following:-
  - (1) Bevel gear cutting tools.
  - (2) Carbide tipped circular/segmental saws and carbide burrs.
  - (3) Circular Discs for saws.
  - (4) Coated abrasive belts.
  - (5) Cutting/forming tools other than those mentioned in Appendix 3 Part A
  - (6) Diamond impregnated saws and segments.
  - (7) Gear cutting tools all types, required for the manufacture of watches, clocks and time pieces.
  - (8) Grinding wheels finer than grit 400, segment and other bonded abrasives, all types including honing/sharpening stones.
  - Grooving and shaping cutters for pencil industry.
  - (10) Hand tools other than those mentioned in Appendix 3 Part A
  - (11) Hard metal tools other than those mentioned in Appendix 3 Part-A
  - (12) Leather shaving/Skiving/Splitting/Clicking Knives.
  - (13) Router cutters for engraying.
  - (14) Saw blades and Gummer files required for cottonseed crushing/solvent extraction industry.
  - (15) Shear blades required by glass industry
  - (16) Solid carbide cutting tools.
  - (17) Stellite tips and tipped tools.
  - (18) Thread rolling dies.
  - (19) Tricone rock roller bits other than those mentioned in Appendix 3 Part-A
  - (20) Torque wrenches and torque meters.
- 550. Types for typewriters.
- 551. Type high numbering machines.
- 552. Vacuum Tube collectors/concentrating collectors for solar energy equipment.
- 553. Vibration Detector.

- 554. Welding electrodes.
- 555. Wire cloth/sieve cloth, fineness, above 200 and upto 400 mesh.
- 556. Wooden pencil slats.
- 557. Components of air-conditioning and refrigeration equipments, the following:—
  - (1) Expansion valves above 1.1/8" dia.
  - (2) Low and high pressure out-outs.
  - (3) Solenoid valves.
  - (4) Shut-off valves above 5/8' dia.
    - (a) Rod type thermostats.
    - (b) Proportional type thermostats.
    - (c) Pneumatic thermostats.
    - (d) Humidistat.
    - (e) Modutrol thermostats.
  - (5) Evaporation climinators.
  - (6) Float Switches.
  - (7) Mixing Valves.
  - (8) Viation Eliminator.
  - (9) Liquid-cum-moisture indicators.
  - (10) Modutrol motors.
  - (11) Heat gas byepass valve and hot heat bygas bypass valve.
- 558. Components of tractors and combine harvesters.
- 359. Components of hearing aids, the following 1-
  - (1) Transistor type BC146O and their PNP complementaries.
  - (2) Transistor type BC 109 B.P./B.C. 109 P.
  - (3) Transistor type B.C. 200.
  - (4) Transistor type AC 125 (B 50-400)
  - (5) Double Dlodes IS 1011 S.
  - (6) Integrated circuit-UPC 12 G.
  - (7) Electrolytic capacitors .1 mfd. to 100 mfd. (less than 11.5 mm in length)
  - (8) Ceramic capacitors.
  - (9) Resistors of length less than 6 mm and power rating less than 0.25W.
  - (10) Microphones for hearing aids
  - (11) Ear-phones for hearing aids.
  - (12) PCB mountable transformers
  - (13) Printed circuit boards.
  - (14) Low Voltage Audio Amplifier IC's of type Nos. 552, 505.

- 560 Components of time pieces, the following t-
  - (1) Hair springs
  - (ff) Barance staff
  - (iii) Balance hearing screws.
  - (tv) Pins (pins for balance and levers).
- 561. All components, of machine tools, machinery, equipments, instrument and other Engineering items, (including consumer durables), covered under OGL excluding electronic components.
- 362. Hair spring for clocks and Time-pieces.
- 563. Plastic Gear for analogue Quartz clocks and time-pieces.
- 564. Undercarriage parts of crawler tractors and other earthmoving machineries.
- 565. Electronic items (other than those in Appendix 3 Part-A):—
  - Cathode Ray tubes other than those in Appendices 3 Part-A and 5 Part-A.
  - (2) Connectors.
  - (3) Drafting aids for Printed circuit board
  - (4) EHT cables for T.V. deflection components and flat/flat flexible cables other than those for T. V. antennas connections.
  - (5) Colour T.V. Picture Tube having the following specifications:—
    - 1. Size

4. Electrongun

51 Cm (20 inches)

- 2. Neck diameter
- 29 mm
- 3. Deflection angle 90°.
  - Precision-in-line, three gun system.
- 5. Screen

  Black matrix/segmented Vertical
  Stripes
- 6. Maximum EHT 25 kV
- II. Deflection Yoke (Typical Values)
  - 1. Horizontal Coil 1.9mH ± 5% inductance.
  - Horizontal Coil 2.2 Ohms ± 10% resistance.
  - 3. Vertical Coil 28.5mH  $\pm$  10% Inductance. OR 110mH  $\pm$  10%
  - 4. Vertical Coil 14 Ohms  $\pm$  10% OR 56 ohms  $\pm$  10%
- (6) (1) Electrolytic Capacitors other than those mentioned in App. 3—Part A<sub>0</sub>
  - (#) All types of Plastic film capacitors
  - (iii) All types of Ceremic capacitors.
- (7) Key Board switcher.

- (8) Level Meter/Level indicator/Flouroscent peak-level meter/Tuning Indicator/Battery Meter/VU Meter with sensitivity between 100 to 500 micro amperes and internal resistance between 600 to 2000 ohms.
- (1) Loud speakers (cone type) below 21"
- (10) Lead Tabs for paddle Tabs.
- (11) Magnetic sound head.
- (12) Microphone cartridges
- (13) Paper cones for loudspeakers—all types including paper cones with or without rolls/braiding.
- (14) Peizo Electric Elements.
- (15) Printed circuit boards other than those in Appendix 3 Part-A
- (16) Servo systems, thyristor controls, and NC/CNC systems for machine tool industry
- (17) RF transistors of the following types for TV Tuners:—
  - (a) 2SC 605, 2SC 606, 2SC 287A, 2SC 288A;
  - (b) 2SC 1856, 2SC 1906, 2SC 717;
  - (c) 2SC 1393, 2SC 1394, 2SC 1395;
  - (d) 2SC 3122/2SC 3123/2SC 3124;
  - (e) KSC 1393A/KSC 1394A/KSC 1395A;
  - (f) 2SC 1779, 2SC 1778, 2SC 1687;
  - (g) 2SC 1779, 2SC 1778, 2SC 1687, 2SC 1730;
  - (h) MTSH 34, MTH 6543, MMT 3904.
- (18) Switches, all types, other than those in Appendix 3 Part-A
- (19) Synchron:
  - 23 C m 4b
  - 23 CD × 4b
  - 23 CT4b
  - $23 T \times 4b$
- (20) Tantalum capacitors other than those in App. 3—Part 'A'.
- (21) Tape deck mechanism other than those in Appendix 3 Part-A
- (22) Tone arm complete (excluding pick-up a partridges) with hydraulic cueing.
- (23) Thermistor (PTC and NTC including start devices), varisters.
- (24) Components of Video cassette (C-O).
- (25) Video magnetic tape in rolls, pan cakes jumbo rolls, all forms, excluding video cassettes
- (26) Wave traps and coupling, capacitors for powerline carrier communication equipment

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- (27) Phenolic/SRBP/Ceramic bases/substrate.
- (28) Conductive/resistive compositions.
- (29) Turned parts like spindle, BC pins.
- (30) Pressed parts like tags, wipers.
- (31) Casings either die cast, pressed moulded.
- (32) Special springs.
- (33) Moulded parts for multiple pots.
- (34) Sealing materials.
- (35) Resistive/conductive inks.
- (36) Contacts in various shapes including carbon and precision metals.
- (37) Contact carriers.
- (38) 'O' Rings.
- (39) Resistance wires of various specification other than those included in Appendix 3 Part-A.
- (40) Formers for winding like insulated copper wires and phenolic.
- (41) Ceramic bases.
- (42) Contacts of metals, carbons and combiation thereof.
- (43) Pressed components.
- (44) Tinned components.
- (45) Epoxy paints.
- (46) Epoxy thinner.
- (47) Epoxy hardner.
- (48) Polypropylene/Polyester film (plain/metallised).
- (49) Copper beryllium formed products.
- (50) Copper wire/strips (Oxygen free types).
- (51) Graphite jigs.
- (52) Laminations/strips of Mu-metal/Radio metal.
- (53) Litz wire/Rayon Covered copper wire.
- (54) 'KOVAR' and alloys of Nickel-Iron/cobalt in all forms.
- (55) Self adhesive tapes all types.
- (56) Ammonium-Di-Hydrogen Phosphate.
- (57) Rubber bungs/seals/Discs.
- (58) Silica quartz fillers.

- (59) Aluminium casings/cans for electrolytic capacitors.
- (60) Integrated circuits excluding those specifically covered under App. 3A.
- (61) Silicon Diodes of types—Fast recovery, schotky, pindiode varicaps, microwave, temperature compensated, Zeners with voltages above 100 volts switching diodes with switching time less than 300 nanosec or 600 reverse voltage.
- (62) Silicon Rectifiers of types—Avalanche, Fastrecovery with voltage rating above 1000 volts.
- (63) Thyristors with voltage rating above 1000 volts or invertor grade types with fast turn off time below 50 microsec.
- (64) Triaces and SCRs, of sensitive gate types with gate current less than 3 milliamps, or Gate controlled turn off types, or with voltage ratings between 8 KV to 20 KV.
- (65) Silicon Transistors with collector to emitter voltage above 100 volts, or cut off/Transition Frequency above 500 MHR, or matched pairs, or with switching time below 25 nanosec. for NPN and 100 nanosec for PNP, or Medium Power Transistors with Power rating above 50 watts or High Power Transistors of Power rating above 125 watts.
- (66) Components for Hybrid micro-circuits, the following:—
  - (f) Diodes Transistors and integrated circuits' in 50T 2B packages or on leadless chip Carriers.
  - (tt) Chip resistors.
  - (tii) Chip capacitors.
- (67) Solder Plated brass strips upto 100mm width.
- (68) Solid carbide and composite drills and Routers for P.C.B. manufacture.
- (69) Following components of colour T.V. sets production:—
  - (a) Line output transformers/EHT Transformers for colour T.V. Receivers above 36 cms and above 20 KV (with or without focus potentiometer).
  - (b) High voltage focus pot.
  - (c) Internal degausing coil.
  - (d) Laminance delay line.
  - (e) Chrominace delay line.
  - (f) T.V. Picture Tube socket/CRT Socket.
  - (g) SAW Filter.

- (h) Ceramic Filter/Trap.
- (i) Fusible resistor.
- (J)(a)(i) Transistors

2	SC	1098
2	SD	381
2	SD	382
2	SB	536
2	SB	537

- (11) Transcient Supression diodes of voltage greater than 50 volts.
- (b) For General purpose:

Diodes with voltage greater than 100 volts, surge current rating greater than 20 Amps, and fise time less than 800 nano seconds.

- (70) Resistive Plate.
- (71) Resistive Arrays.
- (72) Resistors (other than heating resistors) Potentiometers and switches.
- (73) H.V. Silicon Rectifiers of rating 8 KV to 20 KV.
- (74) Computer Magnetic Tapes/Cassettes/Cart-ridge.
- (75) Magnetic Disk Packs/Cartridges.
- (76) Printer Ribbon.
- (77) Computer manuals and training material in the form of pamphlets/microfische/microfilms.
- (78) Winchester Drives.
- (79) Calculator clips.
- (80) Components/Modules of electronic watches, the following:—
  - (a) Complete electronic modules/electronic circuit blocks for electronic watches and clocks of all types.
  - (b) Following components of electronic watches, clocks and time pieces (both for digital and analogue).
    - (I) Large Scale integrated circuits/ devices/chips, all types, for use in watches, clocks and time pieces.
    - (ii) Liquid crystal display.
    - (iii) Quartz crystal.
    - (iv) Stepper motor.
- For Semi-Conductor Complex Limited (SCL) only.

- 566. The following raw materials, components and consumables—made for electronic industry application—if imported by an Actual User (Industrial) holding a manufacturing licence/Registration Certificate for electronic items 1—
  - (1) Audio Cassette Liner/Slip Sheet/silicon paper sheet.
  - (2) Chemicals and allied items including moulding compounds and alloys appearing in Appendix 3 Part-A.
  - (3) EHT cable for TV deflection components.
  - (4) Electric resistance (nickel-chromium based) wires, wire rods, rods and strips.
  - (5) Glass preforms.
  - (6) Gold preforms for semiconductor industry.
  - (7) Gold boton dots.
  - (8) Gold/Antimony discs.
  - (9) Gold/silver flashed/alloyed/plated contacts for piece-parts for relays and switches.
  - (10) Heat sinks for semiconductor industry.
  - (11) High purity gold bonding wire for semiconductor industry.
  - (12) Lead acid storage batteries.
  - (13) Low pitch phillip head screws used in cassette industry.
  - (14) Lubricating solvent/MCCP Fluid.
  - (15) Magnetic Shield.
  - (16) Manganese nickel strips gold plated.
  - (17) Nickel and nickel based alloys and iron based super alloys, (including inconels, incoloys, nimonics, hastalloys & udimets) in the form of ingots, blooms, billets, slabs, bars, rounds rods, wires, plates, sheets & strips.
  - (18) Pressure Pad.
  - (19) PTFE/Teflon/Fluon/Teflon-FEP/Teflon-PFA/ Tefzel-PTFE Tapes and Sleeving.
  - (20) PTFB Pigment/PTFE Stripping ink.
  - (21) PVC Sleeves.
  - (22) Selenium metal of purity 99.999% or above.
  - (23) Scrap Tapes/Sleeving of PTFE/Teflon /Fluon/ Teflon.FEP/Teflon-PFA/Tefzel-PTFE,

- (24) Silicon/Silicone based varnishes/grease/moisture resistants.
- (25) Threading taps 1.6 mm dia and above
- (26) Tin coated/plated copper wire including copper ply wire.
- 567. Components of textile machinery other than jute and hemp:—
  - (1) Card gauges.
  - (2) Flat and round comber needles
  - (3) Garnet wire.
  - (4) Punching card rolls for textile machinery
  - (5) Cylinders for non-sinker plain web machine 26 gauge and above.
  - (6) Cylinders for sinker body machine of 26 gauge and above.
  - (7) Needles for hoslery/knitting machines
  - (8) Components of hand operated flat bed knitting machines.
  - (9) Wrapper cloth for decatising machines.
  - (10) Mono filament carrier blankets for cloth printing for rotary flat bed screen printing machines.
  - (11) Woollen felts for felt calendering machines/ Shrinking range.
  - (12) Components of fully automatic characteristic feeding type blow room machinery.
  - (13) Components of high production cards with feeding chute auto leveller/auto can change:
  - (14) The following items for manufacture of Revolving Flat Carding Engines for cotton/man-made fibre :-
    - (i) Licker-in-wire, and
    - (II) All types of flexible metallic card clothing and tops.

- (15) Components of Draw Frames/Speed Frames, the following:—
  - (1) Hank Indicators/Shift Counters.
  - (#) Top Rollers for drafting system.
  - (iii) High Drafting System for cotton/ man-made fibres.
  - (tv) Helical fluted roller.
- (16) Components of Ring Frames, the following:
  - (1) Jockey Pulleys.
  - (#) High Drafting systems for cotton/ man-made fibre Ring Frames including components thereof.
  - (##) Hank Indicators/Shift counters.
  - (iv) Spindle inserts of dia 10 mm and above
  - (v) Top Rollers for drafting system.
  - (vi) Rings for Ring frames and doubling frames and Ring travellers other than those required for cotton textiles.
- (17) Components of combers/Lap Former/ Ribbon Lap/Silver Lap, the following 1—

Hank Indicators/Shift Counters.

- (18) Doup healds and healds for air/water jet looms and other shuttleless looms
- (19) Components of hand knitting machines.
- (20) Shuttle blocks (Wooden).
- (21) Card clothing for Woollen/Worsted waste cards.
- 568. Other components of textile machinery not covered by Appendix 3 Part-A (excluding components of machines appearing in Appendix 1 Part-B).
- 569. Any item having another chemical name or synonym, but of the same nature, as any of the items covered by this List. The synonyms mentioned in this cutry refer only to those of chemicals and allied items.

## IRON AND STEEL AND FERRO ALLOYS

#### Carbon Steel Items

- 570. All grades of carbon steel wires not elsewhere specified,
- 571. Profile Sections for engineers files and rasps.
- 572. Automotive rim bars, flange bars and lock ring sections.
- 573. Plates/sheets/strips/colls coated with lead or an alloy of tin and lead (Terne plate).
- 574. Hardened and tempered High Carbon (carbon 0.6% and above) steel strips for other than saw blades/cutting tools.
- 575. Railway wheels/tyres/axles/wheel sets.
- 576. Wide flange beam and Tee Section.
- 577. ARMCO Soft Iron Plates.
- 578, Copper coated Cold Rolled Low Carbon Steel Strips for manufacture of Bundy Tubes.
- 579. Ship Building quality plates conforming to Lloyds grades B/C/D/E.

#### Cladded and composite steel

580. Cladded/composite steels in any category/form/shape/size with iron content 50% or more by weight.

# Alloy Steel Items in all grades

- 581. Alloy steel wires in all grades other than stainless/heat resisting steel of sizes thinner than 0.46 mm dia (26 SWG) not elsewhere specified.
- 582. Stainless/heat resisting steel wires of size thinner than 0.31 mm dia (30 SWG) but excluding wires in copper /tin coated condition.
- 583. Sheet bars/rods excluding rounds of 10 mm dia and above/ hexagons/octagons/flats/structural sections of all grades of alloy steels,—not elsewhere stated.

- 584. Profile sections for engineers files and rasps.
- 585. Sheets/strips/coils—hot rolled/cold rolled in all grades of alloy steel (excluding stainless/heat resisting/high speed steels) not elsewhere stated.
- 586. (a) Cold rolled stainless steel strips in colls of width 5.00—22.40 mm×thickness 0.10—0.13 mm for razor blades.
  - (b) Stainless/heat resisting steel strips/flats conforming to AISI 303 and 304 in width below 41 mm and in thickness below 10 mm for manufacture of watch cases.
  - (c) Stainless/heat resisting steel strips conforming to AISI 304 and 316 in width below 51mm and in thickness below 0.4 mm for manufacture of pen nibs.
  - (d) Stainless steel strips conforming to AISI 304 in thickness 0.233 to 0.314 mm and width 75mm max. for manufacture of watch strap.
- 587. Leaded free cutting steel wire rods including specifications which contain both lead and high sulphur in the same specification).
- 588. Leaded free cutting steel flats/hexagons/octagons/rounds/ rods (including specifications which contain both lead and high sulphur in the same specification).

#### Ferro Alloys

- 589. Ferro alloys in form other than powder form as under:
  - (a) Ferro-Silico-Ziroconfum
  - (b) Ferro Phosphorous
  - (c) Ferro Manganese with carbon less than 0.1%.
  - (d) Ferro Chrome with carbon less than 0.03%.
- 590. All Ferro Alloys in powder form excluding Ferro Titanium Powder.

# APPENDIX 6, LIST 8, PART II

Items allowed for import by Actual Users (Industrial) subject to Actual User condition, and Export Houses/Trading Houses against REP/Additional licences as per policy for sale to eligible Actual Users (Industrial) subject to Actual User Condition 1—

- 1. Acetic Acid.
- 2. Acetic Anhydride.
- 3. Acrylic moulding powder.
- 4. Alloy steels in any form/shape/section.
- 5. Ammonium persulphate and potassium persulphate.
- 6. Aluminium glycinate.
- 7. Aluminium wire/strue of purity 99.99 %.
- 8. Bating Material.
- 9. Base paper for waxing/impregnating/coating-including sensitising base paper.
- 10. 4:4 Benzidine, 2:2 disulphonic acid.
- 11. Betahydroxy Naphthoic acid (Bon acid).
- 12. Bisphenol-A.
- 13. Black Centered Board.
- 14. Bleaching powder and hypo chlorites.
- 15. C. Acid (2-chloro-5-toludine-4-sulphonic Acid) and its salts.
- 16. Carbon Paper.
- 17. Caustic sods.
- 18 Chicago Acid/Salt.
- 19. corkwood, cork waste and cork dust and cork powder of 200 mesh.
- Components of DC micro motors/stepper motors/serve motors/
   AC synchronous motors (including brush and commercator assembly) of rating upto 13.5 Volts and 20 watts.
- 21. Components of relays connectors and switches
- 22. Crepe Paper.
- 23. Drawing Paper.
- 24. Drugs/Drug intermediates.
- 25. Dye intermediates
- 26. Ethyl glycol
- 27. Eucalyptus gum chips.
- 28. Filter & Self resecuer for mines.
- 29. Flourescent Pigments.
- 30. Flint buttons excluding those appearing in App. 2 Part B.
- 31. G. Salt.
- 32. Gamma acid/salt.
- 33. Geranium oil.
- 34. Glass capillary tubing for thermometers.
- 35. Glassine/grease proof/parchment paper excluding vegetable parchment and glassine/grease proof paper less than 30 gms
- 36. Glues consisting of a mixture of rubber organic solvents, fillers, vulcanising agents and resins
- 37. Graphic Art Films.
- 38. H. Acid/Salt.
- High grade molybdenum ore, Molybdenum metai including scrap, Molybdic oxide, Molybdenum oxide, Molybdenum powder.
- 40. Iodine.
- 41. Ivory unmanufactured.

- 42. Insecticides, pesticides and weedicides.
- 43. L. Base (Aminodisl).
- 44. Lithopone
- 45. Man-made fibres/varns (Other than those in Part I and III.)
- 46. Mercury/mercury ammoniated.
- 47. Methyl Bromide.
- 48 Methyl chlorosilanes such as ;--
  - (I) Dimethyl dichlorosilane
  - (ii) Methyl triohlorosilane
  - (iii) Trimethyl chlorosilane.
  - (iv) Octamethyl cycle tetrailoxanes.
  - (v) Hexamethyl disiloxane.
- 49. Microwave components of all types.
- 50. Napthalene crude
- 51. Natural essential oils
- 52. Nitric acid
- 53. Non-coment asbestos products other than asbestos jointing sheet,
- 54. Non-Woven filter media, dust catcher bags and non-woven filter panels.
- 55. Parachloro banzote acid
- 56. Para chlore toluene.
- 57. Para tertiary butyl phonel
- 58 Phenol.
- 59. Phosphorous acid.
- 60. Phosphoric said (other than the sertial grade .
- 61. Pltch.
- 62. Plain/metallized condensor tissus paper.
- 63. Plain/metallised capacitor tisant paper
- 64. Plain/metallized Kraft/Tissue paper.
- 65 Polycarbonate (Thermoplastic raw materials)
- 66. Polycarbonate moulding powder/granules.
- 67. Polypropylene.
- 68. Potassium Chlorate.
- 69. Potassium ferro-cyanide.
- 70. Pressed/punched metal parts and die-cast parts for Yape Dock Mechanism
- VI. Procaine Hydrochloride.
- 72. PTFB Pabrio/felt/threads.
- 73. PVC Resins.
- V4. Raw cashewnum.
- 75. Raw wool/Greasy wool/scoured wool (not carded or combed)/angora goat hair (mohair).
- 76 Shellac/Seed lac.
- 77. Soda Ash.
- 78. Solventa.
- 79. Stainless/heat resisting steel wires of size thinner than 30 SWG in copper/tin coated condition.
- 80. Styrene/Styrene Monomer.
- 81. Succinyl Succinate.
- 82. 20 2 oil treated sulphur, including crystex/insoluble sulphur.

#### APPENDIX 6 LIST 8 PART 11-Coneld.

- 83. Synthetic rubber viz. Butyl rubber, Silicon rubber, Neoprene/chloroprene, Hypalon, Viton, Bromobutyl, Chlorobutyl, PTFE and E.P.D.M.
- 84. Synthetic Yellow Iron Oxide.
- 85 Tartaric acid
- 86. Tin foil.
- 87. T. P. A.
- 88 Tracing paper.
- 89. Trichloromonofluoro-methane (fluorocarbon refrigenant H),

Dichlorodifluoro-methane (fluorocarbon refrigerant-12).

Dichloromonofluoro-methane (flurocarbon refrigenant-21).

Mono chlorodifluro-methane (flurocarbon refrigerant-22), and mixtures thereof.

- 90. Tungsten Disc/Tungsten Contacts
- 91. Tungsten salts.
- 92. Vitamin P. (Rutin).
- 93. Zinc wire of 99,99 % purity

#### Appendix 6, List 8, Part III

Items allowed for import by Actual Users, and others for stock and sale :--

- 1. Aluminium scrap/Dross.
- 2. Brass scrap/Ash/Dross
- 3. Casein based glazings and dressings for leather finishing.
- 4. Copper scrap/copper mili scale.
- 5. Tin dross/Ash/Residues and Tin alloy/Residues.
- 6. Zinc scrap/Zinc alloy scrap/Ash/Dross.
- 7. Nickel Silver Scrap (German Silver Scrap).
- 8. Pickled hides, skins where the value of hides and skins is more than that of wool/hair thercon.
- 9. Wattle Bark for tanning leather.
- 10. Wattle Extract.
- 11. Pickled hides, skins, poits, splits and parts thereof
- 12. Hides and skins, raw or salted where the value of hides and skins is more than that of wool/hair thereon.
- 13. Wet Blue Chrome tanned crust and finished leather including splits & sides.
- 14. Floppy Diskette/media.
- 15. Quebracho extract, chestnut extract and modified eucalyptur extract (Myrtan).
- 16. Oum Arabie.
- 17. Viscose filament yard below 6(4) dentes
- 18. Cupremmonlum fillament year and Acctate Filament Yarn (first quality)
- 19. Ceramic fibre.
- 20. Carbon fibre.
- 21. Polyacetal resia
- 22. Polymethyl methacrylate plastic ophthalmic blanks.
- 23. Poly-totrafluoroethylene resis.
- 24. Poly carbonate resin.
- 25. Sesham wood/tlmber logs.

## APPENDIX 6, LIST 8, PART-III-Concld.

- 26. Styrene acrylic citrile resin.
- 27 Polyurethane resin.
- 28. Glass shells for TV picture tubes.
- 19. Chrome metal.
- 30. Leather finishing auxiliaries-fillers, penetrators and slip agents
- 31. Manganese metal.
- 32. Magnesium metal
- 13. Silver paste/silver powder suspension.
- 34. Threaded heelnaits for leather.
- 35. Vanadium metal.
- 36. Thread locker.
- 37. Adhesive scalants.
- 38. Retaining Compound,
- 39. Plange Scalants.
- 40. Pipe Scalants.
- 41. Iffstant adhesive.
- 42. Multi-cable transit (cable/pipe sealing system).
- 43. Tungsten metal.
- 44. Inomar Resin.
- 45. Iso Propyl antipyrine.
- 46. (a) PMMA → Silicon (Poly-Methyl Methacrylate + Silicon) for making Gas permeable contact lenses.
  - (b) HEMA or Poly Hema (Poly 2 Hydroxy Ethyl Methacrylate) for making soft contact lenses.
- Notes: (1) It is clarified that entries in this List (Part I. Part II and Part III) allow only those items and their specifications, sizes, types, varieties, compositions, categories etc. as are covered under Open General Licence for Actual Users (Industrial) vide items I and 2 of Appendix 6 file, the items or their specifications etc. which do not appear in Appendices 2 to 5 and 8, including those having another Chemical Name or synonym, but of the same nature, as any of the items covered in these Appendices, read with the ciarifications contained in Chapter II of this Book.
  - (2) Import of religious books shall not be allowed as waste paper under entry No. 261 Part I above.
  - (3) Entry N : 118 in Part I above does not apply to due intermediates. Their import will be regulated in the normal manner, i.e., such due intermediates as are not individually mentioned, by their own names, in this Appendix shall be regulated by the entries in Appendix 3 Part-A or 5 Part-A, as the case may be, by eligible Actual Users (Industrial)

## APPENDIX 6-Concid.

#### List 9

## List of Ophthalmic Equipment/Instrument

- 1. Projection magnifier for contact lens inspection verification.
- 2. Contact lense gauge microscope (for measurement of curvature of contact lenses)
- 3. Lensometer (contact lenses holder).
- 4. Stereo zoom microscope for inspection of contact lenses.
- 5. Eye sight testing machine (automatic).
- 6. Softometer for measurement of the base curve of soft contact lenses.
- 7. Automatic refractometer.
- 8. Complete refraction unit with phropter (sight tester).
- 9. Automatic visual field screener.
- 10. Viscoscope.
- 11. Tonometer of tension for recording intraoccular pressure (tension).
- 12. Keratometer (ophthalmometer).
- 13. Low visual aids set (with telescopic glasses for checking the poor sight).
- 14. Halegen slit lamp microscope with applantation and photographic capability.
- 15. Halogen ophthalmoscope.
- 16. Streak retinoscope.
- 17. Spot retinoscope.
- 18. Indirect monocular ophthalmoscope.
- 19. Indirect Binocular ophthalmoscope.
- 20. Lens thickness measure gauge (Caliper).
- 21. Sagometers.
- 22. Lensometer (Focimeter)
- 23. Lens analyser.
- 24. Projecto-market.
- 25. Vitrectomy machine.
- 26. Membrane pealer.
- 27 Argon laser.
- 28. Krypton laser.
- 29. Xenon are photocoagulator.
- 30. Fluorseeln angiography equipment including fundus camera,
- 31. Ultra sound scaner.
- 32, Intraoccular lenses.
- 33. Low visual aids for handicapped (acrylic plastic lenses for cataract people (cheap).

## APPENDIX 7

# OPEN GENERAL LICENCE NO. 4

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MINISTRY OF COMMERCE-OPEN GENERAL LICENCE NO. 4/85 dt. 12th April, 1985.

In excercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 (18 of 1947), the Central Government gives general permission for importation of the goods specified below from any country in the world, except the Union of South Africa and South-West Africa:—

- (1) Re-import of items after repairs abroad, subject to the satisfaction of the Customs authority that the item re-imported is the same which was sent abroad for repairs;
- (2) Free gift of trade catalogues and circulars upto a value of Rs. 2,000;
- (3) Blue prints and drawings (including microfilms) relating to machinery and plant sites, work and building, research data, supplied free of charge and having no commercial value;
- (4) Bonafide technical and trade samples supplied free of charge not exceeding Rs. 20,000 in c.i.f. value, in one consignment, excepting vegetable seeds, bees, tea and new drugs;
- (5) Bonafide advertising material suplied free of charge not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in c.i.f. value, in one consignment;
- (6) Goods supplied free of charge by foreign suppliers or imported against an insurance (marine) or marine-cum-erection insurance claim settled by an Insurance Company, in replacement of the goods previously ported but found defective or otherwise fit/unsuitable for use or lost/damaged after port, provided that t
  - ) the shipment of replacement goods is made within 24 months from the date of clearance of the previously imported goods through the Customs or within the guarantee period in the case of machines or parts thereof, where such period is more than 24 months;
  - No remittance shall be allowed, except for payment of insurance and freight charges where the replacement of goods by the foreign suppliers is subject to the payment of insurance and/or freight by the importer and documentary evidence to this effect is produced at the time of making the remittance;

- (c) the following decouments shall be produced to the satisfaction of the customs authorities, at the time of clearance of the replacement goods:—
  - (i) original letter from the foreign supplier as evidence of goods being supplied free of cost, in the case of free replacement;
  - (ii) a survey certificate issued by the Lloyds Agents or other authorised insurance surveyors or in the case of machine or parts thereof, a certificate from a professional independent Chartered Engineer, or Chief Executive in the case of Government Departments and public sector undertakings, to the effect that goods previously imported were actually received in defective condition and required replacement;
  - (ttt) evidence showing the period of guarantee given by the foreign manufacturers or consignors in the case of machines or parts thereof, where shipment takes place after the period of 24 months stipulated in subclause (a) above;
  - (Iv) evidence of settlement of claim by the insurance company, in the case of replacement import involving fresh remittances. This will, however, not be necessary in the case of Government Departments, provided foreign exchange has been released by the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs)/Administrative Ministry to cover the amount to be remitted. Replacement imports will be allowed upto the value of the claim settled by the insurance company with no increase in quantity; but an increase upto ten percent of this amount may be allowed owing to the increase in the value of the machinery to be imported replacement.
- (7) Drugs and medicines supplied free of charge for clinical trials with the prior written approval of the Drugs Coutroller of India, New Delhi and subject to any conditions laid down by him. The approval of the Drugs Controller shall be produced to the satisfaction of the customs authorities at the time of clearance;

## APPENDIX 7—Concld.

- (8) Bonafide trade samples of drugs and medicines supplied free of charge to the sole agents in India of the foreign suppliers, not exceeding Rs. 10,000 in c.i.f. value in one consignment on the written recommendation of the Drugs Controller of India, New Delhi to be produced to the satisfaction of the customs authorities at the time of clearance;
- (9) Human vaccines and sera supplied free of charge or against payment, on the written recommendation of the Drugs Controller of India, New Delhi to be produced to the satisfaction of the customs authorities at the time of clearance;
- (10) Animal including poultry vaccines, supplied free of charge or against payment, on the specific recommendation of the Animal Husbandry Commissioner to the Government of India, New Delhi, to be produced to the satisfaction of the customs authorities at the time of clearance;
- (11) Technical and trade samples of the insecticides (including pesticides and weedicides), supplied free of charge, on the basis of the registration issued by the Registration Committee set up under the Insecticides Act 1968 and the quantity specified by the Committee, in respect of items included in the Schedule to the Insecticides Act, 1968, and on the written approval of the Plant Protection Advisor to the Government of India in respect of items not included in the Schedule to

- the said Act, to be produced to the satisfaction of the customs authorities at the time of clearance;
- (12) In respect of items covered by Si Nos. (6) to (10) above, where the items are supplied free of charge, imports of the permissible material shall not be allowed in consumer or retail packing and the consignment shall be clearly marked "sample not for sale"
- (13) Trade catalogues and circulars, blue prints and drawings, and technical or trade samples imported under this licence are for the use of the importers themselves and shall not be sold, or transferred otherwise:
- (14) This licence is without prejudice to the application to any goods, of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import that may be in force at the time when such goods are imported.
- (15) The licence does not confer any immunity, exemption or relaxation at any time from an obligation or compliance with any requirement to which the Actual Users (Industrial) may be subject to under other laws or regulations. The importers should comply with the provisions of all other laws applicable to them; and
- (16) This licence is in supersession of Open General Licence No. 4/84 published vide Import Trade Control Order No. 5/84 dated the 12th April, 1984.

# APPENDIX 8

# SCIENTIFIC AND MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

	PART 'A'					ITC R.2	CCCN
			CCCN Code	(18)	Micro fiche reader.	Code NSC	<i>Code</i> NSC
		Come			All types of micrometers other than		(150
	restricted for Import :		00.16		height micrometers.	874.2103	90.16
, ,	Spring caliper and dividers Surface plate/Angle plate	874.2103 NSC	90.16 NSC	(20)	Counting chambers and Haema-cytometers.	872,0204	90.25
(3) Plunger type dial indicators, dial			(21)	Go-No-Go plain and screw gauges.	874.21		
	instruments and lever type dial indicator of accuracy 0.01 mm, or less accurate	764.91	90.16		Vernier depth gauges.	874.3009	90.16 90.16
445		.01152	,,,,,	(23)	Vernier height gauges.	874.2109	90.16
(4)	Epidiascope, upto magnification X-100.	881.31	90.09	(24)	Cylinder bore gauges.	874.2109	90.16
(5)	Wheatstone Bridge, Kelvin Bridge, Capacitance Bridge, RLC Bridge with accuracy 1 and less accurate	NSC	90,28	(25)	Pneumatic gauges and setting masters.	874.2109 874.3009	90.16
ത	Clinical thermometers.	874.5403	90.23			074.5009	
(7)	Domestic water meters.	873.1002	90.26		PART 'B'		
(8)	House service meters.	873,1003	90.26	Items	permissible for Import:		
	Hydrometers.	874.5402	90.23	(1)	Mechanical comparators.	NSC	90.16
(10) Laboratory balances (physic chemical) to read upto 0.05 gms.	Taboratory balances (physical/			(2)	Slip gauges.	874.2107	90.16
		874.5101	90.15	(3)	Feeler gauges.	874.2109	90.16
(11) Measuring instruments (electrics)	Measuring instruments (electrical)			(4)	Tension gauges 4—24 gms.	874.53	90.22
<b>\</b> ,	of accuracy ±1% and less accurate.	874.8	90.28	(5)	Hand tachometers 0-55,000 RPM.	873.2001	90.27
(12)	Binoculars costing less than Rs.			(6)	Centre distance gauge.	874.2109	90.16
	1000/- each or not having any of the following characteristics:	871.0101	90.05	(7)	Floating earriage dlameter mea- suring machine.	874.21	90.16
	(i) Magnification more than ▼.			(8)	Bevel protector/Combination sets.	NSC	NSC
	(II) Minimum Objective glass dis	1		• •	_		
	of 50 mm.			(9)	Barometers.	874.5401	90.23
	(iii) Scaled Types.			(10)	Flame photometers	874.4021	90.25/.23
(13)	Laboratory ovens, incubators and	]		(11)	Flame Scanners for boilers.		
	autoclaves and bath thermostalic stills.	741.3101/ 310 741.2201 & ( 721.9702		(12)	Gas analysers (IR types, heat conducting and paramagnetic types and trace gas analysers).	874.4001	90.25
(14)	Vernier callpers other than Electronic types		90.16	(13)	Laboratory microscope (monocular/ Cinocular) upto × 500 excluding research microscope.		90.11/
(15)	Bulkmeters or flowmeters	874.3001 & 874.3009	90.24 90.24	(14)	Hygrometer.	874.5409	90.12 90.23
(16)	Strain indicators	874.53	90.22		•		(CCCN code for
(17	) Micro film reader.	NSC	90.09				non-ele- ctrical)

(3) Visual inspection instruments

used in industry to inspect

inaccessible places (Fibrescope.

Endorscopes, Introscopes).

NSC

90.13

4. The interpretation of the Import-Export Policy will, however, continue to be as per description

according to the Code numbers assigned.

5. NSC denotes "Not Separately Classifled".

of the items given in this Appendix and not

			APPENDIX	8concid.
		ITC R-2 Code	CCCN Code	ITC R-2 CC Code Co
(15)	Galvanometers with measuring accuracy $\pm 1\%$ and less.	874.8919	90.28	(4) Electronic slip comparator used for calibration of slips/gauge blocks in standard room NSC 90.
(16)	(i) Go-No-Go serration gauge set (ii) Go-No-Go spline Gauge set	874.2109	90.16	(5) Small spring lead testins machine upto 10 kgs, with least
(17)	Soli and cement testing instruments	NSC	90.25	count of 5 grams. NSC 90.
(18)	Tachographs.	NSC	90.28 (Code for	(6) Melting flow Index measuring instruments for plastics, 874.3009 90.
			electrical)	(26) Civil Engineering Instruments, the following:—
(19)	Ultrasonic devices including ultra- sonic flaw detectors.	874.8	90.28	(1) Inclinometers. 874.11 90.
		074.0	70.20	(2) Extensometers. NSC 90.
(30)	U-shaped leather thickness measuring gauges having at least count of 0.01 mm.	874.2109	90.16	(27) Pressure, vacuum and level gauges/ Indicators. 874,3002 & 90. 874,3005
(21)	Draw Down Applicator.	NSC	90.20	(28) API (American Petroleum Insti-
(22)	Llastometer.	874.5301	90.22	tute) plug and ring gauges. 874.2105/ 90.
(23)	Abrasion Tester for sole leather.	874.5309	90.22	(29) Electronic gauges and electronic probes, 873.83 90.
(24)	Dial calipers, digit and digital calipers, special purpose calipers	Morra		Notes :
-	and long size calipers.			<ol> <li>The ITC R.2 and CCCN Code numbers have be assigned to facilitate collection of data only.</li> </ol>
(25)	Instruments required for the Engineering Industry, the following:— (1) Height micrometer	874.2103	90.16	<ol><li>These will be reproduced on the Bills of En filled by the importer and on licences whene issued.</li></ol>
	(2) Gauge for non-destructive measurement of plating thick- ness (Magnet gauge, Parmas-			<ol> <li>These, however, will not be binding on custo authorities for classification for tariff purposes</li> </ol>
	cope).	874.2109	90.16	4. The interpretation of the Import-Export Pol

APPENDIX 9

LIST OF MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, THE MANUFACTURERS OF WHICH ARE ELIGIBLE
TO IMPORT SPARES FOR AFTER-SALES SERVICE

		ITC R.2 Code	CCCN Code		ITC R.2 Code	CCCN Code
(1)	Pumps and Compressors.	<b>742 &amp; 743</b>	84.10 84.11	(15) Industrial furnaces.	741.31	85.11
(2)	Industrial machinery.	71 to 77	NSC	(16) Industrial/Power Bollers.	711.1	84.0
	Machine Tools.	736, 695,31 to 695,43 728,11 728,12	84.45 84.48	(17) Professional Electronic equipment.	751.2101 752.1 to 752.5 761	NSC
(4)	Automobiles.	781, 782 & 783	87.01 02/03		762, 763.8 764.3	
(5)	Diesel Engines,	713.21, .22, .32	84.06 !		764.8 874.81 .82	
(6)	Agricultural machinery (Tractors, Power Tillers and Combined Har-				. 83	
	vestors).	721.1, 721.21 to	84.24/ 84.25/	(18) Material Handling equipment.	744	87.07 84.22
		721 . 23 & 722	87.01	(19) Turbines and Alternators/Generators of capacity 60 MW and		
(7)	Auto ancillary.	784, 785.39	NSC		716, 718	85.01
(8)	Gas plant and Air separation plant.		84,03			84.07 .08
		.2 .3 .6	84.17	(20) Steam Turbines. (21) Hydroturbines.	712.6011 718.81	84.05 84.07
(9)	Pollution Control equipment.	743.6	84.18	•		
` `	Photo-copying machine.	751.8200	90.10		716.2309	84.07
(11)	Earth-moving machinery.	723.4/.9	84.23	<ol> <li>Power transformers, above 50 MVA rating.</li> </ol>	771.1	85.01
	Process Control Instruments.	874.8 (Electrical or Elect- ronic)	NSC		716.1102/ ,2104/ ,2108 716.2115	85.01
(13)	Medical Instruments/equipment.	872	90.17 .18		737.32	85.11
	Scientific & Laboratory instru- ments.	741.6, 871 872, 873, 874	84.17 90.11 90.12 90.14 .15 .16 .21 .22 .23 .24 .25 .26 .27 .28 .29	1. The ITC R.2 and CCCN Cobeen assigned to facilitate coll  2. These will be reproduced on filed by the importer and or issued.  3. These, however, will not be authorities for classification for the interpretation of the Irwill, however, continue to be of the items given in this according to the Code number.  5. NSC denotes "Not Separately	the Bills on licences y blinding on or tariff pur mport-Expore as per de Appendix ors assigned.	customs poses.  t Policy scription and not

 ${\bf APPENDIX~10}$  LIST OF EQUIPMENT/MACHINERY ALLOWED AS SPARES ON A RESTRICTED BASIS

		ITC R.2 Code	CCCN Code	ITC R.2 CCCN Code Code
(1)	Compressors.	743.1001	84 11	(9) Circuit breakers. 772.1 85.19
(2)	Pumps (all types).	742	84 10	(10) Turbines and S team turbines. 712.6011 84.05
(3)	Complete gear boxes (as distinguished from individual gears).	749.3002	84.63	Notes :
(4)	Complete engines.	713.8	84.06	<ol> <li>The ITC-R.2 and CCCN Code numbers have been assigned to facilitate collection of data only.</li> </ol>
(5)	Transformers.	771.1	85.01	<ol><li>These will be reproduced on the Bills of Entry filed by the importer and on licences whenever issued.</li></ol>
(6)	Alternators/generators.	716	85.01	3. These, however, will not be binding on customs
(7)	Out board motors above 10 H.P.	713,3100	84.06	authorities for classification for tariff purposes.
(8)	Complete Instruments other than those appearing in Appendices 2 Part B, 3 Part A and 8.	N.A.	N.A.	4. The interpretation of the Import-Export Policy will, however, continue to be as per description of the Items given in this Appendix and not according to the Code numbers assigned.

# APPENDIX 11

# LIST OF SPORTS GOODS/ EQUIPMENT

-		ITC R.2 Code	CCCN Code		ITC R.2 Code	CCCN Code
	I. ARCHERY	-		IX. WRESTLING		
(1)	Bows.	894.7229	97,06	(1) Wrestling Mates.	894.7231	97. <b>06</b>
(2)	Arrows.	894.7229	97.06			
	II. ATHLETICS			X. TABLE TENNI	S	
(1)	Jevelines.	894.7231	97.06	(1) Table Tennis Balls.	894.2409	97.04
(2)	Fibre Glass Poles.	894.7231	97.06	XI. SQUASH		
(3)	Wind Gauges.	874,3	90.24	(1) Squash Balls.	894.7229	97.06
	III. BASKETBALL			XII. SYNTHETIC SURF	EACES	
(1)	Fibre Glass Back Board -upright mechanically operated.	894.7229	97.06	(1) Synthetic Turf, Synthetic Track and other synthetic surfaces.	NSC	97.06
	IV. BADMINTON					
(1)	Badminton Courts (Plastics).	NSC	97.06	XIII. BILLIARDS	i	
(2)	Nylon Shuttle Cocks.	894.7202	97.06	<ol> <li>Billiard cloth, rubber cushions for billiard tables, billiard/snooker balls</li> </ol>		
	V. CYCLING			and billiard chalks.	894.2409 895.2311	97. <b>04</b> 98.0 <b>5</b>
(1)	Race Cycles.	785.2001	87.10	Notes 1		
(2)	Tobulars.	NSC	97,06			_
	VI. GOLF			<ol> <li>The ITC R.2 and CCCN been assigned to facilitate c</li> </ol>		
(1)	Golf Balls.	894.7211	97,06	2. These will be reproduced		-
(2)	Golf Sets	894.7229	97.06	filed by the importer and issued.	on licences	whenever
	VII. GYMN <b>ASTIC</b> S	<b>.</b>		3. These, however, will not b	<ul> <li>blnding on</li> </ul>	customs
(1)	Tranpoline.	894.7231	97.06	authorities for classification	for tariff pur	rposes.
(2)	Crash Mattressess.	894.7231	97.06	<ol> <li>The interpretation of the will, however, continue to b</li> </ol>	e as per descr	iption of
	VIII. HOCKEY			the items given in this Apper to the Code numbers assign		eccording
(1)	Hockey Balls for Astro Turf.	894.7212	97.06	5. NSC denotes "Not Separat	ely Classified	.10

APPENDIX 12
LIST OF SELECT EXPORT PRODUCTS ELIGIBLE FOR THE FACILITY OF PARA 205
OF IMPORT—EXPORT POLICY, 1985—88

SI. No	Name of the item	Group/ Sub-	1	2	3
		Group as mentioned	25.	Domestic Sewing Machines	A.94
		in Appendix	26.	Watches, Clocks and Timepieces	A.100
		17 of the Import	27.	Scientific Instruments	A.102
		Policy	28.	Steel Furniture	A.102
1	2	3	29.	Tooth Paste	B.20.4
			30.	Scouring Powder	B.20.7
1.	Steel Forgings	A.i	31.	Perfumery Compounds and Attars	B.20.8
2.	Ferrous Manufactures, viz:		32.	Hair Oils Perfumed	B.20.9
	(1) C.I. Castings	A.7	33.	Plastic Emulsions, Paints and Chemicals	B 31
	(2) Manhole Covers	A.7	34.	Nitro Cellulose Lacquers	B.32
	(3) Water and Sanitary Castings	A.7	35.	Ceramic Products	B.53/54
	(4) Spun Pipes	A.7	36.	Clinical Thermometers	B.57.1
	(5) Automobile Castings	A.7	37.	Opthalmic Fused Blanks	B.57.8
3.	Railway Track Material	A.7	38.	Rubber Aprons and Coats	B.70.4
4.	Industrial Fasteners	A.7(lv)	39.	Fire Fighting Hoses	B.70.5
5.	Alreanditioning and Refrigeration equipment.	A.21.	40.	Rubber and Canvas Footwear	B.70.7
6.	Power Equipment, Line Rotating Electrical		41.	Surgical and Medical Appliances of Rubbers	B.70.8
	Equipment, Transformers, Switch gear, Con-	<b>A</b> 33	42.	Closed Shoes with Leather Uppers	D.2.1(i)(a)
7	trol gear, Rectifiers  Electric Fans	A.22 A.27	43	Light categories of Travel and other Leather	
	Machine Tools			goods like Attache cases, Brief cases, Ladies	
	Hand Tools and Cutting Tools	A,46		hand bags, Wallets, Leather garments, Purses, Leather hand gloves other than industrial	
	Diesel Engines	A.51		Leather gloves covered by Sl. No. D.2,4.	D.2,2
	Pumps and Compressors	A.56	44,	Heavy Leather goods like Saddlery items,	
	Tea Machinery	A.56		Leather Trunks, Leather Suit-cases	D 2 3
		A.64	45.	Fish and Fish Products, viz :	
	Weighing Equipment and Weighing Machine Water Treatment Plant.	A.64		(1) Canned Sea Food	F.1.2
		A.64		(#) Dried and Salted Fish	P.1.3
	Coal Handling Plant.	A.64	46.	Foods, viz :	
	Ash Handling Plant.  Industrial Boilers	A.64		(I) Frozen Mean	G.4(1)
	Pharmaceutical Machinery and Chemical	A.64		(il) Canned Meat	G.4(iii)
10.	Machinery	A.64	47.	Instant Tea/Coffee	G.18(i)
19.	Packaging Machinery	A.64	48.	Tea in Bags	G.18(ii)
20.	Rice Mill Machinery	A.64	19,	Tea/Coffee in consumer packs	G.18(iii)
21.	Automobiles and Automobile Ancillaries	A 70	50	Chocolates and Malted Milk Food	O.24(f)
22.	Railway Coaches, Wagons and Tram Cars	A.75	51	Spice Oil and Oleoresia	G.30
23.	Bicylces and Paris	A.82		Hand Knotted Carpets both Woullen and	K,5
	Transmission Line Towers	A.90	52.	Silken	K.8

#### APPENDIX 13

### (Chapter XVII)

#### IMPREST LICENSING SCHEME

Imprest licences (including Customs Clearance Permits and Release Orders) are intended to supply imported inputs for export production and will bear a suitable export obligation. The value of such licences will be debited to the REP entitlement, if any, admissible under Appendix 17 of the policy on exports made in fulfilment of such obligation. An Imprest licence will not be eligible for Customs duty exemption.

- 2. No application for a licence under this Scheme will be entertained for export of cinematographic films (exposed).
- . 3. A registered exporter is eligible to apply for imprest licences:—
  - (i) against a valid export contract in his own name giving the details specified in para 1 of Appendix 20 of this policy, or
  - (ii) based on his annual average past export performance during the preceding three financial years.

In both the types of cases, exports proposed to be effected and the foreign exchange to be realised against such exports shall be in his own name only. There is no objection, however, to the export documents indicating simply the name of the manufacturer, if required, but under no circumstances these exports would be considered or accepted as the exports effected by the manufacturer.

- 4. A merchant exporter seeking issue of Imprest licence will have to indicate the name/s and address/es of supporting manufacturer/s where the goods imported shall be utilised in the manufacture. A copy of the registration certificate issued by the sponsoring authority concerned to the supporting manufacturer as well as a consent letter from him are to be produced along with the application. It will also be necessary for the applicant and the supporting manufacturer/s involved to execute a joint bond with bank guarantee or legal agreement, as the case may be.
- 5. A supporting manufacturer who receives the imported goods from an imprest licence holder shall utilise these goods in the manufacture of the products to be exported by the imprest licence holder and supply the manufactured goods to the imprest licence holder. Exports will not be allowed to be effected by the supporting manufacturer directly in his name or on behalf of or on account of the imprest licence holder.

- 6. In the case of the following export products, however, the applicant merchant exporter need not indicate name/s of the supporting manufacturer/s:—
  - (1) EPNS and German Silver-ware;
  - (ii) Leather manufactures;
  - (iii) Sports goods;
  - (iv) Handicrafts;
  - (v) Agarbattis and Chandan Dhoop;
  - (vi) Natural Silk Fabrics;
  - (vii) Readymade Garments;
  - (viii) Woollen carpets, druggets and durries (handmade);
  - (ix) Handloom products, namely, Cotton fabrics and fabrics of cotton and wool/silk/jute and non-fabric cotton textile items; and
  - (x) Gem and Jewellery.
- 7. An Imprest licence will be granted only if there is a minimum value addition of 33% from the c.i.f. value of imports to the f.o.b. value of exports except in cases covered by paras 9(1) and (2) below. Licensing authorities may, for reasons to be recorded, decline to consider applications for Imprest licences where they consider the minimum value addition though 33% or above is not sufficient for the export products involved.
- 8. A registered exporter is eligible to apply for Imprest licences for items excluding:—
  - (1) those eligible to be imported by him under OGL as per provisions of this Policy, and
  - (ii) items covered by Appendix 2-Part A.

Items of Appendices 2 Part B and 5 Part B specifically permitted for import in Appendix 17 of this Policy for the export products involved may be allowed by the licensing authority only within the limits, If any, for import of such items under Appendix 17. If any excess value for import of these items is sought, these will be considered only on receipt of clearance from the CCI&E (EP-II Section), New Delhi.

#### APPENDIX 13--Contd

- 9. Applications for issue of Imprest licences will be considered as follows:—
  - (1) In respect of cases covered by para 3(i) above, if the exporter desires to import only the items permitted in Appendix 17 and upto the import replenishment rate set down therein, he will be eligible to get Imprest licence to the full extent of such value; and the export obligation will be calculated at the inverse of the import replenishment rate i.e. if the replenishment rate is 10%, the export obligation in f.o.b. terms will be 10 times the c.i.f. value of the Imprest licence.
  - (2) In respect of cases covered by para 3(ii) above, if the application is for item(s) and the quantity/value conforming to Appendix 17 in toto, the exporter will be eligible to get an Imprest licence for a value that would suffice for export production upto 50% of his annual average export performance of the relevant products during the preceding three financial years. The export obligation will be determined on the basis given in sub-para (1) above.
  - (3) In the case of applications covered by para 3(i) or (ii) above but not covered by sub-para (1) or (2) above where the product to be exported, the items of import and the quantity/value of the Imprest licence applied for do not conform to Appendix 17 in toto, the exporter shall furnish a Chartered Engineer's Certificate as prescribed in Appendix XVI—F of the Hand Book. Such requests will be considered only if in the goods proposed to be exported, there is a minimum value addition of 33%. The export obligation will be fixed equal to the f.o.b. value of the order or as per the value addition, as the case may be.
- 10. Application for Imprest licence in the Prescribed form given in Appendix XVII of the Hand Book may be submitted to the licensing authority concerned.
- 11. For import of components by a DGTD or a Textile machinery manufacturing unit the List Attestation Procedure as per provisions in para 94 of this policy will apply.

#### Imprest Licences for Gem and Jewellery

- 12. Applications for Imprest Ilcences for Import of uncut/unpolished diamonds (Rough diamonds) will be entertained from registered exporters of cut and polished diamonds subject to the following conditions:—
  - (1) Exports of cut and polished diamonds, if any, effected by the applicant from uncut/unpolished diamonds (Roughs) imported from DTC, London, are not included

- (2) Registered exporters who receive DTC sights and also claim Imprest licences under these provisions will separate their claims for Imprest licences under these provisions and Imprest DTC licences under the provisions given hereafter.
- (3) In respect of applications covered by 3(ii) above, (excluding exports relating to DTC sights) no second Imprest licence based on export performance will be issued to the registered exporter during the same licensing period. He can, however, secure further Imprest licences against valid export contracts.

In these cases, the Imprest Licences issued will be with an export obligation fixed at inverse ratio of 65% replenishment i.e., if an Imprest licence is issued for (c.i.f.) Rs. 65, f.o.b. value of export obligation will be Rs. 100/-.

13. Applications for Imprest licences under this category may be preferred in the form given in Appendix XVII—A of the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985-88 to the licensing authority concerned.

#### Imprest DTC Licences

- 14.(1) The Diamond Trading Company, London, allocates monthly sights to select exporters of uncut/unpolished diamonds in the country known as DTC sights. Exporters with have secure such sights from DTC are eligible to obtain Impressible of the licences as follows:—
  - (1) Regular DTC sight Holders shall be allowed annual DTC licence equal to the consolidated value of all the DTC Sights received by the exporter in the preceding year. In addition, Brokerage/Commission as per para 14(3) below shall also be allowed.
  - (ii) After the allotment of monthly sight, the annual DTC licence shall be presented to the licensing authority for endorsement before remittance of Foreign Exchange. Along with the application, the sight holder shall also give evidence in fulfilment of Export Obligation due on account of imports against earlier monthly sights. In case the export obligation is overdue on any previous DTC sight or the exporter has been declared a defaulter, the endorsement shall be denied.
  - (III) In case the sights allotted to an exporter are not fully covered by the annual DTC licence, the exporter may apply to the licensing authority for issue of another bulk licence which shall be considered keeping in view the value of the annual DTC licence and the value of the monthly sights expected in the remaining part of the year.

#### APPENDIX 13—Concld.

- (iv) The new sigh holders may apply for licences to the licensing authorities on monthly basis after receiving communication regarding allotment of sight from DTC. The provision regarding outstanding export obligation given in sub-para (ii) above shall apply.
- (2) Import licences may be issued for a value upto 5% higher than the normal entitlement to accommodate fluctuations in exchange rates with a corresponding increase in the export ob igation.
- (3) Commission/Brokerage charges upto 1½%, if given outside the country, may be accepted for issue of Imprest DTC licences against monthly sights provided these charges are accounted for corresponding increase in the export obligation prescribed.
- (4) Obligation for export of cut and polished diamonds will be fixed inversely treating the value licensed as 65% of the replenishment. The period allowed for fulfilment of export obligation for an Imprest DTC licence will be calculated in respect of each endorsement made on the licence based on release of monthly sights and will be four months from the date of clearance of the first consignment of import or 30 days from the date of import of the first consignment, whichever is earlier. Redemption of export obligation will be considered after the expiry of the prescribed export obligation period unless the export obligation prescribed on the licence has been fulfilled earlier.
- (5) An Imprest DTC licence issued under these provisions will be valid for import of uncut/unpolished diamonds from DTC, London, only.
- 15. Eligible Registered Exporters may prefer applications for Imprest DTC licences to the licensing authority concerned in the form given in Appendix XVII—A of the Hand Book.

#### **Imprest Customs Clearance Permits**

- i6.(1) Applications for issue of Customs Clearance Permit for raw materials, components or consumables supplied free of cost for re-export after processing in India may be considered. Similarly, applications for CCP for goods supplied free of cost to be re-exported after jobbing, repairing, servicing, and reconditioning in India may also be considered. A suitable export obligation shall be imposed in all such cases. Import of jigs, tools, fixtures, tackles and instruments relevant for such export production supplied free of cost may also be allowed.
- (2) Application for Customs Clearance Permit under sub-para (1) above may be preferred to the licensing authority concerned with a copy to the CCI&E (EP-II Section) New Delhi. Imprest CCP will be issued on receipt of clearance from the CCI&E.

#### Letter of Authority

17. The provisions in paras 118 & 119 of the Hand Book relating to issue of Letter of Authority will not be admissible for a licence issued under this Scheme except in cases where such letters of authority is in favour of the supporting manufacturer(s) whose name(s) has/have been furnished along with application for a licence under this Scheme. Similarly, a letter of credit can only be opened on a licence under this scheme by the licence holder or the supporting manufacturer referred to above.

### **Export Obligation**

- 18. Every Imprest licence issued under this Scheme will be subject to an export obligation. Such export obligation will begin from the date of clearance of the first consignment of import or 30 days from the date of import of the first consignment, whichever is earlier. Before clearance of the first consignment, the licence holder shall execute an export bond with bank guarantee or legal agreement, as the case may be, with the concerned licensing authority as per para 339 of the Hand Book. The bond and legal agreement forms are given in Appendix XVII—C of the Hand Book.
- 19. Export obligation prescribed for an Imprest (other than Imprest DTC) licence shall be fulfilled in six months. Regional licensing authorities headed by Jt. CCI&E/Dy. CCI&E may consider, on merits, extension of export obligation for a period not exceeding 3 months. Normally, no further extension of export obligation will be granted beyond the three months referred to above. However, in exceptional cases and for reasons beyond the control of the exporter, the CCI&E (EP-II Section), New Delhi may consider grant of further extension in export obligation period. In the case of export of recorded Cassettes (Audio and Video) no extension shall be granted.
- 20. The licensing authority conerned may, on request, for valid reasons, enhance the c.i.f. value of the Imprest licence provided the f.o.b. value of export obligation prescribed is correspondingly enhanced. Reduction in the c.i.f. value of licence is also permissible, but any reduction in the fob value of export obligation will require prior clearance from the CC1&E New Delhi.
- 21. The goods imported against a licence issued under this Scheme will be used for the purpose for which they have been imported or for further production by the importer. However, request for transfer of imported materials against a licence issued under the Scheme as a replenishment to the supporting manufacturer referred to in para 17 above at landed cost (c.i.f. plus customs duty) may be considered, on merits, by the CCI&E (EP-II Section), New Delhi.
- 22. The provisions of paras 24(2), (3), (4), (6), 26, 28 and 29 (excluding payment of duty and interest in sub-para [3]) of Appendix 19 of this policy will apply, mutatis mutandis, to this Scheme also.

# APPENDIX 14 MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR MANUFACTURE

# OF WOODEN FURNITURE

Si. No	Description of the machinery	ITC Rev. 2 Code	CCCN Code	St. Description of the machinery ITC Rev. 2 CCC No. Code Code	
1.	Wood Moulding Machine automatic from 4 spindles to 8 spindles	728.1203	84.47	12. Pneumatic Screw Drivers, Pneumatic Nailing machine and all other pneumatic tools required for the furniture industry. NSC 84.49	
2.	Automatic and Semi-automatic copying lathes.	736.1312 & 736.1319	84.45	13. Parquet Flooring machine NSC 84.47	
3.	Wood Dowel Making machines	728.1209	84.47	14. Wood Moisture meter NSC 90.16	i
4.	Edge Banding Machine.	NSC	84.45	clothe cutter machine for the furniture upholstery. 724.7405 84.40	)
5.	Multiple Rip Saw machine	728.1205	84.45		
6.	Router Machine	NSC	84.45	Notes :-	
7.	Wood Tenoining machine	728.1209	84.47	<ol> <li>The ITC R. 2 and CCCN Code numbers have assigned to facilitate collection of data only.</li> </ol>	boo
8.	Panel Cutting and Grooving machines.	728.1209	84,47	<ol><li>These will be reproduced on the Bills of Entry fi the importer and on licences whenever issued.</li></ol>	lod b
9,	Veneer Clippers.	728,1206	84.47	<ol> <li>These, however, will not be binding on control authorities for classification for tariff purposes.</li> </ol>	
10.	Automatic Band-Saw blade grinding and brazing machines.	NSC	84.45	<ol> <li>The interpretation of the Import-Export Policy however continue to be as per description of the given in this Appendix and not according to the numbers assigned.</li> </ol>	ito <u>m</u>
11.	Glue Spreader machine	NSC	84,59	5. NSC denotes "Not Separately Classified."	

#### APPENDIX 15

#### (Chapter XX)

#### IMPORT POLICY FOR REGISTERED EXPORTERS IN FREE TRADE ZONES

#### 1. Licensing authority

The Controller of Imports and Exports, New Kandla is the licensing authority for Kandla Free Trade Zone and the Deputy Development Commissioner (Imports & Exports) Santacruz Electronics Export Processing Zone, Bombay is the liceusing authority for that Zone.

#### 2. Import of Capital Goods

- Import of Capital Goods into these Free Trade Zones has been placed on Open General Licence.
- (ii) The Development Commissioner of the Zone will verify whether the machinery imported is meant for the purpose of production for which the importing unit has been approved in the Zone.
- (III) Import of prototypes, office equipment and consumables for office equipment into these Zones has also been placed on Open General Licence.
- (iv) Import of Diesel Generating set into these zones has also been placed on O.G.L.

# 3. Import of Raw Materians, Components and Spures

Import of raw materials, components, spares etc. into these Zones has been placed on Open General Licence. However, items banned for import in the Domestic Tariff Area under Appendix 2, Part A of this policy will not be allowed to be imported in the free trade zones under Open General Licence.

4. A copy of the Open General Licence is given in this Appendix. The importers are advised to regulate their imports under the Open General Licence in such a way that they adhers to the value added criterion on the basis of which their project was approved. The Development Commissioner of the Zone shall examine that the value added criterion is being observed.

# 5. Supplies from Domestic Tariff Area (DTA) to the zone

(1) Items which the naits in the Zone can import under Open General Licence, if supplied from Domestic Tariff Area to the units in the Zone will be eligible for import replenishment heences in accordance with the import policy for Registered Exporters, provided.—

- (a) the goods supplied have been manufactured in India;
- (b) the supplies have been made at international price;
- (c) the supplier is a Registered Exporter and is otherwise eligible to the import replenishment licence under the policy in force;
- (d) the supplies are made against a letter of authority issued by the Development Commissioner of the Zone; and
- (e) supplies made are not semi-finished goods.
- (ii) Inits located in the Zone desiring to procure any goods from DTA for export production should make separate applications to the licensing authority through the Development Commissioner for obtaining letter of authority, indicating the items and their value (No letter of authority will be required for such goods which are not required for export production).
- (iii) While dealing with such applications, the Development Commissioner will see whether the supplies sought to be made in the Zone from the DTA are essential for export production and will also scrutinise the prices at which the materials, in question, are sought to be purchased.
- (iv) Based on the above, the licensing authority will issue a letter of authority to enable the unit in the Zone to obtain supplies of goods of specified description and value from the DTA within a specified period. The letter of authority will, inter alia, be subject to the condition that the goods, in question, shall be utilised in the factory of the letter of authority holder in the Free Trade Zone for export production. An undertaking to this effect shall also be given by the applicant to the licensing authority along with his application for such letter of authority Fallure on the part of the letter of authority holder to comply with the condition of the letter of authority and the terms of the said undertaking shall reader him liable for such action as may be taken against him in this regard.
- (ν) The goods will be allowed entry into the Zone on the strength of the said letter of authority. At the time of entry of the goods into the Zone, the customs authority or the Development Commission of the Zone will endorse the supplier's invoice to the effect that the goods covered by the invoice have been received in the Zone

- (vi) The supplier of the goods can claim import replenishment licences under the import policy for registered exporters against such supplies. Import applications should be made to the Controller of Imports & Exports, New Kandia|Dy. Development Commissioner (Imports & Exports), Santacruz Export Processing Zone, Bombay in the form prescribed in the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88. The application should be supported by the following documents:—
  - (a) Challan for the requisite amount towards payment of application fee.
  - (b) Photostat/attested copy of the letter of authority issued by the Development Commissioner, on the basis of which the goods, in question, were supplied
  - (c) Supplier's invoice duly endorsed by customs authority in the zone to the effect that the goods covered by the invoice have been received in the Zone.
  - (d) A statement of exports in the form prescribed in the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures, 1985—88.
  - (a) An undertaking/declaration in the form appended to the form of import application.

Further details may be ascertained from the Development Commissioner of the Zone or the licensing authority concerned.

(vii) The supplier of the goods can also claim other benefits, namely, (a) discharge of export obligation against Capital Goods licence or Industrial licence or Foreign Collaboration approval, (b) grant of export house certificate, and (c) benefits, if any, available to exporting units under the Actual User Policy.

#### 6. Disposal of surplus imported goods

Requests for disposal of goods imported into the zone may be considered, on merits, by the Ministry of Commerce, on the recommendation of the Development Commissioner of the zone. The permission for disposal, if granted will be subject to such conditions as Government may impose

# 7. Sale of goods in Endia against Valid General Currency Area Import licences

(1) Goods manufactured in Free Trade Zone In India may be allowed to be sold in the Domestic Tariff Area against Valid General Currency Area import licences. Such sale shall not exceed 25 per cent of production of the same item by the unit concerned in the Free Trade Zone during the licensing year.

- (2) The sale shall be effected only with the prior permission of the Development Commissioner of the concerned Free Trade Zone. The unit desiring to sell their goods to the Domestic Tariff Area should, therefore, approach the Development Commissioner. It should also indicate the quantity of the item sought to be supplied in DTA against valid GCA licence and the total quantity of the same item produced by the unit, as on date, during the concerned licensing year to enable the Development Commissioner to verify that the proposed sale is not exceeding 25 per cent of the production already turned out by the unit.
- (3) After obtaining permission from the Development Commissioner, the sale can be effected against valid GCA licence. The Development Commissioner will debit the connected import licence before the goods are allowed to be taken out of the Zone. To this extent, the import licence shall cease to be valid for further imports.
- (4) The purchaser of the goods in the Domestic fariff Area shall be liable to pay the excise duty, sales tax and such other taxes as may be leviable on the goods in question. This shall be subject to Notification No. 13/83-Central Excise dated the 11th February, 1983 issued by the Department of Revenue, New Delhi and such other notifications or instructions as may be issued by them, from time to time in regard to the sale of goods manufactured in a Free Trade Zone, into the Domestic Tariff Area.

#### Transfer of Goods imported into Free Trade Zone

- 8. The following procedures will apply to the transfer/loaning of goods imported into Free Trade Zones:—
  - (i) The imported materials can be transferred or given on loan to another unit in the same zone with the written permission of the Development Commissioner of the concerned zone.
  - (ii) The goods imported into Free Trade Zones will not be allowed to be given on loan to units situated outside the Zone.
  - (iii) Where a unit situated in the zone is unable to utilise the imported goods for the purpose for which these were imported or the material is surplus to its needs, it may transfer that material to an eligible Actual User outside the zone or to a public sector agency, with the prior written permission of the licensing authority concerned provided (a) the case has been recommended by the Development Commissioner of the concerned zone and the sponsoring authority of the buyer (where the buyer is an Actual User (b) the Customs Authorities in the Zone have no objection to the goods being taken out of the Zone on payment of customs duty and other charges, if any.

### APPENDIX 15-Conid.

- (iv) In the event of the Board of Approval allowing debonding of a unit in Free Trade Zone or granting permission for disposal of capital goods, imported raw materials, or components etc. rendered surplus with the unit, the custom duties on debonding disposal will be leviable in the following manner:
  - (a) Customs duty on Capital goods on the depreciated value but at rates prevalent at the time of import;
  - (b) Customs duty on unused imported raw materials and components on value at the time of import and at rates in force at the time of clearances; and
  - (c) In respect of excisable goods, excise duty to be levied without depreciation and at rate attracted at the time of clearance.
- (r) Supplies/transfers of materials from a unit in Free Trade Zone to a unit in another Free Trade Zone or to a 100% Export Oriented Unit may be permitted by the Development Commissioner subject to the following conditions:—
  - It shall be ensured that the value addition expected to be fulfilled by the supplier has already been fulfilled by him before the material leaves the unit in the Zone.

- (2) The value of these goods is accounted by the buyer for the purpose of value addition prescribed for him in accordance with the instructions in force from time to time.
- (3) For payment of duties, the original supplier will be liable, and for this purpose a joint bond will be taken from the seller and the buyer.
- (4) Movement of materials from a unit in the zone to a unit in another Free Trade Zone or 100% Export Oriented Unit will be under Customs bond.
- (5) The liability of the original supplier will remain notwithstanding the supplies/ transfers effected by him to units in other Free Trade Zones or 100% Export Oriented Units.
- (6) Transit cost is to be borne by the seller. Similarly, all expenses incurred by the Customs on account of such movements will be recovered as per Procedure for Recovery to be announced by the Customs.
- (7) Only one such transfer of goods shall be allowed and thereafter the goods/products manufactured therefrom shall be exported.

#### APPENDIX 13 -Concld

#### (COPY OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR FREE TRADE ZONES)

# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

#### IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

ORDER NO. 18/85-88

New Delhi, the 12th April, 1985

#### OPEN GENERAL LICENCE NO.18/85

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 (18 of 1947), the Central Government gives general permission, till further orders to the Actual Users located in the respective Free Trade Zones for the import of (1) Capital Goods (whether new or second hand), (2) raw materials, (3) components, (4) spares, (5) consumables, (6) packing materials, (7) tools, jigs, fixtures and gauges, (8) prototypes and technical samples not exceeding two in number of each type for product diversification and development or evaluation (9) Diesel Generating set into the Free Trade Zones, subject to the Actual User condition as applicable thereto in each case. However, items banned for Import in Domestic Tariff Area under Appendix 2, Part A of this Policy, will not be allowed to be imported in the Free Trade Zones under this Open General licence.

- 2. For import of second hand Capital Goods, the importer shall produce to the Customs authority at the time of clearance, a Certificate from a professional independent Chartered Engineer/any equivalent institute in the Country from which imports is made, indicating:—
  - (a) Name of manufacturer of the plant and machinery;
  - (b) Year of manufacture;
  - (c) Present condition of the plant and machinery and its expected residual life (Import of machinery having expected residual life of less than 5 years and also machinery more than 7 years old shall not be allowed);
  - (d) the c.i.f. value of equivalent Capital Goods; if purchased new.
  - (e) Nature of re-conditioning/repair done, if any, and the date(s) on which these were carried out; and
  - (f) Opinion regarding the price asked for by the suppliers and the basis for such opinion.
- 3. On the recommendation of the Development Commissioner of the concerned Zone, such Actual Users may also import for the purpose of their own production/use, product diversification and development or evaluation (i) prototypes and technical samples not covered in para 1, (ii) drawings, blue prints, charts, technical data including micro-films and (iii) office equipment, spares and consumables thereof.
- 4. Such Actual Users may also Import goods received (i) for repairs/reconditioning by them in the Zone and to be re-exported thereafter or (ii) back from the consigness oversess within a period of three years from the date of their desptach to him by the Actual User (after following the connected formalities under the Foreign Exhcange Regulations Act).
- 5. The importer shall maintain in the prescribed form proper account of the import, consumption and utilisation of all imported materials and of the exports made by him and submit them periodically as required to the Development Commissioner of the Zone and to the licensing authority concerned. The importer shall conform to the minimum value-added condition stipulated by Government in lux case.
- 6. This licence is without prejudice to the application to any goods of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import that may be in force at the time when such goods are imported.
  - 7. This licence is in supersession of Ministry of Commerce Import Trade Control Order No. 19/84, dated the 12th April, 1984

Sdi-(P.C. JAIN) CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

(Copy to all concerned) By Order etc.

#### APPENDIX 16

# SELECT LIST OF EXPORT PRODUCTS

#### 1. Engineering goods.

- 1.1 Engineering goods including stainless steel products (excluding prime steel and non-ferrous metals)
- 1.2 Ferro-alloys.
- 2. Chemicals, plastics and allied products.
  - 2.1 Chemicals and allied products, namely :--
    - (a) Inorganic chemicals, organic chemicals and miscellaneous chemicals.
    - (b) Drugs and drug intermediates including crude drugs.
    - (c) Dyes and dye intermediates.
    - (d) Toiletries and perfumeries and perfumery compounds (excluding processed tale).
    - (e) Paints and allied products.
    - (f) Safety matches, fireworks, explosives and detonators.
    - (g) Ceramic products.
    - (h) Glass and glassware.
    - (i) Asbestos, cement including clinkers and cement products.
    - (1) Wood products and processed wood.
    - (k) Rubber manufactures including reclaimed rubber.
    - (1) Paper, paper products and stationery, including books, journals and periodicals and articles made of paper pulp.
    - (m) Pesticides and preservatives.
    - (n) Agarbattis, dhoop and incense.
    - (o) Synthetic graphite products.
  - 2.2 Refractories.
  - 2.3 Plastics and Linoleum products.
- 3. Leather and sports goods.
  - 3.1 Finished leather and leather manufactures including Footwear and Brushes all kinds made of animal bristles
  - 3.2 Sports goods.
- 4. Food, agriculture and forest products.
  - 4.1 Animal casings.
  - 4 2 Canned and frozen marine products

- 4.3 Processed foods, Dehydrated onions, Cashew Kernels roasted/salted, cocoa beans/powder, alchololic and soft beverages.
- 4.4 Meat, Poultry, Eggs and allied products.
- 4.5 Packaged tea *i.e.* tea packed in consumer packs of a size upto 1 kg. and instant tea.
- 4.6 Green tea.
- 4.7 Instant and packaged ground coffee.
- 4.8 Ossein and gelatine.
- 4.9 Tobacco manufactures.
- 4.10 Flowers (dry or fresh), Cut flowers and decorative plants.
- 4.11 Seeds of Vegetables, flowers and fruits.
- 4.12 Fruits (fresh or dry), Fresh Vegetables.
- 4:13 Spices and curry powder and pastes (consumer pack of 1 kg. or less).
- 4.14 Treated and Pulverised Guar Gum.
- 4.15 Natural essential oils.
- 4.16 Deoiled rice bran extraction (produced by solvent extraction process) and Deoiled cotton seed cakes/cotton seed extraction (produced by solvent extraction process) and Compound
  - Animal Feed (excluding oil cakes).
- 4.17 Mango Kernel Extractions and mango Kernel oil.
- 4.18 Soyabean Extraction/Meal and its products.
- 4.19 Sun Flower Seed Extraction.
- 4.20 Sal seed fats and Sal Seed Extraction (produced by solvent extraction process).
- 4.21 Parts of dry plants and twigs used for decorative purposes
- 4.22 Basmati Rice in consumer packs upto 5 Kgs.
- 4.23 Roasted and salted Peanuts in consumer packs of 1 Kg.
- 4.24 Extractions of Rape seed/Sesame/Safflower.

#### 5. Textiles.

- 5.1 Carpets, druggets, durries, namdhas and rugs.
- 5.2 Woollen (including Mohair) and mixed fabrics, garments and knitwear.
- 5.3 Rubberised coir and curled coir.
- 5.4 Cotton fabrics (other than grey), Cotton garments and made up articles.
- 5.5 Khadi.
- 5.6 Man made fibres/cord/yarn/fabrics (including blended/mixed), garments and made up articles thereof.

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- 5.7 Natural silk fabrics, farments and made-up articles.
- 5.8 The following jute manufactures:-
  - (a) Carpet backing.
  - (b) Decorative and other specialities.
  - (c) Polyethylene-lined jute bags.
  - (d) Jute yarn/twine.
- 5.9 Hosiery.
- 5.10 Embroidered Fabrica.
- 5.11 Handloom Fabrics, made up articles and garments.
- 5.12 Products from flax fibres
- 6. Gem and jewellery.
  - 6.1 Cut and polished diamonds, precious and semi-precious stones; polished or processed pearls and imitation and costume jewellery.

- 6.2 Precious metal jewellery and cut and polished synthetic stones.
- 7. Handicrafts.
  - 7.1 Handicrafts.
  - 7.2 Cut and polished grantte.
- 8. Miscellaneous.
  - 8.1 Cinematographic films (exposed).
  - 8.2 Fabricated mica including micanite insulating materials bonded with synthetic resins
  - 8.3 Shellac.
  - 8.4 Briquetted fignite and coal.
  - 8.5 Minor minerals and ores—processed.
  - 8.6 Postage stamps—used or unused.

#### APPENDIX 17

(Para 193 of Chapter XIV)

# IMPORT POLICY FOR REGISTERED EXPORTERS

#### GENERAL CONDITIONS

This Appendix contains the description of export products covered by the import policy for Registered Exporters, the percentage of import replenishment and materials allowed for import against each product as well as other conditions relating thereto.

- 2. The export products have been classified under various 'Product Groups' such as Engineering Goods, Chemicals and Allied Products and so on. These product groups have been given alphabetical numbering e.g., 'A' for Engineering Goods etc. Certain product groups have been sub-divided into broad 'Categories' such as "Ferrous Manufactures", "Non-ferrous (other than aluminium) Semis and Manufactures" in the Engineering Group and so on. In each Product Group/Category, export products have been mentioned with their Serial Numbers or Sub-serial Numbers. In the serial numbering there are certain gaps. Serial Numbers and Sub-serial Numbers which appeared in the earlier policy but which are missing from this policy, have been deleted as export products qualifying for import replenishment.
- 3. Against some of the materials of import mentioned in Col. 4 or Col. 5, a percentage figure is indicated in brackets. This figure represents the percentage of the licence value (i.e. REP entitlement) upto which import of the material concerned will be allowed. In such cases, the licence-holder can—for more economic ordering/packing/freight considerations—import relevant items more in value/quantity only upto 5% of the specified limit, within the over-all value of the licence. The value restrictions on individual items in Col. 4 or Col. 5 whether shown as a percentage of the licence value or otherwise, will not apply in the following cases:—
  - (i) where the REP entitlement against 'quarterly' exports for which REP licence is issued, does not exceed Rs. 10,000 (c.i.f.) in value, or
  - (ii) where the REP entitlement against 'half-yearly' exports for which the REP licence is issued, does not exceed Rs. 20,000 (c.i.f.) in value.

The relaxation in (i) and (li) above will not be available for items appearing in Appendices 2 and 5 Part B of import policy.

- 4. It may be clarified that where a product exported in an assembled form is eligible for import replenishment under the Import Policy for Registered Exporters, its export in CKD (completely knocked down) condition or SKD (semi-knocked down) condition will also qualify for import replenishment.
- 5. No import of an item appearing in Appendix 2 shall be allowed against REP licences, except if an item appearing in Appendix 2 Part B is specifically described for import either under Col. 4 or under Col. 5 or against an Advance/Imprest Licence issued under this Policy.
- 6. Wherever "packing materials" is allowed for import in Col. 4 and the items permitted as packing material include paper or card board or plastic materials such as LDPE, the licence will also be valid for import of "Self adhesive tape" as packing material upto 1% of the value earmarked for import of packing materials or Rs. 500 whichever is higher, within the overall value for which packing materials can be imported against the relevant REP licence.
- 7. Where "packing materials" appear in Col. 4 without mentioning the particular items allowed for import, the REP licence will be valid for import of only such packing materials or raw materials required for the manufacture of only such packing materials as are normally used for packing the relevant export product against which the REP licence, in question, has been issued.
- 8. Against certain export products, for example Sl. No. A.64, Sl. No. B.11.1 etc. Col. 4 permits the import of items appearing in the Appendices 3 and 5 without mentioning the specific items. In such cases, the export product in Col. 2 covers more than one product and it is difficult to mention in Col. 4 itself the specific items of raw materials and components which go into the production of each of the export products covered by the particular Serial Number or Sub-serial Number. Therefore, in such cases, while applying for REP licence, each exporter should submit with the import application the list of such items as are actually used as raw materials/components in the manufacture of the product(s) exported except items which have been specifically exclu-

ded in Col. 4 or Col. 5. It should be also ensured that only those items are included in the list which are actually used as raw materials and components in the manufacture of the relevant product exported. The licensing authority may, after due scrutiny of the list, exclude therefrom any item which in his opinion is not actually used as raw material/component in the manufacture of product(s) exported. If at any time, it is found that an exporter obtained REP licence under this provision for an item which was not actually used as raw material/component for the manufacture of the product exported against which the REP licence was issued, the licence in question, shall be liable to cancellation. If the licence has been used by the time the irregularity comes to notice. the value of the licence shall be adjusted against the import entitlement of the exporter in any category. These actions will be without prejudice to any other action that may be taken in this behalf under the import and export control regulations.

- 9. Where import of Acrylic plastic off cuts is allowed in Column 4 or Column 5 their size shall not be more than 25 cms either in length or width.
- 10. Wherever production of Quality control/ Preshipment Inspection certificate is compulsory as per Compulsory Export Quality Control and Inspection Act 1963 or any other statute, the registered exporter shall produce such certificate while claim-

ing replenishment benefits under this Policy. Where such inspection is not compulsory as above, exporters may approach the Export Inspection Agency or other statutory agencies concerned on voluntary basis, for issue of such certificates. Wherever Test certificates are required showing the quality and contents of the different materials constituting the export products, such certificates will also be furnished by the exporters. The grant of REP licences will be subject to the production of these certificates, whereever applicable. This provision will also apply to grant of REP licences on supplies of indigenous materials against valid Import licences in terms of para 152 of this Policy.

- 11. In respect of carbon steel and alloy steel wherever allowed in Column 4 and Column 5 against various products in this Appendix, the following clarifications are made:--
  - (a) Wherever 'CRCA sheets' are permitted, the same shall be understood to mean 'Carbon Steel CRCA sheets' only.
  - (b) Wherever as per provisions of Appendix 17 of this policy stainless steel coils/strips/sheets/ Circles are imported it would be in cold rolled condition only.
  - (c) 'High Carbon' shall mean carbon contents 0.6% and above.

#### STATEMENT OF IMPORT REPLENISHMENT

Sl. No	Export Product	lmport replenish- ment percentage	Materials permitted for impor	rt Remarks
1		3	4	5
A ENGINEER	ING GOODS			

#### General Notes 1-

(1) In case of Engineering products listed in Appendix 17 where under Column 4 import of steel/Pig Iron is allowed and such items are covered by Price Protection Scheme/International Price Reimbursement Scheme 1981 and where exporter of steel prothe ducts claims reimbursement for those items under the said schomes. he will be entitled to claim import replenishment only for items other than those covered by the said The schemes. rate of import replenishment will be as mentioned against the respective No in. Annexure to Appendix 17.

1	2	3	4	5
A. EN	GINEERING GOODS—Contd.			(2) Import of Heat Resisting Stainless Steel, and High Speed Steel in any form/shape and seamless steel tubes and pipes as appearing in Appendix 3 will not be allowed on REP licences unless specifically mentioned in column 4 against specified product group in Appendix 17.
L FER	ROUS MANUFACTURES			
A.1	(I) Carbon steel forgings	. 40%	(a) Forging quality Carbon steel (with less than 0.6% carbon) in blooms, billets and bars.	
	(ff) Alloy steel forgings.	40%	(a) Forging quality alloy steel in bleoms, billets and bars (excluding Stainless/Heat resisting steel and High speed steel).	
A.4	Steel Wire and products made of such wire t—			
	(a) High Carbon Steel Wire and pro- ducts thereof 1—			
	<ol> <li>Galvanised/Electroplated/Copper coated/Bronze coated.</li> </ol>	40 %	<ul><li>(a) Zinc (for galvanised) (35%)</li><li>(b) Nickel (for electropiated) (3</li></ul>	
			<ul><li>(c) Copper sulphate (for cop- per coated/bronze coated).</li></ul>	
			(d) Raw Manila Hemp (Fibre)/ Raw Sisal Fibre.	
			(e) Carbon Steel having carbon content 0.6% and above (6	0%).
	(#) Ungalvanised and uncoated	. 20%	<ul><li>(a) Carbon steel having carbon content 0.6% and above.</li></ul>	1
	(b) Steel Wire Ropes :			
	(1) Galvanised/electroplated .	. 35%	(a) Same as against Sl. No. A.4(a)(i) above.	
	(ii) Ungalvanised and uncoated	20%	(a) Carbon steel having casbon content 0.6% and above.	
	(c) Carbon steel welded wire mesh .	40%	(a) Carbon steel wire rods with carbon content less than 0.6%.	(1) Import of Zinc to the extent of 10% of the face value of the licence will be allowed against export of Galvanised Carbon Steel welded wire mesh
	(d) Others 1			•
	(I) Galvanised	. 10%	(a) Zinc. (b) Raw Manila Hemp (Fibre)/ Raw Sisal Fibre	
	(#) Copper coated	. 10%	<ul><li>(a) Copper sulphate.</li><li>(b) Raw Manila Hemp (Fibre)/ Raw Sisal Fibre.</li></ul>	
A 5	Open top sanitary containers	. 40%	<ul><li>(a) Tin plate, prime OTS qualit M.R. Type.</li></ul>	7/
			(b) Tin (5%).	
			(c) Lead of 99.97% and above purity (5%).	

### APPENDIA 17-Conto.

1	2	3	4	
L FERR	OUS MANUFACTURES—concid.	··· <u> </u>		
<b>1.7</b>	Other ferrous manufactures : (f) Steel pipes and tubes	80 34	(a)房民のまではed carbon ates! strips/colls,	(1) Import of gine will be allowed to the extent of 20% of the f.o.b. value within the overall replenishment against export of galvanised steel pipes and tubes
	(ff) Others—Galvanised/Electropieted	10%	(a) Zinc (for gaivanised). (b) Nickel (for electropiated).	(1) Against exports of Nylos insert ("Nylos")—Self iocking nuts, steel look nuts and wheel nuts, an additional 30% import replenishment shall be available for import of sulphur bearing free cutting steel only.
	(III) Are welding electrodes	10 🥦	(a) Iron Powder.	
			(ħ) Titanium dioxide (20%).	
	(iv) High Tensile Procision industrial Pastenera.	30 🎀	<ul> <li>(a) Cold Heading Quality Stee.</li> <li>Wire Rods in coils.</li> </ul>	1
			(/) Alloy Steel wire Rods (90%	\$)
	(v) Transmission Line Towers (Gairanised)	20 🌠	(a) Carbon steel/High tensile steel structurals.	•
			(a) Zino (30 %).	
<b>A.</b> 8	Carban Steel wire and products minds of			
	(I) Galvanised/Ricctroplated	10 %	(a) Zino (for galvanised).	
	(,,	~~ pm	(*) Nickel (for electroplated).	
	(II) Copper conted	10%	(a) Copper wire bars.	
A.9	Freight containers	20 %	(a) Metal fittings, paints, steel items in Appendices 3 and 5.	(1) Please see para 8 o "General Conditions" in thi Appendix.
			<ul><li>(b) Corner castings.</li><li>(c) Doorlocking mechanism.</li></ul>	
<b>A.</b> 19	Manufactures of Carbon and alloy steels and spring steels.	20 %	<ul> <li>(a) Nickel.</li> <li>(b) Heavy melting scrap.</li> <li>(c) Low carbon ferro-chrome</li> <li>(0.03% to 0.1% carbon max</li> <li>(d) Lead (10%).</li> </ul>	(1) Import of Low carbo ferro-chrome (0.03% to 0.1% carbon max,) will be allowed.) only against export of allowateols including alloy apria, steels.
	MINIUM SEMIS AND MANUFACTURES EREOF			
<u>5 11</u>	Aluminium semis and manufactures thereof	50 73	(a) Aleminium/Aleminium rods.	
	N-FERROUS (OTHER THAN ALUMENIUM) MIS AND MANUFACTURES			
A.1d	Non-ferrous semis and extremines			
	(i) Land Samle/orternstranse older wires	V# 94	(a) Pig Lead of 99.97% and	(1) Import of tin will be allo
	(ii) (a) Semis/ortrasions of it may and	8 J. 🕶	above purity. (a) Copper wire bars/wire rods	wed up to 50% of the REI ontitlement within the over
	Copper printing where  (b) Reside/extrasions of copper stor	*7.14	(a) Copper wire bara/wire rode	all value of the licence onl
			(4) Mins (40 M).	•••

2

3

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#### III. NON-FERROUS (OTHER THAN ALUMINIUM) SEMIS AND MANUFACUTRES—Concld

رني،

A 17 Other Non-ferrous Manufactures (excluding industrial valves)

30 🕱

(60%). (b) Zinc (40%). (c) Tln (10%). (d) Nickel (20%).

- (a) Copper wire bars /wire tods
  (60%).

  (b) Zinc (40%).

  (c) Tin (10%).

  (d) Tin (10%).

  (e) Tin (10%).

  (f) Tin (10%).

  (i) For the purpose of calculating REP benefits against export of Silver brazing alloy in the form of rods/ sticks cut to size containing not more than 50% silver, the licensing authority will exclude the value of silver from the f.o.b. value of the export product. The balance cxport product. The balance f.o.b. value of export will only be eligible for REP benefits, if otherwise admissible under the policy. Applications should be accompanied by a Chartered Accountant or a Government laboratory certificate. ment laboratory certificate indicating the quantity of silver content and its value used in the export product based in the export product based on which the llcens-ing authority will work out the REP entitlement after excluding the value of sil-ver. It is clarified that if the exported silver brazing alloy in the form of rods/ sticks cut to sizes contains sticks cut to sizes contains more than 50% silver by weight, no REP benefits will be admissible thereon.
  - (2) Exporters of EPNS Wares, who are registered with Development Commissioner for Handicrafts, will not be required to be registered separately with Engineering Export Promotion Council.
  - (3) Import of Nickel will be allowed only against export of (1) EPNS wares and (2) Nickel plated non-ferrous manufactures covered by this Serial No.

#### IV. ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT AND APPARATUS

Air-conditioning and refrigeration equipment, Humidification, Ventilation and air A.21 control equipment and spare parts thereof

6%

(a) Refrigerante.
(b) CRCA shoots (25%)

(c) Zinc.

- (d) Stainless steel sheets 0.711 mm to 0.914 mm and 2.11 mm (against exports of water coolers and freezers only).
- (1) Against exports of "All conditioning and Refrigeration equipment, compressors and spare parts thereof", the import the import replenishment 20% and import of Copper winding wires (50%) will be allowed to addition to other materials permitted for import in column 4.
- G. P Sheets/Strlps/Colls will be allowed (25% against exports of Ice making machines/plants only within the overall valueof the licence.

1 2 3 3 IV. ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT AND APPARATUS—contd. A.22 (I) Against export of sparos/ components of the expost Power equipment including alternators, generators, transformers, switch gear and control gear, motors, rectifiers and products in Column import replenishment will power capacitors :--(i) Rotating electrical equipment 20% (a) Hot rolled dynamograde be allowed at the rate electrical steel sheets/Coils, mentioned in column 3 and the materials per-mitted for import will be Copper wire bars/Wire rods. Winding wires/strips (50%). Cold rolled grain oriented those apearing in Appendi-dices 3 and 5 excluding elec-tronic items. Please see para 8 of 'General Conditions' in (ii) Transformers 30% electrical steel sheets/Colls. Copper wire bars/wire rods. (c) Winding wires/strips (50%).
(d) Transformer Oil. this Appendix (e) Carbon Steel Plates. (a) Copper sheets/strips as in Appendix 3. (HI) Switch gear, control gear, (2) Against exports covered by Sl. No. A. 22(iv) import recti- 10 % flers, power capacitors and lightning Transformer Oil. CRCA Sheets/Strips (10%) arrestors. replenishment applications should be accom-(1v) Electrical contacts made of Platinum/palladium/silver alloy or Platinum. panied by the declaration alloy cr Palladium of the manufacturer (c) Copper wire bars.(d) Nickel virgle 'sorap. the product exp as to the item(s) in Silver/bimetal contacts. exported Col. 4 used in its manufact-ture. The said list will be attached to the licence (a) Cadrolum Oxide. e hen it is issued. A.23 Dry batteries and Storage batteries ?--(I) Day batteries 25 % (a) Zinc. (#) Storage batteries 30 % (a) Lead of 99.97% and above purity. (b) Antimous. A.24 (I) Aluminium Conductors steel rein-50% (a) Zinc. High carbon steel (10%), forced (ACSR). wire rods. (c) Aluminium/Aluminiam rods. (II) All Aluminium Conductors (AAC), 60 % (a) Aluminium/Aluminium rods. A.25 (a) Lead of 99 97% and above insulated Aluminium Cables and power 30% purity (10%).
(b) Aluminium/Aluminium roos cables with aluminium conductors 600/ 1000 volts and above (1.0 KV and above). A.26 Insulated Copper Cables, all types p-(I) Dry Core telephone cables/coaxial 30 % (a) Copper wire bars/wire rods. (a) Lead of 99.97% and above cubles. purity (20%). (#) Others 60% (a) Copper wire bars/wire rods. (b) Lead of 99.97% and above purity (20%). (c) Tin (10 %). A.27 Electric fans (including fans in CKD 20% (I) Import of bearings appea-(a) Copper wire bars/wire rods (50%). (b) Winding witers (90%). ring in Appendix 2-Part B with SKP or equivalent Nos.6201, 6202, 6203, 6204 and 6206 as used (one or two in a fan as the case condition). (c) Dynamo grade electrical stee! sheets/colls (d) Bearings in Appendix 3 (20%).may he) will be allowed within overall replenish ment against export of electric fans.

#### APPENDIX 17—Conta. 2 3 3 7 IV. ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT AND APPARATUS-concld. (a) Copper wite bara/wire rods. (1) For the purpose of calculating the REP benefits again-Electrical wiring accessories including 10% electric systehes. st exports of micro-switches with silver/silver alloy con-tacts, the licensing authority (c) Electrical steel sheets/coils. will exclude the value of silver from the f.o.b. value of export product. The balance f.o.b. value of exports will only be eligible for REP benefits, of the rwise admissible under the policy. Applications should be accompanied by a Chartered Accountant or a Government Laboratory Certificate Indicating the quantity of silver content and its value used in the export product based on which the licensing authority will work out the REP entitlement after excluding the value of silver. It is clarified that if the exported Micro Switches with silver/ silver alloy contacts contain more than 50% silver by weight, no REP benefits will be admissible thereor. 10% (a) Heat resistant stainless A.31 Tubular sheath type heating elements steel sheets. V. ELECTRONIC AND TELECOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT, INSTRUMENTS, APPARTUS AND APPLIANCES (a) Special production aids for electronics industry, namely Wrapping and Un-wrapping tools, aligning tools, All Electronic Items/equipment /systems/ 20% A.35 electronics industry, namely Wrapping and Un-wrapping tools, aligning tools, desoldering tools, t.C. Extractor (20%). components including Tape Deck Mechanism, computer systems/peripherals/Dig. 11 watches, clocks and time pieces Video-Cassettes will be the Plastics and Linoleum Export Promotion Council. (b) Passive components (Resistors/capacitors of all kinds) Against the export of cassettes/cartridges, pre-recordod cassettes/cartridges, import of audio magnetic tapes, blank cassettes/car-(c) Active components (Transistors, diodes, other semiconductor devices, valves, Integrated Circuits) (30%). tridges and parts thereof will be allowed without any face value restriction. (d) Any other items of electro-Against the export of prerecorded video cassettes, import of video magnetic tape will be allowed withnic components and raw materials, appearing Appendices 3 and 5 the Import—Export out any face value restric-Policy used in the manution within the overall value of the licence facture of electronics items (20%). (3) Against the export of protessional electronic equip-ment and instruments, import replenishment will be allowed at the rake of 30% (4) Import of picture tubes will be allowed only against export of Folevision sets. A.37 Permanent Magnets 10 % (a) Nicket. VI. MACHINE TOOKS Machber Tools, an types and are maches and (a) Items in Appendices 3 and (1) Please see pars 8 of 'Gene-f excluding electronic items and Conditions' in this A.46 8 1 e responente therres, and iron and steel items. Appendir.

238	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA	A : EX	TRAC	RDINARY	[Part I—Sec. 1]				
APPENDIX 17—Conid.									
1	#	3		4	3				
VI. MACH	INE TOOLS—concld.								
			(4)	Electronic Items in Appendix 3 excluding those covered by Entry Nos. 609 and 610 of Appendix 3 and also excluding the following items covered by Entry No 607 in Appendix 3 (10%)1—					
				(i) Audio magnetic tapes in reels, cassettes, jumb o rolls, hubs, cartridges and pan cakes and in any other form, exclud- ing 35 mm and 16 mm aprocketed tapes. (ii) TV sumers.					
			(c)	Iron and Steel items in Appendix 5-Part A (15%)					
VII. HAN	D TOOLS AND SMALL TOOLS								
▲.50	Hand Tools including drop forged hand tools.	3%	(ø)	Nickel.					
A.51	Small and Cutting Tools :-								
	<ol> <li>Cutting tools wholly or partly made of High speed steel,</li> </ol>	40%	(a)	High speed stool flats, squares and rounds in any flats (A 62-cobalt grades).					
	(II) Wood working saws	50 %	(4)	High carbon (0.6% car- bon and above) hardened and tempered steel stripe for saw blades.					
	(iii) Steel Files	40 1/2	(a)	Profiles and sections of carbon/Alloy Steel,					

Internal Combustion engines, pumps and 15% compressors, all types. A.56

- (b) Pig tron (10%).
- (a) Items in Appendices 3
  and 5 excluding 1—

  (i) High speed steels;
  (ii) Stainless steel in any form; and
  (iii) Electronic items in Appendices 3 and 5

  (iii) Please see para 8 of 'General Conditions' in this Appendix. Import of Iron and steel Items covered by Item (a) in Column 4 shall be allowed only upto 20% of the licence value within the value of the Hosmon. Hounce.
  - (2) Against exports of spares/ components of the export product in column 2, import replenishment will Import replenishment will be allowed at the rate mentioned in Column 3 and the materials permitted for import will be those appearing in Appendices 3 and 5 (excluding electronic items). Please see para 8 of General Conditions' in this Appendix.
    - (3) Against exports of Pump sets and compressors fitted with electric motors as prime movers including mosoblock pump, import replenishment at 20 % of the f.o.b. value of exports will be sllowed.

rate

#### APPENDIX 17—Contd.

8 5 X. INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY (a) Items in Appendices 3 (1) Please see para 8 of General (i) industrial machinery, components and 15 % A.64 Conditions' in this Appendix. Import of Iron and Steel items covered by item 5 mcluding --apares thereof, and High speed steels; (a) in column 4 shall be allowed only upto 50% of the licence value within the value of the licence (ii) Stainless steel in any form; (iii) Electronic items; and (iv) Titanum, Fltanium alloy. (4) Electronic iteres in Appen-(2) Against export of spares/ dix 3 excluding from sovered by Early 609 of Appendix 3 and also excomponents of the export product in column import replenishment will cluding the following items envered by Entry (10, 607 in Appendix 3 (10%) 1— (t) Audiomagnetic tapes in be allowed at the rate mentioned in column 3 and the materials permitted will be those appearing in Appendices 3 and 5 reels, carsettes, jumibo rollis, hubs, cartridges and pan cakes, and in any other form, excluding 35 mm and (excluding electronic items). Please see para 8 of 'General conditions' in this 16 num eprocketed tapes. Appendix. (ii) TY tunera. (III) integrated circuits. (if) Boilers i-(a) For power generation 10 🙀 (a) Item in Appendices 3 and (1) Please see para 8 of General 5 excluding Titanium/Uta-plum alloys and electronic Conditions in this Appendix. Import of Iron and Steel items covered by item (a) in Column 4 shall be allowed only upto 20% of the licence Electronic items in Appendix 3 excluding those covered by entry No 609 and 610 in Appendix 3 and value within the value of the licence. rise excluding the following frems covered by Futry No. 607 in Appendix 3 t— () Audio magnetic tapes in reels, cassettes, jumbo rolls, auts, cortridges and pan rokes, and in any other form, excluding 35 mm and is mm sprockated litapes. (ii) TV tuners. (III) butegrated circults. (a) Name es Item (a) against (1) Same as Column 5 Remark 11, No. 4.64(1) above. (1) against Sl. No. A 64(1) (A) Others . above. MOTOR VEHICLES AND AUTOMOBILE ANCILLARIES (a) thems is Appendices 3 (1) Please see para 8 of 'General had 5 excluding to Conditions' in this Appen-4.70 (1) Passenger carr, trucks, station wagons, 8 🔣 buses, tempor, jeeps, motor-cycles, socoters, mepods, three wheelers and dix. Import of Iron and Steel in Column 4 shall be allowed only upto 50% of the licence value within the waite other motor vahicles including tractors. (i) idigh speed steels; (ii) Ptalules steel in any form; JUL (iii) Electroale transi. (a) Riccironic itaria in dix 3 excludir of the licence. Ricexonse name in Experimental Appendix 3 excluding items covered by Betry No 609 in Appendix 3 and also excluding the following thems covered by Entry No e67 is Appendix 3 Аррел-Against exports of spares/ components of the export products other than roducts other t Radiators in column import replenishment be allowed at the mentioned in column wili

(多数).:—

	,,2P	ENDE	X	17	Coni <b>d.</b>	
1	2		3		4	5
	FOR VEHICLES AND AUTOMOBILES CILLARIES—concid.					
				reels, hubs, cakes form 16mm	magnetic tapes in cassettes, jumbo rolls, cartridges and pan , and in any other excluding 35 mm and in strocketed tape.	and the materials permitted for import will be those appearing in Appendices 3 and 5 (excluding electronic items). Please see para 8 of 'General conditions' in this Appendix.
			(111)	Integ	rated circuits.	
<b>(#)</b>	Rear Axle Shafts.	40%		(with	d quality Carbon Steel less than 0.6% Carbon) oms, billets and bars.	
(III)	Radiators	30%	(b) (c)	Terne Copp	wire. sheets/plates. er/Brass strips/foils mm and above (75%).	
A 71	Electrically driven two wheeler and three wheeler socoters.	30%	(i) (ii)	High Stain and	in Appendices 3 and (1 cluding Spood Steels; dess steel in any form; ronic stems.	Picase see para 8 of "General Conditions in this Appendia- Import of Iron and Steel Items covered by item (a) in Column 4 shall be allowed only upto 20% of the licence value within the value of the licence.
XII. RA	ILWAY EQUIPMENTS					
A.75	<ol> <li>Railway Coaches and Wagons inclu- ding Tram cars.</li> </ol>	20 %		<b>(b)</b>	(90%) Bearings in Appendix 3	(1) Against exports of sparse/ components of the export product in column 2,
	(ii) Railway electric signalling equipment	12%		(a)	20%)). Copper wire bars (80%) Carbon Steel (30%)	import replenishment will be allowed at the rate mentioned in column 3 and the materials permitted for import will be those appearing in Appendices 3 and 5 (excluding electronic items). Please see para 8 of 'Gonaral Conditions' in this Appendix.
XIII. V	VATER TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT					
A.78	Water Transport Equipment .	20 %		(a)	Carbon Steel Plates (50%)	
	•			<b>(b)</b>	Ship building quality stool.	
A.79	Fibreglass reinforced boats	10%		(a)	Synthetic Resins.	
	JGHT ENGINEERING GOODS AND A THER ENGINEERING MANUFACTURES	LL				
A.72	(i) Bicycles, all types (other than spe models and Sports Light Roadst bicycle components and accessori Bicycle Rickshaws and their componer, acc ssories all type	er), los; nts/	25%	(b) (c)	Carbon steel sheets/strips/coils (40%). Spokes and nipples (10%). Electroplating salts and brighteners. Nickel/S. Nickel.	(1) Additional import replenishment at 2½% of the f.o.t value of exports will hallowed for import of the following items against an exert of Blowelet Link
	(ii) Bicycles Special Models !acinding Special	orts		2.7	Tinplate seconds/secondaries (5 %).	ports of Bloycles Ligh Roadster (SLM model) and other Special Models v- (i) Tyres and tabes:

2 5 1 XIV. LIGHT ENGINEERING GOODS AND ALL OTHER ENGINEERING MANUFACTURES—contd. (f)Bronze Powder (2) %). (iii) Multiple speed hubs Zinc (10%) alloy hubs, derailleurs, (8) and accessories, coaster Reflectors for bicycles. Bievele dynamo sets incluhubs; and (iv) High Carbon Galvanised ding lamps (10%). (j) Packing materials, viz. Low density polyethylene moulding powder (10%), cord of 1.0 mm to 4.5 mm. This will be subject to the condition that for each such bleycle exported not Kraft paper, Copper wire bars (10%). DOL more than one pair of (1) Free cutting steel wire rods. (m) ERW Carbon Steel Pipes tyres and tubes, one pair of rims and one and Tubes. 12 V gas filled bulbs. multispeed hub only will be allowed for import. (2) If accessories are exported se-parately and not along with the bloycle etc. covered by this Sl. No., import of only those items out of column 4, as are declared by the exporter concerned to have been used in the product exported, will be allowed. The list of items should accompany the application. Please also see para 8 of 'General Conditions' is this Appendix. (3) Import of Bicycle Dynamo sets including lamps will be allowed on net to net basis only against export of Bicycles Dynamo sets including amps. (a) Zinc. A.84 (1) Wick stoves made of brass 10% (II) Gas Mantels 15% Thorium Nitrate with 1% Cerium Nitrate Copper wire bars (70%). Zinc (30%). Tin (5%). Lead of 99.97% and above (1) Against the exports of burners, import replenishment at 5% will be allowed for import of items A.85 Pressure Lamps, Stoves and blow lamps . 30% (b) appearing in Appendices 3 and 5 excluding electronic purity (5 %).
Bronze Powder (5%). items, Picase see para 8 of General Conditions' is this appendix. A.87 Hosiery and knitting machine needles 6% Electropiating saits and brighteners. (b) Packing material. A.89 Petroleum metering and dispensing pumps 6% (a) CRCA sheets. A.90 Power transmission line, hardware tools and **Sccessories** 6% (a) Ziao A.93 (I) Photographic Camera 6% (a) Brass strips. (b) Lens head screw. Hexagonal nuts. Threaded Pin/Hollow Pin/ (d)Dowel Ple. Stainless steel rods. (20%). M.S. Rods/Free cutting steel (ii) Cinematographic equipment inchedito Items in Appendices 3 (1) Please see para 8 of General cinematographic sound and project on Conditions in this Appendix. Import of Iron and and 4 equipment, components and spares thereof. items covered Steel by item (a) in column 4 shall be allowed only upto 15% of the licence value within the value of the licence.

1	. 2	3		4 5
	HT ENGINEERING GOODS AND ALL IER ENGINEERING MANUFACTURES	-Concld.		
A.94	Sewing machines	8%	(b) (c) (d)	Pig Iron/Carbon steel sheets (1) Against exports of spares components of the export of brighteners.  Bronze Powder (50%). Free cutting steel (25%). Alloy steel wire rods  Alloy steel wire rods  (1) Against exports of spares components of the export of th
4.91	industrial valves, all types	. 1074		(a) Copper wire bars (\$0\%). (b) Tin. (c) Zinc (30\%).
<b>4.94</b>	Snap fasteners (metallio)	. 20 %		(a) Phosphor Bronge wire. (b) Brass stripe.
A.97	Measuring tapes, tape rules, all types	. 20%		<ul> <li>(a) Copper wire bass (¥0 %).</li> <li>(b) Zinc (30 %).</li> <li>(c) Acrylic paint.</li> <li>(d) C R Steel Strips not exceeding 100 mm width.</li> </ul>
4.99	Umbrellas	. 20 74		(a) Umbrella ribe and compo- nents.
				(b) Waterproof Nylon Umbrella cloth (c) Nickel.
▲.100	(1) Watches excluding digital watches	. 6%		(a) Stainless stool strips (b) Lubricating oil.
	(ii) Clocks and Time pieces excluding digital clocks and Time pieces.	6%		(a) Electroplating saits. (b) CRCA sheets (10%) (c) Lubricating oil.
<b>A</b> . 101	Timing chaims	30%		(a) CRCA strips not exceeding 100 mm width.
				(b) Hardened and tempered carbon steel strips. (c) Alloy pla rods.
XV. MISC	BLLANGOUS			
▲.102	Other engineering products not bloowhen specified.	• 1%		(a) Items appearing in Appen- dices 3 and 5 excluding rel Conditions' in thi electronic items.  Appendix.
s. CHRM	ICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS			
	,			General Notes;  (i) Import of Formic Activities will not be allowed where items appearing in Appendix 3 or Appendix 5 ar allowed with generic description in Col. 4 agains the various products.
I. QHBMI	ICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS			
<b>B.1</b>	Inorganic Chemicals :			
9.1.1	Borax and Boric Aold	. 50 🔏		(a) Reserve (Crade Sedium Borate). (b) Colemanite (Crade Cal-
				clum Borate).
<b>9.1.</b> \$	Inorganic chemicals based on Coppe Lead, Zinc and Mercury.	r, 50 🛂		(a) Copper wire bars. (1) Only those items from Col. (b) Lend. will be allowed for importance. (c) Zinc. as are relevant to the product exported.

### APPENDIX 17--Conid.

1	2	,	4 5
CHEM	ICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS—Conc	id.	
B.1,4	Other inorganic chemicals 1-		
	(1) Bleaching powder (Stable)-		
	(a) exported in Polyethylene car- boys/HDPE bags (Polyethy- lene woven bags).	10%	(a) Polyethylene moulding powder (HDPE).
	(b) exported in steel drums (4) Hydrochloric Acid—	15%	(a) CRCA steel shoots 24G(BP)
	· ·	10%	(a) Polyethylene moulding powder (HDPE).
	(a) exported in steel drums	15%	(a) CRCA steel sheets 18G (BP)
	(tu) Sulphuric acid	62	(a) Polyethylene moulding powder (HDPE).
		445 24	(b) Sulphur.
	(1+) Titanium Dioxide (Anatase grade).	10 %	(a) Sulphur.
	(*) Alums	6%	(a) Sulphur.
	(ri) Aluminium Sulphate (Alumina Ferrio)	6%	(a) Sulphur,
	(#II) Ferrous Sulphate (Technics:)	6 78	(a) Sulphur.
	(###) Potassium permangausie	10 🕍	(a) Asbestos Cloth/l'olypropyles- filter cloth (25%).  (b) CRCA Share (75%).
	(1) C. Alum Thimbulahar (Characachia	4 **	(a) CRCA Sheets (75 %), (a) Sulphur
	(ix) Sodium Thiosulphate (Photographie Grade),	6%	
	(a) Aluminium chloride (Anhedrous)	<b>60 %</b>	(#) Ajuminium.
<b>B.</b> 2	Organic Chemicals ;		
B.2.1	(1) Hydroquisone	112	(a) Aniline/Aniline Oil
	(II) Rubber chemicals	84 74	(a) Aniline/Aniline Oil
9.2.3	Other organic chemicals 1-		
	(1) Acetic Acid in Polyethylene con- tainers.	674	(a) Polyethylene moulding powder (HDPE).
	(II) Aniline/Aniline Oil .	20 🔛	(a) Sulphur. (b) Nitric Acid.
	(III) Pontnerythritol	25 E	(e) Methanol.
			(8) Packing materials vis. LDPE/HDPE (21 %).
n.i	Miscellaneous obsmicals and chemical products including textile auxiliaries and preservatives :		
<b>B.3</b> .2	Pluorocarbon gases (F.11, F.12 and F.22).	15 💥	(a) Fluorapar (Acid grade). (b) Sulphur.
			(c) Carbon tetrachloride (20%).
			(d) Phosphorus pentoxide (20%)
			(e) Antimony metal (5%). (f) Chloroform (20%).
B.3,4	Carbon black	3 🍱	(a) Packing Material, viz., Kraft paper.
B.3.5	(f) Poundry Plazas ,	10%	(a) Fluorspar (Acid grade).  (b) Sodium Borate/Calcium Borate.
	(iii) Textile Auxiliaries vis., Ionic, Non- ionic and Cationic types including	10 🗷	(a) Alkyl Benzene/Dodecyl Benzene (20%).
	emulaifiers and de-emulaifiers.		(a) Vinyl Apetate Monomer (10%).
			(a) Lauryl Alcohol (5 %).
			(d) Dicynandiamide (30%)
			(a) Cetosteryl Alcohol (20%)
			(f) Nonlonic Detergents (20%)
	(iii) Ahrasive Lapping powder, all types	3 🕱	(a) Filter cloth/hage
p.1.4	Fire Balancing Seplents	10 %	(a) Bthylene Glycol
# 4 F 4 F	5114 Value min-self min-self self-self self-self self-self self-self self-self self-self-self self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-	#4	· ·

1 2 3 4 5

15%

II. DRUGS AND DRUG INTERMEDIATES

Drugs & Drug Intermediates (excluding cinchons fabrifuge and all quinine salts and compounds in any form or their tablets).

B.11 Drugs and Drug intermediates;

- (i) Registered exporters applying for import replenishment licences against export of products covered by this SI. No. should produce, with their import application, the original or a photostat copy of a valid Drugs Manufacturing Licence of the manufacturer of the goods exported.
- (2) Import of Sodium Cyanida will not be allowed against the items appearing in Appendix 3 and Appendix 5 allowed under generio entry in Col. 4 against export products falling under this S. No.

- B.11.1 Drugs and Drug Intermediates, N.O.S.
- (o) Unprocessed bulk drugs and chemicals appearing in Appendix 3 or Appendix 5 as have been actually used in the manufacture of product exported.
- (b) Packing materials viz., empty phials/bottles, aluminium foils, Polyethylene moulding powder, cardboard cartons, kraft paper (5%).
- (1) Please see para 8 of 'General Conditions' in this Appendix. If Import application is based on export of more than one product, the list of import items should be separate in respect of each export product, alongwith the fob value of each export product.
- (2) Only such of the bulk drugs which find a mention in the latest Indian Pharmacopoeia, the Pharmacopoeia of the United States of America, British pharmacopoeia, British Pharmaceuticals Codex, the States Pharmacopoeia of Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the National Formulary of the United States of America, the International Pharmacopoeia, the Japanese Pharmacopoeia and such other drugs as are specially certified by the Drugs Controller (India), and appearing in the manufacturing licence (squad cometics Act, 1940, (as amended) will be eligible for import replenishment licence against exports. If otherwise admisable
- (3) Finished formulations is dosage form for human and veterinary use such as tablets, capsules, injections, with ointments, drops, syrups, possaries, granules, medical iozenges, inhalers, pills, medical aerosols, oral drops liniments, lotions, tinetures, extracts, bulk premises or blends formulations purposes, biological

5 2 3 4

IL DRUGS AND DRUG INTERMEDIATES-Contd.

diagnostic sera appearing in the manufacturing licence issued to the manufacturers of the connected formulations under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (as amended) will be eligible for import replenishment licence against exports if otherwise admissible. However, tinctures/extracts of trees, barks, leaves, flo-wer seeds etc. used other than by the drugs industry will not be entitled for export assistance under Sl. No. B.11.1.

(4) Conditions laid down in Remark (2) above will not be applicable in respect of export of items Beta Picoline and Gamma Picoline.

B,11,2 Ayurvedic, Unani and Sidha Medicines . 10%

Items mentioned in (1) Same as Remark (1) aga-Appendices 3 and 5 inst Sl. No. B.11.1. as have been used in (2) Only such drugs as appear (a) Items the manufacture of product exported.

Packing materials, viz. empty phials/bottles, aluminium foils, Polyethylene moulding powder, card board cartons, kraft paper

(10%).

(2) Only such drugs as appear in the manufacturing licence issued to the concerned manufacturer under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (as amended) will be eligible for import reple-nishment lleence against exports, if otherwise ad-missible.

(3) Finished formulations in dosage form for human and veterinary use such as tablets, capsules, skin oint-ments, syrups, inhalers, pills, oral drops, lotions, tinctures, extracts, bulk premixes or blends appearing in the manufacturing licence issued to manufacturers of connected formulation under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (as amended) will be eligible for import replenishment toerices against export if otherwise admissable. However, tinetures carracts of trees, brake leaves, flower seeds era. Sther than by the drugs ladustry will not be entitled for export assistance under . No 8.11.2.

B.11.3 Moroury based Drugs 3%

50%

(a) Resercinol. (b) Zinc Chroride.

Amoxyclin Capsules 250 mg (Trihydrate)

(a) Amoxyculin.

(b) Packing materials, empty phials/bottles, alum-nium folls, Polyethylene moulding powder, cardboard cartons, kraft paper (5%)

B.11.0

		APPENDIX	17-	<del>-</del> ···· ·	
1	2	3		4	5
IL DE	RUGS AND DRUG INTERMEDIATESC	ontd.			
B.11.∳	Amoxycillin Syrup 125 mg/5 ml .	. 50%		Amoxycillia, Packing materials, vis., empty phials/bottles, alumi- uium foils, Polyethylene moulding powder, card- board cartons, kraft paper (5%).	
B.11.8	Ampioiltin Capsules 250 mg/500 mg	50 %		Ampicilin tribyerate and anhydrous.  Packing materials, viz., empty phials/bottles, aluminium foils, Polyethylene moulding powder, cardboard cartons, kraft paper (5%).	
<b>H</b> 11.9	Ampiciliin Syrup 123 mg/5 m)	. 40 %		Ampicillin trihydrate and anhydrous.  Packing materials, viz., empty phials/bottles, aluminium foils, Polyethylene moulding powder. card-board carteris, kraftpaper (5%).	
B 11,10	Ampicilita Inj. in 250 mg/500 mg	50 %		Ampicillin trihydrate and anhydrous.  Packing materials, viz., empty phials/bottles, aluminium folis, Polyethylene moulding powder, card board cartons, kraft paper (5%).	
B.11.11	* Chloramphenicol tablets/Capsules 250 mg.	g/ 50 %		Chloramphenicol powder.  Packing materials, viz., empty phials/bottles, aluminium foils, Polyethylene moulding powder, card board cartons, kraft paper (5%).	
B.11,12	Chloramphenicol Paimitate Syrup	40 <b>%</b>		Chloramphenicol Paimitate. Packing materials, viz., empty phials/bottles, aluminium foils, Potyethylene moulding powder, card- board cartons, kraft paper (5%).	
B.11.13	Doxycycline Capsules 100 mg .	. 50 %		Dosycycline base/its hydrate/hyclate/hydrochloride/ Calcium Complex. Packing materials, viz, empty phials/bottles, aluminium foils, Polyethylene mouiding powder, card-board cartons, kraft paper (5%).	
8.11.14	Ethambutoi tablete	. 40%	(8)	Ethambatol, Packing materials, viz compty phials/bottles, aluminium folks, Polysthylens moulding powder, card-board surfeas, kraft paper (5 %).	

#### APPENDIX 17-Conia. 5 3 II. DRUGS AND DRUG INTERMEDIATES-Goncld. B.11.15 Tetracycline :-50 % Tetracycline base/hydro-(4) Tablets/capsules 250 mg/500 mg. chloride. Packing materials, empty phials/bottles, aluminium foils. Polyethylene moulding powder, card-board cartons, kraft paper (5%). Gentamycine Inj. 40 mg/ml, 80 mg/ml, 50 % 20 mg/ml (Pediatric), 140 mg/ml, B.11.16 (a) Gentamycine Sulphate. 280 mg/2ml, (b) Packing materials, empty phials/bottles, aluminlum folls, Polyethylene moulding powder, card-board cartons, kraft paper (5%). B,11.17 Tetracycline Syrup 125 mg. 40 % (a) Tetracycline base/hol. (b) Packing materials, viz., empty phials/bottles, alumi-nium foils, Polyethylene moulding powder, card-board cartons, kraft paper (5%). Erythromycin Ethyl Succinate Granules/ Estolate/Stearate/Suspension 100 mg/ 8.11.18 50 % (a) Erythromycin (base), erythromycin estolate and 125 mg/500 mg/5 ml. erythromycln stearate. (b) Packing materials, viz., empty phials/bottles, slumi-nium foils, Polyethylens moulding powder, card-board cartons, kraft paper (5%). Medicinal Plants and Herbs . (a) Packing R.12 . 27 Material, vis., LDPR. III. DYRS AND DYR INTERMEDIATES B.16.1 Synthetic organic dyes including organic (a) Dye intermediates and che-(1) In the case of item (a) in micals in Appendix 3 and used in the manupigments. Column 4, please see para 15 2 8 of 'General Conditions' in this Appendix. Import of Alpha Naphthylamine under Item (a) in Column-4 will be allowed only upto 10% of the licence value within the overall value of the licence. Import of Item(q) 214 Dinitroolioro benzene in Coi. 4 will be allowed only against export of Sulphur 8 of 'General Conditions' H.16,2 Dye Intermediates. facture of the product exported. Anthranilic Acid. Trichlorobenzene. 1-Amino anthraquinone. (e) 2-Anthraguinone Sulphonic acid—Sodium Salt. (f) 1-Chloroanthraguinone. (g) 1-5 Diaminoanthraquinone. (h) 2-6 Diamino anthraquinone. 2-6 Diamino anthraquinone. against export of Sulphur black covered by Export product in Col. 2. Diethyl Meta amino phenol. 2:5 Dichloro Nitro Benzene. (k) Aniline Oil (5%). (1) Naphthionic scid/Sodium Naphthlonate. (m) Bronze Powder (5%). (n) Ortho Dichloro benzene. (a) Sodium Nitrite (5%). (p) N 1 N Dimethylaniline (5%). (q) 2 14 Dinitrochloro benzene. (r) Paranitrotoluene. (s) Orthonitrotoluene } (5%).

(1) Packing materials, viz., HDPB, LDPB, Eraft paper, C.R.C.A. sheets, tinplate (20%).

(a) Filter Cloth (25%)

#### APPENDIX 17 -- Conta. 5 2 3 IV. PESTICIDES AND FORMULATIONS-Zinc Phosphide or other Zino-based formu- 20% (a) Zinc. **B.17.2** lation viz., Zineb. (1) Please see para 8 'General Conditions' (a) Insecticides including pesti-cides and Weed icides (Tech of Insecticides, Pesticides, Weedicides, Roden- 15% H.17.3 ticides (formulations and technical matein nical) which are included in this Appendix. Appendix 3 but excluding these prohibited for use under insecticides Act. (a) Camphene, 15% B 18 Texaphene V. TOILETRIES AND PERFUMERIES (a) Hydroxy citronellal Agarbattles and dhoop 10% B 20.1 (b) Ionone 100%. (c) Aurantine, (d) Terpeneol (10%). (e) Phenyl Acetic acid. (f) Borneol/Borneol Acetate. (g) Eugenol Acetate. (h) Geraniol. (i) Geranjol Acetate, (f) Terpenyl Acetate (10%) (k) Yara Yara (1) Citronellal pure (m) Mixtures of Odoriterrous substances/Mixtures of resi-noids (10%) Packing material, viz., Glassine paper, Transparent cellulose paper (25%). (o) Vanillin (21%). Musk ambrettee (10%). Within the overall REP entitlement admissible in (a) Crude Palm oil. Toilet soaps, laundry soaps, m dicated 6% B.20.2 soaps and Industrial scaps.

column 3, a manufaturerexporter obtaining REP
licence on his own exports
may be allowed Paim Stearine through State Trading
Corporation subject to the
condition that the material
shall be used in his own
factory only, for the manufacture of toilet soap, laundry soap medicated soap
or indust ial soap. The
manufacturer exporter wanting to have this Item will
be required to indicate the
value thereof in his import
application, within the overall admissible REP entitlement to enable the licensing authority to issue REP
Release Order for Paim
Stearine on STC. The

shall be non-transferable. Where the exporter is not himself the manufacturer of the product exported, and Palm Stearine is sought to be obtained within the overall entitlement admissible in Column 3, the exporter concerned, while applying for import rep-

2 3 4 3

#### TOILETRIES AND PERFUMERIES-Contd

ionishment licence, will also furnish a declaration giving the name and address of the manufacturer whose product was actually exported, and stating that the REP Release Order may be issued in the name of that ranufacturer, giving the value for which such REP Release Order may be issued, within the overall admissible REP entitlement. Upon such declaration the PEP Release ment. Upon such declaration, the REP Release Order for Palm Stearine will be issued in the name of the manufacturer concerned with a condition that the Release Order shall be non-transferable and the imported material shall be used in the Release Order Holder's factory only, for the manufacture of the toilet soap, laundry soap, medicated soap or industrial soap.

			trial soap.
<b>B</b> .20.3	Synthetic Dotorgents	20 %	(a) Linear Alkyl Benzens.  (b) Packing material, viz., LDPB, HDPB, CRCA shoots (50%).
9 20 4	Dentifrices	10 %	(a) Dicakium Phosphate. (b) Tin plate weste/waste (50 %) (c) Sodium Lauryi sulphate
₽ 20.₹	Scouring powder	673	(5%).  (a) Linear Alkyl Benzone.  (b) Packing materials, vis., LDPB, HDPB, CRCA sheets (50%).
B.20.8	Perfumery compound, Attars, Synthetic essential oils and flavouring essences.	974	(d) Geranici. (e) Monne 100%. (c) Methyl Ionone. (d) Terpencel (15%). (e) Vetiver Oil. (f) Perfumary Grade Bottlee. (e) Terpenyle Acetate (15%). (b) Vetiver Acetate. (f) Parafiu liquid. (f) Saffroa. (k) Any other item appearia; in Appendix 3 (20%). (f) Mush ambretice (20%) (m) Vaniilia (3%).
в.20.9	Hair Olls, perfumed and Hair Grooming	6%	(a) Liquid Paraffin. (b) Hydroxy Citronellal. (c) Geraniol. (d) Terpeneol. (30 %) (e) lonone pure 100 %.

	A	PPENDIX	17-	-Conta.	
1	2	3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5
V. TOIL. 3.20.10	ETRIES AND PERFUMERIES—Concid.  Cosmetics and Tolletries, N.O.S.	10%		Micro crystalline Wax.  Pearl ersence (30%).  *ay other items appearing an Appendix 3 or Appendix 5 as have been used in the manufacture of the product exported.	metics Act, 1940 will be
			, ,	Titaniam dioxide.  Packing materials including specialised glass bottles and containers, LDPE/	(2) In the case of Item (c) In Col. 4, please see para 8 of 'General Conditions' in
B.20.11	Hydrogenated Castor Oli	3%	(4)	CRCA Sheets.	
3.20.12	De-hydrated Castor Off.	3%		CRCA Sheets, Polyethylene Moulding Powder (High density).	
B.20.13	Zing Undecylogate ,	. 6%	(8)	Zinc. CRCA Shoets/Polyethylen Moulding Powder (Low Density) (40%).	
B.20,14	Heptal Dehyde	6%	(a) (b)	CRCA Sheets (20%). Polyethylene Moulding Powder (High density) (40%). Citric Acid.	
B.20.15	Fatty Acids/Fatty Amines.	20 %	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Palm Oil.	<b>50</b> %).
B.22	(i) Natural essential oils (ii) Blended rosa oil	$\frac{27}{2}$	(a) (a)	Tin plate waste/waste. Terpencol.	
<b>D.23</b>	Fluoride Chemicals.	35 %	(a) (b) (c)	Fluorspar (Acid grade). Sulphur. Titanlum dioxide (5 %).	
VI. PAI	NTS AND ALLJED PRODUCTS				
					General Notes :
					(1) Wherever against the export of paints and allied products falling under this Sub Group Tin Plate is allowed as packing material, import of tin plate waste/waste will be allowed upto 25% within the percentage allowed for packing material against each export product within the overall value of the REP licence.
B.31	Paints, varnishes and enamels (excludi synthetic enamels based on polyester).	ng 25%	(b) (c) (d) (e)	Cadmium red (20%) Napthenle acid. Cobalt acetate. Polyamide Resins (20%). Titanium Dioxide (Rutile Grade). Vinyi scetate monomer (10%)	(1) Import of Pentaerythritol will be allowed only against Alkyd resin based paints.

(f) Vinyl scetate monomer (10%).

# APPENDIX 17 -- Conta

		4	4
VI. PAINT	S AND ALLIED PRODUCTS—contd	-	
			(g) Packing materials viz., Tin plate/Tin plate waste waste/Tin free steel/CRCA sheets or coils (8%).  (h) Malcio Anhydride (10%).  (f) Phthalic Anhydride (5%).  (f) Pantacrythritol (25%).  (k) Carbon Black.  (f) Methyl Methacrylate Monomer (30%).
B.32.	Lacquers including Nitro Cellulose Lacquers	25 74	(a) Same as items (a) to (f) against S. No. B.31. (b) Packing materials vis. Time plate, CRCA sheets (8%).
в.33	Synthetic enamels based on polyester	30 ½	(a) Packing materials, vis. Timplate and CRCA sheets (7%).
			(a) Butyl titanate (20%), (b) Cresylic acid (30%), (c) Monoethylene Glycol (10%),
B 34	Distempers including Cement paints	10 %	(a) Same as items (a) to (f) against S. No. B.31 (b) Packing materials viz. Tim plate & CRCA sheets (20%).
B.35	(I) Napthanate driers .	40 73	(a) Napthionio Acid. (b) Lead (10%). (c) Zinc (10%). (d) Cobalt Acetate (20%). (e) Tinplate/CRCA sheets (25%)
	(II) Octoate driers .	15 %	(a) Lond. (b) Zinc. (c) Cobali acetate. (d) Tinplate/CRCA sheets (25%).
B 36	Synthetic resins and adhesives based on synthetic resins and synthetic hardeners.	20 %	(a) Vinyl acctate monomer (10%) (I) Import of Ethyl Acrylate Monomer and Butyl Acrylate Monomer and Butyl Acrylate Monomer and Butyl Acrylate Monomer will be allowed only against export of Acrylic based resins  (a) Vinyl acctate monomer (10%) (b) Boyabean oil.  (b) Soyabean oil.  (c) Packing materials vis., Tinplate Monomer will be allowed only against export of Acrylic based resins  (c) Malcic Anhydride (10%).  (d) Pothyl acrylate Monomer (5%).  (g) Butyl Acrylate Monomer (5%).  (h) Phthalic Anhydride (5%).
Ð.37	Chrome pigments	1673	(a) Zinc. (b) Lead
ъ.38	Prussian Blue	30 %	(a) Potassium Ferrocyanide
<b>B</b> .39	Ultramarine Blue	10%	(a) Sulphur.
B.40	Aluminium powder and paste	50 <b>%</b>	(a) Aluminium
B.41.1	Zinc Oxide	80 º⁄	(a) Zinc.
B.41.2	Red lead and litharge, white lead	80 %	(a) Lead.
Ð 42	Inorganic Pigments NOS .	6%	<ul> <li>(a) Titanium Dioxide (Rutus Grade).</li> <li>(b) Packing material vis., Tinplate and CRCA sheets (50%)</li> </ul>
_			

1		3		4
VI. PAII	NTS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Contd		_	<u> </u>
B.43	Printers ink	31 4,		Titanium Diozide (Ruttle Grade), Bronze powder (5%) Carbon Black (5%)
la 44	Rubbing con pound .	6%	(a)	Microcrystalline wax.
B.45	Boot Polish	31%		Micro crystalline Wax/ Paraffin Wax.
		- *		Tin plate waste/waste (80%)
4.46	Wax Polish	311%		Mioroorystalline wax I'm plate waste/waste (80%)
P 47	Poster colours including artist colours	124%	(a) (b) (c)	Titanium dioxide (Rutile grane) Bronze powder (50%) Cadmium red, yellow Carbon Black (5%).
¥.49	Leather Pigment Finishes	6%	(6) □	Casein. Organic Pigments Dyestuff covered by Appendix 3.
	ETY MATCHES, FIREWORKS AND LOSIVES			
B.\$1.1	Safety Matches	6%	(a)	Sulphar.
9.51.2	Fireworks .	6%	(a)	Sulphur.
h.51.3	Detonators/Detonating fuss	10%,	(b) (	Sodium azide (10 %). Copper wire bars. Nitric Acid.
B.51.4	Safety Fuse	6%	(a)	Sulpher.
V II. CER	AMIC PRODUCTS			
<b>19.5</b> 3 1	Glazed tilez	10%	(b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	Finorspar (Acid grade). Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade). Copper oxide Refractories. China Clay. Borax. Zinc.
B.53 2	Insulators	15%	(b) (c)	Zinc. Lead. Transformer oli. China Clay.
B.53.3	Spray-dried Kaolin or China clay	6 <b>%</b>	(a)	Sodium hydrosulphite
B.53.4	Artificial Teeth (Porcelain type)	6%	(a)	Silicone Emulsion.
B.53.5	Crockery	15%	(a) (b)	China Clay. Liquid gold (10 %),
B.53.6	Sanitary Wares	10%	(a)	China Clay.
B.54 IV CLAS	Mosaic/Terrazo tiles SS AND GLASSWARE	10%	(a)	White Cement.
B.57.1	Clinical Thermometers and Wall Thermo-	10%	(a)	Titanium Dioxide (Rutile
<b>D.</b> 57.1	meters.	10/4		grade). Sodium Silico-fluoride
B.57.2	Vacuum Flasks and insplated ware	20 %	(a) (b) (c) (d)	Borax Refractories. Sodium Nitrate (10%). A.B.S Moulding Powder (50%) Graphited Oil (10%).
B.57.3	Glass Syringes	103	(a) (b)	Stainless Steel rounds (20%). Sodium Silico fluoride Electroplating selts
B.57.4	Flat Glass including sheet, figured and wired glass.	6%	(a)	Refractories. Sodium Sulphate (50%)

#### APPENDIX 17-Contd. 1 3 IX. GLASS AND GLASSWARE--Concld. (a) Sodium Silico Fluorido 10 % B.57.5 Glass Vials (4) Borax. (c) Sodium Nitrate (a) Sodium Sulphate (20%)Refractories (f) Graphited Oil (10%). Glass Bonds and Palso Peacls 6% (a) Pearl Essence (20 %) H 17.6 (b) Sodium Silico Fluoride Boran. 101 Refractories Glass and Glass ware N O S 10% Sodium Silvo Fluorice M. 57.7 Sodium Nitrate ) (80%) (b) (c) (d)Bores. Refractories (f) Graphited Oil (10%). (1) Exporters of products covered by this SI. No. can get themselves registered either with the Chemicals and Allied Products Export Promonon Council of the Plastic and Linoleums Export, Proportion, Council of the Plastic and Linoleums Export, Proportion, Council Ophthalmic fused blanks and lenses 10% (a) Emery grains. B.57.8 Cerium Oxide. Fused bifocal blanks. port Promotion Council, for the purpose of obtaining REP benefits X. ASBESTOS AND CEMENT PRODUCTS Asbestos products and Asbestos Cement 30 % (a) Raw ashestos 1) Additional import reple-B.60 nishment at 20% of the f.o.b. value of exports wire (b) Phosphor Bronze products (5%). will be allowed for import of raw asbestos against exports of Asbestos products XI. WOOD PRODUCTS General Notes i-(1) Against the exports of products covered by this category, 5% of the value of REP ilcence can be used for import of consumable ools including knives, Slicer Peeler knives, Slicer knives, Clipper knives, Electrically operated small hand tools for wood work. Plywood and Plywood products including 10% (a) Urea Formaldehyd. by .-9.66 thetic Resin. ffush doors. (b) Melamine Resin (a) Bronze Powder B.67 Decorative wooden picture frame affeks Fibre-boards (Hard byard, insulation D 1/4 (a) Melamine Resio. A.68 board and accountic tiles), particle boards (vencered and unvencered and moulded particle board), and compreg, laminated limber and designed record timber and densified wood. XII. RUBBER MANUFACTURES (a) Snipher 0,70.1 Bicycle tyres and tubes excluding tubes of 6 % butyl rubber (b) Zinc (c) Titanium Dioxide Antile grado). Cycle tube valves (10%) (d)(e) Carbon black (20%) Poant rubber and sponge rubber and pre-(a) Sulpaur B 70.2 (f. 240c ducts thereof

# APPENDIX 17—Contd

1	2	3	5
XIL RUB	BER MANUFACTURES—concid.		
B.70.3	ladustrial appliances of rubber excludios subber aprons and cots.	10 %	<ul> <li>(a) Sulphur.</li> <li>(b) Ammonium Carbonats.</li> <li>(c) Titanium Dioxide (Rusile grade)</li> <li>(d) Zinc.</li> <li>(e) Microcrystalline Wax.</li> <li>(f) Carbon black (10%).</li> </ul>
D. VO. 8	wadder aptoma and ta	1078	(a) Titanium Dicaide (Rutila grade). (b) Sulphur. (c) Phenotic rotin. (d) Microcrystalling Wax (e) Precipitated Silica (10 %).
<b>B.70.</b> 3	स्तिक्रीका केन्स्रक (other than oil resistant acres) and beitings	10%	(a) Sulphur (b) Titanium Dioxide, (c) Ziac (d) I ad. (e) Ammonium Carbonate. (f) Microcrystalline Wax. (g) Carbon black (10%). (1) Against the export of Fire Hoses, the following items will also be allowed within the overall replenishment: (i) Silicone emulsions. (ii) Sodium ellico fluoride. (iii) Synthetic spun yara
B.70 6	Cresistant Bouce	10%	<ul> <li>(a) Sulphur.</li> <li>(b) Zinc.</li> <li>(c) Lead.</li> <li>(d) Microcrystalline Wax</li> <li>(e) Titanium dioxide.</li> </ul>
B.70 7	Rubber and canvas footwear .	10%	(a) Sulphur,  (b) Titanium Dioxide.  (c) Ammonium Carbonate.  (d) Zinc.  (e) Microcrystalline Wax.  (f) Boot and shoe grindery vis.,  bifurcated rivets, stapling lasting slugging and auto solar wire, machine tacks,  atuds/hooks, steel shanks  (20%).  (g) Organio Pigment Dyestuffs covered by Appendix 3 (20%)
			(h) PVC compounds (10%).  (l) Precipitated Silica.  (l) Carbon black (10%)
<b>B</b> ,70.8	Surgical and Medical appliances of rubber	6%	(a) Sulphur. (b) Zinc.
<b>B</b> .71	Automobile tyres and tubes (excluding tubes of butyl rubber) :—		
	(f) Tyres with aylon cord	15%	(a) Sulphur. (b) Zinc (c) Resorcinol (2%). (d) Pinetar (10%). (e) Nylon tyre cord fahric (20%). (f) Precipitated Silica. (g) Antioxidants and accelerators appearing in Appendix 3 (50%). (a) Carbon black (520).
	(ii) Others	1 <b>5</b> H	(a) Sulphus (b) Zinc. (c) Resortinol (2 %). (d) Pinetar (10 %).
B.72	Auto and bicycle tubes of butyl rubber	6%	(a) Sulphus, (b) Zino. (c) Pinetat. (d) Cycle tube valves (10 %).
<b>B.7</b> 3	Rebber ensulactured products N.O.S.	10 &	(a) Sulphur (b) Titanium Dioxide (Ruttle Grade), (c) Zinc unwrought. (d) Ammonium carbonate, (e) Carbon black (10%).

C.3.2

Urea formaldehyde moulding powder

(भाग Iस	र्बाड 1) 	भा —	रत का	राजपन्न भसाधारण 	. <b>.</b>	255
	AP	PENDIX	( 17-	—Conta		
1	2	3		4		5
	PER, PAPER PRODUCTS AND FATIONERY					
B.77	Tissue Paper, including eigarette tissue Paper.	6%	(a)	Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade).		
			(5)	Sodium Benzoste.		
			(c)	Melamine Formaldehyde.		
B.78	Paper based transfers, plain or printed .	6%	( <b>a</b> )	Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade).		
			ζĒ,	Sodium Benzosto.		
			(c)	Melamine Formaldebyde.		
<b>B</b> .82	(a) Rooks—ali types	25%	(b)	Newsprint Printing papes. Photographic chemicals (10%)	in i	fransfer of REP licence for tom (a) or the material imported thereumser shall be governed by the provi
			(d)	Printing inks (10%).	*i	ions of Newsprint Contre l Order.
	(b) Paper and Paper Products (c) Art Calendars, Diaries, Brochures Greeting Cards, Playing Cards, Gilt	20 % 20 %		Printing Paper. Printing inks (20%).		
	Edged Invitation Cards.  (d) Aerogrammes, Exercise books, writing pads, Wrapping papers, Office files and fancy stationery items, labels etc.  (e) Repropuls or film positives of photo	10% 10%	}			
	type set pages of Books, Magagines etc.	-474	j			
В 84	Newspapers, journals and periodicals .	50 %		Newsprint.  Photographic chemicals (10%).	(I) Si	ame as Remark (1) against Sl. No. B.82(a).
			(c)	Printing inks (10 %).		
B.86.1	Fountain pen link, typewriter ribbon isk	6%	(a) (b)	Chlorobutol. Tannic Acid.		
		C 84				
B.86.2	Ink pads, correcting fluids, masking caps, blotting pads.	6%	(a)	Lend.		
B.86.4	(i) Pencils	6%	(a)	Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade).		
	(ii) Lead Slips for Pencils	6%	(a)	Carbon Black.		
			(ħ)	Titanium Dioxide (* 11 le Grade).		
XIV MI	SCELLANBOUS					
%.8d.₽	Chemicals and Allied Froducts nos sus- where included in this group.	2 %	(a)	Packing materials.	8) 2: 0	Export products will be pecified in the REP licence and packing materials permitted will be as are release to the product exported
Ç. PLAST	rics					
1 RAW N	MATERIALS					
C.3.1	Phenol formattahyde moulding powedr	31 %	(0)	Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade)		

31 7 (v) Titanium Dioxide (Rutila grade)

APPENDIX 17—Contd.						
1	2	3		4	5	
II. MAN	UFACTURES	• •				
C.¥	Fountain/ball point pens, ball point pen refills, sign pens, fibre tip pens (all types), micro tip pens, roller—writer pens and parts thereof, and fountain pen nibs (including stainless steel fountain pen nibs) and filter and tips (except filter and tips of fountain pens).	20%	(b) (c) (d) (e)	Stainless steel coils/strips not exceeding 100 mm width. Nickel. Ricotropiating salts and brighteners. Cellulose Acetate Moulding Powder.	ltem (!) in column 4 mad of silver sterling or gole plated will be allowed only against export of pea made of these materials.	
			(J)	Polyethylene moulding powder (low density/high density) as packing material (20%).		
	·			Ball point refills. Clips for fourtain and ball point pens.		
		•	(1)	pens (including ball point pens) made of gun metal, silver sterling gold plated.		
				Effaceable types of sketch pen inks in concentrated form.  Nigrosine dyes (C. I. No.		
				50415). Synthetic fibre tips and filter for sketch pens (10 %).		
C.8.1	(1) Bangles excluding Polystyrene Bangles .	20%		Methyl Methacrylate Monomer.		
				Glass Beads/Chatens/False Pearls.  Acrylic Plastic Sheets/off- cuts other than Acrylic Plastic Sheets of 0.85 mm		
			(d)	to 1.2 mm thickness (25%). Cellulose Acctate Film Scrap (excluding 35 mm magnetic tapes).		
			+#)	Cellulose Acetate Butyrate, off-cuts/outtings, and sorap (50 2).		
				Collulose Acetate Moulding Powder/granules/sheets/ off-cuts/sheet outlings.		
				Cellulose Acetate Scrap (50%).		
	(ii) Polystyrene Bangles	20%		Polystyrene Moulding Powder. Pearl Hasence (10%).		
C.8.2	Plantic Imitation Jewellary	3.4 🕦		PVC Rigid Sheets (25 Z)) Pearl Essence (50 Z).		
			(d) (d)	Giass Beads/Chatons.  Polygrethans Foam.  Accylis Plastic sheets/off-		
			·	suts (28 %).  False Pearls		
			(E	) CA off-eate/szeny. ) Rävisi Sittings, Sadings, components and accessories required for imitation jewel-		

# APPENDIX 17-Contd.

1	2	3		4	5
II. MAN	UFACTURES—contd				
C.9	Plastic Denture material and denial products	15%	•	Methyl Methacrylate Monomer.	
			(b)	Cadmium red	
Ç.10	Glass fibre reinforced Polyester and manu- factures including helmets and spares like straps, braided cords etc.	20 %		Acrylic sheets (50%) Thanium Dioxide (Rutlie grade).	
			(c)	Reinforcements such as chopped strand mat, rovin- gs, woven rovings	
			(d)	Polyester resin (unsaturated).	
CILI	Laminates (Phenolic and Melamine)	6%	( <i>a</i> )	Decorative paper for lam - nates.	
C.11 2	Plantic Electrical Accessories	10 🔀	(a)	PVC Compound	
			(\$)	Electrical steel wheets/ CRCA shoots. (20%)	
			(0)	Packing materials (Polyethylene moulding powder) (20%).	
			(d)	Acrylic Plantic Sheets/ off-cuts other than Acrylic Plastic Sheets of 0.85 mm to_1.2 mm thickness	
			(ø)	C.A. off-cuts.	
C.11.3	Plastic moulded, extruded and fabricated goods, other than PVC fabricated	10%	(a) (b)	PVC Compound. Cellulose acetate moulding powder/Granules/Sheets/off-	
			(c)	cuts/Sheet cuttings. Acrylic Plastic Sheets/off- outs other than Acrylic Plastic Sheets of 0.85 mm to 1.2 mm thickness	Phthalic Plasticisers against only the exports of PVC moulded/extruded goods.  (2) Against exports of Poly- styrene products, import of
				Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade). Cellulose Acetate Sorap	Polystyrene moulding pow- der only will be allowed at 25% rate of import
			(6)	(50%)	replenishment.
			<b>(f)</b>	ABS Mould-Ing Powder	(3) Import of ABS Moulding Powder will be allowed only against export of products made of ABS Moulding Powder.
C.11 4	PVC fabricated goods- all sorts	53 %	•	(20%).	g (i) Import of Zip/Snap Faste- ners/Metal fittings including
				Glass beads/chatons. Zip/snap fasteners/metal fittings/locks.	of the value of the licence subject to maximum of
				Chlorinated Paraffin	Rs 50,000
			·	PVC leather cloth of all sorts.	(2) Import of Zip Fasteners in coil form will be allow-
			· (t)	PVC sheets	ed only against export of purses, bags and travel goods within the percentages and value restrictions referred to in Remark (1) above.
C.12	Gramophous records and accessories	10%	(0)	Lithe Positives Negatives/ Colour Transparencies	
				Blank Inoquer Recording	
				Pre-recorded Tapes (20%)	
			(d)	Professional Magnetic Taps (20%)	
			(0)	8-Nickel	
				Cutting stylli	
			Ø.	1 Matrices	
				****	

# APPENDIX 17—Contd

1	2	3			3
II. M	ANUFACTURES—concld	alamani pilanti maga sara Pirak ki sakara na Kibin		Miller Common speciment and applications of section of section (section of section of se	
C.13	Metallised Plastics	3%	(a)	Pearl Essence,	
			(b)	Bismuth Oxychloride.	
			(c)	Glass Beads/Chatons.	
2.14	Spectacles, Sun Goggles spectacle frames and parts thereof	13%	(b) (c) (d) (e)	Metalfittings including spectacle hinges used in spectacle frames (50%). Nickel. Stamless steel wire upto 3 mm dia (25%). Glare glasses/tinted lenses/plastic lenses. Cellulose Acetate Moulding Powder/granules/sheets/offcuts/sheet cutings CelluloseAcetate Scrap (50%)	but in such cases, import of items (b) and (c) is
C.15	PVC leather cloth/foam leather cloth/ sheetings supported/unsupported includ- ing PVC adhesive tapes.	10%	(5)	Aluminium Powder/flakes. Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade).	REP benefits.  (1) An additional import replesishment of 20% will be allowed for the import of
		***	(c)	Chlorinated Paraffin.	Pathalic Plasticisers only
2.16	Asbestos Floor Tiles	30 %	(a) (b)	Asbestos Chrysotile. Chlorinated Paraffia.	
C.17	Vinyi Floor Tiles .	30 24	(a) (b)	Vinyl Acetate Monomer(50) Chlorinated Paraffia.	<b>%).</b>
18	Linoleums	2 %	(a)	Titanium Dioxide (Mutile grade).	
2.20	PVC coated jute bags	2%	(a)	Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade).	
2.24	Acrytic Sheet	38 %	(a)	Methyl Methacrylate Monomer.	
<b>2.28</b>	Dolls, Toys, Games—All types, except those made of wood, paper machie and rags.	20 %	(b) (c) (d) (e)	Tin Plate (25 %). Sound mechanisms. Musical movements. Plasticizers (10 %). PVC sheets (50%). Clock work/Friction meahanism.	
1.29	Acrylic/Modified Polyester structural fibra reinforced panel	20 %	(a)	Methyl Methacrylate Monomer	
<b>).</b>	LEATHER AND LEATHERGOODS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS	O OTHER	2		
2.1.6	All types of Finished Leather, Leather belting, picking bands, buffers, sheep calf roller skins and leather aprons	6 <b>%</b>		Organic pigment colours appearing in Appendix 3 (25%). Casein. Timatem Dioxide (10%) Codium Aiginate, other have desiral grade (5%) Bores Accels Acce	(1) The exports made on or after lat September, 1981 qualify for import replenishment only if they conform to specifications laid down under the Indian StandardsInstitutions IS: 8170-1981 Guidelines for Identification of Finished heathers for Export (Third Revision) notified vide Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) Notification Fo. 197-31—Customs dated the 24th August 1981.

#### APPENDIX 11- COMA

3

D. LEATHER AND LEATHER GOODS AND OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS-Contd

(A) Silicon emulsions (5%).

(I) Mohair fabrics of size not exceeding 1 sq. meter each

(10%)
Consamable tools including Consumable took including Glass glazing stone for lea-ther glazing, sewing needle. Shaving machine blades, skudding and fleshing ma-chine knives, Band knives for splitting machines and setting machine blades, Electrical trimming knives, (25%) Oxalic acid.

- Pentachlorophenol and its sodium salt (5%).
- (p) Synthetic Organic Tanning Agents.
- (q) Basic Chromium Sulphate
- (10%).
  Acrylic, Polyurethane
  Emulsions/Binders/Fillers/ Penetrators (5%).
  (s) Buffing Papers/PH Paper
- and indicator (10%).
- (t) Gambier Extract.

D.2Leather manufactures the following namely a General Notes :--

--8

Import of metal zip fasteners will be allowed upto 10% of the face (1) Import upto 10% of the face value of the licence subject to a maximum of Rs. 50,000/- against export of products covered by Sl. Nos. D. 2.1, D.2.2, D.2.3 and D. 2.4.

- D.2.1 (i) Footwear (excluding canvas footweat) i-
  - Closed shoes with leather uppers Leather footwear other than

glosed shoes with leather uppers.

Microcrystalline Wax.

Boot and shoe grindery rivets, stapling, lasting slugging and auto-solar wire, machine tacks, hand tacks, studs/hooks, steel shanks, threaded heel nails and pins (25%).,

Zip/Snap Pasteners. Glass Beads/Glass Chatons.

Polyur thane Foam.

- Steel use caps/Box toes and counters of synthetic materials and sheets thereof (25%).
- (g) Trimmings and embellishments for leather goods
  - (I) Backles/Eyelets and decorative fittings for footwoar.
  - (II) Nylon, tarylens, cosion, lisen and synthetic sewing thread.
  - (III) Polyester Plastic shoots, excluding Polyester film plain or metallised
  - (fr) Readymade leather footwear dressings,

(1) Import of Zip/Snap Fasteners shall not exceed 2½ % of the value of the licence subject to a maximum of Bas. 50,000.

(2) Import of a single item or trimmings and embalish-ments shall not exceed Bs. one lakh in value.

3

#### APPENDIX 17-Conid.

D. LEATHER AND LEATHER GOODS AND OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS-contd.

vas shoes).

(v) Blastic tape/webbing

(v) Brance depoyment (3%).
(vi) Nylon backed relatorcornect tapes and baccornect tapes and backers, symbotic impliers for shore.

(##) Shoe laces (\$ %).

(h) Polyamide/polyester resins, rods, granules or blocks (adhesives) including primers (10%).

Shoc lasts (25 %).

Pootwear components in-cluding unit soles and hools.

Packing materials, viz., card board cartons.

(f) Consumable tools, testing equipment, designers' kit, pre-punched cards used in leather industry, silver marking refills, (10%).

(m) Rubber/c.ope in sheet for sales and beek.

soles and beels.

Self-adhesive tapes excluding plastic and transparent viscose film tapes (5%).

(o) Polyurethane Foam including laminated with cotton/nylon/synthetic/wool with fabrics.

(ii) Components of footwest including above 124 % uppers (excluding components of can-

Microcrystalline wax.

Zip/Snap Fasteners. Glass Beads/Glass Chatons

Polyurethane Foam.

Trimmings and embellishments for leather goods viz..
(i) Buckles/Eyelets and decorative fittings for shoe uppers.

(ii) Nylon, terylone, cotton, linen and synthetic sowing thread.

(III) Polyester Plastic Sheets excluding polyester film plain or metallised.

(iv) Readymade leather footwear dressings.

(v) Elastic tape/webbing (3%).

(vi) Solf-adhesive tapes excluding plastic and transparent viscose film tapes (3%).

(f) Polyamide/Polyester resins. rods, granules or blocks (adhesives) including primers (10%).

(g) Consumable tools, testing equipment, designers kit, pre-punched eards used in leather industry and silver marking refills (10%).

(h) Steel too caps/Box toes and counters of synthetic mate rials and sheets thereof (25%)

(I) Shoe lasts (."

Steel reinforced medies,

(h) Machine acks

(1) Import of Zip/snap fasteness (including zips in coils) shall not exceed 5% of the value of the licence subject to a maximum of Rs. 50,000.

(2) Import of a single item of trimming and embellish-ments shall not exceed Rs. opelakh in value.

#### APPENDIX 11 - Conta.

2 1 LEATHER AND LEATHER GOODS AND OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS-Concld. Microcrystalline Wax Locks, Sultense fittings and (1) Against expens of leather D 2.2 Light categories of travel and other leather 15% garments, import replenishgoods like attache cases, brief cases, ladies hand bags, wallets, leather garments, purses, leather hand gloves other than ment will be admissible as M.tal fittings. 10% instead of 15%.
(2) import of Zip/Snap Faste-Zip/Snap Pesteners, Glass Besch/Glass Chaindustrial leather gloves covered by 41 ners (including zips in colls No D.2.4 tons. ners (including zips in couss and its components) shall not exceed \$% of the value of the licence subject to a maximum of Rs \$0,000. Same as remark (2) against Sl. No. D.2.1(1). Polyurethane Foam shoots. Trimmings and embellish-ments for leather goods vie. (f) Buckles/Eyelets and (3) decorative fittings.
(ii) Nylon, terylene, cotton, (4) Such items of trimmings linen and other syntheand embellishments as are tic sewing thread.

(iii) Polyester plastic sheets, excluding Polyester film not included in column 4 against this Serial Number but appear in Item (a) under Col. 4 against S. No. O.1 will plain or metallised. (iv) Readymade leather goods dressings.
(v) Elastic cloth, elastic taalso be allowed against exporte of leather garments, subject to the condition that the import pes, webbing (5%). (vi) Artificial fur cloth. (vii) Self-adesive tapes exof a single item shall not exceed Rs. One lakh in cluding plastic and transparent viscose value within the overall value of the licence. film tapes (5%). Within the value of the REP licence, import of (g) Consumable tools used in leather industry including silver marking refills (5%). Polyester self adhesive fas-Polyester Wadding will be allowed against export of leather garments with a tener. Hook and loop type fasteface value restriction of (I)DOES. Withln the value limit allowed for import Trimmings and Embellishments, import of Fusible/ Double Fusible/Non-Woven Fusible/Cotton Fusi-ble and all types of Fusible Interlinings will be allowed upto 5% only against exports of leather garments. (7) Import of 4 dummies not exceeding 25% of the value of the licence will be allowed by the licensing authority against cach REP licence within the value of the licence (8) Import of Polyester self adhesive fastener will be allowed only against export of leather garments. Heavy leather goods like saddlery items, 10% (1) Same as remark (2) against Microcrystalline Wax. D.2.3Locks, suitcase fittings and metal fittings. leather trunks, leather suitcases. (b)SI, No. D.2.2. Zip/Snap Fasteners. Polyurethane Foam Sheets. (ď) Trimmings and embellishments required for saddlery like buckles, thread, adhesivos, studs, hooks (25 %). snap/surivel Saddle tree. 6% D.2.4 Industrial leather gloves . Zip fasteners. (1) Same as remark (2) against Polyurethane Foam Shoets. St. No. D,2,2. Nylon, torylene, cotton, linen and synthetic sewlog threads (10%) 3% Bristles/other animal hair 17.4 (a) Packing material, viz., LDPB. Packing material, viz. LDPE. (1) Import of tinplate will be Paint brushes including other brushes made D.5 allowed only against export out of animal hair. Tin plate, of paint brushes.

# APPENDIX 17-Como.

		AFFERDIX	True-Conia.	
i	2		4 5	_
E. SPORTS	GOODS			
E.1	Sports goods, not elsewhere specified	. L# 🥦	(a) Snap Pasteners (Four Parts), (1) Imports of Remarks (5%). shall not exceed Rs. 5 in value.	(a) 50,000
			(b) Expanding locks for sports (2) Import of items (1) and will be allowed only a exports of footballs.	gainst
			(c) Titanium Dioxide (Rutile (3) Against export of Figure 20 (10%).  files covered by this Sionly the following item be allowed t	ishlas . No.,
			(d) Silicone Emulsions (20%). (f) Feathers.  (a) Electroplating salts and (ff) Fur synthetic.	
			brighteners (10%). (iii) Fishing fly hook  (f) Nlokel. (4) Against exports of als	
			(g) Synthetic resins and bin- ders. covered by this Sl.No port of only seamless	o., lm- s steel
			(a) Polyurethane foam sheets tubes for air fitte barre for gloves and pads. be allowed.	714 A EE
			(!) Polyurethane coated nylon (5) Import of glass fibre cloth for gloves and leg-guards. (5) Import of glass fibre ing will be allowed against export of h	l only
			(/) Table tennis rubber sheets. sticks reinforced with (k) Racket press fittings (20%). fibre sheeting. (/) Polyurethane sheets for (6) Import of item (f)	a glass
			footballs. polyurethane coated (m) Nylon lining for footballs. oloth for gloves and	nylon
			(n) Organic pigment colours guards will be allowed in Appendix 3(5%).	d only
			(o) Linen thread (5%). leg-guards. (p) Packing material, viz.	40 1222
			LDPE (5%).	
o EXECT A	ND FISH PRODUCTS		·	
r, riso a			permits the import or plate prime OTS of MR type, the licence imay also import OTS tainers whithin the va	nality/ holder S con- alue of litional nt at
F.1.2	Cannod fish :		( ) (S) white miles (VTC (1) Import of The Blots	Delma
	(1) Canned Sardines	. 35%	(a) Tin plate prime OTS (1) Import of Tin Plate quality/MR type/OTS cans MR type covered by it (b) Aluminium sardine cans, in Column 4 shall be a	tem(a)
			Ringpull/Tear-off (20%).  (c) Lacquer (5%).  (d) Double refined oil for licence.	licence
			preservation (5%).  (a) Same as against (1) above.	
	(ii) Other canned fish	. 107		
F.1.3	All others (lucluding frog legs) .	6%	(a) Packing materials, namely Polyethylene moulding powder, Polyethylene gra- nules, cartons, cardboard, kraft paper as liner of a strength 225 gms per sq. meter and more and tin plate prime OTS quality/ MR type.  (1) Fish and Fish production "Individual Supported in "In	idually m, will r REP import f Isin- imaws) im Iso-
			(b) Fishing hooks. (c) Hydrogen Peroxide/Tartaric Acid (20%).  Acid (20%).  assorbate and (b) S Meta bisulphite wi be allowed upto 20 in the overall value REP licence.	ill also % with-

(भाग I—र	ৰ্যাৰ 1)	<b>भा</b> र	त्तं का राजपन्न ' असाधारण 26.
	APP	ENDIX	) 't €.OR\$0.
1		3	3
F. FISH	AND FISH PRODUCTSContd.		(3) Import of Tin Plate Prim MR type covered by item(a in column 4 shall be allowe only upto 50% of the licency value within the value of the licence.
			(4) Import of Hydrogen Peoxide and Tartaric Activities will be allowed only against export of Isinglass
F.1.4	Aquarium Fish	15%	<ul> <li>(a) Connected Breeding stock.</li> <li>(b) Artemia/Brine.</li> <li>(c) ∃ Shrimp¹Eggs.</li> </ul>
g. Foot	os		Clamacal Modes
			General Notes (————————————————————————————————————
			(2) Import of Tin Plate prin MR type, wherever allowed in Column 4 in this pro- duct roup shall be permitted upto 50% of the licence Value within the value of the licence
G.1	Onions other than dehydrated  Other fresh fruits/vegetables/vegetable reeds/	3 72	(a) Packing material, namely, HDPE/Polypropylene.
G.2	flowers/flower seeds !		
	(1) (a) Fresh fruits, vegetables and flowers	10 <b>K</b> .	(a) Packing material, namely (1) In case of item (c) in colum LDPR, EIDPE, Polypropylene, plastic pots, GRP roof lite sheets, kraft liner and Fluting media, Grape quard paper, kraft paper, Tissue paper for wrapping, Peat moss.
			,b) Sodium Metabisulphite (10%).
			(c) Chemicals appearing in Appendix 3 and used in cultivation/growth of fruits, vegetables and flowers, and freshening chemicals for fruits, vegetables and Flowers, and Flowers, and Flowers, see and Flowers, see and Flowers.
			(d) Seeds/bulbs/mother plant
			germ plasm.  (e) Pearlite horticalisate grade and vermiculate
	(b) Individually quick frozen vegetables.	10%	fa) Same as items (a) to (c) (1) Same as Remark (1) against Si. No. G.2(i)(a) column 5 against Si. No. (above. 2 (i)(a) above.
	(ii) Seeds of Paedgrains, vegetables flowers, fruits and hedges.	15%	(2) Floods for germination; (1) In case of item (c) in column planting  (b) Packing material, namely, LDPB, Aluminium foil, GRP rooflite sheets, Peat moss, laminates—all sorts.

the REP licence.

#### APPENDIX 17-Contd.

2 G. POODS- Contd. Chemicals and other items appearing in Appendix 3 used for treatment/processing of seeds. (d) Sodium Metablaulphisa (10%). (v) Stock seeds for parent lines materials/seeds/plants and germ plasm. (f) Live plants, bulbs, subers. (g) Pearlite horticulture grade and vermiculate. (f) Captan Formulations. (f) Benlate. (k) Lanate. Packing materials, name-ly, LDPE, HDPE, Plastic pots, GRP rooflite sheets, Peat moss.

(1) In case of item (c) is column 4, please see para 8 of 'General Conditions' is this Appendix (iii) Live plants, Ornamental plants, Pruis 10% plants, Roadside trees, olimbers, cre-eners and shanbs (h) Stock seeds for parent lines and nucleus mater-lials/seeds/plants and germ plasm. (a) Chemicals and other items such as plant shine, appearing in Appendix 3 for treatment/processing of seeds and plants (20%). (d) Live plants, buibs, tubers subject to offerance by the Plant Protection Department. (a) Fertilizers. (f) Sodium Metableulphite (10%). (g) Pearlite horticulture grade and Vermiculate. (A) Thiram. (/) Captan formulations. (f) Benlate. (k) Lanate. (a) Packing materials, v/r., (1) Automatic feeders and Polyurethans. waterers used in poultry (t) Poultry products including essence of 3 % G.3waterers used in poultry breeding farms will also be chicken, and poultry meat, allowed to be imported within the overall value of the REP licence. (a) Grand parent stock(poulty).

(b) Packing materials, viz., Polyerethane (20%).

Polyerethane (20%).

(i) import of Grand parent stock (poultry) will be allowed only to registered hatcheries approved by the Department of Agriculture, Govt. of India, New Delhi.

The maximum value uptor which each anoth hatchers. Live chicks and hatching eggs 10% (H)which each such hatchery will be eligible to obtain import replanishment Hosnes on its exports during the licensing year will be Re. 5.0 lakhs. (2) Exports by air only will qualify for REP licences. Automatic feeders and waterers used in poultry breeding farms will also be allowed to be imported within the overall value of

		APPENDIX	17Contd.	
1	2	3	4	5
ø. FOOI	OS—Conid.			
	(iii) Table eggs ,	3%	<ul> <li>(a) Grand parent stock (poultry).</li> <li>(b) Paper Egg Trays.</li> <li>(c) Packing materials, v/z., Polyurethane</li> </ul>	(1) Import of Grand parent stock (poultry) will be allowed only to registered hatcherles approved by the Deptt. of Agriculture, Govt, of India, New Delhi. The maximum value upto which each hatchery will be eligible to obtain import replenishment licence on its exports for this item during the licensing year will be Rs. 50,000.
				(2) Same as in Remarks (2) and (3) against Sl. No G.3(ii) above.
0.4	(1) Presh, chilled or frozen meut	3 %	(a) Packing material, viz., LDPE/HDPE, material for vacuum packing of meat.	
	(#) Animal Casings	6%	(a) Packing material vis.,	
			LDPE.  (b) Raw Animal casings of calibre 18 mm and above.	
	(iii) Canned Ment .	10%	(e) Timplate prime OTS quality	,
			M.R. type.  (b) Easy Open/Flip top ends.  (c) Water based rubber compound.	
G,5.1	Processed/preserved foods, del foods, dehydrated onions, del garlic, pickles and chutney.	hydrated 10 % hydrated	<ul> <li>(a) Tin plate prime OTS quality/M.R. type.</li> <li>(b) Twist off caps.</li> <li>(c) Easy open/Flip top ends.</li> <li>(d) LDPE/HDPE, Viscose transparent paper (cellophane).</li> <li>(e) Flavouring essences (10%).</li> <li>(f) Asceptic bage (10%).</li> </ul>	(1) Exporters of fish pickles covered by this Serial Number can get themselves registered either with the Marine Products Export Development Authority or with the Processed Foods Export Promotion Council, for the purpose of obtaining REP benefits (2) Import of Asceptic bags within the overall value of the licence will be permited if the products under column 2 have been exported in Asceptic bags,
G 5 2	Alcoholic beverages , .	. 10%	<ul> <li>(a) Flavouring essences of rum, gin, whisky, brandy and vodka, with alcoholic content not more than 18%.</li> <li>(b) Packing materials, viz., cartons, card board boxes, Kraft paper, Fasy open/</li> </ul>	
			Plip Top Ends (a) Peat.	
			(d) Malt spirit/Grape spirit, is	
			bulk, with alcoholic con- tent not more than 18 %	
G.#.\$	Biscuits and cakes, wafer biscuits, re- ice bream cones.	ocks and 9%	(a) Milk powder. (b) Venillin/Ethyl venillin (# %).	
			(e) Packing materials, viz., Yiaplate prime O.T.S., quality/M.R. type, Ala- minium foil, kraft paper.	

# APPENDIX 17-Coms.

1	2	3		4	5
G. FOO	DS-Conid.		-		
G,6	Pruit julces, nectars and pulps/concentrates	10%		Tin plate prime O.T.S quality/M.R. type. Packing materials, viz., LDPE/HDPE, Cartons, Card board boxes, Kraft paper, Easy Open/Flip Top	the products in column 2 have been exported in
				Ends. Twist off cape. Flavouring ****cnco** (10%).	
<b>G</b> .8	Non-aicoholic beverage bases	471	(a)	Asceptic bags (10%).  Synthetic essential oils.  Mixtures of Odoriferous	
<b>G</b> 10	<ol> <li>Confectionery (excluding chewing gum. bubble gum and peanut candy).</li> </ol>	10%		substances.  Milk powder.  Packing material, viz., collophane/Laminate.	
	(#) Chowing gum, bubble gum and peanut candy and sesame candy.	6%	(b)	Packing material (Celle- phane/Laminate). Synthetic essential cila	
<b>G.11</b>	Indian sweets	10 %	(a) (b) (c) (d)	quality/M.R. type, Aluminium foil. Cashew nuts.	(1) Import of milk powder will be allowed only against exports of gulab Jamum Inciuding gulab Jamum mix, rasgolla, carrot haiwa, burfi, sandesh, peda mix and such other Indian sweets where milk is used as an ingredient.
G.12	Custard powder	6%		Packing material, viz., In plate prime O.T.S. quality/MR type, card boards, cartons, LDPE.	
G.13	Instant foods ( (1) Canned	107	(a) (b)	Ethyl vanillin (15%).  Tinplate prime O.T.S. quality/M.R. type.  Milk powder (20%).	
	(#) In other packings	3 74	(a) (b)	Playouring essences (10%). Packing materials, namely, Aiuminium tolks, LDPE, Kraft paper, our- tons.  Flayouring essences (20%).  Milk powder (20%).	
G.14	Banana fritters, potato wafers and sage- wafers.	3%	(4)	Packing material, viz.,	
€.15	Dry fruits (excluding cashew kernels but including walnut kernels and apricot kernels).	4%)	(e)	Packing materials, viz., EDPE, Glassice paper, Kraft paper, cardboard cartons, Polyethylene/ Flastic board strappings, Parchasent paper.	
G.16	Indian snacks like Chivda, Dal moth, Fried and salted moong dal, chana da' e'c. (a consume packs.		<sup>1</sup> a)	Packing material viz.,	
_				Easy open/Fits top each.	
<b>G</b> .17	Melon kernels (de-husked)	2 1/2		Packing meterials, viz., LDPH.	
G.18	(f) Tea/Coffee mbx powder (instant tea/coffee).	6%	(a)	rinplate prime OTS qua- ity/M.R. type, Alumi- num foil.	

# AFFENDIX 11-Conta.

1	2	3	4	5
G. FOOD	S—Contd.			
	(II) Tou in bags	67%	(a) Nylon web and filter paper for tea bags.	
			(b) Packing materials, viz Card board cartons, Aluminium foli, Ivory board.	
	(iii) Tea/Coffee in consumer packs	6% (a)	Tinplate waste waste, LDPE, was lvory board for cartons, card board, Aluminlum foil, Glassine paper.	ort of Tin Plate waste te covered by stem (a) Column 4 shall be allow- only upto 50% of the ace value within the ace of the licence.
G.19	Papads (including pappadams, appalams, appalam	6%	LDPE, ar par le	f the products in column 2 to exported with special chaging like Polypropyne bags/Pouches (heat aled) inserted in Duplex bard/coated board carns of tuck-n-type and the packing with shrink apping or overwrapping the Plastic films, the port replenishment adssible would be 10% stead of 6%.
G.20	Butter and ghee	6%	(e) Tinpiate prime OTS quality/M.R. type.	
G.21	Ice-cream and ice-cream powder .	67	(a) Milk powder.	
G.22	Guar Gum /Sesbania Gum : (f) Refined .	3%	(a) Packing material viz. Braft paper,	
	(II) Treated and Pulverised	6%	(a) Packing material, viz LDPE, kraft paper.  (b) Sodium Silico Fluorida  (c) Resordnol (20%).  (d) Sodium Metabisulphite.  (s) Benzalkonium chlorida.  (f) Mono Chloro-acetic Acid.  (g) Hydrogen Peroxide.	
G.23	Wheat bran .	3%	(a) Silk and uylon bolting cloth.	
73.24	(I) Chocolates and malted milk loods	10%	(a) Milk powder.	
	(fl) Cocoapowder.	3% 6%	(a) Packing material, viz. LDPE. (a) Packing material, viz. Tin- plate prime OTS quality/ MR type.	
	(tr) Cooos britter .	10%	Packing materials, viz., LDPE, HDPE, Tinplate prime OTS quality/MR type, Aluminium foll, Glas- sine/Butter paper.	
G.23	Scented Superi/Pas Name's	6%	(a) Packing materials, viz., LDPB, Timplate prime OTS quality/MR type	
G.26	Peanut products, such as peanut butter roasted peanuts	, 6 <b>7</b> 3	(a) Packing materials, viz., Tinplate prime O.T.S. quality/M.R. type, LDPE.  (b) Flip top ends/Easy ends.	
G.27	Roasted and Salted Peanuts in consumer packs of 1 Kg. or less.	r 6%	(a) Packing materials viz., Poly- (1) I ethylene Moulding Powder, ty Polypropylene laminated in packing materials, Alumi-	mport of Tin Plate MR /pe covered by item (a) n col. 4 shall be allowed only upto 50% of face value of the licence.

#### APPENDIX 17-Contd.

1	2	3	4 5
G. FO	ODS—concld.		
			tainers, Tin plate Prime (2) Import replenishment licences issued under this S No. will also be valid for Import of OTS Containers within the overall value of the licence.
G.28	Mushrooms	2%	(a) Packing materials, viz., (1) Against exports of Mush- Cliame paper, kraft paper, card board cartons, Poly- ethylene strappings, Plastic box strappings.  Against exports of Mush- rooms—canned, additional import replenishment at 5% of the fob value of export will be allowed for import of Tinplate prime OTS quality/MR type as packing material.
<b>©</b> .29	Agas Agas	3%	(a) Packing material, vis., LDPE.
<b>G.3</b> 0	Spice of and Oleo resins	4%	(a) Packing materials, vis., Tinplate prime O.T.S. quality/M.R. type, high density polyethylene pails and steel drums (epoxy lined).
			(b) Phenyl Ethyl Alcohol.
G.31	(1) Spices whole in bulk packing	3%	(a) Packing materials viz., LDPE, Tinplate, Card- board cartons.
			(b) Polythene Woven Sacks.
	(ii) Spices ground or curry powder and paste in bulk packing,	6%	<ul> <li>(a) Packing materials viz.,</li> <li>LDPE, Tinplate Prime OTS</li> <li>quality/MR type.</li> <li>(b) Polythene Woven sacks.</li> </ul>
	(III) Spices whole or ground or curry powder and paste in consumer packs of 1 kg. or less under brand names.	10%	(a) Packing materials viz., LDPE, Tinplate, Card- board cartons.
H. HAI	NDICR AFTS		General Notes :-
			(1) Articles which are classifi-

- (1) Articles which are classifiable elsewhere in this policy will be deemed to be 'Handlerafts' falling in this group only if such articles, besides being made by hand, have some artistic or decorative value; they may or may not possess functional utility value in addition. Artistic or decorative value of the article exported need not necessarily come out of any art work, engraving or decoration done on the article but the very form, shape or design of the article could also be artistic and suggestive of the fact that the article is primarily meant for decorative and not for utility purposes
- (2) For the purpose of calculating REP benefits on export of Handicrafts containing not more than 50% allver by weight, the licensing authority will excludate value of silver from the f.o.b. value of the export

APPENDIX 17	Conta.
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1 2 3 4 5 HANDICRAFTS—Concld. product. The balance f.o.b. value of export will only be eligible for REP benefits if otherwise admissible under the policy. Applications should be accompanied by Chartered Accountant or a Government laboratory certificate indicating the quantity of silver content and its value used in the export product based on which the licensing authority will work out the REP entitlement after excluding the value of silver. (3) If Handicrafts contain more than 50% silver by weight, no REP benefits will be admissible thereon. (1) Import of Item (c) will be allowed only against export Handicrafts of aluminium, copper, brass, 40% Copper wire bars (70 %). H 1 Zinc (30%). Tin (15%). bidri, bronze, bell metal and white metal. (b) of Bidri and Bell Metals.

(2) Import of Item (d) only will be allowed against export of handlcrafts of aluminium. Aluminium. (3) Exporters of EPNS Wares, who are registered with Development Commis-sloner for Handlerafts, will not be required to be registe red with Engineering Export Promotion Council. Bells and other handlerafts made of wrought 10 % (a) Copper wire barn. H.2Iron and coated with copper. Real and imitation zari, zari woven/eni- 30% (a) Copper wire bars. (1) This Serial Number does H.4 Raw Silk (10%). not cover export of metallic broidery materials (excluding zari woven yarn and polyester metal-Emery polishing paper. Sarecs, yardage and garments) and Zarl lised film. embroidered pieces. Handicrafts of paper and paper-machie 10% lined with copper or brass. Copper wire bars. H.6 Zinc. (1) Additional import reple-nishment at 5% of f.o.b. value of exports will be Metal fittings (25 %). Glass Chatons and beads H.8 Manufactures of Marble or Alabaster inlaid 6% with semi-precious stones. Semi-precious atones allowed for import of semiprecious stones only against exports of Manufactures of Marble or Alabaster intaid with semi-precious stones. (a) Locks and metal fittings (1) Import of Zip fasteners Other Handlerafts (excluding woollen carpets, rugs and druggets and silk carpets), H.9 (25%). Glass chatons and beads. will be allowed only against exports of hand bags cosuch as wood carvings, hand bags, etc. Zip fasteners (40%). vered by this Serial Num-Semi-precious stones. ber. 6% (a) Packing materials, v(s... H.10 Handmade lace and lace goods LDPE, Polypropylene, Kraft paper (25%).

Dyes in Appendix 3.

Hydrosulphite of soda (c)(10%).

#### APPENDIX 17-Contd

5 5 1 2 4 CASHEW KERNELS Ll Cashow Kemeis 10% Packing Packing
Polyethylene Mountain
Polypropylene
Polypropylene materials, Against exports of Cashew kernels, roasted and salted, in consumer packs, the items of import will be the packlaminated packing materials, Aluminium and coming materials mentioned in posite containers, Tin plate prime/OTS quality/M.R. type, Cardboard cartons, Column 4 and Aluminium foli, Aluminium laminated type, Cardboard kraft liner paper. polyethylens and built up poucher. (2) Import replenishment licence issued under this Serial Number will also be valid for import of OTS con-tainers within the value of the licence. (3) Import of Tin plate MR type Covered by item (a) in column 4 shall be allowed only upto 50% of value within the value of the the licence. J. TOBACCO AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS J.1 Unmanufactured tobacco . 3% (a) Oval galvanised high tenelle steel wire. Corrugated Fibre Board Boxes. Kraft Paper including Waterproof Kraft Paper. (a) Packing materials, viz... Card Board Boxes, Tin plate waste/waste, LDPE **J.2** Processed Tobacco, e.g., Zarda, Snuff. 2% Kimam and hookka paste. and aluminium foil. (a) Unmanufactured tobacco. J.3 Cigarettes (including Pipe tobacco) . . 6% Packing materials, viz., Cartons and Card Board for Cartons, Cellophane, Aluminium foll 1.4 Cigare : J.4.1 Cigara made with indigenous filter tobacco 15% (a) Clear wrapper tobacco. Packing materials, tissue paper (25 %). vis. 3.4.2 (a) Filter tobacco. Cigara made with imported filter to bacco. 60 % Cigar Wrapper tobecse. Packing material, ' 718. tiasue paper (5 %). Packing materials, Card board certons, 1.5 منهاط 2% materiais, K. TEXTILES General Notes !--

(1) Import of packing roaterial like printed poly-baga/poly-propylene bags will be allowed upto 33½% of the import replenishment percentage admissible against exports of made-up articles covered by this Product Group. Where column 4 indicates a separate entry of packing material, the import of printed poly-bags will be allowed only within the value earmarked for import of packing material.

#### APPENDIX 17-Conid.

5 3 4 2 COTTON TEXTILES Cotton yarn, fabrics and made-up articles, 10% (a) Titanium dioxide (Autile (1) Export of cotton fabrics **E**.1 (other than grey) will only qualify for import reple-nishment licence. This Grade). including embroidered (other than grey) Silicone Brulsions. Sodium Hydrosulphite (5%). restriction will not apply to Bronze Powder (124%). Paraffin Wax (25%). export of handloom fabrics. (2) Cotton durries are covered Dyes in Appendia 3 (10 20. by the description in co-lumn 2 against this Serial Number (3) Import of Zip Fasteners including zip coils will be allowed upto 3% of the face value of the licence against export of made-up articles only. II. WOOLLEN TEXTILES E.3 Worsted yarn, wooden fabrics and made up articles, including embroidered, containing more than 50% work Mohelr by weight:-(1) Import of Mohair tops will however be allo-wed against exports of (i) Worsted yarn/inbrica/made up articles 20% Raw Wool. Raw wool.
Polyester tops (20%).
Packing materials, vis... including embroidered Packing materials LDPB, Polypropy wed again at exports of products falling under this Serial Number and containing more than 50 % Mohair by weight lene, kraft paper (10 22). (1) Import of Mohair yarn (in-20% Wollen yarn. (#) Others. . Polyester tops (20%). stead of woollen yarn) will Packing materials, vis., LDPE/Polypropylene, kraft paper (10%). be allowed against exports of products falling under this Serial Number and containing more than 50% Mohair by weight, Worsted yarn, woollen fabrics and made EL3 up articles, including embroidered, containing 50% or less but not less than 20% wool /Mohair by weight [(other than those covered by Sl. No. K.13(lil)]— (i) Import of Mohair tops however will be allowed against exports of pro-(a) Same as against Sl. No. (i) Worsted yarn/fabrics/made up arti- 15 % cles, including embroidered. K,2(1). ducts falling under this Serial Number and con-taining 50% or less but not less than 20% Mohair by weight. (II) Others. 15% Same as against St. No. (I) Import of Mohair yarn (instead of woollen yarn) will K.2(#). be allowed against exports of products falling under this Serial Number and containing 50% or less but not less than 20% Mobale by welcht. Shoddy/woollen blankets, blanketing cloth, 30 % scarves/stoles made of blanketing cloth, tweeds, blazer and valours, containing more than 50 % wool by weight. (a) Synthetic waste (40 %) K.4 (b) Wool Waste. Packing matrials, vis., LDPB, Polypropylene, kraft paper (30%). (f) Namdhas and Rugs containing more 15 72 (a) Wool waste. 15.6 Packing material, LDPB (10%). than 30 % wool by weight. via.,

#### APPENDIX 17—Conid. 2 5 1 II. WOOLLEN TEXTILES—Concld. (ii) Woollen Carpets, Druggets and Durries containing more than 50% wool by weight. 10% (a) Sodlum Hydrosulphite (10%). (b) Polyethylene moulding powder. Wool Waste. (c) Crewel Embroldery tabrics and made-up 3% (a) Packing K.6 material vis., (1) Import of zip fasteners will articios LDPB. be allowed against exports of hand bags made of crewel embroidery fabrics III. NATURAL SILK TEXTILES (a) Raw Silk. (b) Silk ... (i) Thread, yarn, fabrics and made-up articles containing 100% natural silk 30% (1) Import of Tussar raw silk will be allowed against the K.7 worm seeds. spun yarn and noll yarn, by weight. Import replenishment licen-(c) Chemicals permitted against Sl. No. K.1 excluding paratfin wax (10%). (d) Lining and interlining materials of width not ce for a value not exceeding 5% of the value of the licence, within the value sarmarked for the import of raw silk exceeding 871 cms. exclu-Import of item (d) in Colding nylon taffers coated fabrics. umn-4 will be allowed only against exports of Ties (#) Thread, yarn, fabrics and made-up articles, including embroidered containing more than 50% natural silk 20% (a) Same as against Sl. No (1) Same as Remark (1) against K.7(i). Sl. No. K.7(i). Same as Remark (2) against by weight. Sl. No. K.7(i). 10% Same as against \$1 No (I) Same as Romark (I) against (iii) Thread, yarn, fabrics and made-up articles, including embroidered containing less than 50% but not less than 20% natural silk by weight K.7(1). 81 No K.7(1) Same as Remark (2) against #! No E 7(1) K 8 5ilk Carpets :-(I) Containing more than 50 % natural sitk 40 % (a) Spun silk yare. by weight. (b) Chemicals pemitted against Sl. No. K.1 excluding Para-tin Wax (5%) (ff) Containing 50% or loss but not less than 20% natural silk by weight 25% CELLULOSIC TEXTILES 4,9 Fabrics and made-up articles including embroldered and yarn I-10% (a) Same as against Sl. No (i) made of viscose/polynosic/cupromaniae (1) Import of PVC Sequini K.1. excluding parathn wax Glass Bends, Spangles and fibres/yago. Plastic Pearls will be allowed upto 5% of the face value of the licence within the value of the licence against export of embrodered fabrics and embrodered fabrics and embrodered fabrics. dered made-up articles (a) Same as against St. No. (1) Same as Remark (1) against 10% (ii) made of other cellulosic fibres/yers . K.l excluding paraffin wax Sl. No. K,9(i) 10% (a) Sulphur K.10 Rayon tyre yara/cord/fabric. (b) Zinc (15%). V. NON-CELLULOSIC TEXTILES K.11 Fabrics and made-up articles, including embroldered and yern i--10% (a) Same as against Sl. No. (f) made of acrylic fibre K 1 excluding paradia was.

10 %

(s) Same as against Sl. No. K.I excluding parathis was.

(II) made of other non-cellulosis Shre/yers.

# APPENDIX 17-Conta.

1	2	3	4		<b>5</b>
V. N	ION-CELLULOSIC TEXTILES—Concld.	_			
	(III) made of non-cellulosic filament yarn.	10%	(a) Same as against K.1 excluding par		
	<ul><li>(Iv) non-cellulosic quilted fabrios and quil- ted blankets.</li></ul>	10%	(a) Same as against K.1. excluding pa	Sl. No.	
	(*) Carpets/blankets/namdhas/druggets made of 100% synthetic fibre/yarn.	30%	(a) Synthetic Waste. (b) Packing materia LDPE, Polyp Kraft paper (30%	ropylene,	
.2	Nylon tyre yarn/cord/fabrics	60 %	(a) Caprolactum.		
N	MXED/BLENDED TEXTILES				
3	Mixed/biended yarn, fabrics, and made-up articles, including embroidered:—				
	(i) made from a combination of two or more of any fibres	10%	(a) Same as against K.1 excluding pa		
	(ii) made from a combination of two or more of synthetic plament yarn	10%	(a) Same as against  K.1 excluding page		
	(III) made from a combination of any filament yarn and fibre.	10%	(a) Same as against K.1 excldulng pe	SI. No.	
	(fr) not elsewhere specified	10 %	(a) Same as against K I excluding pa		
	(v) Synthetic observator/Namdhas/druggets/ carpers containing more than 50% Synthetic content	30 %	(a) Same as against	Sl. No	
L. CI	NEMATOGRAPH FILMS (EXPOSED)			Ġ#	NERAL NOTES I
				(1)	Video taped films are covered by the respective Serial Numbers in this Group. Import of blank video cassettes (25%) will be allowed within the overall value of the licence against export of video taped films.
L.I	Cinematograph films, exposed (feature films).	10%	(a) Cinematograph exposed, colour (b) 16 and 35 mm s netic tapes (11%) (c) 1/4" sound magr (1%). (d) Sprocketed mag (5%). (e) Blank video (5%).	(all types). sound mag- hetic tapes	The replenishment percentage shown in column will be 40% if royalty distribution or other similar charges are shown separately in the export documents and are not included in the f.o.b. value of exports.
L 2	Ducumentaries and advertising films, exposed—black and white.	. 25 <b>%</b>	(a) Same as items against Sl. No. L		Import of (a) & (b) is Col. 4 will be allowed only of the sizes of films actually exported. However, this restriction will not apply in the case of import of permissible negative raw stock.
6.5 6.4	Documentaries and advertising films, suposed—colour  News films and TV, Films (both black		(a) Same as items against Sl. No. L	(a) to (e)	Import of (a) and (b) is Col. 4 will be allowed only of the sizes of films actually exported. However, this restriction will not apply in the case of import of per-
- •	and white and colour).				missible negative raw stock.
LS	Fill News Photos	25 %	<ul><li>(a) Photographic fit ding photograph paper (colour).</li></ul>		

# APPENDIX 17-Conta.

1	2	3	5
M. COIR	PRODUCTS		·
M.1.2	Colr Products , , , , ,	10 %	(a) Dyes in Appendix 3 (5%). (1) Additional import reple- (b) Sulphur (10%). (c) Packing materials, vis., LDPB, Polypropylens  LDPB, Polypropylens  (a) Dyes in Appendix 3 (5%). (1) Additional import reple- nishment at 15% of the f.o.b. value of exports will be provided for import of Sisal fibre against export of mate and mattings of mix- ture of coir yarn and sisal.
M.1.3	Rubberised Coir products , , ,	-30 %	(a) Sulphur. (b) Packing material vis (1) Coir products with rubber backing will also qualify for REP under this serial number.
M. NATO	KAL FIBRE PRODUCTS		
N.1	Ropes, Twines and cordage of sizal/manila	45 %	(a) Sisal fibre/waste. (b) Manila fibre tow/waste
N 2	Mats and mattings of sizal	40 🔀	(a) Simi fibre.
	DYMADE GARMENTS, HOSIERY & NITWEAR		

#### GENERAL NOTES I--

- The respective serial numbers in this group would cover embroidered garments, hosiery and knitwear also.
- (2) Applications for import licences shall be accompanied by a test report issued by the Textile Committee/ Customs (or Central Silk Board in the case of Natural Silk garments, hosiery and knitwear), and Development Commissioner for Handicrafts, wherever necessary in addition to other prescribed documents. (Such certificate will not be required in respect of (I) export of Cotton garments and hosiery and (II) sales to foreign tourists. In the case of sales to foreign tourists, the application for REP licence should be accompanied by a declaration of the applicant as to the contents of fibre/yarn used in the product exported.
  - (3) In the case of Trimmings and Embellishments, import of the group of items covered by each of the following items;—
    - (1) Snap Pasteners and Zip Pasteners (including zips in coils and its components);
    - (#) Pearl headed pins stapling pins/industrial Stapling machines: and
    - (iii) Tag guns/Tag Gun Needles,

## APPENDIX 17--Conid.

1 2 3 4

15%

O. READYMADE GARMENTS, HOSIERY & KNITWEAR-Contd.

shall not exceed 3% of the value of the licence subject to a maximum of Rs. 50,000. Within this value, import of Industrial Stapling Machines 4 in numbers or for Rs. 10,000 whichever is less and Tag Guns for Rs. 2,000 will be allowed. For other items, the import shall not exceed Rs. 1 lakh per item within the overall value of the licence.

(4) Import of 4 dummies not exceeding 25% of the value of the licence will be allowed against each REP incence issued against quarterly entitlement on exports covered by this product group. Requests for Import of more than 4 dummies will be considered by the CCI&E, on merits, on the recommendation of Textile Commissioner.

- Q.1 Cotton ready-made garments, hosiery and knitwear.
- (a) Trimmings and embellishments, the following 1-
  - Elastic cloth in running length including elastic cloth to tubular form with width not exceeding 7.5 cm.
  - (#) Buckles, hooks and bars.
  - (iii) Coller stays/coller pattics/batterily/shoulder pads and other garments stays.
  - (iv) Laces of not most than 7.5 cm width (10%)
  - (v) Paper Patterns/Plastic Patterns.
  - (vi) Lining and inter-lining materials of width not exceeding 87k cms. excluding nylon taffets coated fabrics (10%).
  - (vii) Sewing thread including all types of embroidery threads made from manmade fibres, pure silk and/or mixed fibres of cotton and man-made fibres.
  - (viii) Polyester buttons blanks/ Polyester buttons/Peari buttons/Plastic buttons/ Chalk buttons/Horn buttons/Metal Buttons.
    - (ix) Pearl headed pins/ stapling pins and industrial stapling machines.
    - (x) Labels including woven, printed stickers, stone stickers, self-adhesives and metal labels.

## APPENDIX 17-Contd.

1 2 4 5 3

- O. READYMADE GARMENTS, HOSIERY & KNITWEAR-contd.
- (x1) Studs
- (xii) Tags/Tag guns/Tag gun needles.
- (xiii) Snap and Zlp Fasteners.
- (xfv) PVC leather cloth (1 %).
- (xv) Elastic tape and webbing (including heat resisting rubber tape/thread) (71%).
- (xvi) Vapoprint transfer papers.
- (xvii) Thermoplastic transfer рарега.
- (xviii) Fusible embroidery motifs or prints.
- (xix) Metallic Yarn (Lurex Yarn) (5%)
- (xx) Artificial Leather cloth and Rexin and Artificial Fur cloth (3%)
- (b) Chemicals and other processing materials, the following I-
  - (i) Titanium Dioxide (Rutile grade) (10 %),
  - (ii) Naphthenic acid.
  - (III) Silicone Emulsions.
  - (iv) Cellulose acetate films with one side matte surface used by screen printers of textiles for screen making.
  - (v) Sodium Hydrosulphite (21 %).
  - (vi) Bronze powder (5 %).
  - (vii) Paraffin Wax (10%).
- Packing materials, namely, Polyethylene Moulding Powder/Printed Polypropylene Bags and Polypropy-
- Woollen ready-made garments, hostery and ●.2 knitwear containing more than 50% wool by weight.
- (a) Trimmings and embellishments as allowed against Sl. No. Q.1.
- Packing materials as allowed against Sl. No. O.1.
  Raw wool/Mohair,tops and woollen yarn/Mohair yarn.
  Fine Animal University
- (d)Fine Animal Hair.

20 %

- Synthetic waste/wool waste.
- (1) The export product is Column 2 covers worster woollen and shoddy items Import of Raw wool/Mohai. tops and woollen yarn/ Mohair yarn will be allowed only against exports of hosiery and knitwear falling under this serial number.
- (2) Import of fine Animal hair will be allowed only where this item has been used in the product exported, and additional 5% import rep-lenishment will also be provided for import of this Sem.

#### APPENDIX 17-Conta.

5 3 4 1 O. READYMADE GARMENTS, HOSIERY & KNITWEAR-concld. import of synthetic waste/ wool waste will be allowed only against exports of over coats and other readymade garments made from woollen blanketing cloth.
Additional import reple-nishment at 8% of f.o.b.
value of exports will also be allowed for import of synthetic waste/wool waste against exports of overcoats and other readymade garments made from wool-ien blanketing cloth. Woollen ready-made garments, hostery and knitwear containing 50% or less but not less than 20% of wool by weight. The export product in Column 2 covers worsted Items (a) to (d) as allowed (1) 15% 0.3 against Sl. No. O.2. woollen and shoddy items. Import of Rawwool / Mohair tops and woollen yarn will be allowed only against exports of hosiery and knitwear falling under this serial number. (2) Import of fine Animal hair will be allowed only where this item has been used in the product exported, and additional 10% Import rep-lepishment will also be provided for import of this item. (1) Import of Tussat raw slik will be allowed against 15% Raw silk. (1) Natural silk ready-made garments, 0.4 Trimmings and embellishhoslery and knitwear containing more the import replenishment licence for a value not exceeding 5% of the value than 50% of natural slik by weight. ments as allowed against Sl. No. O.1. Chemicals as allowed agaof the licence, within the value earmarked for the inst Sl. No. O.1. Packing materials as allowed against Sl. No. O.1. import of raw slik Items (a) to (d) as allowed (1) against Sl. No. O.4(i). (ii) Natural slik ready-made garments, 10% Same as Remark (1) s gainst Sl. No. Q.4(i). hoslery and knitwear containing 50 or less but not less than 20% of natural allk by weight. (a) Items (a) to (c) as allowed 15% 0.5 Ready-made garments, hosiery and knitwear made of rayon filament yarn and/or rayon staple fibre or from a against Sl. No. O.1. excludîng parafin wax. combination thereof with cotton. (a) Items (a) to (c) as allowed against Sl. No. O.1, excluding Hosiery and knitwear made of nylon/ 15% 0.6 polyester/acrylic/acetate filament yarn, or any combination thereof. paraffin wax. 0.7 Ready-made garments made of t-15% (a) Items (a) to (c) as allowed (/) Acetate fibre/yarn against St. No. O.1 excluding paraffin wax. (a) Items (a) to (c) as allowed against Sl. No. O.1 excluding 15% (#) Synthetic fibre/yara paraffin wax. Items (a) to (c) as allowed against Sl. No. O.1 excluding (tit) Mixed/blended material containing 15% synthetic fibre/yarn more than 50 % by weight. paraffim wax. PVC leather cloth or artl-Items (a) to (c) as allowed (1) 0.8 Ready-made garments, hosiery and knlt-15% ficial fur cloth will be allowed to be imported wear, not elsewhere specified. against Sl. No. O.1 excluding paraffin wax. within the value of the REP licence against exports of products made thereof.

## APPENDIX 17-Contd

3 4 5

## P. GEM AND JEWELLERY

#### GENERAL NOTES I-

- (1) Necklaces strung or threaded with cut and polished precious/semi-precious stones/polished and processed pearls will also fail under respective entries below and replenishment allowed accordingly provided the value of metal fittings namely clips, clasps, pins, books etc. is negligible and such value is excluded.
- (2) Export of Gem & Jewellery items, except those covered by Sl. No. P.6 in this group to Rupee payment Area will qualify for the grant of import replenishment licences valid for imports only from the Rupee Payment Area.
- (3) In respect of exports of products falling under Sl. No. P.6.1, P.6.4 and PP.5 in this group, import licenoe may, on request, be made valid for import of glass chatons (stock lots). But in such cases, the import replenishment will stand reduced from 33½% to 30%.
- (4) REP licences issued against exports of products covered by Sl. No. P.2.1 to P.2.6 under this Product Group will be valid for import of (I) Special industrial adhesives/gums/solutions used in Gem and Jewellery industry and (II) Synthetic diamond powder for a total value upto one per cent of the licence value subject to a maximum of Rs. one lakh within the overall value of the licence.

less than Rs. 2,000

P.1	Polished, (processed Pearls (Real or cultured).	53%	(a) Real or cultured Pearls unset/undrilled.
P.2.1	Cut and polished Diamonds	637/	(a) Diamonds unset and uncut. (1) In case of exports of out and polished diamonds where the minimum per carat realisation is not less than Rs. 1,500, the replenishment will be as indicated against SI. Nos. P.2.3, P.2.4, P.2.5 and P.2.6 depending on the value realisation.
P.2.2	Cut and polished Diamonds	65%	(a) Diamonds unsei and uncut.
P.2.3	Cut and polished Diamonds	. 70%	(a) Diamonds unset and uncut. (1) The minimum per carateralisation should be not less than Rs. 1,500.
P.2.4	Cut and polished Diamonds	. 73%	(a) Diamonda unset and uncut, (i) The minimum per carates alication should be not

[भाग I——खड	1]	भार	तकाराजपक्ष अ	साधारण		279
	Al	PPBND	1X17-C	onid.		
1	2		3	4		5
P. GEM A	ND JEWELLERY—Coatd.	, –			(2)	Import replenishment at 78% of f.o.b. value of exports will be admissible on exports of cut and polished diamonds for import of diamonds unset and uncut of sawn variety provided i—
						(1) The exporter has declared in the customs attested invoice that cut and polished diamonds exported and covered by the invoice were actually manufactured out of imported diamonds unset and uncut of sawn variety.
						(ii) The minimum per carat realisation is not less than Rs 2,500/
P.2.5	Cut and polished Diamonds	802	(a) Diam	onds unset and uncut,	(1)	The minimum per carat realisation should be not less than R = 3,000.
					(2)	Import replenishment at 83% of f.o.b. value of exports will be admissible on exports of cut and polished diamonds for import of diamonds unset and uncut of sawn variety provided 1—
						(1) The exporter has declared in the customs attested invoice that cut and polished diamonds exported and covered by the invoice were actually manufactured out of imported diamonds unset and uncut of sawn variety.
						(ii) The minimum per carat realisation is not less than Rs. 3,500.
P.2.6	Cut and polished Diamond:	87%	(ø) Diario	onds unset and uncut.	(1)	The size of each diamond exported should be .3 of a carat and above with a minimum per carat realisation of not less than Rs. 3,500 per carat
P.3,1	Cut and polished Emeralds/Rubics/Sapphires, of Rs. 3,000 and above per carat fo.b.	8077	(b) Rubles	ds uncut and unset. uncut and unset. res uncut and unset.		
P.3,2	Cut and polished precious atones/semi- precious atones not covered by Si No. P 3 1.	65%	(b) Coral to sticks n or size to cut and (c) Rough in tumb	unset and uncut inpropered, or coral of cut to any shape	56 76 5 (2) II 5 tr 7	n respect of exports of eml-precious stones, the ate of replenishment will be 60% instead of 65% n respect of exports of eml-precious stones from umbled/broken/ sliced/ damaged rough seml-precious itones, the replenishment will be 60% instead of 65%.

P.4

#### APPENDIX 17-Conta.

2 5 5

#### P. GEM AND JEWELLERY-Contd.

Cut and pollshed onyx. P.3.3

> Jewellery containing gold, silver, platinum or palladium and studded/strung with diamonds, precious or semi-precious stones real or cultured pearls synthetic/ imitation stones provided the value of synthetic/imitation stones does not exceed 10% of the f.o.b. value of jewellery excluding the value of metal.

50 %

- (a) Sliced onys.
- 65%

  - Real or cultured pearls, unset/undrilled.
- (a) Diamonds, uncut and unset
  (b) Precious or semi-precious stones, unset and uncut
  (c) Precious or semi-precious forms as may be imposed by Gold Control Administration and by the Reserve Bank of India.
  (2) Studded/strung fewellery containing synthetic or imitation stones exceeding 10% of the value of jewellery excluding the value of metal, in addition to the diamonds, precious or semiproclous stones and/or pearls are excluded from the scope of this item.
  - (3) Precious metal jewellery as described under Col, 2 will be covered under Sl. No. precious metal h.e., gold, ailver, platinum or palladlum is von less than 70% of total value of motal used of tet it alue of motal used therein or studded jewellery containing in whole or in part, metal other than gold, silver, platinum or palladium and atudded/
    strung with diamonds, pearls, precious/semiprecious stones will also be grouped under Sl. No. P.4 for the purposes of import for the purposes of import repienishment, provided the value of the studdings/ stringing amount to 90% or above or the total f.o.b. value,
  - (4) For the purpose of determining the f.o.b. value, the value of metal as shown in the customs a tested involce will be excluded. Similarly making charges in excess of 25% of the value of jewellery excluding the value of metal will also be excluded,
  - (5) Replenishment of diamonds, un ut and obset precious / semi-precious stones, unent and unset real or cultured pearls unset/undrilled shall be allowed in proportion to the fo.b. value content of diamonds, uncut and unset; diamonds, uncut and unset; precious or semi-precious stones, unset and uncut; and real or cultured pearl a unset/undrilled, respectively used as contained in the exported product, as declared by the exporter and duly attested by the custom in the invoice. No oustom in the invoice. No interchangeability of the aforesald studding materials inter-se shall be allowed.

# APPENDIA 1/--Consa.

1	2	3		4		9
P. GEM A	AND JEWELLERY—Contd					
P 5.1	Cut or polished synthetic stones	50%	(a)	Rough synthetic чколек.		Production of among thested invoices is not required for claiming replenishment.  Import of Cubic Zirconia will not be permitted under rough synthetic stones against this Serial Number
P.6	Imitation/Costume Jewellery ;					
P. 5 I	Imitation Jewellery/Costume Jewelfery studded or strung with synthetic/imitation stones/plastic beads, wouden beads, glass beads, false pearls, glass chatons etc.	33 <u>1</u> %	(b)	Glass beads, file posts and glass chatons. Rough synthetic stones. Metal fittings, findings, components and accessories required for imitation towellery	$ar{ar{I}}_{i}$	metals other than precious metals referred to to Sl. No. P.4 will be covered by this entry. In other words, only lewellery made of base metal like aluminium copper, brass, etc. and studded/strung with synthetic/imitation stones/plastic bead, would fail under this Sl. No. Base metal imitation jewellery studded/strung with semi-precions. toney will also fail under this Sl. No.
					( 2 }	Production of Custom thested invoices is not equiped while ceplenishment.
					(3)	Cuff Links (including brass Cuff Links) studded with synthetic/imitation stones, decorated Cuff Links and gold plated Cuff Links will also fall under this Si. No.
					(4)	Import of Cubic Zirconia will not be permitted under rough synthetic stone against this Serial Number
P62	Imitation Jewellery/Custume Jewellery Plain (other than those specified under Sl. No P.6.1).	10%		(a) Metal fittings, findings, components and accessories required for imitation jewellery.	, (1)	Jhumka, rings, finger rings belts, necklaces, ghungroomete, made of base metals such as aluminium and "Gillet", will also fall under this Sl. No. Brass Cuff Links other than those covered by S. No. P.6.1, will also fall under this Sl. No.
					(2)	Production of Customs attested invoices is not required while claiming replenishment.
P.6.3	Silver Piligree and Silver Filigree Jewellery	10%	(a)	Metal fittings.		
P.6.4	Jewellery made of gold, silver, platinum or palladium and studded with synthetic/imitation glass, stones, chatons, beads, false pearls, etc. with or without diamonds, precious stones, semi-precious atones, real/cultured pearls.	331%	(a)	Glass beads, faise pearls and glass chatons, Rough synthetic stones,	(1)	The price of gold and silver/platinum and paliadium will be excluded from the fo.b. value while calculating replenishment.  This Serial No. will also cover acticles of gold or silver and studed with synthetic/imitation glass stones, chatous, beads, false pearls with or without diamonds, precious stones, real/cultured pearls.

282 THE GAZETTE OF INDIA: EXTRAORDINARY [PART I-SEC. 1] APPENDIX 17—Concld. 2 3 4 5 1 P. GEM AND JEWELLERY-Concld. (3) The exports shall be subject to such restrictions as may be imposed by Gold Control Administration and by the Reserve Bank of India. (4) Import of Cubic Zirconia will not be permitted under rough synthetic stones rough against this Scrial Number. PP. GEM AND JEWELLERY—SALES TO FOREIGN TOURISTS (1) The value of the base metal s.g., gold, silver, platinum and palladium will be excluded in computation of value of replenishment. The sale vouchers should indicate the value of metal separately.

(2) The sale of gold jewellery will be subject to such general or special restrictions as are imposed by the Gold Control Administration and by the Reserve PP.1 Processed and polished Pearls (real or (a) Rough diamonds, uncut oultured). and unset, precious or semi-precious stones, uncut and Cut and polished Diamonds PP.2 Cut and polished precious or semi-precious stones including Turquoles stones.

Gold, Platinum, Palladium, Silver jewellery studded with precious or semiunset, Pearls real or cul-tured unset/undrilled, rough PP.3 (50%) synthetic stones, other imi-PP.4 tation stones. recious stones, diamonds, real or cultured Pearle. tration and by the Reserve Bank of India. (3) In the case of jewellery in which there is an admixture of diamonds, precious/ semi-precious stones and/ or pearls with any other variety of glass, imitation or synthetic stones, the import replenishment will be 331%. (4) Jewellery made of gold, platinum, paliadium or silver and studded or strung with glass beads or synthetic stones with or without diamonds, precious/semi-precious stones or pearls will be considered only for 33½% import replenishment. replenishment. (5) Import of Cubic Zirconia will not be permitted under rough synthetic stones against these Serial Numbers. (6) Import of Pearls real or oultured. upset/undrilled shall be allowed only upte 25 % of the value of the ilosace issued against export of products mentioned in Col. S. Imitation jewellery studded or strung with 331.73 glass boads, false pearls, imitation and PP 5 (a) Glass beads, false pearis, (1) import of Cubic Zirconis

glass chatons.

25 %

Rough synthetic stones

(a) Rough synthetic stones.

synthetic stones

Cutand polished synthetic stones

PP.6

will not be permitted under

rough synthetic stones against this Sorial Num-

(1) Import of Cubic Zirconia will not be permitted under

rough synthetic stone against this Serial Number

ber,

	API	PENDIX	17	Concid.	
1	2	3		4	5
Q. STAI	INLESS STEEL PRODUCTS				GENERAL NOTES :
					(1) In the case of products covered by this group, in addition to the prescribed documents, production of Export Inspection Agency Certificate indicating quality and type of material used will also be necessary.
Q.1	Stainless steel products containing stainless steel content of not less than 80 % by Weight.	<b>50 %</b>	(a)	Stainless steel prime excluding melting scrap.	(1) Export of stainless steel watch cases will also qualify for import replenishment under this Si, Number.
Q.2	Stainless Steel Castings, all types.  SCELLANEOUS EXPORT PRODUCTS	20 %	(a)	Stainiess steel melting scrap.	
S. MIS	Vanaspati	69/	(-)	Tin Plate.	
S.4	Micanite insulating materials bonded with synthetic resins.	6% 3%		Synthetic resins in Appendix 3.	(1) Registering Authority is the Engineering Export Promotion Council.
S.5	Postagogstamps whether used for unused	35%	(a)	Postage stamps whether used or unused.	
					(2) Import replenishment will be allowed only on production of bank certificate showing receipt of foreign exchange against exports in addition to other prescribed documents.
S.8	Animal/Poultry Feed compound. Mango kernel oil and Sal seed oil.	472		Packing materials, viz p CRCA sheets,	(1) Registering Authority is the Processed Foods Export Promotion Council, New Delhi.

# ANNEXURE TO APPENDIX-17

Statement of Import-Replenishment admissible in cases covered by General Note (1) in Column 5 under Product Group : 'A—Engineering Goods'

Si. No.	Export Product Impo	ort Replenishmen percentage							
A.1	(1) Carbon steel forgings	Nil							
	(ii) Alloy Steel forgings.	Nil							
A.4	Steel Wire and products made of such wire :								
	(a) High Carbon Steel Wire and products thereof:—								
	(i) Galvanised/Electroplated/Copper coated/Bronze coated.								
	(#) Ungalvanised and uncoated	14%							
	(b) Steel Wire Ropes t-	Nil							
	(i) Galvanised/electroplated	7%							
	(ii) Ungalyanised/electroplated	Nil							
	(c) Carbon steel welded wire mesh .	Nil							
A.7	Other ferrous manufactures 1—	1411							
A.,	(1) Steel Pipes and tubes	NTD							
		Nil							
	Steel Pipes and Tubes (Galvanised)	16%							
	·	Nil							
A.21	(v) Transmission Line Towers (Galvanised)	15%							
A.21	Air-conditioning and Referigeration equipment, Humidification, Ventilation and Air control equipment and spare parts thereof	21 %							
A.22	Power equipment including alternaters, generators, transformers, switchgear and control gear, motors, rectifiers and power capacitors:—	41 /e							
	(ii) Fransformers.	27%							
	(a) Switchgear, controlgear, rectifiers, power capacitors and lightning arrestors	8%							
A.24	(1) Aluminium Conductors steel reinforced (ACSR)	45%							
A.56	Internal Combustion engines/pumps and compressors, all types	13½%							
A.64	(i) Industrial machinery, components and spares thereof	9%							
A.75	(1) Railway Coaches and Wagons including Tram Cars	2%							
A.78	Water Transport Equipment	Nil							
A.82	(1) Bicycles, all types (other than special models and sports light Roadster), bicycle components								
	and accessories; bleycle rickshaws and their components/accessories, all types  (ii) Bicycles special models including Sports Light Roadster (SLR Model)	15%							
A.89	Petroleum metering and dispensing pumps	Nil							
A.93	(1) Photographic Camera	Nil							
A.94	Sewing machines	21%							
A.97	Measuring tapes, tape rules, all types	10%							
A.100	(ii) Clocks and Time pieces excluding digital clocks and Time pieces	5%							
A.101	Time Chains	Nil							
A.102	Other engineering products not elsewhere specified	21%							

#### APPENDIX, 18

(Paras 268 and 283 of Chapter XXI)

# ALLOCATION OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE TO EXPORT HOUSES AND TRADING HOUSES FOR PROMOTIONAL ACTIVITIES

Attention is invited to the provisions made in para 266 of Chapter XXI according to which an export house holding 'Export House Certificate' may be allowed to utilise foreign exchange upto 2.5% of the f.o.b. value of its total exports in the previous year, for the following purposes, inter-alia:—

- (a) Foreign Exchange currenditure on prometional activities otherwise perturbed under the Code of Grants in Aid for export efforts. A list of the relevant export promotion activities covered by the Code of Grants in Aid in given in the Annualize to this Appendix, and
- (b) Imports of testing equipment and spares and machinery, duty cleased from indigenous angle and considered essential for serting up commen servicing exattes
- 2(1). The above limit of 2.5% is in addition to the blanket foreign exchange facility separately available to export houses and large exporters from the Reserve Bank of India and it is subject to a maximum of Rs. 10 lakhs (Rs. 20 lakhs in the case of Export House whose exports of select products in the preceding year were at least Rs. 5 crores in value f.o.b.) and Export Houses whose exports of select products in the year before the preceding year were not less than Rs. 2.0 crores (f.o.b.) in value and increased their exports during the preceding year by at least 50% over the level of the year before the preceding vear. The amount exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs/Rs, 20 lakhs but within the overall 2.5% will be adjusted against the REP entitlements earned by the export house on its own exports.
- (2). For Trading Houses, the upper limit in sub-para (1) above will be Rs. 60 lakhs. Within this foreign exchange allocation, the Trading Houses may also set up warehouses and offices abroad without obtaining prior approval of the Reserve Bank of India. They should, however, send post-facto intimation to the Reserve Bank of India, insmediately after setting up the warehouses/offices abroad.
- 3. During the licensing year the facility will be available on the basis of 2.5% of the exports made in

the preceding year of all products, subject to the provision indicated in para 2 above.

In the Export House/Frading House Certificates issued in the licensing year, the total value of exports of the export house/trading house made in the preceding year will be indicated. This will enable them to avail of the provision made in this policy. In the case of those to whom Export/Trading House Certificates were issued in the preceding year and which are valid in the licensing year, the f.o.b. value of exports for the preceding year will be intimated by the regional licensing authorities concerned to the regional office concerned of the Reserve Eank of Based on the f.o.b. value of exports thus made available, the Reserve Bank of India will issue a Blanket Pass Book to each export house/trading house releasing the amount of foreign exchange for the purpose, equal to 2.5% of the fo.b. value of exports subject to a maximum of Rs. 10 lakhs or Rs. 20 Jakhs or Rs. 60 Jakhs, as the case may be. If an export house, tracking house wants to utilise for this purpose an amount more than Rs. 10 lakhs/ Rs. 20 lakhs/Rs 60 lakhs, but within the overall entitlement of 2.5% of the folb value of its exports in the preceding year by surrendering REP entitlements on its own exports as indicated above, the export house/trading house will approach the import licensing authority concerned with whom the REP entitlement is pending and surrender the REP entitlement on its own exports of the required amount. To the extent the REP entitlement is thus surrendered the licensing authority will inform the Reserve Bank of India. On that basis, the Reserve Bank of India will release further amount of foreign exchange in the Pass Book referred to above.

- and has Book will enable the export nonse/ unding house to remit foreign exchange for the purposes referred to in sub-para I(a) above through any authorised dealer in foreign exchange. The authorised dealer will debit the amount thus remitted in the Pres Book under intimation to the Reserve Bank
- 6. Exp of Houses trading dousen intending to utilise this foreign exchange allocation for import of

#### APPENDIX 18-Conid.

equipments etc. referred to in sub-pars 1(b) above should approach the DGTD (E.P. Directorate) giving full particulars of the goods sought to be imported, their c.i.f. value and the purpose/justification for import and the name of the licensing authority which has to issue the licence. The DGTD will send their recommendation direct to the said licensing authority. Based on that, the licensing authority will issue import licence. The value of the name will be debited by

the licensing authority in the said Pass. Book under intimation to the Reserve Bank of India.

7. The Pass Books issued in the licensing year may be made valid by the Reserve Bank of India for one year from the date of issue. After the Pass Book has been fully utilised, it should be surrendered to the Reserve Bank of India (Exchange Control Department) for post scrutiny, if any, as decided by the Reserve Bank of India.

## ANNEXURE TO APPENDIX 18

# EXPORT PROMOTION ACTIVITIES COVERED BY THE CODE OF GRANTS IN-AID OF MARKET DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE AND OTHER FACILITIES AND WHICH ARE RELEVANT FOR THE BLANKET FOREIGN EXCHANGE PERMIT SCHEME

- 1. Sales or Sales-cum-study teams abroad.
- 2. Publications for use abroad, including journals, brochures, pamphlets, folders etc. for bound publicity of products of the Export House.
- 3. Brand publicity projects through advertisements in news papers and periodicals abroad or through other useful media. Such projects, if not sponsored by an approved organisation under the code, should have prior approval of the Ministry of Commerce for assistance under the code.
- 4. Participation in exhibitions abroad, display of exhibits in show-rooms abroad.
- 5. Settlement of small value claims with foreign buyers. For this purpose, a small value claim means a claim not exceeding ten per cent of the f.o.b. value of the transaction to which it pertains subject to a maximum of Rs. 10,000.
- 6. Expenditure on stamp duty, court fees stamp, advocate fee, and other legal expenses incurred abroad, and also expenses on advertisement and publicity, calendars, diaries, souvenirs, catalogues and other sundry materials/gift articles.

## APPENDIX-19

## (Chapter XVI)

### **DUTY EXEMPTION SCHEME**

## Scope:

The three categories of licences covered by this Scheme are (1) Advance licence (2) Advance licence for supply of Intermediate Products and (3) Special Imprest licence. The basis and conditions on which these three categories of licences are issued under Duty Exemption Scheme are different and licences issued under one category cannot be mixed up with the other. Imports against a licence granted under this Scheme will be eligible for the benefit of Customs duty exemption, as laid down. Applications for grant of advance licences with customs duty exemption for value less than Rs. 5,000/- will not be entertained. A licence issued under this scheme to a manufacturer-exporter will be subject to Actual User conditions. Exempt materials imported by a merchant-exporter, when transferred to a supporting manufacturer specified below for production as prescribed in the scheme, will be subject to Actual User conditions.

- 2. The purpose and scope of the three categories of licences referred to above are as follows:—
  - (1) Advance licences are issued to registered exporters for import of exempt materials specified in Annexure I to the Department of Revenue Notification No.G.S.R. dated 5-4-1982 (Annexure I to this Appendix) and the resultant products have to be exported outside the country.
  - (2) Advance licences for supply of Intermediate products are issued to registered manufacturer-exporters for the exempt materials listed in Annexure II to this Appendix with a tie-up arrangement and the resultant materials have either to be exported out of the country or these may be supplied to (a) another Advance Licence holder under the Intermediate Schemc who requires these intermediate products for the manufacture of finished products (listed in Annexure II) to be exported out of the country, or (b) to a unit located in a Free Trade Zone in India or a 100 % E.O.U. which requires these intermediate products for manufacture and export out of the country.
  - (3) Special Imprest licences are issued to registered exporters for the deemed exports covered by para 190(b), (f)&(i) of this Policy for import of raw materials and components required for the manufacture of goods to be supplied to projects in India against contracts entered into with IBRD/IDA aided projects, projects financed by multilateral and bilateral external assistance and ONGC/OVL/GAIL vide Deptt. of Revenue Notification in Annexure III to this Appendix.

3. The Scheme will apply only to those export products in which there is a minimum value addition of 33% from c.i.f. value of imports to f.o.b. value of exports. Wherever it is considered necessary, Advance Licensing Committees may relax the condition regarding 33% value addition. Similarly, Advance Licensing Committees may decline to consider cases where it is considered that the minimum value addition, though 33% or above is not sufficient for the export products involved.

# Eligibility:

- 4(1) Registered exporters referred to in para 2 above are eligible to apply for licences under this Scheme provided such exporters (i) hold valid export orders in their own names and (ii) are able to realise foreign exchange in their own names for the items proposed to be exported.
- (2) A registered manufacturer-exporter who is engaged in actual production and export during the preceding three financial years will be eligible to claim licences under this Scheme based on his average past export performance during the preceding three financial years. This facility may also be extended to Export/Trading Houses.
- (3) Applications for licences under this Scheme from the same registered exporter against specific export orders may be entertained even though the export obligation against earlier licences under this scheme may be outstanding so long as the exporter has not been declared defaulter in respect of any previous export obligation.
- (4) The condition relating to realisation of foreign exchange stated in sub-para (1) above will not, however, apply to applicants for (i) the Advance licence under Intermediate Scheme for supplies made within India and (ii) Special Impreset licences for supplies to ONGC/Oil India Ltd./GAIL.
- (5) It is clarified that the exports on behalf of others or on account of others or third party exports are not admissible under this Scheme. There is no objection, however, to the export documents mentioning the name of the manufacturer to indicate the origin of the products, if required, but under no circumstances these exports would be considered or accepted as the exports effected by the manufacturer.

## Items permissible:

5. Items listed in Annexure I to Department of Revenue Notification in Annexure I to this Appendix are eligible for import under an Advance licence. Raw

#### APPENDIX 19—Contd.

materials and components required for the manufacture of the goods to be supplied to the specified projects/ONGC/OIL/GAIL are eligible to be imported under a Special Imprest licence. However, items figuring in Appendix 2—Part A of this Policy and consumer goods will not be allowed. Items of spares and consumables may be allowed to these categories without duty exemption benefits. For Advance licences for manufacture of Intermediate products only items listed in Annexurc II to this Appendix are allowed for imports.

## Submission of Application:

- 6. Applications for issue of licences under this Scheme should be preferred in quadruplicate in the form given in Appendix XVI-A of the Hand Book. A copy each along with the full set of documents is to be forwarded to the (1) Director (Drawback), Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Jeevan Deep Bldg., Sansand Marg, New Delhi, (2) D.G.T.D., Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi or DC (SSI), New Delhi or Textile Commissioner, Bombay, as the case may be, (3) Concerned licensing authority in accordance with the jurisdiction indicated in Appendix II-B of the Hand Book and (4) Regional Licensing Authority indicated in Annexure IV to this Scheme. In the case of applications for licences under this Scheme which are beyond the jurisdiction of the regional licensing authorities as stated in para 12 below, a copy of the application is to be sent to the office of the CCI&E, (EP-II Section), New Delhi, instead of to the Regional licensing authority concerned.
- 7. Where input-output norms have already been prescribed by the Advance Licensing Committee either in individual cases or in Annexure V to this Appendix, no certificate from a Chartered Engineer or Chartered Accountant or DGTD, etc. would be required to be submitted along with the application. An input-output norm fixed in an individual case cannot be claimed as the basis for issue of licences under this Scheme for another applicant. The application should, however, contain all other prescribed documents.
- 8. Where input-output norms have already been approved by the Advance Licensing Committee in the office of the CCI&E, New Delhi, either in (i) individual cases or (ii) Annexure V to this Appendix, the licensing authorities headed by Jt. CCI&Es/Dy. CCI&Es may issue licences under this Scheme without prior clearance from the Regional/Hqrs. Advance Licensing Committees. In all these cases, after issue of the licences concerned, the licensing authorities will inform the Regional Advance Licensing Committee concerned for ex-post facto approval.

## Advance Licensing Committees and their jurisdictions:

9. To consider applications under this Scheme the Advance Licensing Committees having repesentative of concerned authorities/departments as may be decided from time to time will be set up. Licences

under this Scheme may be issued as per the decisions of these Committees with regard to quantities/values/items. The Committees may allow representative/s of the applicants to appear before them on a specific request made for this purpose in writing.

- 10. Advance Licensing Committees will function in the offices of (1) the CCI&E, New Delhi, (2) the Jt. CCI&E, Calcutta, (3) the Jt. CCI&E, Madras and (4) the Jt. CCI&E, (CLA), New Delhi. Formation of an Advance Licensing Committee in the office of the Jt. CCI&E, Bombay, will be considered on opening of an office of DGTD in that place. Till then applications will continue to be placed before the Hqrs. Advance Licensing Committee in the office of the CCI&E, New Delhi.
- 11. The jurisdiction of the Regional Advance Licensing Committees is given in Annexure IV to this Scheme.
- 12. The Regional Advance Licensing Committees will consider applications for licences under the three categories of Duty Exemption Scheme enumerated above in the following types of cases:—
  - (1) Where the application is for a CIF value of Rs. 25 lakhs or below but no input-output norms have been fixed for the export products earlier either in (i) individual cases or (ii) Annexure V to this Appendix.
  - (2) Where the application is for a CIF value of Rs. one crore or below but input-output norms have been fixed for the export products either in (i) individual cases or (ii) Annexure V to this Appendix.
- 13. The following categories of applications will only be considered by the Hqrs. Advance Licensing Committee:—
  - (1) Cases not covered by sub-paras (1) and (2) in para 12 above.
  - (2) Cases where export obligation sought to be initially imposed is beyond the periods of export obligation prescribed in para 23(1) below.
  - (3) Applicants seeking Advance licences for a value exceeding 12 months' requirements at a time.
  - (4) Applications for fixation of input-output norms as per para 15 below.
- 14. Annexure V to this Scheme gives the relevant input-output norms relating to export products which have been approved by the Advance Licensing Committee in the office of the CCI&E, New Delhi. Any

## APPENDIX 19-Contd.

change in the input-output norms prescribed in Annexure V will require prior approval of the Advance Licensing Committee in the office of the CCI&E, New Delhi.

15. A registered exporter may apply to the Advance Licensing Committee in the office of the CCI&E, Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi for approval of the input-output norms of the products to be exported by him in anticipation of the orders to be obtained during the course of the year.

# **Duty Exemption Entitlement Certificate:**

16. The licensing authority issuing a licence under this Scheme will also simultaneously issue the connected Duty Exemption Entitlement Certificate in the form given in Appendix XVI-E of the Hand Book. These certificates will be issued in two parts—one for imports and the other for exports. Both the parts of the DEECs duly completed in all parts by the Customs will have to be surrendered to the licensing authority concerned along with the prescribed documents in fulfilment of the export obligation imposed on them.

## Port of Registration:

17. The licence and the DEEC under this scheme will be issued with a single port of registration and will be valid for import and export of the items covered by them only through this port. If any imports or exports are to be effected from a port other than the port of registration, the licence holder will have to approach the Customs authorities concerned who may grant permission subject to such conditions as they may deem fit. In respect of cextain items, the port of registration will be as indicated in sub para (+) of the Customs notification in Annexur-I to this Appendix.

## Imports:

- 18. Where the licence holder is eligible to Duty exemption for canalised items, it will be open to him either to import these directly or obtain supplies of imported materials from the bonded stocks of the canalising agency concerned.
- 19. Where the applicant is eligible to Duty Exemption for an item allowed for import under OGL in this Policy, it will be open to him to import that item and keep it in Customs bond for getting clearance against a valid unexpired licence issued under this Scheme. Clearance of the item from the Customs bond will, however, have to be effected after obtaining the licence under this Scheme without which the benefit of duty exemption will not be admissible.
- 20. In the case of higher freight or upward variation in exchange rates, the licensing authorities may, on request, enhance the c.i.f. value of the licence issued under this Scheme provided the f.o.b. value of empore obligation prescribed is also expressed and prescribed in the expression of the licence of the licence is also expressed and prescribed in the expression of the licence of the licence is also expressed and prescribed in the licence of the licence is also expressed and licence is also expressed and

## Letter of Authority:

- 21(1) On a licence issued under this Scheme, the facility of issuing letter of authority, if eligible, will be restricted to the supporting manufacturers whose name/s figure/s in the DEEC issued notwithstanding the provisions in paras 118 and 119 of the Hand Book. No Letter of credit shall be allowed to be opened against a licence issued under this scheme by a person other than the licensee or the supporting manufacturers shown in the DEEC.
- (2) Export/trading houses may also be permitted by the Hqrs. Advance Licensing Committee to issue letters of authority to such supporting manufacturers against licences issued under this Scheme in relaxation of the provisions contained in para 118(2) of the Hand Book provided such export/trading houses are agreeable to execute bonds with bank guarantee for the full Customs duties payable.

## Export obligations:

22. A licence issued under this scheme will bear a suitable export obligation. The export obligation period will begin from the date of clearance of the first consignment of import or from 30 days after the date of import of the first consignment, whichever is earlier. Initially, on a provisional basis the date of execution of bond/legal agreement will be treated as the date from which export obligation begins. However, on submission of bill of entry and the DEEC, the date from which the export obligation begins will be regularised as stated above.

23(1). The period prescribed for fulfilment of the export obligation is as follows:—

Sl. Export Product No.	Period
1. Engineering items (Machinery/ turnkey projects only)	12 months.
2. Cassettes (Audio or Video)	6 months.
3. Others	9 months.

(2) The Regional Advance Licensing Committees may consider, on merits, extension of export obligation for a period not exceeding three months. In the case of the export product Cassettes (Audio or Video), however, no extension of export obligation will be granted under any circumstances. Normally, no further extension of export obligation will be granted beyond the three months referred to above. However, in exceptional cases for extenuating circumstances, the Advance Licensing Committee in the office of the CCI&E, New Delhi, may consider grant of further extension in export obligation period, on the merits of each such case.

## APPENDIX 19-Contd.

#### Execution of bond:

- 24(1) Before clearance of the first consignment of import, the licence holder shall execute a bond with bank guarantee with the concerned licensing authority in the prescribed form given in Appendix XVI-C of the Hand Book. Certain categories of licence holders may be given the facility of bond with bank guarantee for a lesser value or legal agreement in lieu of the bond as per paras 339 and 340 of the Hand book.
- (2) If the applicant is not a manufacturer of the resultant products, the export bond/legal agreement shall be executed jointly by the exporter holding the licence and the supporting manufacturer/s whose name/s appear/s in the DEEC. For this purpose, the applicant registered exporter will have to indicate the name/s and address/es of the manufacturer/s in whose factory/ies the resultant product/s are proposed to be manufactured and their name/s will be included in the DEEC. In the case of merchant exporters of goods specified in para 6 of Appendix 13 of this Policy, the Hqrs./Regional Advance Licensing Committees may allow, on merits, for execution of such bond/legal agreement by the exporter, without insisting on a joint bond with their supporting manufacturers.
- (3) In the case of export/trading houses also, the name/s of manufacturer/s where the resultant products are to be manufactured will have to be indicated for inclusion in the DEEC but it will not be necessary for the export/trading house to execute a joint bond/legal agreement and they may execute the bond/legal agreement themselves.
- (4) Where the export obligation prescribed on a licence under this Scheme has been fulfilled in part before import of the exempt materials involved, the bond/legal agreement will be correspondingly reduced in value so that it represents only the unfulfilled part of the export obligation/Customs duty exemption. If the export obligation prescribed has been met in full before any import takes place, execution of a bond/legal agreement will not be necessary. For these purposes, however, the Advance licence holder will have to produce to the licensing authority concerned prescribed export documents to prove such partial or full fulfilment of export obligation along with the DEECs showing Customs audited entries.
- above will, however, not be necessary in case of supplies effected under Advance Licences for Intermediate products to another Advance Licence holder for Intermediate product or under Special Imprest Licence to the project authorities concerned. In these cases, the entries effected on the DEECs concerned by the seller/buyer Advance Licence holder under the Intermediate Scheme or the project authorities concerned, as the case may be, will suffice. However, in respect of Advance licences issued for supply of Intermediate products where such supplies are effected

- to a unit in FTZ/100% EOU, such entries relating to supplies in the DEECs involved will have to be made by the Development Commissioner or the Customs/Central Excise Officer, as the case may be.
- (6) Where an Advance licence holder has not executed the bond/legal agreement as he had already fulfilled the export obligation in full and a waiver for execution of the bond/legal agreement has been given, the Advance licence holder concerned shall, after effecting imports, submit the DEEC with Customs audited entries relating to imports and exports and Part 'H' duly filled in by him to the licensing authority concerned.

## Exports:

- 25. The shipping bill relating to exports covered by this Scheme shall bear such declarations and follow such procedures as may be laid down by the Customs authorities concerned. This provision will not apply to supplies against Advance licences issued for Intermediate products/Special Imprest licences.
- 26. Exports/supplies made from the date of receipt of application under this Scheme by the licensing authority concerned will be accepted towards discharge of export obligation. However, the applicant exporter will be taking advantage of this provision only at his own risk and subsequently if his application for a licence is rejected under this Scheme he will not be entitled to import the items concerned or to the duty exemption benefits.
- 27(1) Shipments made in the export obligation period will be entered on the DEEC by the Customs authorities concerned. Such endorsements on DEEC from the Customs are not required for supplies effected under an Intermediate Scheme or Special Imprest licence except to the extent covered by sub-para (2) below.
- (2) Supplies effected within the export obligation period by an Advance Licence holder for supply of the Intermediate products to a unit in FTZ/100% EOU will be endorsed on his DEECs, Part II, by the Development Commissioner or Customs/Central Excise Officer in the 100% EOU, as the case may be, to indicate acceptance of such goods. Such supplies will be allowed only if the value of these goods is accounted for by the buyer unit for the purpose of counting the prescribed value addition.
- (3) When supplies are effected by an Advance licence holder under Intermediate product Scheme to another Advance licence holder under the same Scheme, the supplier will make an endorsement on the DEEC issued to the recipient about the actual supplies effected to the latter. Similarly, the recipient will make suitable endorsement on the DHEG of the supplier about the acceptance of supplies from him

## APPENDIX 19--Contd.

- (4) Supplies effected by the Special Imprest licence holder within the export obligation period will be endorsed by the Project Authorities concerned on the DEECs, Part II, for having received the goods indicated therein.
- (5) If a shipment is sought to be effected in discharge of export obligation either before the issue of the licence and the DEEC or after the expiry of the stipulated period of export obligation, Customs authority will allow such exports on provisional shipping bills. Subsequently, if a licence and the DEEC are issued or the period for fulfilling export obligation is extended to cover these exports, the Customs authorities will regularise these exports. If, however, a licence and DEEC are not issued or period for fulfilling export obligation is not extended, the provisional exports will not be eligible for regularisation and these endorsements made will be cancelled. The licensing authority concerned will suitably endorse a copy of the communication addressed to the exporter to the Customs authorities concerned regarding such issue of licence or extension, as the case may be.
- (6) In the case of endorsements referred to in sub-paras (3) and (4) above, the acceptace of supplies will have to be signed by the authorised person vide para 50 of the Hand Book with his name, designation and full address of the firm along with the rubber stamp. All the relevant columns in the DEECs have also to be filled in. This will be without prejudice to any other certificates which are prescribed and required to be isued under the provisions of this Policy.
- (7) At the request of the licence holder, on completion of his exports or for settling his accounts vide para 29(3) below before such completion, the Customs authorities will normally return the DEECs with all parts filled in within 30 days from the date of receipt of DEECs with the connected documents.
- 28. The value of a licence issued under this Scheme will be debited to the REP entitlement, if any, admissible to exports made in fulfilment of the export obligation prescribed. Every licence holder under this Scheme will be eligible for import replensihment licences as admissible in terms of Appendix 17 of this Policy for the balance value, if any, after fulfillment of his export obligation. Imports of restricted/Limited permissible/canalised items actually effected (and not OGL items) will alone be computed for calculating the total imports effected by him. Similarly, any exports effected by the registered exporter in excess of the export obligation prescribed will be eligible for the full replenishment benefits as admissible under Appendix 17 of this Policy. For such remaining/additional replenishment benefits, if any, due to the registered exporter, the licensing authority concerned, while redeeming the bond/legal agreement, will simultaneously issue Excess Entitlement Certificates entitling the registered exporter to claim replenishment licences. Such Excess Entitlement

Certificates will be valid for a period of three months from the date of its issue and the registered exporters may prefer application for replenishment licences on the basis of these Excess Entitlement Certificates. It is clarified that the excess exports, if any, effected against a DEEC cannot be adjusted against another DEEC as accounting of each DEEC has to be done separately.

# Follow-up/Penal Actions:

- 29 (1) Where any bond/legal agreement has not been executed against a licence issued under this Scheme within the validity of the licence, licensing authority concerned will initiate action for calling back the licence for cancellation.
- (2) In other cases, a cautionary letter about the expiry of the export obligation period will be issued to the exporter one month before the expiry of the export obligation period. Licensing authorities will also initiate follow-up actions within 30 days from the date of expiry of the export obligation period. If the exports have not been completed in fulfilment of the export obligation penal actions as provided in the succeeding paras will be initiated.
- (3) If a licence holder fails to discharge the prescribed export obligation within the permitted time, either in full or in part, the bond/legal agreement executed by him will be enforced. He shall also be treated to be in default, thereby disentitling him to secure any licences/release orders either under this Scheme or under any other provision of this Policy. In such cases, the registered exporter shall:—
  - (i) pay forthwith to the Customs Authority concerned duty on the proportionate quantity of exempt materials imported corresponding to the products not exported and on any excess materials that is left over after utilisation in the manufacture of the resultant products and completion of the corresponding exports; and
  - (ii) pay interest at 18% per annum of the total amount of Customs duty and other duties payable from the date of clearance of the imported goods (exempt materials) to the date on which the amount due from him is actually paid.

The defaulting licensee will take the above actions within a month from the date of any order issued by the licensing authority concerned.

(4) If the defaulter licensee fails to act according to the provisions in sub-para (3) above, the licensing authority shall recover the amounts and value of such REP licences due from export entitlements due to the defaulting exporter. The Customs authorities shall also take suitable action for recovery of Customs or other duties and interest thereon under Section

## APPENDIX 19-Contd.

142 of the Customs Act 1962. These actions shall be without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against the defaulter exporter under the Import & Export (Control) Act, 1947 and the Order issued thereunder.

(5) Any follow-up or penal action initiated by the licensing authorities shall not be discontinued unless these are stayed or set aside by the appellate authorities concerned.

## Utilisation of exempt materials:

30. Exempt materials imported against a licence under this Scheme shall be utilised for the manfacture of the resultant products specified in the DEEC. Such materials shall not be loaned, sold or transferred or disposed of otherwise under any circumstances. However, in cases where the export obligation has been partially or fully met before the receipt of the licence (but made after the date of receipt of the application for the licence), the Advance Licensing Committee in the office of the CCI&E, New Delhi, may consider transfer at landed cost of the exempt materials

imported subsequently on this licence as replenishment to the supporting manufacturer concerned whose name appears in the DEEC for further production and subject to Actual User conditions.

## Admissibility of Drawback:

- 31. No Drawback will be admissible on the products exported/supplied under the Scheme in respect of any Duty exempt materials allowed against such exports/supplies. In respect of any other duty paid materials, whether imported or indigenous, used in such products, a suitable brand rate may be fixed by the Ministry of Finance (Director of Drawback), on request by the registered exporter concerned.
- 32. Ministry of Finance may also consider exempting Intermediates manufactured under this Scheme from payment of excise duty as may be leviable. Otherwise, Excise duty for the manufacture of Intermediates will have to be paid by the manufacturer concerned and Drawback, if any, claimed in accordance with the Rules.

# ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

### MINISTRY OF FINANCE

## Department of Revenue

INDIRECT TAXES DIVISION

New Delhi, the 5th April, 1982

the 15th Chaitra, 1904 (Sake)

## NOTIFICATION

#### CUSTOMS

- .- In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue No 117/78—Customs [GSR No. 318(E)], dated the 9th June, 1978, the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts the goods specified in the First Schedule to this notification and imported against an Advance Licence issued under the Imports (Control) Order, 1955, or obtained against the Advance Release Order on canalising agency for release of goods already imported and warehoused Chapter IX of the said Customs Act, being materials required to be imported for the purpose of manufacture of goods, or replenishment of the materials used in the manufacture of goods or both for execution of one or more export orders, from whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon which is specified In the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975), and the whole of the additional duty leviable thereon under section 3 of the said Customs Tariff Act, 1975, subject to the following conditions, namely:-
  - (a) the materials imported are covered by a Duty Exemption Entitiement Certificate (hereinafter referred to as the said certificate) granted by the Committee in the form specified in the Second Schedule to this notification, in respect of value, quantity, description, quality or technical characteristics, as specified in Part 'C' of the said Certificate;
  - (b) the importer at the time of clearance of the imported material makes—
    - (t) A claim in writing to the Collector of Customs for such exemption and executes a bond legal undertaking before such authority as may be approved by the Central Government for complying with the conditions specified in this notification

- (n) a declaration before the Assistant Collector of Customs binding himself to pay on demand an amount equal to the duty leviable, but for the exemption, on the imported materials in respect of which the conditions specified in this notification have not been complied with.
- (c) the goods corresponding to the resultant products in respect of value, quantity, description, quality or technical characteristics, as specified in the said Certificate are exported within the time specified therein or such extended period as may be granted by the Committee;
- (d) the exempt materials shall be used for the purpose specified in this notification and provided that this condition shall not apply in relation to any exempt materials which have been imported for replenishment of the materials used in the manufacture of goods;
- (e) the exempt materials or any portion there of shall not be sold or otherwise transferred to any other person, or utilised or permitted to be utilised or disposed of in any other manner, without the previous permisions of the Committee.
- "(f) In the case of goods being Nylon fibre, Nylon yara, Nylon fabrics, Polyester fibre, polyester yara, polyester fabrica, stainless steel sheets, stainless steel sheets, stainless steel sheets, stainless steel shrips of magnetic tapes, the import shall be only through any of the Sea ports of Kandla, Bombay, Coclin, Madras, Vizakhapatnam and Calcutta or through any of the Airports of Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras and Bangalore or through either of the internal container depots at Delhi and Bangalore and the export of finished products in which such goods are used shall be only through any of the said sea ports, Airports of internal container depots."

#### ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19—Contd.

# Explanation: - In this notification-

- (i) "Committee" means the Inter-Departmental Committee, as constituted by the Central Government under the Office Memorandum of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce No. 1(3)/66-EAC, dated the 26th June, 1967, for the time being in force, or as reconstituted by the Central Government from time to time;
- (ii) "exempt materials" means the materials imported and specified in Part 'C' of the sald Certificate and eligible for exemption from duty under this notification;
- (iii) "materials" means goods which are raw materials (whether consumable or not) and includes semis, components, parts and intermediate products used in the manufacture of goods and their packings;

- (iv) "resultant products" means the goods specified in Part 'E' of the said Certificate;
- (ν) "Canalising agency" means a public sector agency designated for imports of canalised items ?
- (vi) "importer" includes the holder of an Advance Release Order, who obtains supplies of materials imported and warehoused by a canalising agency under Chapter IX of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962).

Sd/(G. R. Sharma)

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

# ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19-Contd.

## "THE FIRST SCHEDULE"

SI No	Description of the goods		Heading No. of the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975
(1)	(2)		(3)
1.	Ivory, Unmanufactured		05.01/15
2.	FruitsPeel of melons or citrus fruitfresh or preserved	,	08.01/13 and 20.01/07
3.	Mate, Spices and Tea		9.02/03 and 9.04/10
4.	Malt, Starches and gluten.		11.03/09
5.	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruit; whole or broken;		12.01
	<ul><li>(1) Not elsewhere specified.</li><li>(2) Copra.</li></ul>		
6.	Flours or meals of oil seeds or oleaginous fruit, non-defatted (excluding mustard flour)		12,02
7.	Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing		12.03
8.	Sugar beet, whole or sliced, fresh, dried or powdered; sugar cane; hop cones and lupulin		12.04/06
9	Plants and parts (including seeds and fruit) of trees, bushes, shrubs or other plants, being goods kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy, or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, f dried, whole, cut, crushed, ground or powdered.	of a res <b>h</b> ,	12.07
	(1) Not elsewhere specified.		
	(2) Goods used primarily in pharmacy, or for insecticidal, fungicidal, or similar purposes.		
10.	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates: agar-agar and other na mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products.	tural	13.03
11.	Oils, fats, fatty acids including acid oils other than those of animal origin; fatty alcohols, glycerol glycerine	and	15.07 & 15.8/13
12.	Linseed oil; non-edible vegetable oils		15.07
13.	Sugar		17.01
14.	Cocoa and cocoa preparations (for example, cocoa beans, shells, husks, skins and waste, cocoa cocoa butter (fat or oil), cocoa powder, chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa).	past	e, 18.01/06
15.	Malt extracts		19.01/08
16.	Unmanufactured tobacco. ,		24.01
17.	Sulphur of all kinds, other than sublimed sulphur, precipitated sulphur and colloidal sulphur. Asbecrude natural borates and concentrates thereof (calcined or not) but not including borates separ from natural boric acid containing not more than 85% of H3 BO3 calculated on the dry weight; asand.	rated	25.01/32
18.	Metallic ores and concentrates; roasted iron pyrites		26 01
	(1) Not elsewhere specified.		
	(2) Antimony ore and concentrates.		
	(3) Tungsten ore and concentrates.		
	(4) Zinc ore and concentrates.		
19.	Slag ash and residues containing metals or metallic compounds.		26.02/04
20.	Chemical elements, inorganic chemical compounds and other products as specified in Notes 1 and C.T.A. Heading 28.01/58.	2 of	27.08, 27.12/13 and 27.14/16
21.	(1) Not elsewhere specified.		28.01/58
	(2) Aluminium fluoride.		
	(3) Aluminium oxide.		
	(4) Bleaching paste and bleaching powder.		
	(5) Born and boric acid.		

## ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19-Const.

1)

(2)

(3)

- (6) Carbon (including carbon black).
- (7) Cruolite, synthetic.
- (8) Iodine in crude form.
- (9) Mercury (excluding A R , B P , U S P or equivalent grade of purity in containers holding 500 grams
- (10) Silicon
- (11) Sodium hydrosulphite.
- (12) Titanium Dioxide.
- (13) The following products, namely 1 Acids, not elsewhere specified, Air (Compressed or liquid), Axides, Ammonia, Anhydrous, Arsenic, Azides, Bicarbonates or soda, Brorides, Cadmium sulphide, Carbides (for example Silicon Carbide, Boron Carbide, Metal Carbides), Chrome compounds, Corundum, Cobalt oxide, artificial, Green copper as (Ferrous sulphate), Hydrides, Lead compounds, Magnesium oxide, whether or not chemically Tpure), Nitrides, Potassium compounds, Selenium, Silicides, Soda ash, Sodium Cyanide, Sodium silicate, Unnium oxida Zina compounds. Uranium oxide, Zinc compounds.

Organic compounds, including antibiotics, Hormones, Sulpha drugs, Vitamins and other products specified in notes 1 and 2 of CTA Hending 29.01/43.

29,01/45

- (1) Not elsewhere specified
- (2) Acid cresylic.
- (3) The following alcohols, namely, isopropyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, propyl alcohol.
- (4) The following hydrocarbons, namely, benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene, xylene,
- (5) The following dye intermediates, namely, C-Acid (2-Chloro-5 Toluidine-4- Sulphonic Acid), or 6-Chloro-M-Toluldene-4 Sulphonic Acid), H-Acid, I-Acid (2-Naphthyl Amine-5 Hydroxy-7-Sulphonic Acid), J-Acid urea, Aceto-acet-Anilide, Aceto-Acet-O-C-Chloro-Anilide, Aceto-Acet-O-Chloro-Anilide, Aceto-Acet-O-Chloro-Anilide, Aceto-Acet-O-Co-Chloro-Anilide, Aceto-Acet-O-Chloro-Anilide, Aceto-Acet-O-Chloro-A
  - 1-Amino-anthraquinone.
  - 2-Amino-anthragulnone.
  - (Beta-Amino-Anthraquinone).
  - O-Amino Azo Toluene.
  - (2, 3/Dimethyl-4-Amino-Azo-Benzone or 4-Ortho-toluyazo-Ortho-Toluidine), Amino ISO G-Acid.
  - I-Amino-6-Nitro-2-Naphthal-4-Sulphonic Acid, Anthra guinon/Reta Naphthalene.
  - Thioglycolic Acid.
  - (2-Naphthyl Thioglycolic Acid),
  - Beta Naphthol,
  - Benzidine Sulphate/Benzidine Dihydro-chlorida.
  - Benzoyl J-Acid.
  - (2-Benzoyl Amino 3-Naphthol-7-Sulphonic Acid),
  - Chicago Acid,
  - 4-Chloro-2-Anisidina,
  - M-Chlore Aniline,
  - O-Chloro Aniline,

  - P-Chloro Aniline.
  - 4-Chloro-2-Nitro Anisole, 4-Chloro-2-Nitro Aniline,
  - M-Chloro-Para-Xylene,
  - 4-Chloro-O-Toluidine,
  - 5-Chioro-O-Toluidine,

  - 2 15 Dichloro Aniline.
  - 1 14 Diamino Anthrequinone, 1 : 5 Diamino Anthraquinone,
  - 2 15 Dichloro Nitro Bouzeno,
  - 2 15 Dimethyl-4-Chlorophenyl-Thioglycolic Acid,
  - Dimethyl Sulphate, Dinitro-Stilbene Disulphonic Acid
  - (4, 4/Dinitrostilbene-2, 2/-Disulphonia Acid),
  - Gamma Acid.

## ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19-Lonia

(1) (2)

Meta-Phenylene Dlamine

Meta-Toluylene Diamine

Nevil Winther Acid

M-Nitro-Anillno

O-Nitro-Aniline

P-Nitro Anisole

P-Nitrosophenol (I-Hydroxy-4-Nitro Benzene).

Ortho Anisidine, Ortho Nitro-Toluene Ortho Toluidine

M-Nitro-P-Toluidine (MNPT)

Para Anisidine, Para Nitro Anline.

Para Nitro Toluene, Para Nitro-Toluene-Sulphonic Acid. Para Nitro-Toluene-Ortho-

Sulphonic Acid (Toluene-4-Nitro-2-Sulphonic Acid or Benzene-1-Methyl-4-Nitro-2-Sulphonic Acid Para Toluidine.

Para Toluidine Meta Sulphonic Acic Phenyl J.

Acid 2-Pnenylamino-3-Hydroxy Naphthalene-

7-Sulphurle Acid),

N.N. Dimethyl Anlline

Alpha Naphthylamine

Ortho Phenltidine.

Ortho Tolidine Base.

Meta Di-Nitro Benzene.

2. 4-Dinitro-chloro-Benzene

O-Nitro Anisole.

Diphenylamine

Sodium Nitrite

Naphthalene

Aniline Oil,

5-Chloro-O-Totuldine,

Any other Dye Intermediate not elsewhere specified.

#### Peri Acid

Rhoduline Acid G-Salt, R Salt (2 Naphothal-3,

6-Disulphonio Acid, Sodium Salt),

Schacffer's Acid (2-Naphthol-6-Sulphonic Acid),

Sodium Naphthionate/Naphthionic Acid,

Sulphanlline Acid,

Tobias Acid (2-Naphthyl Amiso-1-Sulphonic Acid)

Trichloro Benzone,

6) The following intermediates, namely,

Diamino Stillbene, Disulphoule Acid

(4, 4/Diamino Stilbene-2 2/Disulphonic, Acid.

Diethyl Meta Amino Phenol (Meta-Di-Ethylamino-Phenol), Metanilic Acid, Ortho Toraina Phenyl peri Acid (Phenyl-Amino Naphthalene,

8-Sulphonic)

- (f) Past colour bases ordinarily used as coupling components
- (8) Fast colour salt.
- (9) Naphthols ordinarily used as coupling components.
- (10) The following compounds namely, Acid not elsewhere specified, acotic acid, carbolic acid (Phonof), citric acid, tactaria acid researce essence.
- (11) Aromatic chemicals, namely, such organic chemicals as are ordinarily used for imparting aromate perfumery, cosmetics, toilet product, food products, and beverages
- (12) Insecticide, Pesticide and fungicide chemicais.
- (13) Pharmacontical chemicals that is chemicals having prophylatic or therapout, value and used colely or predominantly as drugs, not elsewhere specified
- (14) The following pharmacoutical chemicals, namely,
  Cocains, alkaloids of opium and their derivatives, alkaloids of ctochons and other alkaloids whice
  are chemically identical with cinchons alkaloids

# ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19--Contd

_	-		
14)		(2)	- (3)
	131	Antibiotics	
	(16)		
		Vitamine	
	(18)		
	(19)	Laboratory chemicals, organic and inorganic, as define in note 2 of CTA Heading 29 01/45	
	(20)	Caprolactum and dimethyl Terephthalate	
	(21)	Camphor.	
	(22)	Ozalic Acid	
	(23)	Calcium/Sodium Formate	
	(24)	Formaldehyde;	
23.	of gla	no-the rapeutic glass ds or other organs, dried whether or not powdered; organo-therapeutic extracts ands or other organs or of their secretions; other animal substances prepared for therapeutic or hylactic uses, not elsewhere specified or included	30 91
34		eta; microbial vaccines, toxins, microbial cultures (including forments but excluding yeasts)	30.02
≱\$	Mess	cament (including vetermory medicanicats);	30,03
	(1)	Not elsewhere specified.	
	(3)	Medicaments containing spirit.	
26.	impro	ting gauze, bandages and similar articles (for example, adhesive plasters, poulties), agnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in retail packings for medical or surgiurposes; sterile surgical suture materials and other pharmaceutical goods specified in note 3 of A. Heading 30.04/05.	30.04/05
<b>27.</b>	tanni	ing extracts of vegetable origin, tanning (tannic acids) and their derivatives, synthetic organic ng substances, ; tanning preparations, whether or not containing natural tanning materials; natic preparations for pretanning (for example, of enzymatic, pan-creatic; or bacterial orgin);	32.01/03
	(1)	Not elsewhere specified	
	(2)	Gambiar.	
	(3)	Mineral tanning and tanning extracts of vegetable origin other than gambier.	
	Color as lur opacii folla :	ring matter; synthetic organic dyestuffs (including pigment dye-stuffs); products of a kind used minophores; optical bleaching agent substantive to the fibre, prepared pigments and prepared flers; prepared driers, glass frit and other glass in the form of powder, granules or flakes; stamping	32.04/12
	(1)	Not elsewhere specified.	
		Pigment dyestuffs.	
	(3)	Synthetic organic dyestuits, not elsewhere specified.	
		Azo Dyes	
	(5)	Sulphur Dyes	
		Vat dyes including solubilized vats	
	<b>(Y)</b>	Optical bleaching agent	
ia.	Anna I	jal oils, natural of synthetic; aqueous distilliates and aqueous solutions of essential oils, including products suitable for medical uses; concrutrates and absolutes; resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic oilet preparations, room deodorisers;	33,01/06
	(1)	Not elsowhere specified	
	<i>(5</i> ) 1	Natural essential oils of citronella, cinnamou and cinnamou leaf.	
			·

# ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19 -- Contd

(1)	(2)	(3)
0.	Lubricating preparations and preparations of a kind used for oil or grease the atment of textiles, teather or other materials, but not including preparations containing 70% or more by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals. Artificial waxes (including wat r soluble waxes), prepared waxes, not emulsified or containing solvents and sodium lauryl sulphate, sodium lauryl ether sulphate.	34,01/07
1	The following substances, and their derivatives, namely, casein, albumins, gelatin (whether or not coloured or surface-worked) peptones and other protein substances; isinglass; hide powder; dextrins; soluble or roasted starches; enzymes, prepared enzymes and glues not elsewhere specified or included:	15 01/07
	(1) Not elsewhere specified.	
	(2) Gelatin, refined.	
2.	Ferro-cerium and other pyrophotic alloys in all forms	36,01/08
33	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included a residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not colsewhere specified or included a (1) Not elsewhere specified.  (2) Activated Carbon.	35 01\to
	(3) Anti-knok preparations and prepared additives for mineral oils	
	(4) Artificial Graphite. (5) Compound oatalysts.	
	(6) Plasticisers not elsewhere specified.	
	(7) Prepared rubber chemicals.	
	(8) Stockholm Tar, refined.	
	(9) Water treatment chemicals, not elsowhere specified	
34	Condensation, polycondensation and polyaddition products, whether or not modified or polymerised, and whether or not linear (for example, phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, polyallyl-esters and other unsaturated polystyrene, polyvinyl choloride, polyvinyl derivateives, polymethacrylic derivatives, coumaroneldeneresins); regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other cellulosic chemical derivatives of cellulosic, (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanised fibre; hardened gelatine; unatural resins modified by fusion (run gums); artificial resins obtained by esterification of natural resin or of resinic acids (ester gum); chemical derivatives of natural rubber (for example, chlorinated rubber, rubber hydrochloride, oxidised rubber, cyclised rubber), other high polymers, artificial resins and artificial plastic materials, including alginic acid, its salts and esters; lluoxyn.	39.01 <i>/</i> 06
35.	Articles of materials described in Heading No 39.01/06, Asceptic bags	39.07
36	Raw rubber, natural or synthetic, rubber latex, natural or synthetic (including mixtures thereof) whether or not pre-vulcanised; Balata, guitapercha and similar natural gums, factice derived from oils; reclaimed rubber; waste and scrap of unhardened rubber.	40.01 04
37	Preparations (including master batches) of natural or synthetic rubber; manufactures of natural or synthetic rubber, whether or not vulcanised or hardened, not elsewhere specified; vulcanised rubber thread and cord, whether or not textile covered, and textile thread covered or impregnated with vulcanised rubber; waste and scrap of hardened rubber;	\$0.05/16
	(1) Not elsewhere specified.	
	(2) Rubber tyres and tubes for wheels of all kinds	
	200 min	
	<ul><li>(3) Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting or vulcanized rubbss</li><li>(4) Asceptic Bags.</li></ul>	

# ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19-Conta.

	(2)	(3)
3,	Raw hides and Skins (fresh, salted, dried, publed or limed), whether or not split, including sheep-skins in the wool.	41.01
9.	Bovine cattlel eather (including buildle loather) and equine leather; sheep and lamb skin leather, other kinds of leather including composition teather, parings and other waste of leather or of composition leather.	41.02/10
ij.	Furskins and artificial for and articles made there of	43.01/04
	Wood in the rough/fuel wood westerna wood chrucest; wood from and Wood wool; sawn and dressed timber; veneered wood, plywood, cellular wood, improved wood and reconstituted wood; fibre, building board of wood or other vegetable material, whether or not bonded with natural or artificial resins or with other organic binders; spook, bobbins and the like of turned wood; articles of wood, not elsewhere specified:  (1) Not elsewhere specified	44.01/28
	(2) Fibre building board at word or other vegetable material, whether or not bouded with other organic binders.	
ng Cra	Natural or agglomerated cork and another there for a constant and another there for a constant and another there are a constant and another the constant and another there are a constant and another there are a constant and a constant are a constant and a	15.01/04
3.	Rayon grade wood puip	47.01
L.	Paper and paper board, all sorts, whether in rolls, sheets or cut to size or shape (including cellulose wadding, composite paper or paper board and impregnated, coated, corrugated, embossed, perforated, surface coloured or decorated, ruled or printed paper or paper board; filter blocks, slabs and plates of paper pulp; stationery made of paper or paper board; articles not elsewhere specified, of paper, paper board; paper pulp or cellulose wadding:  (1) Not elsewhere specified.  (2) Newsprint containing mechanical wood pulp amounting to not less than 70% of the fibre content (excluding chrome, marble, flut, poster, storce; and art paper).	48.01/21
	(3) Other printing and writing paper	1
5.	Transfers (Decalgomanias)	49.08/11
5.	Mulberry raw silk of all grades including duplor	50.02
7.	Spun silk yara and boti yara	50.03/08
,, 3,	Yarn of man-made tibre (code anome); monotil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catguts	51.01/03
<b>)</b> .	of man-made fibre and Nylon Sewing Thread Woven fabrics man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofilor strip of Heading No. 51.01/03.	51.04
).	Wool and other animal hair, yarn/weven fabrics of sheep's or lamb's wool	53.01/05, 53.06/10 and 53.11/13
1.	Flax and remis	54.01/02 and 54.03/04
2.	Mixed/plended fabrics manufactured out of man-made fibre/yarms in which cotton predominates in weight; cotton denire/cordusoy fabrics;	55.07/09
	Cotton Heavy Sheeting/Cotton drill/cotton crasts	
	with weight not less than 225 ams per Sq. Laster	
3	with weight not less than 225 gms per Sq. Laster  Man-made fibres (the heat laster, seed laster recliniting your waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or line orthogons) obershor or not carded or combed or otherwise pre- pared for spitching; continuous that her laster.	56.01/04
	Man-made fibres (the host take and leave moduling your waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or formed-bases) obtained or non-carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spiculag; continuous the nex row.  Sounded thread with synthetic filaments having more than 217 Jeniers and Sewing thread (wax coated)	<b>56.01/04</b> <b>56.05/06</b>
). E	Man-made fibres (the host take and leave moduling your waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or formed-bases) obtained or non-carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spiculag; continuous the nex row.  Sounded thread with synthetic filaments having more than 217 Jeniers and Sewing thread (wax coated)	
). E	Man-made fibres (in he tanger, and case medicing your waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or him editors) rebusher or not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spiculage continuous tracted to see the 217 denors and Sewing thread (wax coated) having more than 217 denier.	56 <b>.05</b> /0 <b>6</b>
). 18 i. l.	Man-made fibres (dis ) to the part and constituting your waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or former-hances) transfer or not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spiculage continuous the next term conded thread with synthetic filaments having more than 217 deniers and Sewing thread (wax coated) having more than 217 denier  Yern of man-made fibres (discontinuous of wesse).	56.05/06 56.05/06
). E	Man-made fibres (dis not the set, and have nothering your waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (confined to the confined and the new pared for spinning; confined to the new room.  Sounded thread with synthetic filaments having more than 217 deniers and Sewing thread (wax coated) having more than 217 denier.  Farm of man-made fibres (discontinuous to white.  Woven fabrics of monomode fibres (discontinuous to white.	56.05/06 56.05/06 36.0*
). E	Man-made fibres (dis by the collection of the collecting years waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (confined to the collections) of the collection of non-carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning; confinuous the next term.  Sounded thread with synthetic filaments having more than 217 deniers and Sewing thread (wax coated) having more than 217 denier.  Form of man-made fibres (discontinuous of wester.  Woves fabrice of man-made fibres (discontinuous of wester.  Hemp (maniful and the fibres fibres (discontinuous of wester.)	56.05/06 56.05/06 36.07 57.01/04 58.05 59.01/15
4. E 3. 6. 7. 8.	Man-made fibres (dis not time and same modeling your waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (confinents or incordances) obtained or not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning; confinuous the next team.  Sounded thread with synthetic filaments having more than 217 deniers and Sewing thread (wax coated) having more than 217 denier.  From of man-made fibres (discontinuous to wester.  Woves fabrics of monomode fibres (discontinuous to wester.  Woves fabrics of monomode fibres (discontinuous to wester.  Weeblings  Wadding and felt including arrives fibrered the fibres tabrics turnegasted and costed to before fabricles of a kind another for industry was and classic targes.	56.05/06 56.05/06 36.07 57.01/04 58.05
	Man-made fibres (dis not the set, and have noted by your waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (confinents or not reduced) whether or not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning; confined that having more than 217 denors and Sewing thread (wax coated) having more than 217 denier  Form of man-made fibres (discontinuous to works.  Woves fabrice of mon-made fibres (discontinuous to works.  Hemp (maniful) and specified  Webbings  Wadding and felt including archaes Florrer; the filt labrice tuning maniful and coated to brize familicarticles of a kind another for faduated and clastic targes.	56.05/06 56.05/06 36.07 57.01/04 58.05 59.01/15

# ANNEXURE 1 TO APPENDIX 19—Contd

1	2	8
63.	Parts of footwear Toe caps, Toe Puffs, Box Toes in soles, mid soles and gaiters and the like	64.01/06
64.	Accessories for umbrellas	66.01/08
65.	Friction materials (segments, discs, washers, strips, sheets, plates, rolls and the like) of a kind suitable for brakes, for clutches or the like, with a basis of asbestos, other mineral substances or of cellolose, whether or not combined with textile or other materials.	68.01/16
6 <b>5</b> A.	Ceramic products	69.01 to 69.14
66.	Glass and glass were, including containers for the conveyance or packing of goods, envelopes for electric lamp, electronic valves or the like, inners for vacuum flasks, articles of stationery, illuminating glassware, optical glass, clock and watch glasses and bricks, tiles, slabs and similar articles of a kind commonly used in building.	70.01/16
67.	Laboratory, hygienic and pharmaceutical glassware, whether or not graduated or caliberated glass ampoules, optical glass and elements of optical glass, other than optically worked elements bianks for corrective spectacle lenses.	.17/18
68.	Glass beads, imitation pearls, imitation precious and semi-precious stones, and similar fancy or decorative glasswares, and articles of glassware made therefrom, glass cubes and small gall glass plates for decorative purpose; articles eyes of glass excluding those for wear by humans; ornaments and other fancy articles of lamp worked glass; glass, grains (ballotini).	<b>70</b> 19
<b>6</b> 9.	Olass , thre (including wool) yarns, fabrics and articles made therefrom .	70.20
70	Other articles or gists	PO.21
71.	Endustrial diamonds and synthetic diamond powder .	V1.04
72.	Fig-iron, cast iron and spiege-elsen, in pigs, blocks, lumps and similar form.	<b>7</b> 3.01
73,	Ferro-alloys .	73.02
¥4.	Waste and scrap metal, shot and angular grit (whether or not graded); wire pellets, iron, or the powders; sponge iron or steel.	<b>73.03/05</b>
75.	Puddled bars, pilings, ingots, blocks, lumps and similar forms, blooms, biliets, siabs and threet bars (including timplate bars), of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel;	<b>7</b> 3.06/07
	(1) Not elsewhere specified.	
	(2) Pieces roughly shaped by forging of iron or steel.	
76.	Fron or steel coils for re-rolling	73 08
¥7.	Universal plates of iron or steel	<b>73.09</b>
78.	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot rolled, forged, extruded, cold formed or cold-finished (including precision made); hollow mining drill steel.	¥3.10
<b>V</b> 2.	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot rolled, forged, extruded, cold formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements.	73.11 Y
80.	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, not rolled or cold-rolled.	<b>T3</b> 12
81.	Shoots and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled 1	¥3.15
82.	from or used wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated	73.14
83.	Alloy seed and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in headings Nos. 73,06,97 to 73,14 ( , , ,	73.13
	(1) Not obsewhere specified.	
	(2) Colle for re-rolling bars (including oright bars), rods, wire roos, strips, sheets and plates of state- less steel	
84	Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: Rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, steepers, nath plates, chairs, chairs wedges, sole plates (hase plates), rail clips, but plates, the and other material profiled for jointing or fixing rails	73.16

# ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 19-Contd.

1)	(2)	(3)
- 5.	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of from or steel )	73.17 19
	(1) Not elsewhere specified.	
	(2) Drilling tubes and pipes and blanks therefor.	
	(3) Tubes and pipes for bollers falling within Heading No. 84 01/02 and blanks therefor.	
	(4) Tubes and pipes sheathed or lined with sorresion-resisting material, such as glass, subject and plastic.	
	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, unions and finnges), of iron or steel	<b>73.3</b> 0
	Structures and parts of structures (for example hangers and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, lock gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing-frameworks, door and window frames, shutters, balustrades, pillors and columns), of iron or steel; plates, strips, rods, angles, shapes sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures of iron or steel.	<b>73 21</b>
	Reservoirs, tanks, vats, casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers for any material (other than compressed or liquified gas), of iron or steel.	¥3. <b>22/2</b> 3
	Containers of iron or steel, for compressed or liquified gas	73.24
,	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, repes, plaited bands, slings and the like, of iron or steel wire, but excluding insulated electric cables.	73,25
-	Barbed from or steel wire; twisted hood or single flat wire, barbed or not, and loosely twisted double wire of kinds used for fencing, of iron or steel.	73.26
	Guege, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabrics and similar materials, of iron or steel wire; expanded metal of iron or steel.	73.27/28
	Chain and parts thereof of iron or steel 1	V3 29
	(1) Not alsowhere specified.	
	(2) Mooring chains,	
	Anghors and grapusis and parts thereof, of iron or steel	73.30
	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, corrugated nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of iron or steel, whether or not with heads of other materials, but not including such articles with heads of copper.	<b>7</b> 3,31
i	Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs) whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of iron or steel; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of iron or steel.	<b>7</b> 3.32
	Other articles of from or steel	<b>V</b> 3.33/40
	Copper matte; sawrought copper (refined or not); copper waste and scrap; master alloys	74.01/02
	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections of copper; copper wires :	74.03
	(1) Nts elsewhere specified.	
	23 Bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections and wire of unalloyed copper.	
,	Wrowght plates, sheets, strip and foil, of copper	74.04/05
1	Suppose powders and fabou.	74.06
1	Fuber and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bare of copper; tube and pipe fittings (for mample, joints, elbows, suckets and flauges), of copper;	74.07/08
	(1) Not elzewhere specified.	
	(ii) Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, and hollow bars, of nominal here exceeding 19 millimeters .	
4	ther articles of copper including nails, tacks, staples, hook salls, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and isswing plas of iron or used with heads of copper.	<b>¥4.09/19</b>
Ţ,	figial mates, sickel spiess and other intermediate products of nickel metallurge; susweringly nickel stated in electro-plating anodes); nickel waste and scrap.	₹5.01

# ANNEXURE 1 TO APPENDIX 19-Contd.

(1)	(2)	(3)
.05.	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections of nickel wire:  (1) Not elsewhere specified.  (2) Electrical resistance wires of nickel chrome and other nickel alloys.	75.02
06.	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of nickel; nickel foll; nickel powders and flakes	<b>75</b> ,03
07.	Other articles of nickel.	75 04/06
08.	Unwrought aluminium; aluminium waste and scrap i  (1) Not elsewhere specified.	76.01
	(2) Unalloyed aluminium in any crude form, including ingots, blocks, slabs, bilico, while bars, shot, and pellets.	
09.	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes, and sections of aluminium; aluminium wire.	76.02
10.	Wrought plates, sheets, and strip of aluminium; aluminium fold:  (1) Not elsewhere specified.	76.03/04
	(2) Wrought plates, sheets, strip and foll, of unalloyed aluminium.	
11.	Aluminium powder and flakes	76.05
12.	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium; tubes and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges) of aluminium.	76.06/07
13.	Other articles of aluminium	76.08/16
14.	Magnesium unwrought or wrought, and articles of magnesium	77.01/03
l <b>5</b> .	Beryllium unwrought or wrought and articles of beryllium	77.04
6.	Unwrought lead (including argentiferous lead); lead waste and scrap 1	1.1 G.I
	(1) Not elsewhere specified.	
	(2) Unalloyed lead, unwrought.	
17.	Lead wrought and articles of lead	78,02/06
18.	Unwrought zinc; zinc waste and acrap:  (1) Not elsewhere specified.  (2) Unalloyed zinc, unwrought.	79.61
19.	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zing; and zing wire	79.02
ю.	Wrought plates, sheets and strip of zine; zine foil; zine powders and flakes	79 03
21.	Other articles of zine	<b>79</b> , 04/08
22.	Unwrought tin; tin/waste and scrap;	80 01
23.	Tin wrought and articles of the	80.02/06
24.	Tungsten, molybdenum, tantalum and other base metals and connects wrought or enwrought, end articles thereof :  (1) Not elsewhere specified.	81 (/1/04
	(2) Un-lloyed tungsten, molybosomo, tastalum and other bass metals, sawrough:	
25	Parts (of base matal) of tricis and implement . Pane I Shirpeners	) - 141개기 ( v ) 함호 /() +

# ANNEXURE | 10 APPENDIX 19-Conta

(1)	(2)	(3)
126	Locks, all sorts (including frames incorparating lock, or bandbags, trunks or fittings and mountings of a kind suitable for furniture, doors, stancases, blinds, coach-work, saddlery, trunks, caskets	83.01/15(1)
	and lighting fittings and parts thereof (excluding articles failing within Chapter 85); fittings (for example, clasps, buckle, hooks, eyes and cyclets) of a kind corr monly used for clothing, travel goods, or other textile or leather goods, tubular rivers and bifurcated rivers	
127	Parts and accessoring of machinery, mechanical applies as alling under Heading Nes 84 $\alpha_s$ $\approx$ 84.00	84 01/02 to 84 60 and 84 65
128.	Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes noner acils, tanks, var and the fike including pressure reducing valves and thermostatically controlled valve.	84.51
129	Ball roller or needle ritter bearange .	31 02
130.	Transmission shafts, cranks be in tigs nousing a from shift clarings, get is an individual shaft couplings. In the characteristic shaft couplings.	o4 11
131.	Gaskets and similar joints or metal sheeting combined with other material (for example asbesios, felt and paper board) or of laminated metal foil, set on a set ments of gaskets and similar joints, dissimilar in composition, for engines pipes, tubes and the like, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings.	81.64 -
132.	Electrical machinery and equipment; part, rb reof .	85.01 to 85 28
133	Parts of rankay and tramway socomouse and rolling-stock, rankay and tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical equipment, not electrically powered for signalling or controlling road, rank or other vehicles ships or aircraft; parts of the forego up fixture, fittings equipment.	86 09, 86 10
134	Parts and accessories of the vehicle- failing $\operatorname{Varlap}$ Heading N is, 87,01 to 87,09/12 .	87 04/06 and 87.09 12
135.	Parts of ships, boats and floating structure .	73 30, 84 65 and 89 01/03 to 89 05
136.	Parts of optical, photographic, sugmenting apine checking, precision, medical and surgical near the related apparatus.	40 01 to 96,29
137.	Parts, including watch movements of the following articles is Clock and watch of all types, time or day recording apparatus, apparatus with clock or viaten movements or with synchronous motor, for measuring, recording or otherwise indicating intervals of time, time switches with clock or watch movement or with yuchronous motor.	91 01/11
138.	Parts, components and accessories or gramophones, dictaing machines and other sound recorders and reproducers including record players in I tape decks, with a without so and heads; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic	92 01/13
139.	Parts, of imponents and accessories of furniture including medical dividation vectorisary and ture.	94.01/04
140	Parts, components of toys, garnes contaposate quis-	97 01/08
141.	Buttons and button modius, it discountings and press lasteners, including snap-lasteners, zip-finteners (slide fasteners) and press-study; blan's and parts in such actives.	98 01/02

# ANNEXURE II TO APPENDIX 19

# List of permissible tiems of import

8.	Raw material for		(1)		(3)
No.	•	export production.	14.	Refined Gelatine	Empty Gelatine Capsules.
(1)	(2)	(3)	15.	Para Nitro Phenol.	Paracetamol.
1.	Raw Wool	Wool Top. / woollen worsted fabries	16.	Lauryl Alcohol, Caus- stic Soda.	Sodium Lauryl leather Sulphate.
2.	Mulberry Raw Silk	100% Mulberry Silk Fabrics of filature/reeled yarn in the warp as well as west, other than duplon yarn.		Aniline Oil, Cyanuric Chloride, Diethanola- mine, Para Nitro Toluene.	Optical Whitening Agents for making detergents.
	(DMT), Monoethylene	Polyeste: Fibre/filament fibre.		Methanol, Formic Acid.	Pontacrythritoi tos making Paints.
<b>4.</b> ]	late (DMT), Tere Pthalic Acid (TPA), Mono Ethylene Gly-	Polyester Filament yara.	19.	Lauryl Alcohol, Tri- ethanolamine.	Sodium Lauryi sulphate, Triethanolamine Lauryi Sulphate for making Shampoo and Tooth Pasto.
(	col, Titanium Dioxide (all grades). Nylon Filament Yaru/	Pabrica made of Nylon	20.	Phonol, Methanol	Phonol formaldehyde moulding powder for making Pleatic Bleatri-
1	Polyester Filament Yarn.	Filament Yarn/Poly- oster Filament Yarn.	21.	Polyol, Isocynate	eal Accessories.  Polyurethane Foam
6. (	Caprolactum	Nylon Filament Yarn.	22.	Methanol, Wood Pulp	Urea Formaldehyde Moulding Powder.
7. /	Acrylic fibre.	Acrylio Yarn.	23.	Benzene	Aniline, O.N.G.B., Nitrobenzene.
8. 1	Electrolytic tin platu.	O. T. S. Gans/Dingeley Cans.	24.	Toluene	P.N.T. (Para Nitre Toluene).
t	Kraft paper and paper coard other than lvory coard.	Cartons, printed or not. Multi-wall paper sacks	25.	Napthalone	Synthetic Tanning Agents.
10. I	High density/Low den-	Articles of LDPB/	26.	Bota-Naphthol	Tobias Acid,
8	ity Polyethylene Moulding Powder.	HDPE in any form		Ammonia and Metha- nol	DMA (Dimethylamine) MMA (Monomethy- lamine)
	Polypropylene mould- ng powder	Articles made of poly- propylene in any form	28.	Dychlone	Hydranobensess.
	PVG Resins, Plasticlers and Stabilisers.	PVG compound/PVG products including	29.	Copper Scrap	Gopper Oxyshicsies Technical
*	pyr w 12 12 12 20 200 (* 22 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	PVG leather cloth used in fabrication	30.	Methnol/Aniline	Dimethyl Anlilue.
		Industry, shoo industry		Behenic Acid and/or Behenic Methyl Ester.	Behenyl Alcohol
S	Stainless nos colled freel Sheets/Strips non magnetic)	Cold Rolled Scalause Steel Shrote to a Ma gnothy	32, 1	Palm Steath and /or Palm Acid Oil	Letostencii Alcohio

# ANNEXURE IL 10 APPLINDIX 19 COLO

Intermediate product for export production	Sl. Ra No.	w material for import	Intermediate product fo export production
(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
Diamino Stilbene Disul- phonic Acid	39. (a)	Soling materials in sheet form in- cluding sole leather	)
Metanilic Acid	(b)	Welts in continuous length of cut pieces in leather and in synthetic material	
Sulphanilic Acid Diethyl Aniline.	(c)	Heel core in plas- tic, wood or syn- thetic material.	
	(d)	Veneer for cover- ing of heels in leather and PVC coated material in sheet or cut form	Unit soles
Insoles.		litts in leather and synthetic material or in combination	
}	, ,	Screws, nails or fittings for fixing the heel tips or top	
Countern	#0 (a)		)
}	<b>(</b> b)	Set of Hinges	1
	(v)	Thimbles	Plastic Lusts
Toe Puffs	(d)	Metal sheet for Bottom plating	
	Diamino Stilbene Disulphonic Acid  Metanilic Acid  Sulphanilic Acid Diethyl Aniline.  Insoles.	export production  (3)  (1)  39. (a)  Diamino Stilbene Disulphonic Acid  (b)  Metanilic Acid  (c)  Sulphanilic Acid Diethyl Aniline.  (d)  Insoles.  (e)  Counters  40 (a)  (h)	Diamino Stilbene Disulphonic Acid  Diamino Stilbene Disulphonic Acid  Metanilic Acid  Metanilic Acid  Sulphanilic Acid  Sulphanilic Acid  Sulphanilic Acid  Ce Heel core in plastic, wood or synthetic material.  (c) Heel core in plastic, wood or synthetic material.  (d) Veneer for covering of heels in leather and PVC coated material in sheet or cut form  Insoles.  (e) Heel tips and top litts in leather and synthetic material or in combination  (f) Adhesives  (g) Screws, nalls, or fittings for fixing the heel tips or top lifts.  Counters  40 (a) Moulded Plastic Blocks  (b) Set of Hinges  (c) Thimbles  (d) Metal sheet for

## ANNEXURE III TO APPENDIX 19-

Copy of Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, Notification No. 210/82-Customs, dated 10-9-82.

- G.S.R. 560(E).—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section ... 5 of the customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central covernment, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts raw materials and components required for the manufacture of goods to be supplied to International Development Association or International Bank for Reconstruction and Development or Bilateral or Multilateral aided projects or Oil and Natural Gas Commission or Oil India Ltd. when imported into India, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon which is specified in the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) and the whole of the additional duty leviable thereon under section 3 of the second mentioned Act subject to the following conditions, namely:—
  - (1) that the importer has been granted necessary import licence or release order on the concerned canalising agency by the ticensing authority as specified in the Import (Correctly Order, 1955, for the import or release of raw materials and components for designed aforesaid purpose:
  - (2) that the import licence contains the following endorsements inter alia:—

- (a) the description, quantity and value of raw materials and components allowed to be imported under the said licence.
- (b) the description and quantity of raw materials and components allowed to be imported duty-free; and
- (c) the description and quantity of good, to be manufactured out of, or with, the imported materials.
- (3) that the importer executes a bond in such form and for such sum as may be specified by the said licensing authority binding himself to futfill the obligations and conditions stipulated in this notification and to pay on demand, an amount equal to the duty leviable on the said raw materials and components as are not proved to the satisfaction of the said licensing authority to have been used for the aforesaid purpose and
- (4) that the importer produces evidence to the satisfaction of the said licensing authority, for the purpose of discharging the liability in respect of customs duty as well as for discharging the obligations against the said licence.
- 2. This notification shall be in force upto and inclusive of the 10th day of September, 1987.

# ANNEXURE IV TO APPENDIX 19

# Jurisdiction of regional licensing authorities.

Jt. CCI&E, Maharashtra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Union Territories of Goa, Daman, Diu and Dadra Bombay and Nager Haveli.

Jt. CCI&E. Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, Union Terri-Madras. tories of Pondicherry, Karaikal, Mahe and Yanam and Laksha-

deep.

West Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Assam, Meghalaya, Sikkim, Nagaland, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Tripura, Mizoram and Union Territory of Andaman & Nicobar Islands. Jt. CCI&E, Calcutta.

Haryana, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan, Jt. CCI&E (CLA), New Delhi. and Union Territories of

Chandigarh and Delhi.

## AMBEXURE V TO APPENDIX 19

In the following types of cases the Advance Licensing Committee has already approved input/output storms and the applications of the parties whenever received for the grant of advance licences are cleared on the basis of these norms:

Si. No.	Description of the Export Preduct	1	Qty. of Export product	Qty. allowed for import	Qty. allowed with duty exemption benefit
			Kg	. Kgt.	Kgs,
•	1	3	4	,	•
1.	Galvanised Pipes/Tubes	Hot Rolled carbon steel sheets/strips/ plates/colis (other than high carbon steel.	3	0.974	0. <b>976</b> 9
		Ziac.		0.09	0.04
增.	Seamless steal tubes.	Scamless bars/billets/blooms.	1	1.05	1.09
3	Black Pipes/tubes including Precision Tubes.	Hot rolled carbon steel sheets/strips/pla colls (other than high carbon steel)	tcs/ %	1,05	1.0#
4.	100% Mulberry Raw Silk fabrics/madaups (other than those made of Dupion).	Mulbery raw Silk of any Grade (other than duplon yarn)	3	1,40	1.38
5.	100% Mulberry duplon silk fabrics	Mulberry dupion yarn	1	1,40	1,38
đ.	Mulberry mixed allk fabrica/made-ups/garments containing mainly Duplon Yara,	(i) Mulberry Raw Silk of any grade (other than Dupion Yarn).	1	0 30	0 28
		(ii) Duplon Yarn,		1.10	1.07
₹.	Noil lik fabrics/made-aps/garmon's.	Noil Yarn.		1,19	1,19
8.	Spun Silk fabrics /made-ups/garments.	Span Silk Yarn,	1	1.11	1,11
9.	Articles of Hosiery/Emilwears made of 100% Etchair.	Mohair Tops. Scoured Mohair.	1	1.350 1.500	1,300 1,400
10.	Articles of Hosiery /Kuitwears made of 100 % wool.	(a) Raw wool (Merino type) MFL 59 mm and below of MFF 24 microns and below	1	1.598	1.507
		(b) Raw wool (Shetland type) MFL 60 mm and above of MFF bet- ween 24 and 28 microns.	1	1,462	1.392
11.	Articles of Hoslery/Enitweers made of 100% wool,	Woollen Yarn.	1	1,120	1,100
12.	Worsted years.	Raw Wool.	2	1.237	1.211
13.	Wool Tops.	Baw Wool,		1.150	1.11
14.	Fabrics/shawls made of 100% Wook.	Raw Wool,	1	1,363	1.305
18,	Fabrics and Hoslery made from 100% manmade filament yarn/texturised yarn,	Pliament Yora.	1	1,125	1,100
16.	Pabrics manufactured out of Yarn span from man made fibres.	Man-made Fibres		1,12#	1 118
17.	Karn apun out of man-made fibros.	Man-made fibree	II.	1,100	1,822
18,	Acrylic Enitreents made out of 100% Acaylic.	Acrylla Pibres.	A	1.25	1,22
19.	Acrylic Enitwears made out of 100% Acrylic.	Acrylic Yarn.	1	1,150	1,168
20,	Sille Carpets.	Spun Silk Yara.	1	1,180	1,166
21.	Brass briwars/Bress Stilngs	Bruss sorap.		1,03	1.03
22,	Articles made of plastics (other than PVC).	Relevant plastics raw materials.	1	1,0#	1.00
23.	Rigid PVC pipes.	PVC resin/granules		1.05	1,05
24.	Plexible PVC	PVC resin/grapules.	ı	0.60	6 40
25.	Garments, Eskiber goods, Frevol grade, ste	"Zip Pastene:	1	Met to Not	Nel to Net
24.	Mitinfo cassition/pre-resording Chasettee	an Blank carsettes	y	let to Not with h reference to the length,	Met to 別4

# ANNEXURE V 10 APPINDIX 19- COMM

ī	3	·	4	<b>3</b>	· - to
# <b>T</b> .	Garments, Travel Goods etc.	Buttons/Snup & Press Fusteners/Stud cutflinks.		Net to Net	Net to Net
28,	M.S. Bars.	M S. Billet.	1	1 01	1 05
29	allicon carbide.	Raw patroleum Cike	1	t 50	1 50
30	Tu blets/ca paules,	Active ingredient.	1	1,05	1 05
#1.	Drug formulations like sytups, injections.	Active Ingredient	ì	1 10	1.10
<b>3</b> 2,	Opthulmic leases.	Rough blanks.	100 Nas.	110 Nos.	110 Nos
<b>3</b> 3,	(a) Steel files of High Carbon Steel	High Curbon Steel	1	1,3\$	1,15
	(b), Steel files of Alloy steel	Alloy steel	1	1.15	1 15
<b>54</b> ,	O.Y.S. Cane/dingoley cane.	Electrolytic tin plate.	1	1.15	1 13
Bů.	Jams/Jelly etc. packed withO.T.S anti-dingeley cana	O.T.S. Cana/dingeley cana	100 Nos.	100 Nos.	. 100 Non
84,	Stainless atosi sufety 1870: bludes	Swiniers steel strips.	i Million blades	988 Kgs.	988 K.
ŧŦ,	Bitesy common blados,	Cold rolled steel stelps	1 Million Flades	936 R <sub>gs</sub> .	936 Kg
38	Tyre bead Wire	(1) High Carbon Wire rods	1	1,03	1 03
		(#) Load,		2 00	2 00
<b>20.</b>	Rings, hd and Tagger Assemblies	Electrolytic Prime quality Tin Plate.	i M.T. of Ring & lid (excluding Tagger)	1.80 M.T.	1.50 M.T
40.	Round tops/ends (bottoms) of containers,	Electrolytic Prime quality Tin Plate.	ı M.T	i . 4 M.T.	1.25 M T
# <b>å.</b>	Rectangular tops litted with screw neck & bandle and bottoms.	un(f) s un	i M.T. (One set of Top and Bottom)	1.20 M T	1.10 M T
ą7,	Ayres and Tabes				
	(s) Tyres with Nylon tyre Cord/Tyres with Rayon Tyre cord,	(i) Natural rubber/synthetic rubber.	100 Kgs.	53 Kgs.	53 Kgs
		(#) Carbon black	100 Kgs.	23 Kgs	23 Kgs
		(iii) Nylon/Reyon (relevant item)	100 Kgs.	13 Kgs.	13 Kga
		(1) Bead Wire.	100 Kgs.	4 Kgs.	4 Kgs.
		(v) Pigments/Chemicals, the following 1—	100 K.gs.		
		<ol> <li>Rubber Chemicals (Anti- oxidents, Acclerator, re- tarders and Poptisers).</li> </ol>		2.00	2 00
		(Import of Antioxidants how- ever, shall not exceed 1 Kg. for each 2 Kgs. of Rubber Chemi- cals allowed.)			
		(?) Zinc Oxide		2.00	2 00

# ANNEXURBY TO APPENDIX 19-4 once

	2		ę. V	4	3	6.	
eneg d		in the district of the collection of the district of the collection of the collectio			7.8	7.8	
		(4	4) Resorcinol		0.2	0.:	
(6)	Butyl tobes, other the poyele tubes	(1) E	Buty: rubber	100 Kg3.	53 Kgs.	53 Kgs	
		(H) C	Jarban black.	100 Kgs.	30 Kgs.	30°Kgs	
(c)	Natural rubber Cycle tyres	(I) N	latur i cubber	100 Kgs.	26 Kgs.	26 Kgs	
		(tt) S	lynthetic rubber	100 Kgs.	7 Kgs.	7 Kgs.	
		(fil) (	Carbo <b>n black</b>	100 Kgs.	5 Kgs.	5 Kgs.	
(d)	Butyl cycle tubes	a) c	arhon black	100 Kgs.	31 Kgs.	31 Kgs.	
		(!!) E	lutyl rubber	100 Kgn.	51 Kgs.	51 Kgs.	
(8)	Natural rubber tubes	(I) C	larbon black	100 Kgs.	6.5 Kgs.	6.5 Kgs	
		(H) N	Natural rubber	100 Kgs.	71 Kgs.	71 Kgs.	

Note 1—Against the export of Tubes, covered by Sub-Serials (3), (d) and (e) above, one set of valve for each tube shall also be allowed but its weight will be ignored for purpose of determining the net weight of the tubes to be exported.

43.	Aluminium Piston-, exported in fully machined condition	(f) Aluminium	1 MT of Piston.	1279.00 Kgs.	1279,00 Kgs.
,		(II) Cupper		12.00 Kgs.	12·00 Kgs.
		.d) Nick:1		12.00 Kgs.	12.00 Kgs.
		(ir) Magnesium		18,00 <b>K</b> gs.	18,00 Kgs.
		(y) dilicon		. 162.00 Kgs.	162.00 Kgs.
44	Inlot/exhaust vaives	Valves Steel bere	I MT	1.4 MT	1.4 MT
		Synthet	ic Content of		
43	Shoddy/Woollen blankets and blanketing cloth,	Symplectic waste	1 Kg.	1.06 Kgs.	1.06 Kgs.
46.	Aluminium conductors steel reinforced (ACSR) and All Aluminium conductors (AAC)	(f) Aluminium,	ı Kg.	1.01 Kgs.	1.01 Kgs.
		(ii) High carbon steel wire roo	1 Kg.	1.05 Kgs.	1.05 Kgs.
		(iii) Zinc.	i Kg.	1.04 Kgs.	1.04 Kgs.
47.	Particle Board and Fibre Board	Wood	1 Tonne	2 Cu. mtrs.	2 Cu. mtrs.
48.	Furniture component in knocked down condition	Wood 1	Kg.	1.45 <b>Kg</b> s.	1.45 Kgs.

# ANNEXURE V TO APPENDIX 19-Contá.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
19	Hand carved panels and handlerafts made of wood	Wood 1 K	8-	1,60 Kgs.	1.60 Kgs.
<b>5</b> 0.	Plywood	Wood 1 Ct		2.3 Cu. m <sup>+</sup> rs.	2.3 Cu. mtcs,
<b>51.</b>	Commercial Plywood on Lord basis	Wood 1 Kg	ř-	1.66 Mgs.	1.55 Va. v.
12.	Frozen marine products packed in white card board other than lvory board.	White Card Board other than Ivery board.	i (w). of oursess only)	1.100	1.10
53.	Frozen marine products packed in kraft paper.	Kraft paper	i (wt. of Kraft pape only)-	3.100 N	1.700
54.	Prozen Marine Products packed in polythene bags ]	LDPE	i (Wt. of polythene bags only		1.05
55.	Ivory articles.	Unmanufactured Ivoty	1	1.25	1.15
56.	Pig Iron Products	Pig Iron	1	1.10	1.10
<b>57.</b>	Items manufactured out of GP Sheets.	GP Sheers.	1	1.05	1.05
<b>5</b> 8.	Items manufactured out of tin plate prime quality.	Tin plate prime quality.	1	1.05	1.05
59.	German Silver scrap art wares.	German Silver scrap.	1	1.01	1.01
60.	Man-made textile cards Vee Belts.	1. Rayon/Polyester/Nylon (Textile)	100 Kgs.	10.00 Kgs.	10.00 Kgs.
		2. Natural/Synthetic Rubber.	100 Kgs.	40.00 Kgs.	40.00 K.gs.
		3. Carbon Black.	100 Kgs,	29.00 Kgs.	29.00 Kgs.
		4. Sulphur.	100 Kgs.	1.00 Kg.	1.00 Kg.
		5. Zinc Oxide,	100 Kgs.	2.20 Kgs.	2.20 Kgs.
		<ol> <li>Rubber chemicals such as anti- oxidents, accelerators, Peptizers/ retarders.</li> </ol>	100 Kgs,	1.60 Kgs. (Import of anti-oxident should not exceed 0.80 Kg.)	1.60 Kgs. (Import of anti oxident should not exceed 0.80 Kg.)
		<ol> <li>Other miscellaneous chemicals such as Stearic acid, synthetic wax, resin, Plasticizer, magnesius oxide.</li> </ol>	100 Kgs.	5.20 Kgs.	5.20 Kgs.
		8. Jacketing fabric.	100 Kgs.	16.00 Kgs.	16 00 Kgs.
<b>4</b> 1.	Gents Jackets.	***Fabric to be used in the garment.	l	2.25 Mtra (out-side) 110 Cma (width)	2.25 mtm (outside) 110 Cmm (width)
<b>43.</b>	Ladice Jackets.	-60-	1	2.00 mtra (outside) 110 Cms (width)	2.00 mins (outside) 110 Cms (width)

# ANNEXURE V TO APPENDIX 19—Contd.

787	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
3. Long Coat	(Gents/Ladies)	-40-	1	(outside) 110 Cms	3.65 mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)
4. Ladies Dre	88 <b>04.</b>	-do-	1	3.65 mtrs (outside) 110 cms (width)	3.65 mtrs (outside) 110 cms (width).
55, Gents Shire	ts.	-do-	1	2.10 mtrs (outside) 90 Cms (width)	2.10 mtrs (outside 90 Cms (width)
66. Ladies Shi	rts.	-do-	1	2.00 Mtrs (outside) 90 Cms (wldth)	2.00 Mtrs (outside) 90 Cms (width)
57. Blou≪s		-do-	1	1.35 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)	1.35 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)
58. Sweat Shir	ts.	-do-	1	1.35 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)	1 35 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)
69. Children's	Sweat Shirts	-do-	î	0.90 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)	0 90 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)
₹0, Jean		-do-	1	1.75 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)	1.75 Mtra (outside) 110 Cms (width)
71. Ladies Sk	irt	-do-	1	2.00 Mtrs (outside) 90 Cms (width)	2.00 Mtrs (outside) 90 Cms (width)
72. Trousers		-do	1	1.25 Mtrs (outside) 135 Cms (width)	1.25 Mtm (outside) 135 Cms (width)
73. Inner Lin	ning for vests	do-	1	0.75 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)	(v 75 Mtn (butside) 110 Cms (width)
74. Inner Lu	ning for Jackets.	-do-	1	1.25 Mtr (outside) 110 Cms (width)	1.25 Mtr (outside) 110 Cms (width)
75. Ladies N	light Wears.	-do-	1	2.45 Mtrs (outside) 110 Cms (width)	(outside)
76	-do-	do-	1	2.25 Mtr (outside) 150 Cms (width)	(outside
<b>77</b> .	do-	do-	1	1.25 Mtr (outside) 250 Cm (width)	(outside

# ANNEZ RE 1 10 APPENDIX 19 - Concle

AND CONTROL OF THE SAME SAME STORY AND ADDRESS OF THE SAME SAME SAME	more than the same than more products and the			
1 2	(3)	14	(3)	(6)
FR. Long (1008.	to		c.35 M rs foutside) 110 Oars	2 85 Mtra (outside) 110 Cms width)
89 Fedice Fond is	1		30 My outside 30 km videb)	1 30 Mrts Outerda) Outerda)
80. Leather Shoe uppers	1. Stamping foil	per pair	4 inch	4 inch
	2. Synthetic Baker (Thermoffe		0.023 sq. m	0.023 sq m
	3 Laminated foam	13 pairs	4 sq m.	4 sq. m
•	4 Artificial für lining	•	¹ sq m.	4 sq m.
81. Football No 5	Fipper PU combine I footo il mater.	1 Nos	0.17 Lin ar M	0.17 Lir ar M
82. Football No 5	PAC	4 Nos	i sq m	l sq m.
83 Tea Bags	Hilter paper	1 Kg (ten bags empty)	1 05 kg.	1 05 kgs.
84. Acrylic Knitwears containing mainly Acrylic fibres	Acrylic Fibres	1 Kg.	1.25 Kg <sub>3</sub> .	1.20 Kgs.
85. 100% Polyester (Carbonised) fabric man afactured out of soun yarn.	Polyester Fibre.	1 Kg.	1.547 Kgs.	1.143 Kgs,
86. Polyester/Cotton blended fabrics manufactured out of spun varn (for 1 kg of polyester content arport d)	Polyester Fibre.	1 Kg.	1.561 Kgs.	1.211 Kgs.
87. Polyester/Cotton blended spun yarn (for 1 kg · Polyester content exported)	"Asester Fibre	1 Kc	1 143 Kgs	1.127 Kgs
88. 100% Mulberry raw s.lk garments	Mulberry raw silk of any grade (other than dupon yatn).	1 kg	1 50 Kgs.	1 40 Kgs.
*In the cave does of the same swell of the same same same same same same same sam	ar lac as for	n 1 ment 1	r bij	† 45 / 177 * 19
foliable despite should be a well that he is a former harmone is to should be a ve	s Marr they re-	£7 .	st	₽ 1 1
##*Consumntion for bring, later and wad and, it , may be so	many on when to case bosis.			
Note (i) In the case is so No. 7	ı	ge ( t	sh ll be	against
NOTE (a) In the crack to DEB (1) the property of the DEB (1) t	Prrugger	leved till R	gs+1¢ lum	ın 6 shall
Norm (3) The minimum value addition required shall be $\tau$ in	£.			
(1) Particle Board and Fibre Board			p /a	
(ii) Furniture composents it knowled down constitu	n .	•	الم مر	
(iii) We oden band varyed pair, and as aller t	v		151 ° (	
$\mathfrak{h}_{\rm t}$ or (4) . The ever the item fraw wholf appears in selemn 3 $_{\rm CC}$	v, swill crace one twom i	10,		

# WEN IN 2)

# (Para 22? of Chapter MIV)

# REGISTRATION OF EXPORT CONTRACTS

## A--SCOPE

- 1. A contract is concluded after an offer is made after a conferment of the concluded after an offer is made after a conferment of the concluded after an offer is made after a conferment of the concluded after an offer is made after a conferment of the concluded after an offer is made after a conference after a confer
  - (i) Names and address of the other is a pure.
  - (i) Description and gration of the books con-
  - la fra price met a se a the familia
  - ( 1) If i are a redulated the

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- Note (2): An areance be "in of most accurate all the information effect as at (i) to fall mat the term of may for a registration for a central for most in the let not or distributed will be taken as the late of the nation for the monde."
- 2. Unless otherwise provided in this Appendix, (a) no contract, which provides for re-negotiation of price/value will be registered, and (b) contracts ready registered where the price is re-negotiated will cease to have the herefit of rest. it is
- 3. Contracts of the nature covered ov (a) and (b) of para 2(1) herefounder to which only the recifications (7 1, 2 2 4 , 51 at 1) be finalised on the hard of street of sechnical consultations interpartes may be treated as contracts elimible for registration, if otherwise in order
- A A CORE TO THE STATE OF THE ST

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meters spelt out in the contract itself and not subject to any negotiation after signing of the course of the contract itself and not subject to any negotiation after signing of the course of the co

Notes ... Consider the clause (d) above of clause (d) above of chick with effect from the vember 1979

- (2) It is cravified that it a contract is registered on the basis of the c.i.f. value and there is a clause in the registered considers van on it the same of our of the same of our of the same of said the resultant involve and the resultant involve of goods is actually the thir condition of the abovestid to protection as admissible the Schem of Registration of the Schem of Registration of the Rink of the will be intimated to the Rink of the change occurs, whereas it is not possible to register and change with the Bank oncerned when 45 days of such a change.
- If additional quantities of goods of the same of the s
- delivery befole entertion of benefit will be available to supplies made after the expiry of the original delivery chedula timulated in the contract also, the delivery are extracted in the contract also, the delivery are extracted in the contract also, the delivery are extracted in the contract also, the delivery are the extracted by the arrest and the latest and the latest are the extracted of the extraction of the contract and the contract are the extracted of the extraction of the extraction

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the contract registation. In eachion of third period in such cases reed acre be registered with the bank

- (2) Where a contract registe by those into policy does not contain any clause about variation in delivery schedule, the protection of penefits was be available to the supplies made after the expiry of the delivery schedule also, provided such extension in delivery schedule has been mutually agreed to between the buyer and the seller, and there is no change in other terms of the contract. The extension in delivery schedule in such cases should be registered with the bank within 60 days from the date of expiry of the delivery schedule originally stipulated in the contract. Where the extension in delivery schedule is not settled between the buyer and the seller and is not consequently registered with the bank within the stipulated period of 60 days, the protection of benefits against exports made during such extended delivery period will require prior approval of the Unief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi
- (3) The provisions in this paragraph will be subject to conditions prescribed in para 8(1) below
- 7. Against contracts registered under the scheme, a Registered Exporter will be eligible to claim import replenishment at the same rate and for the same items as were premissible on the date of contract, ander the relevant import policy to, Regime to Faporters. L the rate/items of replenishment, and policy in force on the dath of postures the different from those on the date of export he are claim the benefit as on either date only i.e., and the rate and items must relate to the same date. It is clarified that protection against register: I convide a say with a guid to the rate of import reclemishade. and '74' (1221 G import allowed as replenishment in column 4 and 3 against the relevant export product in Appendix 1/ No such protection is available for import of any other items which may be allowed to be imported against REP licences by way of flexibility or otherwise. It is further clarified that these provisions will not apply to the import licences having specific export obligations such as Advance licences, Special Impress licences, Import Export Pass book and Imprest licences.
- 8. (1) The benefits of registration under the scheme will be available for the execution of the concerned contract only up to the time-limits set down below, as from the state of contract:
  - (a) Turnkey Projects as defined in paragraph 212 of the Import-Export Policy, 1985—88 and exports of Capital Goods of the nature specified in Annexure I here!

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(b) Exports of engineering goods other than those covered by (a) above Typic three years.

- thus coseed by (1) and (b)

  Abot (1)
- (2) The above unuts was apply only to contracts entered into on or after 1 5 1979 and registered in accordance with the prescribed procedure,
- (3) In the case of contracts entered into during the period from 1st April, 1977 to 31st March, 1978, or earlier and registered in accordance with the prescribed procedure, the benefit of registration under the scheme would be available only in those cases where the exports in execution of the recevant contracts are made during the delivery schedule as per the contract or upto 30th June, 1983, wnichever date is earlier, provided such benefits are otherwise admissible in terms of the import policy. The extended period from 1st January, 1982 to 30th June, 1983, will be available only in respect of those subsisting contracts covered by this sub-para which have already been partly executed before 16.h December, 1981 and have continued to be executed during the year 1982. The extended period from 1st January, 1983 to 30th June, 1983 shall be subject to the further condition that it will apply only to most contracts for which an irrevocable Letter of Cleast has been opened before 1st Lanuary, 1983 by the foreign buyer in favour of the Fadian Exporter is case, where no irrevocable Letter of Credit has not established by the foreign buyer belo a 1st isnuary, 1483 but the Indian exporter can come in the an accumentary evidence that these was been a tous, that contract over the period, a prior demand from it. Chief Controller of Import & Exports, New Deliv shall be necessary before the protection ocnesits available to such registerce contracts could be considered. Exports made in pursuance of the contracts covered under this sub-para, after 30th June, 1983, shall cease to qualify for protection available to registered contracts.

## B-PROCEDIA

- 9. (1) Every contract to be cligable to the benefits of the scheme, must be got existered with an authorised feeler of review withing (Scheduled Bank) within 45 cars from the late of contract, i.e. the date on which the ever is approved by the concluding parts
- However, if a hate, cate, it is noticed by an bank of the precising authority that the contract was registrated inadvertigity, this may result in the registration being cancelled, after giving an opportunity to the Registered Exports concerned.

cefore the Lank registering the contract, the original bestract of the contract in the proforma appearing in the Annexure if hereto the bank will scrutinise the Jecuments with reference to the scope of the scheme, is contained in the above paras, and then allocate

## APPENDIX 20 -Conta.

a proper serial number thereto and make the following radoisement on both the original and the copies '--

'This contract has been registered with us and entered in our records under Registration No... date . . . 'the date or contract has been verified

to be

signature and date

talongwith official designation of the Signatory) Stamp of the bank,"

- 11. The bank will return the original contract with one copy to the Registered exporter and forward oxycopy bearing the endorsement of registration by it, directly to the incensing authorize within whose jurisdiction the Registered exported is situated, which it days of the date of registration. One copy or the contract will be retained by the bank for its own purposes. The Registered Exporter may also separately send to the incensing authority concerned within 30 days of the date of registration of the contract, one copy of the same contract bearing endorsement of registration made the copy by the bank, the beening authority with consider the case on the basis of any of the two intimations, whether from the bank of the Registered Exporter having been received within the stipulated period of 30 days.
- 12. In the event of cancellation of the contractine Registered Exports shall infinite to the bank arough whom the original registration had been made about the fact of such cancellation, within 15 days thereof. The Bank will, in turn immediately send intimation to that effect to the heensing authority concerned.
- 13 The scheme extends to goods which may not be covered or classified currently under the Importance for Registered Exporters. The exporter masses their proper classification is post facto to be conclusion of the charge core.
- 14. To claim the ocnetive of registration, the Registered Exporter must ensure that the Bank's attested invoice, required to be produced index for connected import policy and procedures, bears the (further) attestation of the bank to the effect that the exports effected under the said invoice have been made against such registered contract, quoting the relevant bank Registration No. and date thereof clearly. The provisions made in para 216 of this policy pertaining to exports through third party will also apply in these ases, provided the relevant invoice bears the attests tion of the bank as laid down.

# C—SPECIAL PROVISIONS

15. In the case of (a) public tender contracts with foreign Governments or foreign public utilities, (b) contracts pertaining to IBRD/IDA aided projects

- th india, and (c) supplies made in India to projects financed under multilateral or bilaterial external assistance, the besefts of registration will be available on the date of submission of the tender, provided for is no price variation. Where there is a price variation at the time of acceptance of the tender, are therefore if registration will be available as on the late of acceptance.
- 16. If, after the submission of the tender and theore as acceptance, the terms are further negotiated interpartes and the (final) contract is based on the fee made by the indian sciler in the course of such a gottation the Registrated Expender will still be entitled to the benefit of the scheme as on the date of the tender if there is no price increase; if there is a live telease, has doesnot the offer shall be taken as the crossia fact, or offer a certified copy of the crossed offer is lighted as reface with the licensing without concerned.
- 17. If an ladian Exporter enters into a contract with a Foreign Government of foreign public utinty for which there was no tender, the date of the particular offer made and ultimately accepted by the foreign buyer will be the crucial date under the scheme.

  10. 11 an ladian continued to be offer should be odgern to code with the line incensing authority concerned.
- 16. In a case under para to where a revised offer is involved, or in a case under para 17 where the offer anade without a teader in the first instance itself, certained copy of the offer to be ledged with the coasing authority concerned shall be sent, in double cealed cover under Regd Pc i AD, within 7 days from the date of its submission in the overseas party. Any change from the offer so made on a second or arbitral at common should to be ledged likewise. A present economic will be a sea to the Indian party as it is not case with a party that the final and party in a state of case with a party that the content of the ledged likewise.
- As. (1) If the other to todges with the beensing only it, als to final contrac with the overseas buyer the Registered Exp. a should register us contract with an authorized dealer in foreign exchange as per para y above. Independently, be moved address the recusing authority, concerned, rowner attention, a the early registration made by a form the offer talong with the relevant Registration. It is not contract to be used a certified copy of the (final) contract to be used a certified copy of the (final) within the registration. It is a trace by the registration and dealer in foreign exchange.
- the presence of the authorise concerned and operation presence of the authorised representative of the Registered Experter, the present postaining the offer sometimed and commend is with the terms of the patrice. If there is no other a tiation between the first and the correct the quantum of supplies being unaltered, the class of the present will be laken as the supplies that a the supplies that a present the quantum of supplies being unaltered, the class of the section which are the supplies that a present the section which are the supplies that a present the section is the supplies that the section is the supplies that the section is the section of the sec

## APPENDIX 20-Contd.

- 20. (1) The above provisions will also be applicable 40 an Indian Exporter who is a sub-contractor to a foreign party, whose tender has been accepted by the overseas buyer, provided that (a) the name of the imman Experier appears in the ender and the man connact, and (b) the description, quantity and value of goods/services to be provided by the Indian standing are given in the said document(s). The ocuca, if the scheme will be given to the succession Indian Exporter in such cases from the date on which he made the relevant ofter to the foreign contractor. The procedure laid down in Para 18 above about the lodging of offers with the licensing authority concerned win apply mutates minimals to such cases. provisions will also apply to "deemed exports covered by para 190 (b), (c), (f) and (j) of this policy.
- (n) If the Indian exporter, in a case of the above nature, has difficulty in securing a copy of the main contract, he may register, in the prescribed manner, with the authorised dealer in foreign exchange, the document relating to his own sub-contract with the main contractor, together with a certificate from the main contractor to the effect that the name of the sub-contractor appeared in the tender as well as the main contract.
- (ii) It in a case of the nature referred to in (a) or (ii) above, the name of the Indian sub-contractor

- does not appear in the tender and/or the (main) contract, the benefit of this scheme will still be available to the sub-contractor, provided (i) the offer made by him to and the sub-contract entered into with the main contractor are sent to the licensing authority concerned and (ii) the Indian sub-contractor produces evidence acceptable to the licensing authority concerned about his role in the main confract.
- 21. The facility of registration of contracts will also be available to supplies to ONGC, GAIL and Oil India Limited covered by para 190 (i) of the policy. Such supplies even made by an Indian subcontractor to a foreign party or Indian party, which has entered into a contract with ONGC, GAIL or Oil India Limited for their off-shore/ou-shore exploration, drilling and production operations will also be eligible for the said facility previded (a) the name of the sub-contractor appears in the main contract, and (b) the description, quantity and value of goods to be provided by the sub-contractor are given in the main contract.
- 22. The facility of registration of contracts will also be available to those who export their products through STC, MMTC, Projects and Equipments Corporation or any other public sector agency or back-to-back arrangements.

# ANNEXURE | TO APPENDIX 20

## List of export products classified as 'Capital Goods' for parposes of protection under the scheme for registration of export contracts

No.		of		
		Policy	22. Mining machinery	A.64
		(ITC Policy	23. Rubber machinery	A.64
		<b>for</b>	24. Complete dairy equipment	A.64
		Registered Exporters)	25. Solvent extraction Plants	A.64
1	2	3	26. Industrial boilers and boilers for power generation	A.64
1.	Sugar mill machinery	A.64	27. Industrial switch boards and control panels	A,22
2.	Textile mill machinery	A.64	28. Electric motors above 20 HP	A.22
3.	Jute mill machinery	A.64	29. Telecommunication equipment inclu-	A.44
4.	Oll mill machinery	A.64	ding telephone and telegraph exchanges	A.35
5.	Tea machinery	A 64	30. Diesel Engines above 20 H.P	A.\$6
6	Paper and Pulp machinery	A.64	31. Power station structures, hydraulic structures like pen stocks; gates and	
Y,	Wood working machinery	A.64	gearings; sub-station and railway electrification structures and techno-	
<b>\$</b> ,	Fortilizer plant and equipment .	A.64	logical structures	<b>A.7</b> (11)
ð.	Water and sewage treatment plants .	A.64	32. industrial refrigeration and aircondi- tioning equipment	A.Žì
0.	Cement Plants	A.64	33. Industrial fume extraction, dust col-	
1.	Food processing plants	A.64	lection, humidification and ventila- tion equipment	A.21
	Power generation equipment including	. •	34. Mechanical handling equipment	A.64
	turbines, alternators, generators .	A.22	35. Heavy duty pumps and compressors .	A.64
	Power medium and distribution transformers	A.22	36. Railway wagons and coaches	4.75
4.	High tension witch gear and control	A.22	37. Ships, boats and launches, steamers and trawlers	A.78 &
	8087	6.KZ		A.79
	Complete high tension and extra high tension and power transmission lines	A 7(II)	38. Crawier tractors, showels, excavators, loaders, dumpers and other carth-moving equipment	A.60 (Dolete i
	Fower line carrie, communication equipment	<b>4</b> 35	37 Pite foundation machinery .	A.64
γ.	Complete equipment for electric reb-	<b>A.</b> %	48. Road and construction machinery including road rollers, continuous	
₽.	Machine tools including metal cutting; metal pruning and tool room machine tools	A 66	batch plants, stone erushers, concrete miners and vibrators	A.68 (Deletive
Đ.	Industrial turneess incending electric		41 (i) Power sadies (with copper arm. duetor)	* 2£
		₩,₩¢	(ii) Power cables (with aluminium	
	Asbestos coment plant and machines;	يان والم	sonfautor)  48 tius (42	A.20
2	Chemical and paper. satisfi mass.	<b>4.</b> 64	of. Remarks and related an	6 6# <b>A.</b> *(I)

# ANNEXURE II TO APPENDIX 20

# Proforms of shetract of the Export Contract

2. Registration No. &c	Name of the Registered Reports  Registration No. & date of issue by the Export Promotion Authority/ xport Promotion Council/Commodity Board										
Overseas buyer's name with whom contract has been executed.		Value of product(s) to be exported.	Dowils of delivery period	Terms of payment	Date	of contra					
1	2	3	9	5		6					
-											

# APPENDIX 21

(Chapter XIV)

## DUTY FREE IMPORTS AGAINST REP LICENCES

- 1. There is a scheme to provide duty free imports of raw material against REP licences issued on the exports of specified products. In this connection, a copy of the Department of Revenue Customs Notification dated 12th April, 1985 is reproduced in Annexure I to this Appendix.
- 2. The export products and against each of them the items allowed to be imported, the quantity of each item allowed and the import replenishment percentage in terms of value, are indicated in Annexure II to this Appendix.
- 3. The scheme will apply to REP licences issued on exports made from 12-4-1985 against which the exporter has neither claimed the benefit of duty exemption as per Appendix 19 nor duty-drawback.
- 4. At the time of export, the exporter shall make a declaration in the relevant shipping bill that he would claim REP licence against the exports covered by the shipping bill under Duty Free Scheme as per Appendix 21 of Import-Export Policy, 1985—88, and shall not claim duty drawback on the same exports. A copy of customs authenticated shipping bill for export promotion shall be furnished with the import application for REP licences alongwith other prescribed documents. The Shipping Bill shall have the full signature and name of the Customs Officer with his designation and date (including month and year). In respect of exports made by post parcel, the exporter shall produce customs attested invoice or any other export document including drawback application, wherever available, duly attersted by customs and containing the aforesaid declaration of the exporter for the purpose of claiming duty free REP licence under this scheme.
- REP licences issued under the scheme will be marked "Duty Free Import Replenishment". Such licences will be transferable like other REP licences.

- They will also not be subject to "Actual User" condition.
- 5. Applications for grant of REP licences under this scheme should be made to the licensing authorities concerned. At the top of the application, the words "Application under Duty Free Import Scheme" should be written.
- Import licences issued under the scheme will be subject to both value and quantity as limiting factors
- 8. Where item(s) of import permitted in Annexure II of this Appendix is/are permissible against the relevant export product in columns 4 and 5 of Appendix 17, the unutilised value, if any, available in the "duty-free" REP licence, after making duty free imports, may be utilised by importing items permissible under columns 4 and 5 against the relevant export product on payment of customs duty. For this purpose, the licensing authority will endorse the "duty-free" REP licence as under:—

"Withmosts overall value, the licence will also be valid for import of items permitted in columns 4 and 5 against Sl. No....in Appendix 17 of Import-Export Policy, 1985—88 on payment of customs duty".

9. Where items of import permitted in Annexure II of this Appendix are other than those in Appendices 2, 3 and 5 the exporter will be eligible to the normal REP entitlement as appearing in Appendix 17 in addition to the "duty-free" REP entitlement. Therefore, while issuing duty-free REP licence, the licensing authority will also include therein, the items and the values as admissible under Appendix 17, with the conditions that (a) the import of these items will be on payment of customs duty and (b) the value limits given in the licence for duty-paid and duty-free materials will not be interchangeable with each other.

#### ANNEXURE 1 TO APPENDIX 21

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

#### MINISTRY OF FINANCE

#### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

(INDIRECT TAXES DIVISION)

New Delhi, the 12th April, 1985

## CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION

G.S.R. No. — In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 25 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts the materials specified in the Schedule annexed hereto when imported into India from the whole of the duty of Customs leviable thereon which is specified in the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) and the whole of the additional duty leviable thereon under section 3 of the said Act:

Provided that the importer shall produce an import replenishment licence issued in terms of Appendix 21 of the Import Policy for the period commencing on the 1st day of April, 1985 and ending with the 31st day of March, 1986 under the Imports (Control) Order 1955, containing the following endorsements by the author'ty issuing such because, namely:—

- (a) Duty Free imports against Replenishment Licence as per Appendix 21 of the Import Policy April 1985-March 1988;
- (b) The quantit, and the value of the said materials, allowed to be imported under the said licence; and
- (c) The description of the exported product against which import of the said materials would be allowed under the said licence.

## THE SCHEDULE

- (1) Stainless Steel Sheets or Strips or Colls (Non-Magnetle).
- (2) Stainless Steel Sheets or Strips or bars and rode.
- (3) Hot Rolled Carbon Steel Sheets or Strips or Plates or Coils (other than high Carbon Steel)
- (4) Zinc.
- (5) Spun Silk yarn.
- (6) Noll Yarn (Silk).
- (?) Ras wool or wool tops or weolles rare
- (8) Raw wool 48s and below.
- (9) Brass Scrap.
- (10) Plastic Raw Material (other than P.V C.)
- (11) High Carbon Steel/Alloy Steel.
- (12) Mulberry raw allk of all grades (other than duplou yars).
- (13) Mulberry duplon yarn.
- (14) Synthetic Waste.
- (15) Seamless Steel Bars/Billets/Blooms
- (16) Aluminium Ingots/Aluminium Bods.
- (17) High Carbon Steel Wire Rods.
- (18) Nylon Filament yarn
- (19) Polyester filament yarm

# ANNEXURE II TO APPENDIX 21

# Scheme of Duty Free Import against Import Replenishment Licences

Item No.		Relevant Sl. No. of App. 17	Description of items allowed for import duty free	Quantity of items allow- ed for import duty tree	Import Replenish- ment percentage	Quantity of relevant export product
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	Galvanised Steel Pipes/Tubes.	A.7(I)	(i) Hot Rolled Carbon Steel Sheets/ Strips/Coils (other than High Carbon Steel). (ii) Zino.	0.9765 Kg. 0.07 Kg.	70%	1 Kg.
2.	Steel Pipes and Tubes (Black) including precision Tubes.	A.7(i)	Hot Rolled Carbon Steel Sheets/ Strips/Colls (other than High Carbon Steel).	1.05 Кда.	70%	1 Kg.
3.	Seamless Steel Tubes.	A.7(i)	Seamless Bars/Billets/Blooms.	1.05 Kgs.	70%	1 Kg.
	Galvanised Wire and Sheets (whether corrugated or not).	A.7(11)	Zinc.	0.04 Kg.	10%	1 Kg.
5.	Brass fittings.	A.17	Brass scrap.	1.01 Kgs.	30%	1 Kg.
	Aluminium Conductors Steel Reinforced (ACSR).	A.24(i)	(i) Aluminium ingots/Aluminium rods. (ii) High Carbon Steel Wire Rods. (iii) Zino.	1.01 Kgs. 1.01 Kgs. 1.04 Kgs.	50%	1 Kg.
<b>7.</b> .	All Aluminium Conductors (AAC)	A.24(I)	Aluminium ingots/Aluminium rods.	1.01 Kgs.	60%	1 Kg.
8.	<ul><li>(a) Steel files (of high carbon steel).</li><li>(b) Steel files (of alloy steel).</li></ul>	A.51(lil) A.51(lll)	High Carbon Steel. Alloy steel.	1.15 Kgs. 1.15 Kgs.	40% 40%	1 Kg. 1 Kg.
	Articles made of plastics (other than P.V.C.).	C.11.3	Relevant plastic raw material (other than P.V.C.).	1.05 Kgs.	40%	1 Kg.
10.	Brass artware.	H.1	Brass scrap.	1.02 Kgs.	40%	1 Kg.
	Shoddy woollen Blankets/Blanketing ploth.	E.4	<ul> <li>(I) Synthetic Ring Spun Yarn Hard Waste.</li> <li>(II) Blended Ring Spun Yarn Hard Waste.</li> <li>(III) Entangled Fllament Tows (Drawn) containing tows of length of sot more than two meters.</li> </ul>	1.06 Kgs.	30%	1 Kg.
12.	Hand Knotted/Woven woollen Carpets	16.5(II)	Raw wool of 36 microns and above	0.30 Kg.	30 🌠	1 Kg,
13.	(I) Natural Silk fabrics/madeups/gar- ments containing 100% Natural Silk by weight.	E.7(i)	apan Siik/Noil/Mulberry raw siik/ Duplon (depending upon the item actually used).	1,30 Kgs.	30 %	1 Kg.
1	(#) Natural Silk fabrics/madeups/gas- ments including embriodered con- taining less than 100% but not less than 50% natural ellk by weight.	16,7(H)	Span Silk/Noil/Mulberry raw silk/ Duplon. (depending upon the item actually used).	0,9 Kg.	20%	1 <b>Kg</b> ,
(	(iii) Natural Silk fabrics/madeups/gas- ments including embroidered con- taining less than 50% but not less than 20% natural silk by weight.	K T(UI)	Spun silk/Noil/Mulberry raw silk/ Duplon. (depending upon the item actually used).	0.45 Kg.	10%	1 <b>Kg.</b>

ANNEXURE II TO APPENDIX 21—Coucid.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
14. Sil	k Carpets.	K.8(1)	Spun Silk Yara.	1.15 Kgs.	40%	1 Kg.
5. (1)	Nylon filament yarn fabrics, em- broidered fabrics, quilted fabrics quilted blankets, hosiery, knit wear and made-up articles.	K-13 or		1.10 Kgs.	40%	1 Kg.
(#)	Polyester filament yarn fabrics, em- broidered fabrics, hosiery, knit wear and made-up articles.	-do-	Polyester Filament Yarn actually used in the export product	1.10 Kgs.	40%	1 Kg.
(#ii)	Fabrics, embroidered fabrics, hosiery, knit wear and made-up articles of mixed yarn of Nylon filament and Polyester filament.	-do-	Nylon/Polyester Filament Yarn actually used in the export product.	1.10 Kgs.	40%	1 Kg.
	ticles of Hoslery/knitwear made wholly wool.	0.2	(1) Raw Wool or (11) Woollen yarn,	1,25 Kgs. 1,10 Kgs.	40% 40%	1 Kg. 1 Kg.
	inless Steel Utensils, sinks and spital ware (Non-Magnetic).	Q.1	Stainless Steel Strips/Sheets/Coils (Non-Magnetic).	1.15 Kgs.	50%	1 Kg.
8. Sta	inless Steel Forks.	Q.1	Stainless Steel Sheets/Strips/Bars and rods.	1.60 Kgs.	50%	1 Kg.
9. Sta	inless Steel Spoons/Knives.	Q.1	Stainless Steel Sheets/Strips/Bars and rods.	1.30 Kgs.	50%	1 Kg.

NOTES 1 (1) In the case of export products covered by Sl. Nos. 9 and 11 to 19 (both inclusive) above, the quantities of items allowed to be imported duty free in column(s) will be calculated on the actual 1 Kg. net content of the materials in column 4 above, used in the manufacture of the exported products. For this purpose, preshipment inspection certificate/test certificate from the statutory agencies concerned will have to be produced in addition to the prescribed documents.

<sup>(2)</sup> Wherever the item 'raw wool' appears in column 4, it will cover 'scoured wool' also.

### APPENDIX 22 (Chapter XVIII) ANNEXURE I

### SCHEME FOR EXPORT OF GOLD JEWELLERY AGAINST GOLD SUPPLIES: BY THE FOREIGN BUYER

Export of gold ornaments and articles (other than coins) as defined in the Gold (Control) Act, 1968, will alone be allowed under the Scheme. Such ornaments and articles when studded will also be permitted to be exported under the Scheme. The items for export should be made of gold of purity not less than 0.5833 fineness which corresponds to 14 carats.

- 2. The Scheme will apply to the export orders received by Handicrafts and Handlooms Export Corporation, New Delhi either directly or through their eligible associates.
- 3. The following categories of persons holding valid dealer's licence under the Gold Control law will only be allowed to operate as eligible associates of Handicrafts and Handlooms Exput Corporation for the purpose of the scheme:—
  - (1) Registered Experters having with Resistration Certificates intuo to them by the Germand Jewellery France Promotion Council.
  - (ii) Co-operative Societies of certified goldsmiths; and
  - ment holding Export House Critical : issued by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.
- 4 The Gem and Jewellery Expirit Free in Council will keep the particulars of the ideatification marks, if any, of its Registered Exporters under the Hall Marking Scheme of the Indian Standards Institution. But it would not be obligatory on the part of its Registered Exporters to follow the Hall Marking Scheme until further orders.

### Scope of the ficheme

The Scheme provides for export of gold consements and articles against gold supplied, free of charge in advance by the foreign buyer concerned to the extent of the quantity of the gold used in the manufacture of the items to be exported. Export orders should, therefore, provide for the supply of gold, free of charge by the foreign buyer to the extent required. Such gold should be received, in any case, before the export of ornaments or articles is allowed Export orders show? provide for integer facturing and other costs involved, either by means

- of an in vocable letter of credit, or payment on cashof delivery basis, or advance payments in foreign the lange received through the authorised dealer (Bank). The documents should be negotiated through an authorised dealer in foreign exchange only. The or port order should relate to the single buyer overseas withough it may cover more than one item of export.
- 6. A minimum value added of 15% over the value of the gold content will be insisted upon in respect of aports made under the scheme. The value added vill be calculated with reference to the value of the sold ontent in the items exported, at the price notified by Handicrafts and Handlooms Export Corporation, is, a Delli as the price of gold, at the beginning of the month. For example, if the f.o.b. value of the calculated at the notified price should be Rs. 87 and the case of studied items, the total value of the gold and other items, namely, stones, gems, is and other items, namely, stones, gems, is and other items exported, should be Rs. 87

the standard made under the obtains will not be shall for an offer materialy. Exercise of gold to make and arterials when studder, made under the obtains will not be obtained and arterials when studder, made under the obtained will not be less than 15% as provided in para 6 above for the purpose of determining F.O.B. value, the value of gold and other precious metals as shown in the outside attended invoice, shall be excluded for our replenishment of the same items and to the underextent as allowed spainst Sl. No. P.4 in Appendix 17, will be admissible.

8. The Handicrafts and Handlooms Export Corporation of India Ltd.. New Delhi (HHEC) has been nominated as the authority to operate the scheme. The export orders against which exports will be "lowed will be those as are received directly by this approv or through their eligible associates.

### Import of gold under the Scheme

9(1). The imported gold shall be cleared through the customs authorities only by the said nominated agency ie, HHFC either on their own behalf where the export orders are received by them or on behalf of their eligible associates, where the export orders

### ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 22-contá.

have been received through such associates. In the latter case, the exporter shall have to authorise the HHEC to act as its agent to file the Bill of Entry and clear the imported gold from the Customs as also to file the relevant Shipping Bill for making the corresponding exports through the customs.

- (2) The HHEC will also obtain a general permission from the Gold Control Administration for receiving the gold on import into India.
- Import of pure gold under the scheme will be allowed by the Customs authorities to the designated agency i.e. HHEC on the basis of an exemption order, whether general or specific, issued by the Reserve Bank of India, for the purpose of the scheme In respect of each consignment of imported gold, HHEC will execute before clearance a bond with the customs authorities undertaking to export gold equivalent to the entire quantity of the imported gold as input in the finished gold jewellery or articles, within the period stipulated in the contract or within such further time as may be allowed by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, and to pay customs duty leviable on that quantity which is not proved to have been exported. In the case of export orders received by the eligible associates of the HHEC, it will be for the HHEC to secure corresponding guarantees from their such associates separately, to ensure compliance with contractual obligations.
- 11. The HHEC shall be required to deposit the Imported gold in Government of India Mint at Bombay or Calcutta either on the same day on which the gold is cleared through the customs or, at the latest, by the following day, and to obtain a proper receipt from the Mint authorities. Since Mint facilities exist only at Bombay and Calcutta, the gold imported under this scheme should be allowed to be imported only at these two places. The imported gold will be converted by the Mint into standard bars of .995 The corresponding exports will be allowed by the customs authorities only on their satisfaction on the basis of the Mint receipt that the required quantity of gold used in the manufacture of the items sought to be experted, was received by the Government of India Mint

### Export of gold ornaments etc. under the Scheme

- i2. The articles to be exported under the scheme will be manufactured out of the gold procured from the domestic market. After the exports have been made, and the gold content used in the exported items verified, the HHEC will obtain the requisite quantity of gold from the Mint for being used as replenishment for the gold used in the items exported in the manner explained separately in this Appendix
- 13. Exports under the Scheme will be allowed only by air-freight and through the customs houses at Rombay Calouts, Madras or Delhi.

- Where the export order is received by the HHEC directly in its own name, the shipping bill for the relevant exports will be filed by the HHEC in its own name as required onder the customs regulations. In cases where the export order has been received through the eligible associates of the HHEC, the shipping bill for the relevant exports will be filed in the name of HHEC on account of the concerned associates whose name and address will also appear on the shipping bill. Such shipping bills shall also contain an endorsement by HHEC certifying that the expert is being made against an order received through the concerned associate and registered with HHEC giving also the date on which it was registered with them and certifying that the gold for the execution of the export order, in question, was duly received from the foreign buyer and deposited in the Government of India Mint on the date (to be specified). Before making the endorsement, the HHEC will satisfy itself about the quantity of gold used in the manufacture of items to be exported and the minimum prescribed value added. Such endorsements may be made only by the designated officers of HHEC whose signatures will be deposited with the Customs before hand for verification.
- The shipping bill should, inter alia, contain the exporter's declaration about the weight and the purity of gold used in each item to be exported, and the f.o.b. value of the items to be exported, name of the Custom House through which corresponding import of gold was effected, the Bill of Entry and the date of clearance of gold supplied by the foreign party. An extra copy of the shipping bill should also be furnished. However, in cases where shipments are made through a Custom House other than the Custom House through which the corresponding import of gold was effected, two extra copies of the Shipping Bill should be filed for being sent by the Custom House after shipment of the goods to the Custom House through which the corresponding import was made, for reference at the time of cancellation of the (If the purity of gold used is the same in respect of all or some of the items to be exported, the exporter may give the total weight of gold and the total value of such items as are of the same purity, instead of giving their details intemwise). In the case of studded items, the shipping bill should show in addition to gold content as above, the description/ weight/value of the stones/gems/pearls used in their manufacture, as well as the weight/value of any other precious matels used for alloying gold.
- 16. Each shipping bill as endorsed will be valid for exports made only through the customs house located at the place where the HHEC's office which made the endorsement is situated. It will be valid for shipment for a period of seven days from the date of the endorsement by HHEC, excluding, however the date on which the endorsement was made if the exports rannot be made within this period, the exporter should file a fresh shipping bill No extension in the period of shipment will be allowed in respect of the shipping bill.

### ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 22-Concid.

- 17. At the time of export, the exporter shall present to the concerned customs authority, along with the shipping Bill, three copies of the connected invoices as well as other documents as may be required by the customs. Before allowing the export, the said authority will, inter alia:—
  - do the necessary checks to verify that the weight and the purity of gold used in each item for export is as per the exporter's declaration in the said documents; and
  - (ii) satisfy itself that the export value (minus the cost of gold) declared by the exporter is in accordance with the Customs Act and the Foreign Exchange Regulations Act.
- 18. The weight and purity of the gold content of the items so passed for export will be verified by the customs authority on the relevant shipping bills. The customs authority will also attest the connected invoices and return two copies of the shipping bill and the connected invoices—one copy to the person who presents the export documents and the other copy to the office of HHEC directly.
- 19. The exporter shall, within 15 days from the date of export, submit to the same office of HHEC which endorsed the shipping bill, an application in the prescribed form and manner for release of gold and attach thereto the customs attested invoice, customs authenticated shipping bill and the bank certificate in original evidencing the negotiation of documents and the flight number by which the consignment was exported. The HHEC will, after verifying the documents, release the gold to the exporter to the extent of the gold used in the manufacture of the jewellery exported as certified by the customs on the shipping bill
- 20. For the purpose of calculating the quantity of gold to be issued, the HHEC will multiply the weight of the gold content of the exported item, as certified by the Customs authority which allowed the export, by the following whichever is appropriate:—
  - (1) Their caratage divided by 24, if the declaration is in carats; or
  - (#) Their fineness if the declaration is in fineness. The figure of pure gold so calculated will be rounded to the nearest 10th of a gramme. No allowance will be allowed for any wastage.
- 21. Where the export order was secured directly by HHEC and the exports were made by them on their own, the quantity of gold used in the items exported will be taken by HHEC on its records for replenishment after having satisfied itself with respect to the quantity to which it is entitled

### Applicability of Gold Control Law

22. The HHEC shall maintain a complete account consignment-wise of the gold imported for execution of each export order, the exports effected and the

- quantity of gold released against such exports. At the end of each quarter viz.. 30th June, 30th September, 31st December and 31st March, the HHEC shall submit a report to the Reserve Bank of India, Ministry of Commerce, the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports and jurisdictional Collector of Central Excise or Customs, as the case may be, indicating the total quantity or gold imported, the total quantity of gold used in exports effected and the total quantity of gold released as replenishment against exports thus effected. In order to get a discharge of its obligations under the bond executed by it with the Customs authorities the HHEC will furnish to the concerned Collector of Customs a statement indicating the Bill of Entry No. against which gold was imported for execution of the contract, date of importation, quantity of gold imported, number of each of the Shipping Bills against which corresponding shipments of ornaments/articles were made, description of the goods exported and the gold content in respect of each Shipping Bill as certified by the concerned customs authorities. Such applications for the cancellation of bond will have to be made immediately after the completion of the shipment of all the ornaments/ articles to be exported against a particular contract or the expiry of the period of export stipulated in the relevant contract with the foreign supplier of gold, whichever is earlier. In cases where any of the shipments of ornaments/articles are made through a Custom House other than the one through which the corresponding import of gold was effected, the HHEC, with their application for cancellation of the bond, will also furnish copies of the Shipping Bills against which exports are effected through Custom House other than the one through which gold was imported. Further details of supplementary procedures, checks and instructions, if necessary, would be furnished by the Collector of Customs concerned. HHEC would, for this purpose, get in touch with the Collectors.
- 23. The entire transactions under the Scheme will be subject to all the provision of the gold control law
- 24. The following branches of HHEC will release release gold in accordance with the scheme:—
  - (i) The General Manager, HHEC of India, Ltd., 11-A, Rouse Avenue Lane, Lok Kalyan Bhavan New Delhi-110002.
  - (ii) The Branch Manager, HHEC of India Ltd., 11th Floor, Nirmal Building, Nariman Point, Bombay.
  - (iii) The Branch Manager. MHEC of India Ltd., 10th Floor, 6/A Raja Subodh Mullick Souare, Silvain.
  - (iv) The General Manager, HHEC of India Ltd., Sudarehan Building, 16/1, Whites Road, Madras

### APPENDIX 22

### ANNEXURE II

## SCHEME FOR EXPORT OF GOLD ORNAMENTS AND ARTICLES FOR SALE AT APPROVED EXHIBITIONS

Under this Scheme, export of gold ornaments and articles (other than coins) as defined in the Gold (Control) Act, 1968, will alone be allowed. The Items for export should be made of gold of purity not less than 0.5833 fineness which corresponds to 14 carats.

- 2. (1) The export will be made by HHEC or its associates. The eligible associates will be the following categories of persons holding valid dealer's licence under the Gold Control Law:—
  - (i) Registered Exporters having valid Registration Certificates issued to them by the Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council:
  - (ii) Co-operative Societies of certified goldsmiths; and
  - (iii) Corporations owned or controlled by Government holding Export House Certificates issued by the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi.
- (2) Export will also be permitted by others if approved by Reserve Bank of India and the Ministry of Finance provided they hold valid dealers licence under the Gold Control Law and RCMC issued by the Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council.
- 3. Under this scheme, exports will be made on consignment basis for holding exhibitions with the specific or general approval of the Reserve Bank of India. The description of each item exported, its total weight/value, and the weight and purity of its gold content, shall be clearly given. In the case of studded items, in addition to gold content as above, the description/weight/value of the stones/gems/pearls used in their manufacture, as well as the description/weight/value of any other precious metals used for alloying gold shall also be given.
- 4. At the time of export, the customs authority will check to verify that the weight and purity of gold used in each item for export is as per the exporter's declaration in the relevant shipping bill.
- 5 The export shall be subject to the conditions that (i) the items exported which are not sold shroad shall be re-imported into India within 15 days of the close of the exhibition, and (ii) in respect of the items sold abroad, the gold content thereof shall be imported as replenishment not later than one month of the close of the exhibition. The Handicrafts and Handloom Export Corporation of India Limited shall execute a bond to this effect with the Customs Authority

before export is allowed. In respect of exhibitions organised by others (approved as per para 2 above), such bonds are to be executed by the organisers themselves.

- 6. A minimum value added of per cent over the value of the gold content will be insisted upon in respect of the goods exported and sold under the acheme. The value added will be calculated with reference to the value of the gold content in the litems exported and sold. For example, if the f.o.b. value of the item exported and sold is Rs. 100, the value of gold to be replenished shall be Rs. 87 or less. In the case of studded items, the total value of the gold and other items, namely, stones, gems, pearls and other precious metals, if any, used in the manufacture of the item exported and sold shall be Rs. 87 or less.
- 7. Purchase of gold as replenishment will be made abroad with the assistance of the State Bank of India or their duly authorised agent at the place where the exhibition is held. It will be ensured that the price of gold paid is such that it does not at any time erode the prescribed minimum value added of 15 per cent for the jewellery exported. For the purpose of calculating the quantity of gold, the weight of the gold content of the exported item, as certified by the Customs authority which allowed the export, will be multiplied by the following whichever is appropriate:—
  - (i) Their caratage divided by 24, if the declaration is in carata; or
  - (ii) Their fineness if the declaration is in fineness. The figure of pure gold so calculated will be rounded to the nearest 10th of a gramme. No allowance will be allowed for any wastage.
- 8. The gold imported into India as replenishment by HHEC will be deposited with the Government of India Mint for subsequent release to eligible associates. The HHEC shall be required to deposit the imported gold in Government of India Mint at Bombay or Calcutta either on the same day on which the gold is cleared through the customs, or at the latest, by the following day, and to obtain a proper receipt from the Mint authorities. Since Mint facilities exist only at Bombay and Calcutta, the gold imported under this scheme should be allowed to be imported only at these two places. The imported gold will be converted by the Mint into standard bars of 995 purity The HHEC will obtain the requisite quantity of gold from the Mint for being used as replenishment for the gold used in the Items exported and sold in the exhibitions \*broad

### ANNEXURE II TO APPENDIX 22-Concla

- 9. In the case of Registered Exporters other than HHEC and its associates, replenishment of gold, wherever admisslb,e will be through the State Bank of India as per provisions in Annexure III to this Appendix. For this purpose, a registered exporter (other than the HHEC and its associates) need only submit the documents specified in para 10 below.
- 10. The following documents will be submitted for claiming replenishment of gold against export of gold ornaments and articles sold at exhibitions abroad:—
  - (1) Customs attested invoice representing the exports made for the purpose of exhibition.
  - (2) Certificate from (i) the HHEC in respect of exhibitions conducted by them or (ii) Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council for exhibitions conducted by others indicating the particulars as per form prescribed in Appendix XVIII of the Hand Book certifying, among others, that the payment against sales in exhibition/s has been repatriated to India and surrendered to the Indian Exchange Control.
  - (3) Bank certificate in the Form given in Annexure III to Appendix XIV-D of the Hand Book indicating the receipt of payment in foreign exchange. (The time limit for submission of an application will be reckoned from the date of payment as shown in the bank certificate).
  - (4) Where an applicant is unable to produce bank certificate as the documents were not negotiated through the bank, the licensing authority may accept the documents in (2) above if it is satisfied on the basis of other evidence that the payment for the goods in question has been received through authorised channels.

- 11. Exports and sales of gold ornaments and articles (other than studded) made under the scheme will not be eligible for any other incentive, except replenishment of gold to the extent as laid down in this scheme. Exports of gold ornaments and articles, when studded, made under this scheme, will however be eligible for import replenishment subject to the condition that the net value added will not be less than 15% as provided in para 6 above. For the purpose of determining f.o.b. value, the value of gold and other precious metals as shown in the customs attested in voice, shall be excluded. Import replenishment of the same items to the same extent, as allowed against S.No. P 4 in Appendix 17, will be admissible.
- 12. The HHEC will maintain complete record of exports made, goods sold abroad, goods re-imported and the gold purchased abroad and imported into India. At the end of each exhibition, the HHEC shall submit report to the Reserve Bank of India, the Ministry of Commerce, the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports and the Jurisdictional Collector of Central Excise and Customs, giving complete account as aforesaid.
- 13. The Gold Control regulations will apply as appropriate.
- 14. The HHEC will produce to the customs anthority concerned, the letter in original or its certified copy, containing Government's approval to the holding of the exhibition concerned. In respect of exhibitions organised other than through HHEC, the Organisers concerned will have to produce to the Customs authority concerned letter in original or a certified copy containing the approval of the Reserve Bank of India and the Ministry of Finance.

### APPENDIX 22 ANNEXURE III

### GOLD JEWELLERY EXPORT PROMOTION AND REPLENISHMENT SCHEME

### Scope of the Scheme

Export of gold ornaments and articles (other than coin) as defined in the Gold (Control) Act, 1968 will alone be allowed under the scheme. Such ornaments and articles when studded will also be permitted to be exported under the scheme. The items for export should be made of gold of purity not less than 0.5833 fineness which corresponds to 14 carats. The scheme has come into effect from 25th April 1984.

- 2. The scheme will be confined to the following categories of persons holding valid Dealer's Licence under the Gold Control Law:—
  - (i) Registered Exporters having valid Registration Certificates issued to them by the Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council;
  - (ii) Co-operative Societies of certified golds-miths; and
  - (iii) Corporations owned or controlled by Government holding Export House Certificate issued by the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi.
- 3. Membership of the Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council will not be pre-requisite condition for the category (ii) above to participate in the Scheme to begin with, but they should join the Council within a period of 3 months from the date of first export.
- 4. The Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council will keep the particulars of the identification marks, if any, of its members under the Hall Marking Scheme of the Indian Standards Institution. But it would not be obligatory on the part of its members to tollow the Hall Marking Scheme until further orders.
- 5. The scheme provides, for the replenishment of pure gold to the extent of the quantity/value admissible thereunder, against exports made in accordance with it. Government will notify separately, from time to time, the places and price at which the gold will be sold to the Release Order holders. Such replenishment will be arranged through the State Bank of India.
- 6. The scheme will be limited to exports effected against such orders as are backed by an irrevocable letter of credit or payment on cash-on-delivery basis or advance payment in foreign exchange received through an authorised dealer (bank). The documents should be negotiated through an authorised dealer in foreign exchange only. The export order should relate to a single buyer overseas, although it may cover more than one item of export

In case of export effected against such orders as are backed by either an irrevocable letter of credit or payment on cash-on-delivery basis, the exporter will have to give an undertaking in writing agreeing to refund the difference between the sale price of gold released by the State Bank of India and its prevailing 'internal' market price, if he fails to repatriate the export proceeds in full or if the articles exported are rejected or returned to India.

- 7. A minimum value added of 15% over the value of the pure gold content will be insisted upon in respect of the exports made under the scheme and for the purpose of replenishment of gold. The added value will be calculated by relating the value of pure gold content in the jewellery exported, at the price notified under para 5 above, as ruling on the date on which the relevant Shipping Bill is endorsed by the licensing authority under para 14 below, to the f.o.b. price of the items to be exported. For example, if the f.o.b. price is Rs. 100/-, the value of pure gold should be Rs. 87 or less. In the case of studded items, the total value of pure gold, stones or gems or pearls as well as other precious metals, if any, used in their manufacture, should be Rs.87 or less.
- 8. On furnishing (i) an undertaking as provided in paragraph 6 and (ii) the declaration as provided in paragraph 17 of the scheme that no realisation of foreign exchange against exports made under this scheme is outstanding beyond a period of two months from the date of shipment, the release order issued by the licensing authority may be honoured by the State Bank of India even prior to the realisation of the export proceeds in foreign exchange.
- 9. Exports under the scheme, shall be allowed only by Air-freight and through the Customs House at Bombay/Calcutta/Madras/Delhi|Jaipur.
- 10. Exports of gold ornaments and articles (Other than studded) made under the scheme will not be eligible for any other incentive. Exports of gold ornaments and articles, when studded, made under the scheme will, however, be eligible for import replenishment subject to the condition that the net value added will not be less than 15% as provided in para 7 above. For the purpose of determining f.o.b. value, the value of gold and other precious metals as shown in the Customs attested invoice, shall be excluded Import replenishment of the same items and to the same extent, as allowed against SI.

### ANNEXURE III TO APPENDIX 22-Contd.

No. P. 4 in Appendix 17, will be admissible.

Mode of exports and its control

- 11. Eligible exporters should apply for endorsement on the Shipping Bill, in the prescribed form and to the concerned licensing authority as per the enclosure I hereto. The application should be supported by a certified copy of the export order referred to in para 7 above. Where the price contracted for is on c.i.f. basis, the applicant shall also declare the estimated f.o.b. value thereof in the application for the export. (For the purpose of replenishment of gold, only the f.o.b. value will be taken into consideration).
- 12. The shipping bill should, inter alia, contain the exporter's declaration about the weight and the purity of gold used in each item to be exported, and the f.o.b. value of the items to be exported. An extra copy of the Shipping Bill should also be furnished. (If the purity of gold used is the same in respect of all or some of the items to be exported, the exporter may give the total weight of gold and the total value of such items as are of the same purity instead of giving their details itemwise). In the case of studded items, the shipping bill should show, in addition to the gold content as above, the description/weight/value of the stones/gems/pearls used in their manufacture as well as the weight/value of any other precious metal used for alloying the gold.
- 13. The licensing authority will, after satisfying itself about the minimum value added as set down in para 8 above, make an endorsement on the Shipping Bill to permit export, if the application is otherwise in order.
- 14. Each Shipping Bill, as endorsed, will be valid for exports made only through the Customs House located at the place where the licensing office which made the endorsement is situated and for a period of seven days from the date of the endorsement, excluding, however, the date on which the endorsement was made. (In the event of the exporter being unable to effect exports during the period of the said validity, he may apply afresh; no request for extension of validity will be entertained under the scheme).
- 15. At the time of export, the exporter shall present to the concerned Customs authority, along with the Shipping Bill, three copies of the connected invoice as well as such other documentation as may be required by the Customs. Before allowing the export, the said authority will inter-alia
  - (i) do the necessary checks to verify that the weight and the purity of gold used in each item for export are as per the exporter's declaration in the said documents; and
  - (ii) satisfy itself that the export value declared by the exporter is in accordance with the Customs Act and the Foreign Exchange Regulations Act.
- 16. The weight and the purity of the gold content of the items so passed for export will be verified by

- the Customs authority, on the relevant shipping bills. The Customs authority will also attest the connected invoice and return two copies of the shipping bill and the connected invoice to the exporter
- 17. The exporter shall, within 7 clear working days after the exports have been made and without waiting for the realisation of the sale proceeds in foreign exchange, submit to the same licensing authority as that which endorsed the Shipping Bill, an application, in the prescribed form and manner, for the issue of a Release Order, and attach thereto the Customs attested invoice, the Customs authenticated Shipping Bill and the Bank Certificate, in original. Along the application for issue of a Release Order, the exporter should also furnish a declaration, duly signed by him, certifying that no realisation of foreign exchange against exports made under this scheme is outstanding beyond a period of two months from the date of shipment. The licensing authority, will, after verifying the documents, issue a Release Order so as to enable the exporter to secure the replenishment of the pure gold-content of the items exported as above, if the application is otherwise in order.
- 18. No Release Order issued under the Scheme shall be transferable and each Release Order will be valid for a period of 15 days from the date of its issue.
- 19. The Release Order will be expressed in terms of gold of 0.999 fineness and for a value determined at the notified price as ruling on the date on which the relevant Shipping Bill was endorsed by the licensing authority. Both quantity and value shall be limiting factors in the case of each Release Order.
- 20. For the purpose of calculating the quantity of pure gold to be set down in the Release Order, the licensing authority will multiply the weight of the gold content of the exported items, as certified by the Customs authority which allowed the export, by the following whichever is appropriate:—
  - (i) their caratage divided by 24, if the declaration is in carats; or
  - (ii) their fineness, if the declaration is in fineness.

No allowance will be made for any wastage and the figure of pure gold so calculated will be rounded to the nearest tenth of a gramme.

21. (1) In the case of "Meenakart" items, a deduction of 3 per cent will be made in the weight of pure gold as calculated above for the purpose of import replenishment under the scheme

### ANNEXURE III TO APPENDIX 22—Contd.

- (ii) In the above cases, both quantity and value will continue to be limiting factors
- 22. The licensing authority will endorse a copy of the Release Order to the designated office of the State Bank of India located within the area of its own jurisdiction, which is authorised to sell gold under the scheme.
- 23. The said designated office of the State Bank of Iadia will sell the gold to the Release Order holder at the notified price as ruling on the date of its sale. Where gold of purity less than 0.999 is sold, the State Bank of India will be entitled to make necessary quantitative adjustment, but within the value limit of the connected Release Order. It will sell the gold in multiples of 10 gramme only. Any balance so left unserviced against a Release Order—or a group of Release Orders presented by the same exporter, on the same date and to the same designated office of the State Bank of India—shall be available to the Release Order-holder along with his future entitlement, the State Bank of India will grant him a certificate to that effect.
- 24. Every Release Order shall be surrendered by the holder, in original, to the State Bank of India at the time of the purchase of the gold as above, against proper acquittance.

### Applicability of Gold Control Luw

25. Gold bought from the State Bank of India under the Scheme shall be subject to all provisions of the Bold Control Law.

### Branches of the State Bank of India at which gold will be sold

- 26. The following are the branches of the State Bank of India at which gold will be sold in accordance with this scheme:—
  - (i) The Chief Manager,
     Overseas Branch, State Bank of India,
     P. B. No. 10006, Bombay—400 023.
  - (ii) The Chief Manager, Overseas Branch, State Bank of India; P. B. No 14, Calculta—700 001
  - (iii) The Chief Manager,
    Overseas Branch, State Bank of India,
    23, North Beach Road,
    Madras -- 600 001.
  - (iv) The Chief Manager, Overseas Branch, State Bank of India P. B. No. 22, New Dolhi -110 001.
  - (v) The Manager, State Bank of India, Main Branch, Sanganiri Gate, Jaipur.

### Procedure for Export of Gold Jewellery.

- 27. The procedure for export of gold jewellery is being notified separately.
- 28. The Scheme for export of gold jeweilery against gold supplied by the foreign buyer as notified in Publiclic Notice No. 39-ITC(PN)/80 dated the 14th October, 1980, and included as Appendix 22, Annexure I to the Import and Export Policy for April 1985—March 1988, Volume I, will co-exist along with this scheme.

### **ENCLOSURE 1**

### (Para 11 of Annexure III to Appendix 22) Licensing authorities and their jurisdiction.

1.	Jt. CCI&E, Bombay	t	Maharashtra, Goa, Daman & Diu, Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh.
2.	It. CCI&E, Calcutta	ŧ	West Bengal, Orissa, Assam, Bihar, Sikkim, Meghalaya, Manipur, Nagaland, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Tripura and Andaman & Nicobar Islands.
٥.	Jt CCI&E, Madras	ŧ	Tamil Nadu, Kerala Namacoka, Andhra Pradesh, Union Territory of Lakanadweep, Pondicherry, Karaikal, Mahe and Yanam.
4	Jt. CCI&F, (CLA), Delhi.	;	Delhi, Punjab, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmit, Himachal Pradesh and Chandigarh
5.	Dy. CCI&E, Jaipur	4	Rajasthan.

### APPENDIX 22

### ANNEXURE IV

### SCHEME FOR SETTING UP SPECIAL EXPORT ORIENTED COMPLEXES FOR MANUFACTURE OF GOLD JEWELLERY

Manufacture of gold jewellery will be permitted in special export oriented complexes. These special export oriented complexes will be governed by the provisions of the 100% export oriented units scheme as detailed in Appendix 23 of this Policy, except that:

- (a) nothing, including the rejects, manufactured in these complexes will be permitted to be sold in the domestic tariff area;
- (b) the specific requirements of jewellery manufacturing units, including machines, Equipment, consumables and ancillaries will be determined on a case by case basis, from a list of items which will be drawn up;
- (c) the format for the bond for the units in these complexes, which will be for a period of ten years, will be drafted specially by the Ministry of Commerce;
- (d) as soon as a unit is debonded, it will no longer be permitted to function within the complex; and
- (e) on a unit being debonded, gold, other precious metals, alloys, gems and other material available for manufacture of jewellery will be handed over to an agency nominated by the Ministry of Commerce at the price to be determined by that agency. Ministry of Commerce will identify such an agency, and issue appropriate notification.
- 2. To start with, the complexes will be permitted at five centres, viz. Delhi, Jaipur, Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.
- 3 The decision to extend the facility of setting up such complexes at other centres will be taken on merits by the Ministry of Commerce.
- 4. Special export-oriented complexes will be identified by the trade or may be sponsored by either State Government—or a public sector enterprise of the State or Central Government and the proposals from individual entrapasament will be coordinated either by the specializing against the coordinated either by the specializing against the coordinated either by the specializing against the specialization of the specia

- 5. Each building complex so identified for a complex of units for jewellery manufacture will serve as a common facility, all costs, including for the Customs staff, being shared by the entrepreneurs operating in the complex on the basis laid down by the sponsoring agency.
- 6. A Site Selection Committee will be constituted by the Ministry of Commerce which will be responsible for making recommendations to the Board of Approval regarding the locational suitability of the complexes from the view point of security and Customs bonding arrangements.
- 7. The recommendations of the Site Selection Committee as well as individual applications of units wishing to function in a complex will be considered by the Board of Approvals for 100% EOUs.
- 8. In the case of gold jewellery manufacturing units operating in these complexes, the facilities to be allowed for import of capital goods, prototypes, technical samples, consumables, spares and packaging material will be separately worked out as approved by the Board of Approvals, and a separate notification will be issued.
- 9. The units in these complexes will be permitted in accordance with the procedure applicable to the 100% EOU scheme and the stipulation laid down in para 10 below, to directly import all raw material, intermediates and components, including gold alloys, carat gold, coloured gold, precious metals including platinum and palladium, sockets, frames, mountings, gems and stones. Gold of 0.999 fineness and purity will, however, not be allowed except through the State Bank of India or any other agency designated by the Ministry of Commerce in consultation with the Gold Control authorities, the Central Board of Excise & Customs and the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports and, in such cases, special identification marks will be stamped bythe. Government Mint at Bombay .

### ANNEXURE IV TO APPENDIX 22-Contd.

- 10. The assessment about the quantity of imported material required for manufacture by a particular unit will be determined on the basis of the potential of export and its periodical requirement according to a cycle of turnover indicated by a unit and approved by the Board of Approvals. The limits of quantities determined initially may be reduced or enhanced by the Board of Approvals in the light of export performance, orders in hand or the capacity of production, established on the basis of the recommendations of the Export Commissioner or any other officer designated for re-assessment by the Board of Approvals.
- 11. Dealers' licences under the Gold Control Act for units approved by the Board of Approvals for operation in jewellery complexes will be obtained by the units.
- 12. Membership of the Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council will not be a pre-requisite condition to participate in the Scheme to begin with but they should join the Council within a period of three months from the date of first export.
- 13. Export under this scheme shall be allowed only by air freight through the Customs Houses at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Delhi and Jaipur

### **APPENDIX**

#### ANNEXURE V

### SCHEME FOR MANUFACTURE OF GOLD JEWELLERY IN REE TRADE ZONES

Manufacture of gold jewellery will be permitted in FTZs. Units set up in FTZs for manufacture of gold jewellery will be governed by the provisions of the FTZ scheme as detailed in Appendix 15 of this Policy, except that:

- (a) nothing, including the rejects, manufactured in these complexes will be permitted to be sold in the domestic tariff area;
- (b) the specific requirements of jewellery manufacturing units, including machines, equipment, consumables and ancillaries will be determined on a case by case basis, from a list of items which will be drawn up;
- (c) in the event of a unit ceasing its operations, gold, other precious metals, alloys, gem and other material available for manufacture of jewellery will be handed over to an agency nominated by the Ministry of Commerce at the Price to be determined by that agency. Ministry of Commerce will identify such an agency, and issue appropriate notification.
- (d) minimum value added content of 30% or more will be necessary for production in such a unit.
- 2. To start with, such units will be permitted in the FTZs at FALTA, Madras, Cochin and NOIDA.
- 3. The decision to extend the facility of setting up such units at other FTZs will be taken subsequently by the Ministry of Commerce.
- 4. In the case of gold jewellery manufacturing units operating in these Zones, the facilities to be allowed for import of capital goods, prototypes, technical samples, consumables, spares and packaging material will be separately worked out as approved by the Board of Approvals, and a separate notification will be issued.
- 5.1 The units in these Zones will be permitted in accordance with the procedure applicable to the

FTZ scheme and the stipulation laid down in para 6 below, to directly import all raw materials, intermediates and components, including gold alloys, carat gold, coloured gold, precious metals including platinum and palladium, sockets, frames, mountings, gems and stones.

- 5.2 Gold of 0.999 fineness and purity will, however, not be allowed except through the State Bank of India or any other agency designated by the Ministry of Commerce in consultation with the Gold Control authorities, the Central Board of Excise and Customs and the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports and, in such cases, special identification marks will be stamped by the Government Mint at Bombay.
- 6. The assessment about the quantity of imported material required for manufacture by a particular unit will be determined on the basis of the potential of export and its periodical requirement according to a cycle of turnover indicated by a unit and approved by the Board of Approvals. The limits of quantities determined initially may be reduced or enhanced by the Board of Approvals in the light of export performance, orders in hand or the capacity of production, established on the basis of the recommendations of the Export Commissioner or any other officer designated for re-assessment by the Board of Approvals.
- 7. Dealers' licences under the Gold Control Act for units approved by the Board of Approvals for operation in jewellery Zones will be obtained by the units.
- 8. Membership of the Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council will not be a pre-requisite condition to participate in the Scheme to begin with but they should join the Council within a period of three months from the date of first export.
- 9. Export under this scheme shall be allowed only by air freight through the Custom Houses at Bombey? Calcutta, Madras Delhi and Cochin

### APPENDIX 23

### (Chapter XIX)

### 100% EXPORT ORIENTED UNIT SCHEME

The 100% Export Oriented Unit Scheme envisages an industrial unit offering for export its entire production, excluding rejects or items otherwise specifically permitted to be supplied to the Domestic Tariff Area. A copy of the Ministry of Commerce Resolution dated the 31st December, 1980, as amended, regarding 100% Export Oriented Units appears in this Appendix.

- 2. Application for approval as a 100% Export Oriented Unit should be submitted to the Secretariat for Industrial Approvals, Ministry of Industry, Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi in the form prescribed in Appendix XIX-A of the Hand Book along with relevant Foreign Collaboration form where applicable. These applications will be considered by a Board headed by the Commerce Secretary.
- 3. Industrial Units approved by the Board set up for this purpose will alone be eligible for import of Capital Goods, raw materials, components and spares, etc., required by them for export production under the Scheme. While giving its approval, the Board will also decide the percentage of value addition in the product to be exported as well as the description of the product to be exported.
- 4. Such approvals will be subject to the conditions given below:—
  - (a) the entire production and operation of the 100% Export Oriented Unit shall be in a Customs-bonded factory. The Collector of Customs/Central Excise concerned will provide the bonding facilities for the factory premises on payment. Normal procedure that is applicable for Customs bonding will be followed, including transit bond for the purpose of goods being taken from the port of importation to the factory;
  - (b) Import of capital goods permitted is to be effected within two years from the date of issue of the Letter of Approval. For any additional requirements of capital goods, over that permitted initially, the unit will have to apply afresh to the Board of Approval;
  - (c) No export benefits like Cash Assistance or Replenishment licences would be admissible on any export or supplies effected by a 100% Export Oriented Unit
  - (i. The entity of the Board; ii) supplies as the board; ii) supplies

- effected in the Domestic Tariff Area not exceeding 25% of the total output as per para 8(a) selow; and (iii) supplies effected in the Domestic Tariff Area under global tender conditions;
- (e) The items permitted for import under OGL and the conditions applicable thereto are contained in the OGL Annexed. For their other import requirements, if any, not covered under OGL, such as air-conditioners required for the factory, the unit concerned will have to obtain import licence from the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi. Applications will be considered on merits, having regard to indigenous angle and other conditions.
- (f) The unit will have to show a minimum value addition of 20% or such percentage as mentioned in the Approval Letter/Letter of Intent. For this purpose, all foreign exchange out-go attributable to the 100% Export Oriented Unit and supplies procured from the Domestic Tariff Area of raw materials, components and consumables shall be taken into account. Formula for calculation of value addition is given in the application form in Appendix XIX-A of the Hand Book.
- (g) A unit approved under this Scheme shall execute a Bond or legal agreement (shown in Appendix XIX-B of the Hand Book) with the Licensing authority concerned, undertaking to fulfil the export obligation prescribed. Failure to discharge the export obligation will render the unit liable to the payment of Customs duty on the material imported at the value at the time of import and at the rates in force at the time of clearance without prejudice to any other actions that may be taken under the Customs Act, 1962 and the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 and the Orders issued thereunder. Exemption from Customs duty on 100% Export Oriented imports by Oriented Units will be subject to such other orders as may be issued separately by the Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, New Delhi.
- year the anit concerned shall furnish an agenet to the concerned licensing authority

#### APPENDIX 23-Consd

in regard to (i) the quantity and value (c.i.f. or the price paid, as the case may be) of items directly imported or supplies obtained from the Domestic Tariff Area; (ii) the quantity and f.o.b. value of items exported outside the country; (iii) sales of rejects permitted; (iv) sales permitted upto 25% of production to the Domestic Tariff Area; and (v) supplies to Domestic Tariff Area under the global tender condition. The approved unit shall also furnish quarterly returns indicating the progress of implementation of the project in the form as prescribed directly to the Export Commissioner in the Office of the CCI&E. The annual returns as well as other returns, as may be prescribed by the Board of Approval, will be sent through the Customs/Central Excise Officer attached to the industrial unit concerned. Failure to submit the above periodicals/ returns may result in with-holding of permission for disposal of rejects, etc.

- (1) Wherever an existing industrial unit is operating both as domestic unit as well as an approved 100% Export Oriented Unit, it should have two distinctly different names for the two units. It is clarified that it is not necessary for the approved 100% Export Oriented Unit to have a separate legal entity. However, it should be possible to distinguish the import and export or supplies effected by the 100% E.O.Us. from those made by the other unit/units of the same firm/company. The 100% Export Oriented Unit, though not having separate legal entity, would not be eligible to be considered for the benefits of any provisions under this policy other than those expressly provided for 100% E.O.Us.
- (f) While applying for approval, the applicant unit should also furnish the list of items including capital goods, it will need to import. In respect of raw materials, components and spares, etc., the requirements, covering a period of 12 months in respect of each item should be given. The quantity should be mentioned in respect of each item though not itemwise value. The value mentioned should be aggregated separately for (i) Capital goods and (ii) Raw materials, components, consumables, intermediates, packing materials and spares. The list of items should also include items which have been placed under Open General Licence under the normal Import Policy.
- 5. Based on the approval granted by the Board, a 100 % Export Oriented Unit will be eligible to import (without payment of Customs duty) capital goods (whether new or second hand) or proto-types and sawhalaal samples, generating sets. saw makerials.

components, consumables, intermediates, packing materials, material handling equipment like fork lifts, overhead cranes (only initially at the time of setting up of factory), building construction materials and spares under Open General Licence in this Appendix, subject to the conditions laid down therein. Items banned for import in the Domestic Tariff Area in Appendix 2 Part A of this Policy, are however, not allowed to be imported. Indigenously manufactured capital goods, components and raw materials will be allowed without payment of Central Excise duty.

### Supplies made by Domestic Tariff Area units to 100% Export Oriented Units

- 6. (a) Supplies of material handling equipment such as fork lifts, overhead cranes (only initially at the time of setting up of factory), building construction materials, consumables and spares to 100% Export Oriented Units shall be treated as 'Deemed Exports' and will be eligible for import replenishment licences in accordance with the Import Policy for Registered Exporters, provided:—
  - (i) the goods supplied have been manufactured in India;
  - (ii) the supplier is a Registered Exporter and is otherwise eligible to the import replenishment licence under the policy in force.
- (b) The supplier's relevant invoice in such cases should be got endorsed by the Customs/Central Excise authorities to the effect that the goods covered by the invoice have been received by the 100% Export Oriented Unit concerned giving the name and address of that unit.
- (c) Where buyer's unit concerned has an import licence for the import of the same goods, the Customs authority endorsing the invoice will also debit the import licence making it invalid for direct import of goods to the extent procured locally.
- (d) The goods obtained locally under this provision whether against an import licence or otherwise shall be included in the account to be furnished by the unit to the licensing authority at the end of each financial year as laid down in para 4(h) above. The goods thus obtained locally shall be used for export production in accordance with the provision laid down for a 100% Export Oriented Unit.
- (e) The supplier of the goods can claim, if admissible otherwise, import replenishment licences under the import policy for Registered Exporters against such supplies. Import applications should be made

#### APPBNDIX 23-Contd.

to the licensing authorities concerned in the prescribed form and manner. The application should be supported by the following documents:—

- (i) Chalan for the requisite amount towards application fee;
- (ii) Supplier's invoice duly endorsed by the Customs authority to the effect that the goods covered by the invoice have been received by the buyer unit concerned.
- (iii) A statement of exports in the form prescribed in the Hand Book of Import-Export Procedures for 1985—88.
- (1v) The value on which REP licence will be admissible will be "FOR destination".

Applications based on such supplies should be made separately and not included in the claim based on physical exports.

(f) The supplier of the goods can also claim other benefits, namely, (a) discharge of export obligation against Capital goods licence or Industrial licence or Foreign Collaboration approval, (b) grant of export house certificate and (c) benefits, if any, available to exporting units under the Actual User Policy.

### Transfer of materials from 100% Export Oriented Units to unit in FTZ/100% EOUs

7. Transfer of products manufactured by 100% Export Oriented Units to another 100% Export Oriented Unit or to a Unit in "Free Trade Zone" may be allowed subject to the same conditions as prescribed in para 8(v) of Appendix 15 of this Policy.

### Sale of goods by 100 per cent Export Oriented Units in the Domestic Tariff Area

8. (a) Sale of goods manufactured by an approved 100% Export Oriented Unit may be allowed in the Domestic Tariff Area against valid import licences, if the items sought to be supplied to the Domestic Tariff Area require an import licence in accordance with the import policy in force. Such sales shall not exceed 25% of production of the same item by the unit concerned during the licensing year. Within the 25% limit, sale into Domestic market of the Items allowed for import under Open General Licence may also be allowed, subject to the conditions taid town for Import as OGL

- (b) The sale shall be effected only with the prior permission of the Export Commissioner in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi. The unit desiring to sell its goods in the domestic market should approach the Export Commissioner. It should also indicate the quantity of the item sought to be supplied in the domestic market against valid import licence, or covered under OGL, and the total quantity of the same item produced by the unit, as on date, during the licensing year. The application should be certified by the officer of the Customs/Central Excise In-charge of the bonded area. The Export Commissioner will verify that the proposed sale does not exceed 25% of the actual production already turned out by the unit before allowing sale in the domestic market.
- (c) After obtaining the permission from the Export Commissioner, the purchaser may prefer an application through the 100% Export Oriented Unit which is to supply such goods in the following manner:—
  - (1) In respect of items which require an import licence under the Import Policy in force on the proposed date of sale, applications for sale of such items may be preferred to the Customs/Central Excise Officer concerned along with valid import licence held by the Domestic Tariff Area Unit (purchaser). If the valid import licence(s) produced cover(s) import of items proposed to be sold by the 100% Export Oriented Unit, the Customs/Central Excise Officer concerned will allow such supplies to the unit in DTA after suitably debiting the licence(s) (on both copies), making an entry of the value of supplies in the permission of the Export Commissioner referred to in para 8(b) above. The details like the date of supply, description of items, quantity, value and duty paid should be indicated while debiting the licence(s).
  - (it) If the material(s) proposed to be sold by the 100% Export Oriented Units does/do not require any import licence in accordance with the policy in force on the date of such sale, a 100% Export Oriented Unit which proposes to sell may prefer an application for issue of Release Order to the licensing authority concerned.
- (d) The Release Order will be issued in duplicate and the value of the Release Order will be entered by the Licensing Authority in the permission of the Export Commissioner referred to in para 8(b) above. The original of the Release Order shall be retained by the 100% Export Oriented Unit after obtaining the acquittance of the Release Order holder for the receipt of goods and the value/quantity thereof this will serve as an evidence of export by the concerned 100% Export Oriented Unit. The value to

### APPENDIX 23—Contd.

be treated as f.o.b. value of exports will be the value for which the goods are supplied or the value of the Release Order, whichever is lower.

- (e) The purchaser of the goods shall be liable to pay excise duty, sales tax and such other taxes/duties as may be leviable on the goods in question.
- (f) The sale shall be subject to the notification as may be issued by the Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, New Delhi, or such other notification or instructions as may be issued by them from time to time in this regard.
- 9. For facilitating the units approved under this Scheme to be eligible for priority treatment in matters relating to setting up and implementation of their projects, they can apply for Green Cards to the

Export Commissioner in the Office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi. These Green Cards will be issued to those units which have taken effective steps for implementation of their projects.

### Applicability of Export Policy

- 10. Supply of goods from units in the Domestic Tariff Area to an approved 100% Export Oriented Unit shall be in accordance with the Export Policy in force.
- 11. Open General Licence No. 17/85 dated 12th April, 1985 permitting import of items by an approved 100% Export Oriented Unit is given in Annexure II to this Appendix.

### ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 23

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

RESOLUTION

No. 8(15)/78-EP New Delhi, the 31st December, 1980, as amended vide Ministry of Commerce Resolution No. 1/5/82-EP, dated the 21st November, 1983.

#### 100% EXPORT ORIENTED UNITS

In order to bridge the increasing deficit in the balance of trade and running down of exchange reserves, it has become necessary to step up the growth of our exports. Accordingly Government have decided to implement a scheme to facilitate the setting up of 100% export oriented units. It has been decided to give such units certain concessions to enable them to meet rigours of foreign demand in terms of pricing, quality precision, etc.

- 2. A 100% export oriented unit would imply an industrial unit offering for exports its entire production excluding permitted levels of rejects. An agreed time-phasing for achieving 100% export will be permissible on merits of each case. Such an unit would belong to an industry in respect of which the export potential and export targets have been considered by the relevant Export Promotion Council. The product concerned should not be subject to export control quota ceilings which can be reached by existing units in the industry. The intention is that capacity should be created which should result in additionality of exports and not mere substitution.
- 3. Minimum value added content of 20% or more will be necessary for production of such a unit. Domestically procured raw materials shall be treated as imports for computation of value added.
- 4. While approving such a unit the additional employment which would be generated by the proposed unit would also be taken into consideration.
- 5. An illustrative list of industries which may be considered under the scheme is annexed.
- 6. All the units intending to set up industries under the scheme shall make applications to he Secretariat for Industrial Approvals, Ministry of Industry, Department of Industrial Development, Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi in the relevant IL/FC forms super-imposed with the words "100% expent oriented industry". These applications will be considered by a Board headed by the Commerce Secretary

- 7. A unit approved by the Board shall be governed broadly by the following terms and conditions:—
  - (i) The unit shall undertake to manufacture in bond and to export its entire production for a period of 10 years ordinarily and 5 years in the case of products having high degree of technological change. The customs authorities shall provide bond facilities to such units wherever located.
  - (ii) Import of Capital Goods, components, raw materials, spares, consumables, office equipments, material handling equipments, such as fork-lifts, over-head cranes including construction materials shall be exempt from import duty.
  - (iii) No export benefits like cash assistance, replenishment licences would be admissible on these exports.
  - (iv) Import of capital goods, components, raw material and consumables, as required will be permitted.
  - (v) Imports of necessary capital goods shall be allowed against free foreign exchange or bilateral credits in such a way that the cost of units is not unduly raised.
  - (vi) Foreign collaboration may be permitted on merits of each case.
  - (vii) The conditions for dilution of foreign equity as stipulated in the Department of Economic Affairs Press Note of 19th February, 1972, will not be enforced in 100% export oriented cases.
  - (viii) So as to keep rates of return on export production competitive, exporting units including large Houses/MRTP units may be per mitted to borrow from financial institutions at normal debt/equity ratio.
    - (ix) Indigenously available capital goods, components and raw materials will be allowed without payment of Central Excise duty.
    - (x) Rejects up to 5% or seen rescenting as may be fixed by the Board may be allowed to be

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### ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 23-Contd.

sold in the domestic tariff area on payment of customs duty on imported inputs and central excise duty on the indigenous inputs and also central excise duty on the rejects or an amount equal to the aggregate of such duties.

- may be considered on merits. However in such cases exports shall have to be at least three fourths or more of the production.
- (xii) The gestation period for achieving export targets shall not be more than two years and the period of export obligation in terms of the approval shall commence after the gestation period.
- (xiii) The condition of export obligation shall be subject to review by the Board and the question whether the unit can be allowed to be debonded after completion of export obligation period and thereafter allowed to produce for domestic market shall be decided in the light of industrial policy in force at that time, equity participation, indigenous capacity and protection to small scale industry.
- (xiv) On debonding after the period of export, duties shall be leviable as follows
  - (a) customs duty on capital goods on the depreciated value but at rates prevalent at the time of import;
  - (b) Customs duty on unused imported raw materials and components on value at the time of import and at rates in force at the time of clearances; and
  - (c) In respect of excisable goods, state duty to be levied without depreciation and at rate attracted at the time of clearance.
- (xv) An application made for industrial licence, to the Secretariat for Industrial Approvals shall be treated as an application under the MRTP Act, 1969 and simultaneous action shall be taken to process the same so that a single point clearance is given by the Board.
- (xvi) If any unit approved under this scheme is unable for any reasons, to fulfil its export or other obligations under this scheme, the Board will review the circumstances of that unit and recommend the future course of action to be taken in regard to that unit.
- (with) The units which are approved for these special facilities would have to execute Bond/legal undertaking with the CCI&E and in case of failure to fulfit their obligations, they would be liable to penalty in terms of such bond/legal undertaking besides the penalty, if any, under the Import Trade Control Regulations.

- (xviii) Import of samples/prototypes not exceeding two in number of each type of sample shall be exempt from import duty.
- (xix) Import of drawings, blue prints, technical maps and charts shall be exempt from import duty.
- (xx) Finished products shall be exempt from excise and other central levies.
- (xxi) The unit can supply upto 25% of its output in the home market provided it is consistent with the import policy, and subject to licences and payment of import duties on the goods.
- (xxii) Material handling equipments, such as fork-lift, over-head cranes and building construction materials, spares, consumables, if supplied to 100% Export Oriented Units by units in the domestic tariff area, shall be treated as 'Deemed exports'.
- (xxiii) The unit can sell its products to domestic projects under global tender conditions.
- (xxiv) Supplies made by units in the domestic tariff area shall be exempt from payment of Central Sales Tax.
- (xxv) If any unit approved under this scheme wants to take on rent or on lease machinery (either from a foreign country or from indigenous sources) to be utilised in the bonded premises for producing goods for exports, and then to re-export or dispose of the machinery after the same has outlived its utility, it may apply to the concerned administrative Ministry/Department along with relevant details, with a copy to the Ministry of Commerce (Export Production Section), the DGTD or the technical authorities concerned. Such requests may be permitted on merits of each case.

#### **8**d/-

### (K. PRAKASH ANAND)

It. Secretary to the Government of India

### ORDER

Ordered that the Resolution be published in the Gazette of India and a copy thereof communicated to all concerned and given wide publicity.

**5d7**~

(K. PRAKASH ANAND)

It. Secretar; to the Government of India

### ANNEXURE I TO APPENDIX 23-Contd.

### Annexure to the Ministry of Commerce Resolution

#### (Para 5)

### Illustrative list of products which would be eligible for special facilities on the ground of 100% exports.

- 1. Engineering goods :-
  - 1.1 Engineering goods (excluding prime and non-terrous metals).
  - 1.2 Electronics products including electronic software.
- 2. Chemicals Plastics and allied products, namely:-
  - (a) Inorganic chemicals, organic chemicals & miscellaneous chemicals.
  - (b) Drugs and drugs intermediates including crude drugs.
  - (c) Dyes and dye intermediates,
  - (d) Toiletries and perfumeries (excluding processed talo).
  - (e) Paints and allied products.
  - (f) Safety matches, fireworks, explosives and detonators.
  - (g) Coramio products.
  - (h) Glass and glassware.
  - (1) Wood products and processed wood.
  - (j) Asbestos, cement including clinkers and cement products.
  - (k) Rubber manufactures.
  - (1) Paper, Paper products and stationery.
  - (m) Pesticides and preservatives.
  - (n) Agarbattis.
  - 2.2 Culinary ofeo resins.
  - 2.3 Refractories.
  - 2.4 Plastice and Linoleum products.
- Furniture.

- 4. Leather and Sports Goods :--
  - 4.1 Finished leather and leather manufactures including footwear and paint brushes.
  - 4.2 Sports goods.
- 5. Food, Agriculture and forest products:
  - 5.1 Canned and frozen marine products.
  - 5.2 Processed foods, fruits, vegetables and alcoholic and soft beverages.
  - 5.3 Meat and allied products.
  - 5.4 Packaged tea i.e. tea packed in consumer packs of a size upto 1 kg, and instant tea.
  - 5.5 Instant and packaged ground coffee.
  - 5.6 Tobacco manufactures.
  - 5.7 Deciled rice bran and cotton seed cakes, Sal seed fats and animal foods.
  - 5.8 Mango Kernal Extraction and mango kernel oil.
- 6. Textiles :--
  - Carpets.
  - Readymade garments, unitwear, made-up articles.
  - 3. Rubberised coir and carled coir.
  - 4. Khadi.
  - Natural silk fabrics, garments and made-up articles.
  - 6. Hosiery.
  - 7. Handloom fabrics made up articles and garments.
- 7. Miscellaneous :---
  - 1. Handicrafts.
  - 2. Silver and Gold Jewellery.
  - 3. Fabricated mica.

### ANNEXURE II TO APPENDIX 23

# (COPY OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR 100% EXPORT ORIENTED UNITS) GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF COMMERCE IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

ORDER NO. 17/85—88

New Delhi, the 12th April, 1985

### OPEN GENERAL LICENCE NO. 17/85

In exercise of the Powers conferred by Section 3 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act 1947, (18 of 1947), the Central Government hereby gives general permission till further orders to the Actual Users approved by the Government as 100% export oriented units for the import of:

- (1) Capital Goods (whether new or secondhand) including Generating sets;
- (2) Prototype and technical samples not exceeding two in number of each type for product diversification or development or evaluation;
- (3) Raw materials, components, consumables and intermediates;
- (4) Spares;
- (5) Packing materials;
- (6) Material handling equipments like Fork lifts, Overhead Cranes (for initial setting up of the unit only), and building construction materials;
- (7) (a) One number each of the following for its own production/use or product diversification or development or evaluation:
  - (i) Electric/Electronic typewriter.
  - (ii) Electrically operated calculating machine.
  - (iii) Photocopying machine.
  - (iv) Dictation Tape Recorder.
  - (v) Teleprinter, if cleared by Ministry of Communications
  - (vi) PBX|PABX including electronically operated PBX|PABX.
- (b) Photocoping paper, calculating machine, paper rolls, toner and dispersant for photocopying purposes, spares of the machines from (i) to (v1) in 7(a) above and consumable tools required for these machines for a value not exceeding Rs. 5000 per year;

Subject to the following conditions:

- (a) Import shall be subject to actual user conditions.
- (b) the goods shall be imported in customs bonded factory.
- (c) the unit shall comply with all the conditions subject to which payment of Customs duty on the imported materials is exempt;
- (d) the normal procedure that is applicable for Customs bonding will be followed, including transit bond for the purpose of goods being taken from the port of importation to the factory.
- (e) the entire production and operations shall be by/under Customs bonded factory.
- (f) Import of items which are banned for import in the Domestic Tariff Area under Appendix 2—Part A of this policy will not be allowed.
- 2. For import of second hand Capital Goods, the importer shall produce to the customs authority at the time of clearance, a certificate from a professional independent Chartered Engineer any equivalent institute in the country from which import is made indicating:
  - (a) Name of manufacturer of the plant and machinery;
  - (b) Year of manufacture;
  - (c) Present condition of the plant and machinery and its expected residual life (Import of machinery having expected resident life of less than 5 years and also machinery more than 7 years old shall not be allowed).
  - (d) The CIF value of equivalent Capital goods, if purchased new.

### ANNEXURE II TO APPENDIX 23-Contd.

- (e) nature of reconditioning/repair done, if any, and the date(s) on which these were carried out; and
- (f) opinion regarding the price asked for by the suppliers and the basis for such opinion.
- 3. On prior clearance of the Export Commissioner in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, such units may also be allowed to import the following:—
  - Prototypes and technical samples not covered by para 1 above.
  - (ii) Drawings, blue prints, charts, technical data including micro films.
- 4. Such units will also be allowed to re-import after repairs abroad, machinery/equipments exported by them for this specific purpose. Any foreign exchange payment necessary for this will also be allowed.
- 5. The provisions of this Open General Licence will also apply for the import of Capital Goods (whether new or second hand) by industrial units exporting 100% of their production already, at least during the previous three financial years, but not approved as

such by Government under the scheme 100% export oriented units, on payment of customs duty as may be leviable, subject to the following condition:—

- (i) The importer shall produce at the time of clearance through customs, the certificate referred to in clause (2) above, when importing second hand Capital Goods.
- (ii) At the time of clearance through customs, the importer shall produce Export Performance Certificate obtained from the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, in accordance with the procedures laid down in the relevant import policy, as an evidence of having exported 100% of its production in the previous three financial years.
- (iii) The importer should also give a declaration to the effect that the import of capital goods under this provision will not result in exceeding his licensed approved capacity.
- (iv) The import shall be subject to Actual User condition.
- 6. This licence is in supersession of the Ministry of Commerce Import Trade Control Order No. 18 84 dated the 12th April, 1984.

(P. C. JAIN)

Chief Controller of Imports and Exports

Copy to all concerned:

By order etc.,

\$d/-(O. P. GAHROTRA),

It. Chief Controller of Imports and Exports [(Issued from File No. 1/2/74-EPC(Vol. XII)]

### APPENDIX-24

### (Para 220 of Chapter XIV)

### EXPORT OF NEW PRODUCTS OR TO NEW MARKETS

### I. NEW MARKETS.

Sl. No.	Description of Export Produc	t New markets	Date from which effective
1	2	3	
	ENGINEERING GOODS	COVERED BY PRODUCT GROUP : A.	
1,	Textile Machinery	Kuwait Zambia, France.	1-4-1983
2.	Sugar Mill Machinery .	Nepal, Iran, Iraq, Kuwalt, Saudi Arabia, UAE, Uganda, Zami Nigeria, Algeria, Egypt, France, Federal Republic of Germa U.K., USSR, USA.	
3.	Cemeut Mill Machinery .	Malaysia, Srilanka, Iran, Kenya Tanzania, Uganda, Zami Algeria, Egypt, France, Federal Republic of Germany, U. USSR, USA.	bia, K.,
4,	Boilers	ndonesia, Srilanka, Kuwalt, Saudi Arabla, Zambla, Fran	
5.	Chemica Plant	Nepai, Uganda, Algeria, France, U.K.	
6.	Food Processing Machinery	Iraq, Kuwan, Saudi Arabia, UAB, Algeria, Egypt, France, Federace, Republic of Germany, U.K., USA.	
7.	Heating & cooling Equip- ment	Uganda, Zambia, Algeria France, Federal Republic of Germa U.K., USSR.	iny,
8.	Industrial Machinery(others)	Algeria, France.	••
9.	Transmission Line Towers .	Bangladesh, Kuwait, Uganda, Zambia, Algeria, France, Fed. Republic of Germany, U.K., USSR, USA.	ora)
10.	Steel Structures Fabricated	Uganda, Zambia, Algoria, France, Federal Republic of Germa U.K.	iny,
u.	Electric Wires & Gables	Saudi Arabia, Tanzania, Uganda, Algeria, Egypt, France, Federal Republic of Germany, U.K., USA.	oral
12.	Wagon & Goashee	Indonesia, Malaysia, Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, UAB, Tanzar Algeria, France, Federal Republic of Germany, U.K., US USA	nia, SR,
13.	Machine Tools	Uganda	
14.	Steel Piper	Aigoria, Prance, USSR.	**
15	Sanitary Castings	Algeria, Franse.	*
16.	Bicycles & Parts	Kowalt, Algoria	-
17.	Hand, Small & Gutting	Uganda, Algeria.	**
18.	Diesel Engines & Air Com- pressors	Algoria	** **
19.	Mechanical Pumpe	Uganda, Algoria.	**
20	Fleetric Pana	Indonesia, Uganda, Hambia, Algeria, France, Federal Reput of Germany, USSR.	blie **
21.	Batterice	Indonesia, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Kenya, Uganda, Algeria.	**

### APPENDIX 24-contd.

Sl. No.	Description of Export Product	New Markets	Date from which effective
1	2	3	4
CF	IEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	COVERED BY PRODUCT GROUP: B	
1.	Paints, varnishes & enamels (ex. Super synethetic enamels based on Polyster).	All countries except USSR, Nepal, S. Yemen, Saudi Arabia, UAE.	1-4-1983
2.	Lacquers including Nitro Cellulose Lacquers.	All countries.	**
3.	Super Synthetic enamels based on polyster.	All countries except USSR.	,,,
5.	Distempers including Cement paints <ol> <li>Napthanate driers.</li> <li>Octoate driers</li> </ol>		
7.	Prussian Blue. Rubbing compounds Wax Polish		
9.	Poster colours including artist colours		
	Leather Pigment finishes		
	Fireworks Artificial Teeth (porcelain type)	1	
	Clinical Thermometers & Wall Thermometers.		
	Decorative wooden picture frame sticks/frames	All countries.	
15.	Fibre-boards (hard board, insulation board & accoustic tiles), Particle board (veneered & unveneered & moulded particle board), and compreg, laminated timber & densified wood.		
16.	Foam rubber & sponge rubber & Products thereof.		
	Oil resistant hoses		
	Paper based transfers, plain or printed Fountain pen Ink, Typewriter ribbon ink (i) Ink Pads, correcting fluids, masking caps, blotting pads.		
	(ii) Pencils, Lead slips for pencils	)	
20.	Synthetic resins and adhesives based on synthetic resins & synthetic hardeners.	All countries except Bahrain, Indonesia, Singapo, UAE.	ге, ",
21.	Chrome pigments.	All countries except USSR, Australia, Egypt, S. Yeme Saudi Arabia, Hongkong, Singapore, Sri Lank Thailand, UK, Kenya.	en, ", Ka,
22.	Ultramrine Blue	All countries except Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Singapo. Australia, Thailand, Egypt.	re, ,,
23.	Aluminium powder & paste	All countries except Sri Lanka, Thailand USA.	**
24.	Zinc Oxide	All countries except Sri Lanka, Thailand, USA.	29
25.	Inorganic Pigments N.O.S.	All countries except Philippines, Kuwait, Keny UK, UAE, Saudi Arabia.	/a, ,,
26.	Printers ink.	All countries except Bangladesh.	,,

### APPENDIX 24—Contd.

1	2	3	4
27.	Boot Polish	All countries except USSR.	1-4-1983
28.	Safety matches	All countries except Si Lanka, Nopal, Oman.	,,
29. 30.	Detonators/Denonating fuse Safety Fuse	All countries except Nepal, Jordan, Singapore.	**
31.	Glazed tiles	All countries except USSR.	,,
32.	Insulators	All countries except Sri Lanka, Phillippines, Bangladesh.	,,
33.	Spray dried Kaolin or China Clay	All countries except Bangladesh, Japan.	**
34.	Crockery	All countries except USSR, UK, Canada, Netherlands.	,,
35.	Sanitary wares	All countries except Mauritius, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Kenya, Kuwait, Egypt, Nepal, Sri Lanka, S. Yemen.	,,
36.	Mosaic Terazo tiles	All countries except Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Saudi Arabia, UAE, S. Yemen.	,,
37.	Vacuum Flasks & Insulated ware	All countries except USSR, Belgium, W. Germany, Sweden, Switzerland.	••
38.	Flat Glass including Sheet figured & wired glass	All countries except Bangladesh, Iran, Kenya, Oman, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, S. Yemen, UAE, Indonesia, Sri Lanka, USA.	<b>,</b> §
39.	Glass vials	All countries except Bangladesh, Egypt, Kenya, Indonesia, Philippines, Thailand.	••
40.	Glass Beads & False pearls	All countries except Saudi Arabia, USA, Italy, Algeria.	,,
41.	Glass & Glassware N.O.S.	All countries except Bangladesh, Bahrain, Kuwait, Kenya, Nepal, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Sri Lanka, Singapore, Somalia, S. Yemen, UAE.	,,
42.	Opthalmic fused blanks & lenses	All countries except UAE, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Sri Lanka, Kenya, Egypt, Yemen.	,,
43.	Asbestos Products & asbestos Cement products	All countries except Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar, Oman, Saudi Arabia, UAE, S. Yemen.	,,
44.	Plywood & plywood Products incl. flush doors	All countries except Hongkong, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, Oman, UK, USA.	j)
45.	Bicycle tyres & tubes excl. tubes of butyle rubber	All countries except Bangladesh, Nepal, UK, Denmark, Italy.	,,
56,	Rubber aprons & cots	All countries except Egypt, W. Germany, Indonesia, Switzerland, Thailand.	,,
<b>4</b> 7.	Rubber Hoses (other than oil resistant hoses) & beltings	All countries except USSR, UAE, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Philippines, Egypt, Nigeria, Iraq.	**
48.	Rubber & canvas footwear	All countries except UK, Nepal.	,,
49.	Surgical & Medical app. of rubber	All countries except UK, Nepal.	,,
50. 51.	Automobile tyres & tubes ex. tubes of butyle rubber) Auto & bicycle tubes of butyle rubber	All countries except USA, USSR, Bangladesh, UK, Nepal.	j,
51. 52.	Rubber manufactured products n.o.s.	All countries except Iran, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, UAE.	<b>A</b>
53.	Tissue paper, incl. cigarette tissue paper	All countries except Nepal, Bangladesh.	**
54. 55.	Books all types Newspapers, Journals & Periodicals	All countries except Bangladesh, Egypt, W. Germany, Malaysia, Nepal, Singapore, Sri Lanka, UK, USA, UAE, Nigeria, Kenya, Kuwait.	"
56.	Abrasive Lapping powder, all types	All countries except Japan, Norway, Sri Lanka, W. Germany, Taiwan, Australia.	***
57.	Fire Hoses	All countries except Bangladesh.	**

### APPENDIX 24—Contd.

1	2	3	4		
58.	Borax	Saudi Arabia, UK, UAE, Netherlands, Burma.	1-4-1984		
59.	Boric Acid	Kenya, USA, Iran, Japan.	<b>**</b>		
50.	Copper Sulphate	UAE, YAR, Kenya, Mauritius.	1.5		
51.	Bleaching Powder	West Germany, Seychelles, Burma, Ethiopia, Finland, Iran, Thailand, Tanzania.	**		
52.	Hydrochloric Acid	Bahrain, Kenya, Iran, Nigeria, Qatar, Iraq.	**		
63.	Sulphuric Acid	Kenya, Finland, Muscat, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, UAE.	,,		
54,	Alums	Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Iran, UAE.	,,		
65.	Aluminium Sulphate	Mauritius, Hong Kong, Bangladesh, Iran, Iraq.	,,		
66.	Potassium Permanganate .	Iran, Members of E.E.C., Japan.	**		
67.	Aluminium Chloride .	UAE, Kenya, Japan, Bangladesh.	<i>14</i>		
68.	Rubber Chemicals	Ghana, Belgium, Singapore, Tanzania, Zambia.	**		
59.	Textile Auxilaries	Bangladesh, USA, Singapore, Lan, Japan.	••		
70.	Carbon Black	JK, Vietnam, Kenya, Bangladesh, Japan, Indonesia, Korea, Malaysia, Thailand.			
71.	Foundary Fluxes	Phillippines.			
72.	Acetic Acid	Sri Lanka, USA, UK.			
Dro	gs & Drugs Intermediates :				
73.	Berberine Hydrochloride	France, Korea, China, USA.			
74.	Salt & other derivative of Emetine	USSR, Indonesia.	**		
<b>7</b> \$.	Strychnine Alkaloids/Salts .	Aden, Ireland, Iran, Argentina, Spain.	.,		
76.	(i) Patent & Proprietory Medicines	Iran, Hong Kong, Italy, Nepal, Bahrain, Botswana.	••		
	(ii) Veterinary Drugs	U.K.	1-4-19		
7 <b>7</b> .	Other Medicaments	Australia, Afghanistan, Austria, Nopal, Bangla Desh, Bulgaria, UAE, Swoden, New Zealand, Thailand, Spain, Mauritius, Taiwan, Australia, Bahrain.	1-4-19		
78.	Potassium Citrate	Singapore, Bangla Desh, Kenya, Malaysia.	,,		
79.	Di-lodohydroxyquinoline/ . Iodohydroxy-quinoline	Australia, Indonesia, Muscat, Pakistan, Thalland.	**		

		APPENDIX 24 — Contd.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	4
80.	Beta Ionone	Switzerland, France, Ireland.	1-4-1984
81.	Papaim Pure	Thailand, Singapore, Denmark, Indonesia, France, Ireland.	••
82.	Aluminium Hydroxide .	Thailand, Bangla Desh, Japan, Iran, Malaysia, Pakistan.	,,
83.	Potassium Iodide	Sri Lanka, UK, USA, Singapore, Turkey.	••
84.	Hydrogen Peroxide	Bangla Desh, Malawi, Pakistan.	••
85.	Empty Gelatine Capsules	Bangladesh, Singapore, Thailand.	••
86.	Paracetamol	Ghana, Singapore.	••
87.	Thiacetazone	Bangla Desh.	.,
88.	Ayurvedic & Unani Medicines.	Muscat, UAE, Fiji, Afghanistan, Burma, France, Canada, Iraq, Nepal, Mauritius, Denmark, Tanzania, Zambia, W. Germany, Italy, Aden, Kuwait, U.K., Mozambique, Saudi Arabia, Spain.	••
Dyes	& Dye Intermediates:		
	Synthetic Organic dyes inclu	ding Organic pigments.	
89.	Acid Dyes	Belgium, Aden, Singapore, Ethiopia, Denmark, Bangla Desh, Nepal.	,,
90.	Basic Dyes	Australia, China, Spain, Belgium, Fiji, UAE, Iran, Japan, Korea, Muscat, New Zealand, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Saudi Arabia, Taiwan, YAR, France.	**
91. 7	Direct Dyes	France, Philippines, UAE, Taiwan, Yogoslavia, Turkey, Korea, Iran.	**
92.	Organic Pigments	Belgium, Greece, Japan, Muscat, UAE, Saudi Arabia, Brazil, Spain, YAR.	,,
93.	Reactive Dyes	Iran, Tanzania, Taiwan, West Indies, China, Greece, Spain.	••
94.	Azoic Dyes	Hong Kong, Argentina, Switzerland, New Zealand.	**
95.	Vat Dyes	Hong Kong, Italy, Muscat, USSR, China, Philippines, France.	••
96.	Synthetic Coal Tar Dyes .	Bahrain, Liberia, Mauritius, Qatar, Sweeden, USA.	.,
Dye	Intermediate :		
97.		Muscat, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Philippines.	
98.	II, Acid	USA, Sri Lanka.	"
99.	Anthraqumone	UK, ARE, Australia, Canada, Singapore.	,,
100.	Benzanthrone	Italy, Iraq, USA.	••
161	Dye Inter nediates n.c.s.	Argentina, Canada, France, W. Germany, Kenya, Sri Lanka, Tanzania.	•
Pestic	ides and formulations		
102.	Zinc Phospides	Lebanon, Syria, Sudan, Phillippines, Indonesia.	,,
103.	Insecticides/Pesticides .	Itan, Malaysia, USSR, Taiwan, Burma, Ethiopia, China, UK, Maxico, Romania.	<b>,</b> ,

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#### APPENDIX 24—Contd. (2) (3) 4 **(1)** Toiletries & Perfumeries 104. Agarbattis Congo, Taiwan, Lebanon, Iran, Phillippines, Zaire, Ivory Coast, 1-4-1984 Finland, Afghanistan, Benin, Gebralter, Hungary, Sierraleon. Nigeria, Tunisia, Zaire. 105. Medicated Soaps ,, Synthetic Detergents Algeria, Mauritius, Ethiopia, Zambia. 106. 107. Scourding Powder . Ethiopia, Mauritius. 108. Perfumery and Attars Taiwan, Ethiopia, Philippines, Italy, Fiji, Nigeria, Indonesia, Brazil. Taiwan, Somalia, Syria, Australia, Ethiopia, Kenya, Aden, Tan-109. Hair Oils zania. Cosmetics & Toiletries: Singapore, UAE, Bahrain, Muscat. 110. Hair Shampoos Bulgaria, Singapore, Japan, UAE, Hungary, USSR, Mauri-111. Powder Face . tius, Saudi Arabia. Taiwan, Sweeden, Sri Lanka, ARE, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, 112. Powder Talcum Canada, Iraq, Romania. Singapore, Taiwan, UK, Kuwait, Hungary. 113. Tooth Paste Lipsticks Zaire, Syria, Hungary, Italy. 114. Qatar, Afghanistan, Zaire, Hungary, Nepal. 115. Toilet Soaps Sri Lanka, W. Germany, Saudi Arabia, Zambia, Ethiopia, 116. Soaps Others . Maldives. Hydrogenated Castor Oil Hong Kong, ARE, Bulgaria. 117. į, Canada, Italy, USSR, China, France. Dehydrated Castor Oil 118. Mauritius, Canada. Fatty Acid 119. 120. Essential Oils N.E.S. UK, Sudan, Fiji, Switzerland.

	APPENDIX 24—Contd.				
1	2	3	4		
		D BY PRODUCT GROUP: C			
Ray	w Materials				
1.	Polyethylene Moulding Powder (LDPE and HDPE).	All countries except Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka.	1-4-1983		
2,	Polystyrene Moulding Powder (Impact Grade).	All countries except Sri Lanka.			
3.	PVC Compound (Rigid)	All countries except Zambia.	"		
4.	Phenol Formaldehyde Moulding Powder	All countries except Sri Lanka.	**		
5.	Urea Formaldehyde Moulding Powder	All countries.	,,		
Ma	nufactures : (Processed Goods)				
1.	Expanded Polystyrene Products	All countries except Bangladesh, Burma, FFE(I), Saudi Arabia.	29		
2.	Fountain Pens, Ball point Pens, Sign Pens, Fibre Tip Pens, etc.	All countries except Abu Dhabi, Argentina, Africa (Rest of), Australia, Bahrain, Belgium, Bangladesh, Canada, Dubai, Egypt, Ethiopia, Fiji, FFE(I), Finland, Greece, Hongkong, Hungary, FRG (W. Germany), Israel, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mauritius, Muscat, Oman, Netherlands, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines. PDRY (Aden), Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Surinam, Switzerland, Syria, Taiwan, Tanzania, UK, USA, USSR, Venezuela, W. Indies, Yugoslavia, YAR, Zambia.	<b>,</b> ,		
3.	Glass Fibre Reinforced Polyesters and Manufactures including Helmets and Epoxy Resin Pipes.	All countries except Abu Dhabi, Bangladesh, Burma, Bahrain, Canada, Dubai, FRG, Iran, Italy, Indonesia, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Mauritius, Muscat & Oman, Nigeria, Nepal, Netherlands, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Tanzania, Thailand, UK, USA, Zambia.	"		
4.	Laminates (Phenolic Melamine)	All countries except Afghanistan, Africa (Rest of), Australia, Algeria, Bahrain, Belgium, Bangladesh, Canada, Denmark, Dubai, Djibouti, Ethiopia, France, Fiji, FRG, Ghana, Hongkong, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Malawi, Mauritius, Muscat & Oman, Netherlands, Nepal, Norway, Pakistan, PDRY (Aden), Qatar, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Seychelles, Sweden, Tanzania, Thailand, Taiwan, UK, USA, Zambia.	,,		
5.	Plastic Bangles (with or without embellishment).	All countries except Abu Dhabi, Afghanistan, Africa (Rest of), Australia, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Dubai, Djibouti, Egypt, Fiji, France, FRG, Hongkong, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malaysia, Malawi, Mauritius, Maldives, Muscat & Oman, New Zealand, Nigeria Pakistan, PDRY (Aden), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Spain, Sudan, Surinam. Switzerland, Tanzania, Tunisia, UK, USA, W. Indies, YAR.	***		
i. -	Plastic Denture Material and Dental Products.	All countries except Abu Dhabi, Bangladesh, Hongkong, Kuwait, Kenya, Mauritius, Muscat & Oman, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Thailand.	21		

APPENDIX 24—Contd. 1-4-1983 7. Plastic Electrical Accessories All countries except Abu Dhabi, Australia, Afghanistan, Bahrain, with/without metallic compo-Bangladesh, Burma, Canada, Cyprus, Dubai, Djibouti, France, nents (including Polyethylene, Egypt, FRG, Fiji, Ghana, Greece, Hongkong, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Malta, Mauritius, Muscat & Oman, Nigeria, Pakistan, Melamine Formaldehyde Electrical Accessories). PDRY (Aden), Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Spain, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syria, Switzerland, Tanzania, Thailand, UK. USA, W. Indies, YAR. 8. Plastic Imitation Jewellery All countries except Abu Dhabi, Africa (Rest of), Argentina, 3, Afghanistan, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Denmark, Dubai, Djibouti, Ethiopia Egypt, Fiji, Finland, France, FRG, Greece, Hongkong, Iceland, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malaysia, Malawi, Maldives, Mauritius, Mozambique, Muscat & Oman, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Surinam, Sweden, Sri Lanka, Switzerland, Sudan, Tanzania, Tunisia, UK, USA, W. Indies, Yugoslavia, YAR. 9. Hand Bags, Purses & other All countries except Abu Dhabi, Austria, Algeria, Australia, PVC Fabricated Goods. Bahrain, Belgium, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Canada, Dubai, Ethiopia, Fiji, France, FRG, Greece, Indonesia, Italy, Iraq, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Malawi, Mauritius, Muscat & Oman, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles, Singapore, Sri Lanka, UK, USA, YAR, Zaire, Zambia. 10. Plastic Moulded & Extruded All countries except Abu Dhabi, Arghanistan, Africa (Rest of), Austria, Australia, Bahrain, Belgium, Bangladesh, Barundi, Goods Burma, Cameroon, Canada, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Malaysia, Malawi, Malta, Maldives, Mauritius, Morocco, Muscat & Oman, Mozambique, Netherlands, Nigeria, Nepal, New Zealand, Pakistan, Philippines, PDRY (Aden), Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Surinam, Sweden, Switzerland, Syria, Taiwan, Tanzania Thalland, UK, USA, USSR, W. Indies. YAR Yugoslavia Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Djibouti, Dubai, Ethiopia, Egypt, Fiji, Finland, France, FRG, FFE(1), Guana, Ethiopia, Greece, Guyana, Hongkong, Hungary, Indonesia, Irau, Iraq Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon. Iroland, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Libya, Liberia. 11. Ropes/Twines/Bristics/ All countries except Australia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Dubai, FFE(I), Muscat & Oman, Nigeria, Quatar, Scychelles, Singa-Strapping pore, Sri Banka, USA, USSR. All countries except Abu Dhabi, Bahrain, Dubai FRG, Hungary, 18. School & Office Stationary Iran, Iraq, Kenya, Kuwait Libya, Meucat & Oman, Mauritius, PDRY (Adon) Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Scycholles Singapore, Sweden. 13. Plastic Moulded Luggage All countries except Abu Dhabi, Australia, Bahrain, Belgium, Bangladesh, Bulgaria, Dahomey, Djibouti, Dubai, France, FRG, Kuwait, Liberia, Malawi, Muscat & Oman, Norway, Philippines, Qatar, Rumania, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Sri

Lanka, Sweden, UK, USA, USSR, Yogoslavia.

Α	ÞР	ΕN	<b>UDD</b>	C 24—	-Contd.

14. PVC Gramaphone Record All countries except Abu Dhabi, Afghanistan, Algeria, Argentina, 1-4-1983 & Accessories & Recorded Australia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cassettes, Video Cassettes, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dahomey, Dubai, Ethiopia, Egypt, Fiji, France, FRG, Finland, Goana, Guyana, GDR, Hongkong, Hungary, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Liberia, Malaysia, Mauritius, Morocco, Muscat & Oman, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Phillippines, Poland, Qatar, Rumania, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Singapore, Spain, Sri Lanka, Surinam, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Thailand, UK, USA, USSR, Venezuela, W. Indies, Yogoslavia, FFE(I), Zambia. All countries except Abu Dhabi, Africa (Rest of), Australia, 15. Pre-recorded Cassettes . Bahrain, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dubai, Fiji, Finland, France, FRG, Guana, Ghana, Hongkong, Hungary, Ivory Coast, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Mauritius, Muscat & Oman, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Phillippines, Poland, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Spain, Sri Lanka, Surinam, Sweden, Switzerland, UK, USA, USSR, W. Indies, Zambia 16. Video Cassettes All countries except Canada Dubat, Hongkong, Muscat & Oman, UK, USA, Saudi Arabia 17. PVC Pipes and Specials All countries except Abu Dhabi, Bahram, Bangladesh, Burma Burundi, Dubai, Djibouti, FFE(I), Ghana, Greece, Hongkong Iran, Indonesia, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Liberia, Malaysia, Mauritius, Muscat & Oman, Nepal, Netherlands, Pakistan, PDRY (Aden), Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Tanzania, UK, USSR, W. Indies, YAR. All countries except Indonesia, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka. 18. PVC Foam Products 19. Vaccum Formed Products All countries except Sri Lanka. All countries except Abu Dhabi, Africa (Rest of), Bharain, Bangla-20. Polyethylene Films and Bags desh, Dubai, Djibouti, Ethiopia, FFE(I), Hongkong, Kenya, Kuwalt, Mauritius, Morocco, Muscat & Oman, Nepal, Netherlands, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, Singapore, Somalia. Tanzania, UK, USA. All countries except Dubai, France, FRG, Iraq, Kuwait, Mauritius, Netherlands PDRY (Aden), Saudi Arabia, Tanzania, 21. HDPH Woven Sacks Thailand, USA. 22. Polyethylene Rigid & All countries except Abu Dhabi, Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bhutan, Burma, Dubai, FFE(I), FRO, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Muscat Flexible Pipes & Condults & Oman, Nepal, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles, Tanzania. All countries except Australia, Fiji, Goyana, Malaysia, Mauritius, 23. Metallised Plastics Muscat & Oman, New Zealand, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Syrla, UK, USA, YAR. All countries except Abu Dhabi, Austria, Afghanistan, Africa 24. Spectacles Frames (Rost of), Australia, Bahrain, Bangladosh, Belgium, Botswana (S.A.) Czechoslovakia, Canada, Cameroon, Djibouti, Dubai, Ethiopia, Egypt, Fiji, Finland, France, FRG, Ghana, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Jordan, Kenya, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Malaysia, Maita, Mozambique, Malawi, Mauritius, Morocco, Muscat & Oman, Nigeria, Philippines, PDRY (Aden), Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles 'Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Switzerland, Sudan, Surinam, Syria, Tanzania, Thailand, UK, USA, USSR, Uganda, Yugoslavia, YAR, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

### APPENDIX 24—Contd.

1	2	3	•
25.	PVC Foam Leather Cloth	All countries except Abu Dhabi, Africa (Rest of), Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, Dubai, Ghana, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malwai, Mauritius, Mozambique, Muscat & Oman, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, Tanzania, UK, YAR.	1-41983
26.	PVC Leather Cloth .	All countries except Afghanistan, Africa (Rest of), Australia, Bangaldesh, Bahrain, Dubai, Ethiopia, Ghana, HongKong, Iraq, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Muscat & Oman, Nigeria. PDRY (Aden), Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Tanzania, UK, USSR, YAR, Zambia.	
27.	Rigid PVC Sheets	All countries except Sri Lanka, Yugoslavia.	5.
28.	PVC Sheeting	. All countries except Abu Dhabi, Afghanistan, Africa (Rest of), Australia, Bahrain, Cameroon, Dahomey, Dubai, Egypt, Ethiopia, Fiji, Ghana, Hungary, Hong Kong, Iran, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritius, Muscat Mozambique, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Pakistan, PDRY (Aden), Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Tanzania, W. Indies, YAR, Zaire, Zambia.	
29.	Asbestos Floor Tiles .	All countries except Africa (Rest of), Cameroon, Dubai, Ethiopia, Ghana, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, Tanzania, Qatar, YAR.	"
	Linoleums (Felt/Jute Based)	All countries except Bangladesh, Czechoslovakia, Netherlands, Sri Lanka, Sudan, USSR, Yugoslavia.	
31.	Polyethylene/Jute Combination.	All countries except Australia, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, France, FRG, Kuwait, Netherlands, New Zealand.	* ,,
32.	Plastic Brushes	All countries except Abu Dhabi, Bahrain, Cyprus, Dubai, Ethiopia, Egypt, Fiji, Ghana, Indonesia, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Malawi, Muscat & Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles, Sri Lanka, USSR, Zaire, Zambia.	,,
33.	Plastic Adhesive Tapes .	All countries except Abu Dhabi. Dubai. Kenya, Kuwait, Muscat & Oman, Sri Lanka, Saudi Arabia, YAR, Zambia.	•,
34.	Polyurethane Foam & its Products	All countries except Kuwait, Mauritius, Nepal.	,,
35.	Nitro Cellulose Cloth .	All countries except Abu Dhabi, Africa (Rest of), Bahrain, Dubai, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Muscat & Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, YAR.	,,
	Acrylic Sheets	All countries except Kenya.	,,
37.	Polyethylene Coated Fabric/Paper	All countries except Bangladesh, Kenya, Sri Lanka, Switzerland.	,,
38.	Friction Dust (Phenolic	A41	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. All countries except Australia, Denmark, Thailand.	"
39.	Metallised Lacquered Polyester Film	. All countries except Dubai, FRG, Japan, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Sri Lanka, USA.	"
40.	Dolls, Toys, Games of all types & Plastic items except those of wood, Paper Machie & Rags	t Dubai, France, Fiji, Ghana, Iran, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait,	,,
41.	Acrylic Modified Polyester St tural Fibre Reinforced Panel		
42.	Decorative Textured Coat Tile (a) Stone Finish (b) Glass Finish	les All countries except Abu Dhabi, Muscat & Oman, Nepal.	3 <b>)</b>

APPENDIX 24—Contd. (1) **(2)** (3)(4) TEXTILE PRODUCTS COVERFD BY PRODUCT GROUPS 'K' AND 'O' 1. Handloom Textiles Botswana, Burundi, Congo Republic, Djibouti, Egypt, Gambia 1-4-1983 Guinea, Libya, Re-Union, Scychelles. Kenya, Mauritius, Sudan, Morocco, Zambia. 2. Woollen Fabrics Acryllic 3. Woollen Knitwears Ethiopia, Sabah, Nigeria, Somalia. Sudan. 4. Woollen Blankets Malta, Kenya, Libya, Somalia. 5. Shawls & Scarves Burundi, Central African Rep., Gambia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, 6. Cotton Piece goods Ivory Coast, Lisotho, Morocco, Nigeria, Niger, Togoland, Uganda, Zaire. Algeria, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cameron Canary Islands. 7. Cotton Yarn Comoroos, Congo Rep., Central African Rep., Ethiopia Gabon, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Liberia, Libya, Lisotho, Malawi, Mali, Mauritius, Mozambique, Morocco, Namibia (S. W. Africa), Niger, Re-Union Island, Senegal, Seychellies, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Spanish (W. Africa), Tanzania, Tunisia, Togoland, Uganda, Zambia, Zaire, Zimbabwe. Algeria, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cameron, Canary Islands, Comoroos, Congo Rep., Central African Rep., Ethiopia. 8. Knitted Cotton Fabrics Gambia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea Ivory Goast, Kenya, Liberia, Libya, Lisotho, Malawi, Mali, Mauritius, Mozambique, Morocco, Namibia, (S. W. Africa), Nigeria, Niger Re-Union Island, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Sudan, Swaziland, Spanish (W. Africa), Tanzania, Tunisia, Togoland, Uganda, Zambia, Zaire, Zimbabwe. 9. Cotton Made-Ups. Algeria, Benin, Cameroon, Libya, Mali Re-Union Island, Sene-

gal, Sierra Leone, Spanish (S. W. Africa), Togoland, Zimbabwe.

	APPENDIX 24 — Contd.					
Sl. Description of Export Products Nu.	New Markets	Date from which effective				
1 2	3	4				
FOOD PRODUCTS COVERED BY PR	ODUCT GROUP: G					
<ol> <li>Green Tea in containers of any s defined as China Tea.</li> <li>Aromatic teas in packets upto 1 kg.</li> </ol>	All countries except United Kingdom, Ireland, West Germany, Netherlands, USSR, Poland, Yugoslavia, USA, Canada, ARE, Sudan, Iraq, Iran, Qatar, UAE, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Muscat, Jordan, Afghanistan, Japan, Pakistan, Tunisia, Libya, Australia and Newzealand.	1-4-1983				

### APPENDIX 24-Concld.

#### II. NEW PRODUCTS

Д. NE	W PRODUCIS
SI. Description of Export Product No.	Date from which effective
1 2	3
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS CO	VERED BY PRODUCT GROUP : B
1. Chlorinated rubber paint	1-4-1983
2. Radial Tyres	
3ubber railway pads and mats	,,
4. Polyester film	
5. Paper pulp and moulded products	
6. Meat-cum-Bone meal	"

### NOTES :-

- (1) The New Markets in respect of Engineering Goods coveled by Product Group 'A' as mentioned at S. Nos. 1—21 above were notified vide Public Notice No. 4—ITC (PN)/84 dated the 1st February 1984.
- (2) The New Mzkets in respect of Chemicals and Allied Products covered by Product Group: B as mentioned at S. Nos. 1—57 above were notified vide Public Notice No. 5—ITC(PN)/84 dated 1st February 1984 and those covered by S. Nos. 58—120 vide Public Notice No. 25—ITC (PN)/84 dated the 25th May 1984.
- (3) The New Markets in respect of Plastic Products covered by Product Group: C as mentioned at S. Nos. 1—42 above were notified vide Public Notice No. 6—ITC (PN)/84 dated the 1st February 1984.
- (4) The New Markets in respect of Textile Products covered by Product Group: 'K' & 'O' as mentioned at S. Nos. 1—9 above were notified vide Public Notice No. 7—ITC (PN)/84 dated the 1st February 1984.
- (5) The New Markets in respect of Food Products covered by Product Group: 'G' as mentioned at S. Nos. 1—2 above; were notified vide Public Notice No. 14—ITC (PN)/84 dated the 22nd February 1984.
- (6) The New Products in respect of Chemicals and Allied Products covered by Product Group: 'B' as mentioned at S. Nos. 1—6 above were notified vide Public Notice No. 5—ITC (PN)/84 dated the 1st February 1984.

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